

$$a) \quad Bi_x = \frac{R_{cond,r}}{R_{sur}}, \quad R_{cond,r} = \frac{r_o}{k \cdot A_{cyl}}, \quad A_{cyl} = 2\pi r L$$

$$R_{sur} = \frac{1}{h A_s}, \quad A_s = 2\pi r_o L + \pi r_o^2$$

worst case $Bi: r=r_o$

→ Plug into EES

b) Radial symmetry

INTERNAL NODES

$r = i, \quad x = j$

$\dot{q}_{i,j}^T = k A_r[i] \left[\frac{T(i,j+1) - T(i,j)}{dx} \right]$

$\dot{q}_{i,j}^B = k A_r[i] \left[\frac{T(i,j-1) - T(i,j)}{dx} \right]$

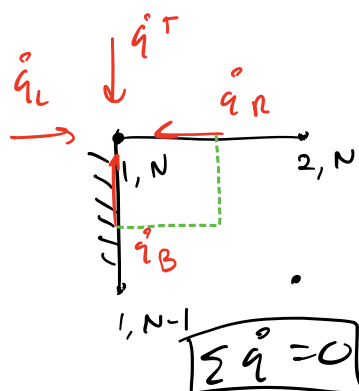
$\dot{q}_{i,j}^L = k \left(dx \cdot 2\pi \left(r[i] - \frac{dr}{2} \right) \right) \cdot \left[\frac{T(i-1,j) - T(i,j)}{dr} \right]$

$\dot{q}_{i,j}^R = k \left(dx \cdot 2\pi \left(r[i] + \frac{dr}{2} \right) \right) \cdot \left[\frac{T(i+1,j) - T(i,j)}{dr} \right]$

$\sum \dot{q}_{i,j} = 0$

~~$IN + GEN = OUT + STORED$~~

corners - upper left

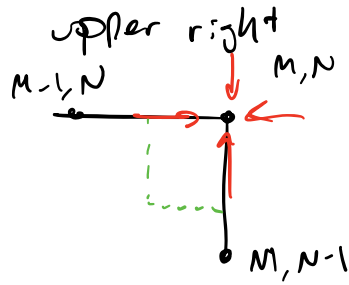


$$\dot{q}_T = \dot{q}_{T,cond} + h A_r[1] [T_\infty - T(1,N)]$$

$$\dot{q}_B = k A_r[1] \left[\frac{T(1,N-1) - T(1,N)}{dx} \right]$$

$$\dot{q}_L = 0 \text{ By symmetry}$$

$$\dot{q}_R = k \left(\frac{dx}{2} \cdot 2\pi \left(r[1] + \frac{dr}{2} \right) \right) \left[\frac{T(2,N) - T(1,N)}{dr} \right]$$

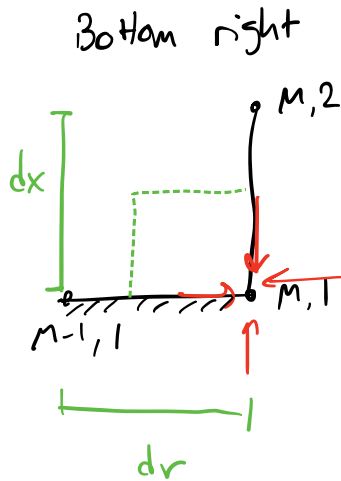


$$\dot{q}_T = \dot{q}_{T, \text{candle}} + \bar{h} A_r[M] (T_\infty - T(M,N))$$

$$\dot{q}_B = k A_r[M] \left[\frac{T(M,N-1) - T(M,N)}{dx} \right]$$

$$\dot{q}_L = k \left(\frac{dx}{2} \cdot 2\pi(r[M] - \frac{dr}{2}) \right) \left[\frac{T(M-1,N) - T(M,N)}{dr} \right]$$

$$\dot{q}_R = \bar{h} \left(\frac{dx}{2} \cdot 2\pi(r[M]) \right) (T_\infty - T(M,N))$$

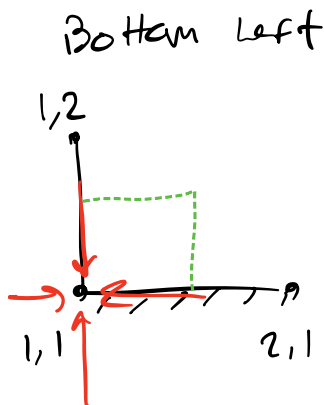


$$\dot{q}_T = k A_r[M] [T(M,2) - T(M,1)] / dx$$

$$\dot{q}_B = 0, \text{ adiabatic}$$

$$\dot{q}_L = k \left(\frac{dx}{2} \cdot 2\pi(r[M] - \frac{dr}{2}) \right) \left[\frac{T(M-1,1) - T(M,1)}{dr} \right]$$

$$\dot{q}_R = \bar{h} \left(\frac{dx}{2} \cdot 2\pi r[M] \right) (T_\infty - T(M,1))$$

