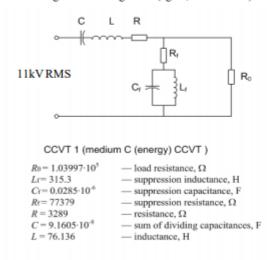
Joe Stanley

ECE 525 - Homework 3

- For the capacitively coupled voltage transformer (CCVT, also known as a capacitive voltage transformer or CVT) circuit below do the following:
 - A. Determine a Laplace domain transfer function for the relay voltage (the voltage across the load resistance R0) in response to a change in the input voltage. You might find the references linked with the CCVT lectures on the web page very useful.
 - B. Plot the frequency response of the magnitude of the output voltage from 20Hz to 25th harmonic of 60Hz.
 - C. Plot the responses for the output voltage versus time for the two sets of CCVT parameters listed below using a circuit simulation program when the primary voltage goes to zero due a fault occuring at a voltage peak with an ideal source. Determine analytical result for extra credit. You are encouraged to use a transient circuit simulation tool
 - D. Plot the responses for the output voltage versus time for the two sets of CCVT parameters listed below using a circuit simulation program when the primary voltage goes to zero due a fault occuring at at a voltage zero (again, ideal source). Determine analytical result for extra credit.



 CCVT 2 (high C (energy) CCVT)

 $R_0 = 2.08584 \cdot 10^5$ — load resistance, Ω

 Lr = 616.35 — suppression inductance, H

 $Cr = 0.01134 \cdot 10^6$ — suppression capacitance, F

 R = 1536 — suppression resistance, Ω
 $C = 0.162442 \cdot 10^6$ — sum of dividing capacitances, F

- inductance, H

3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

L = 48.136

4 **import** eepower **as** eep

5 **import** eesignal **as** ees

6 **from** eepower **import** u,m,k,M # Unit scaling

A)

From the GE paper written by B. Kasztenny, D. Sharples, V. Asara and M. Pozzuli, we can see that the transfer function is:

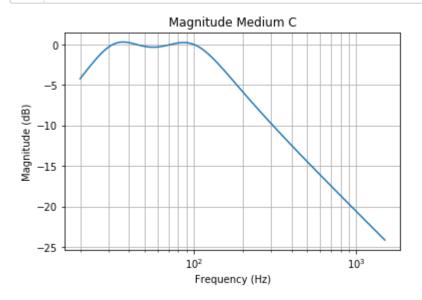
$$H(s) = \frac{A_3 s^3 + A_2 s^2 + A_1 s}{B_4 s^4 + B_3 s^3 + B_2 s^2 + B_1 s + B_0}$$

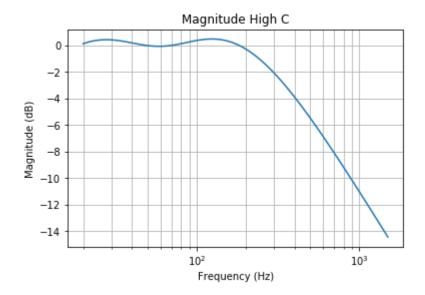
where the terms are defined as:

```
\begin{split} A_3 &= L_f C_f R_f R_0 C \\ A_2 &= L_f R_0 C \\ A_1 &= R_f R_0 C \\ B_4 &= L_f C_f (R_f + R_0) L C \\ B_3 &= L C L_f + R C L_f C_f (R_f + R_0) + L_f C_f R_f R_0 C \\ B_2 &= L C (R_f + R_0) + R C L_f + L_f C_f (R_f + R_0) + L_f R_0 C \\ B_1 &= R C (R_f + R_0) + L_f + R_f R_0 C \\ B_0 &= R_f + R_0 \end{split}
```

```
In [2]:
            # Define Function to Generate Transfer Function Terms
          2 # Transfer function should be returned as:
          3 # ([NUMERATOR],[DENOMINATOR])
          4 # ie a tuple of lists describing each s-order term
          5 def ccvttransterms(Ro,Lf,Cf,Rf,R,C,L):
          6
          7
                 ccvttransterms Function:
          8
          9
                 A simple function that accepts the specifying values that
                 define a capacitively coupled voltage transformer, and will
         10
                 use the arguments to develop a transfer function set (numerator,
         11
                 denominator) for use in Bode plot functions and other systems.
         12
         13
         14
                 Returns
         15
                         list of float
         16
                 num:
         17
                         List of the numerator terms in traditional polynomial order.
         18
                         list of float
                 den:
                         List of the denominator terms in traditional polynomial order.
         19
         20
         21
                 # Define Each Term
         22
                 A3 = Lf*Cf*Rf*Ro*C
         23
                 A2 = Lf*Ro*C
         24
                 A1 = Rf*Ro*C
         25
                 A0 = 0
         26
                 B4 = Lf*Cf*(Rf+Ro)*L*C
         27
                 B3 = L*C*Lf+R*C*Lf*Cf*(Rf+Ro)+Lf*Cf*Rf*Ro*C
         28
                 B2 = L*C*(Rf+Ro)+R*C*Lf+Lf*Cf*(Rf+Ro)+Lf*Ro*C
         29
                 B1 = R*C*(Rf+Ro)+Lf+Rf*Ro*C
         30
                 B0 = Rf+Ro
                 # Generate Term Lists for Transfer Function
         31
         32
                 num = [A3,A2,A1,A0]
         33
                 den = [B4, B3, B2, B1, B0]
         34
                 return(num, den)
```

```
In [3]:
         1
            # B) Plot Frequency Response
          2
          3 # Define Givens for CCVT 1
          4 Ro = 1.03997e5 # \Omega
            Lf = 315.3
          5
                             # H
          6
            Cf = 0.0285e-6
                             # F
            Rf = 77379
          7
                             # Ω
          8
            R = 3289
                             # Ω
            C = 9.1605e-8
         9
                             # F
        10 L = 76.136
                             # H
        11
        12 # Generate Transfer Function
        13 system = ccvttransterms(Ro,Lf,Cf,Rf,R,C,L)
        14 # Use Function to generate Bode Plot
        15 ees.bode(system, 20, 25*60, angle=False, freqaxis='DEG', title="Medium C")
        16
        17 # Define Givens for CCVT 2
        18 Ro = 2.08584e5
                           # Ω
        19 Lf = 616.35
                             # H
        20 Cf = 0.01134e-6 # F
        21 Rf = 148519
                             # Ω
         22 R = 1536
                             # Ω
         23 C = 0.162442e-6 \# F
         24 L = 48.136
                             # H
        25
         26 # Generate Transfer Function
         27 system = ccvttransterms(Ro,Lf,Cf,Rf,R,C,L)
         28 # Use Function to generate Bode Plot
         29 ees.bode(system, 20, 25*60, angle=False, freqaxis='deg', title="High C")
```





In []:	1	
In []:	1	

