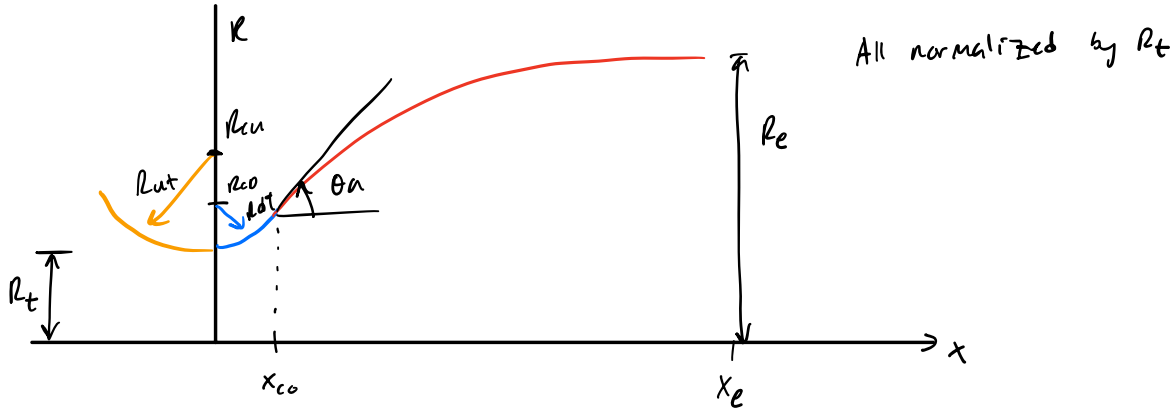


# EMA 524 Project 1 Logic & equations

## Geometry:



$$R_{ut} = 2.5$$

$$R_{dt} = 1.25$$

$$R_t = 1$$

$$\theta_n = 28^\circ$$

$$R_e = 4.5$$

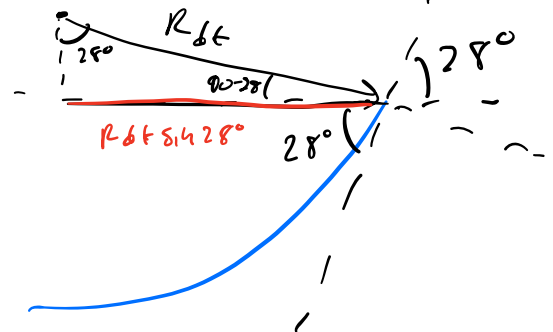
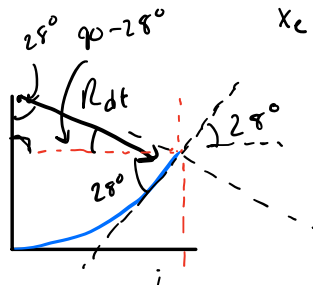
solve:  $x_{co}$

$$R_{co}$$

$$R_{cu} = R_t + R_{ut} = 3.5$$

$$R_{cd} = R_t + R_{cd} = 2.25$$

$$x_e$$



$$x_{co} = 0.58684$$

$$x_{co} = R_{dt} \sin 28^\circ$$

$$R_{co} = 1.1463$$

$$R(x) = a + bx + cx^2$$

$$R(x = x_{co}) = R_{co}$$

$$\frac{dR(x)}{dx} (x = x_{co}) = \tan(28^\circ) \approx 0.53171$$

$$R_{co} = R_{cd} - R_{dt} \cos 28^\circ$$

$$\frac{dR(x)}{dx} = b + 2cx$$

$$R_{co} = a + bx_{co} + cx_{co}^2$$

$$\tan 28^\circ = b + 2cx_{co}$$

$$R_e = b + 2cx_e$$

$$\rightarrow c = -0.02107$$

$$b = 0.5564$$

$$a = 0.827$$

## Logic:

Input:  $P_e$  case &  $x$  vector

Case  $P_e = P_{sup}$ :

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x < 0: M_{sub}(x) \\ x = 0: M = 1 \\ x > 0: M_{sup}(x) \end{array} \right\} \frac{A}{A^*} = \frac{1}{M} \left[ \frac{2}{\gamma-1} \left( 1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} M^2 \right) \right]^{\frac{\gamma+1}{2(\gamma-1)}}$$