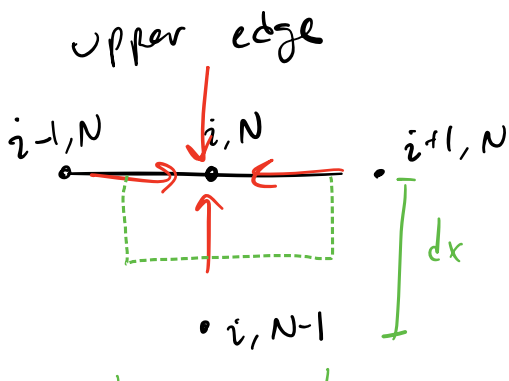


$$\dot{q}_T = k A_r[1] (T(1,2) - T(1,1)) / dx$$

$$\dot{q}_{B,0} = 0, \text{ adiabatic}$$

$$\dot{q}_L = \bar{h} \left(\frac{dx}{2} \cdot 2\pi \cdot r[1] \right) (T_\infty - T(1,1))$$

$$\dot{q}_R = k \left(\frac{dx}{2} \cdot 2\pi r\left([1] + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \right) \left[\frac{T(2,1) - T(1,1)}{dr} \right]$$



$$\dot{q}_T = \dot{q}_{T, \text{candle}}^{[i]} + \bar{h} A_r[i] (T_\infty - T(i,N))$$

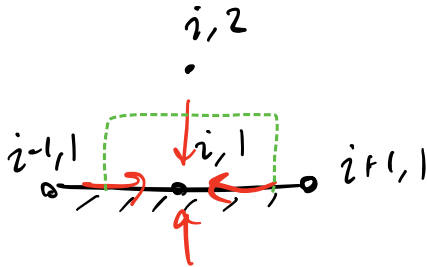
$$\dot{q}_B = k A_r[i] [T(i,N-1) - T(i,N)] / dx$$

$$\dot{q}_L = k \frac{dx}{2} \cdot 2\pi \left(r[i] - \frac{dr}{2} \right) \left[\frac{T(i-1,N) - T(i,N)}{dr} \right]$$



$$\dot{q}_R = \kappa \frac{dx}{2} 2\pi \left(r(i) + \frac{dr}{2} \right) \left[\frac{T(i+1, N) - T(i, N)}{dr} \right]$$

Lower edge



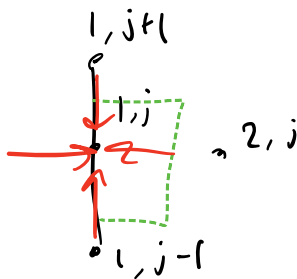
$$\dot{q}_T = \kappa \cdot A_r[i] [T(i, 2) - T(i, 1)] / dx$$

$$\dot{q}_B = 0, \text{ adiabatic}$$

$$\dot{q}_L = \kappa \cdot \frac{dx}{2} \cdot 2\pi \left(r(i) - \frac{dr}{2} \right) \left[\frac{T(i-1, 1) - T(i, 1)}{dr} \right]$$

$$\dot{q}_R = \kappa \cdot \frac{dx}{2} \cdot 2\pi \left(r(i) + \frac{dr}{2} \right) \left[\frac{T(i+1, 1) - T(i, 1)}{dr} \right]$$

Left edge



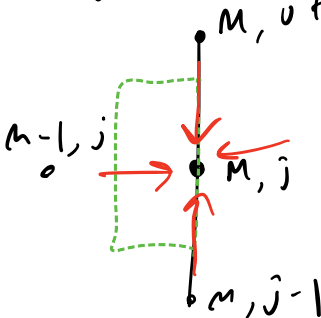
$$\dot{q}_T = \kappa \cdot A_r[1] [T(1, j+1) - T(1, j)] / dx$$

$$\dot{q}_B = \kappa \cdot A_r[1] [T(1, j-1) - T(1, j)] / dx$$

$$\dot{q}_L = \bar{h} \cdot dx \cdot 2\pi r[1] [T_\infty - T(1, j)]$$

$$\dot{q}_R = \kappa \cdot dx \cdot 2\pi \left(r(1) + \frac{dr}{2} \right) [T(2, j) - T(1, j)] / dr$$