Case  $P_e = P_{sub}$ :

Always  $M_{sub}(x)$

Case  $\frac{P_e}{P_0} = (1 + \frac{P_{sub}}{P_0})/2$ :

$$A_t \neq A^* \rightarrow \text{Find } M_e \text{ from } \frac{P_e}{P_0} = \left( 1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} M_e^2 \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{1-\gamma}}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Find } \frac{A_e}{A^{*1}} = \frac{1}{M_e} \left[ \frac{2}{\gamma-1} \left( 1 - \frac{\gamma-1}{2} M_e^2 \right) \right]^{\frac{\gamma+1}{2(\gamma-1)}}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{A(x)}{A^{*1}} = \frac{A(x)}{A_t} \frac{A_t}{A_e} \frac{A_e}{A^{*1}} \rightarrow \text{Find } M$$

$$\text{Case } \frac{P_e}{P_0} = \frac{P_{sup}}{P_0} + 0.75 (P_{sub}/P_0 + P_{sup over}/P_0)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{compute } \frac{P_{shock}}{P_{sup}} = 1 + \frac{2\gamma}{\gamma+1} (M_{sup}^2 - 1)$$

$$\frac{P_{shock}}{P_0} = \frac{P_{shock}}{P_{sup}} \cdot \frac{P_{sup}}{P_0} \rightarrow \text{Shock in nozzle}$$

$\rightarrow$  calculate  $M_e$  w/ shock in nozzle:

$$M_e^2 = -\frac{1}{\gamma-1} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{(\gamma-1)^2} + \frac{2}{(\gamma-1)} \left( \frac{2}{\gamma+1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma+1}{\gamma-1}} \left( \frac{P_0 A^*}{P_e A_e} \right)^2}$$

$$\frac{p_{e0}}{p_{02}} = \left(1 + \frac{(\gamma-1)}{2} M_e^2\right)^{\frac{\gamma}{1-\gamma}}$$

$$\frac{p_{02}}{p_{01}} = \frac{1}{\frac{p_{01}}{p_{0e}}} \cdot \frac{p_e}{p_{02}}$$

$$\frac{p_{02}}{p_{01}} = \left[ \frac{(\gamma+1)M_1^2}{2+(\gamma-1)M_1^2} \right]^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} \cdot \left[ \frac{\gamma+1}{2\gamma M_1^2 - (\gamma-1)} \right]^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}}$$

↳ solve for  $M_1 \rightarrow$  solve for  $\frac{A_1}{A_1^*}$  w/ area-mach relation  
 $\rightarrow$  shock relations

$$\rightarrow \frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{[2\gamma M_1^2 - (\gamma-1)] \cdot [(\gamma-1)M_1^2 + 2]}{(\gamma+1)^2 M_1^2}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{u_1}{u_2} = \frac{p_2}{p_1} = \frac{(\gamma+1)M_1^2}{2+(\gamma-1)M_1^2} \quad \rightarrow \quad M_2 = \left( \frac{1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} M_1^2}{\gamma M_1^2 - \frac{\gamma-1}{2}} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{A_2}{A_2^*} = \rightarrow \text{mach-area relation}$$

Before shock:

$$\frac{A}{A^*} = \frac{A}{A_t}$$

After shock:

$$\frac{A}{A^*} = \frac{A}{A_2^*}$$

$\rightarrow$  solve machs for each area

Then, using mach numbers  $\gamma$  for each case,  
 calculate  $\frac{p}{p_0}, \frac{T}{T_0}, \frac{\rho}{\rho_0}, \frac{u}{a_t}$

$$\frac{T_0}{T} = \left(1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} M^2\right)$$

$$\frac{p_0}{p} = \left(1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} M^2\right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}}$$

$$\frac{\rho_0}{\rho} = \left(1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} M^2\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}}$$

→ for case 3: multiply by  $\frac{p_{01}}{p_{02}}$  to account for post-shock

→ for case 3: using same throat area for  $A_2^*$