Right edge



$$\dot{q}_T = \kappa \cdot A_r[m] [T(m, j+1) - T(m, j)] / dx$$

$$\dot{q}_B = \kappa \cdot A_r[m] [T(m, j-1) - T(m, j)] / dx$$

$$\dot{q}_L = \kappa \cdot dx \cdot 2\pi \left(r(m) - \frac{dr}{2} \right) [T(m-1, j) - T(m, j)] / dr$$

$$\dot{q}_R = \bar{h} \cdot dx \cdot 2\pi r[m] [T_\infty - T(m, j)]$$

\$tabstops 0.2 0.4 0.6 2.5

\$unitsystem SI C Pa J

"Given problem information"

q_dot_dprime_max = 2500 [W/m^2]

r_o = 3 [cm]*convert(cm,m)

\$LOAD Incompressible

k=conductivity(Paraffin_Wax, T=20[C])

T_inf = 18 [C]

h_bar = 7 [W/m^2-K]

L = 6 [cm]*convert(cm,m)

// a)

A_cyl = 2*pi#*r_o*L

A_c = pi#*r_o^2

A_s = A_cyl+A_c

L_eff_x = A_c*L/A_c // = L

L_eff_r = A_c*L/A_cyl

// Biot number in x direction

R_cond_r = L_eff_r/(k*A_cyl)

R_surr_r = 1/(h_bar*A_cyl)

Bi_x = R_cond_r/R_surr_r

// Resistance of conduction in direction of interest

// Resistance of surroundings (convection) in direction of interest

// Biot number in r direction

R_cond_x = L_eff_x/(k*A_c)

R_surr_x = 1/(h_bar*A_c)

Bi_r = R_cond_x/R_surr_x

// Resistance of conduction in direction of interest

// Resistance of surroundings (convection) in direction of interest

// b)

M = 51 *"Nodes in radial direction"*

N = 21 *"Nodes in axial direction"*

"Radial domain"

\$varinfo r[] units='m'

r[1] = 1e-9 [m]

Duplicate i=2,M

r[i] = (i-1)/(M-1)*r_o

End

DELTA_r = r_o / (M-1)

"Radial direction step size"

dr = DELTA_r

"Calculation of energy absorbed by flux from the candle at each top-surface radial position"

\$varinfo q_dot_dprime[] units='W/m^2'

Duplicate i=1,M

q_dot_dprime[i] = q_dot_dprime_max*exp(-5*r[i] / r_o)

"Function giving flux as a function of radial position"

End

"Axial domain"

\$varinfo x[] units='m'

Duplicate j=1,N

x[j] = (j-1)/(N-1)*L

End

DELTA_x = L/(N-1)

"Axial direction step size"

dx = DELTAX

"Create array for top surface area"

\$varinfo Ar[] units='m^2'

Duplicate i=2,M-1

Ar[i] = pi*((r[i]+DELTA_r/2)^2 - (r[i]-DELTA_r/2)^2)

End

Ar[1] = pi*(DELTA_r/2)^2

Ar[M] = pi*(r[M]^2 - (r[M]-DELTA_r/2)^2)

"calculate heat flux on top surface from candle"

\$varinfo q_dot_t_candle[] units='W'

Duplicate i=1,M

q_dot_t_candle[i] = Ar[i] * q_dot_dprime[i]

End

"!----- solution -----"

"! NOTE: I did not realize the x index started from the top left and went down. My indices start from the bottom left. This should not affect the final temperatures but my equations will look slightly different."

"----- Internal nodes"

Duplicate i=2,M-1

Duplicate j=2,N-1

{top + bottom + left + right = 0}

$k \cdot \text{Ar}[i] \cdot (T[i,j+1] - T[i,j]) / dx + k \cdot \text{Ar}[i] \cdot (T[i,j-1] - T[i,j]) / dx + k \cdot dx / 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[i] - dr/2) \cdot (T[i-1,j] - T[i,j]) / dr + k \cdot dx / 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[i] - dr/2) \cdot (T[i+1,j] - T[i,j]) / dr$

= 0

End

End

"----- Corner nodes"

{top + bottom + left + right = 0}

"upper left"

$q_dot_t_candle[1] + h_bar \cdot \text{Ar}[1] \cdot (T_inf - T[1,N]) + k \cdot \text{Ar}[1] \cdot (T[1,N-1] - T[1,N]) / dx + 0 + k \cdot dx / 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[1] + dr/2) \cdot (T[2,N] - T[1,N]) / dr = 0$

"upper right"

$q_dot_t_candle[M] + h_bar \cdot \text{Ar}[M] \cdot (T_inf - T[M,N]) + k \cdot \text{Ar}[M] \cdot (T[M,N-1] - T[M,N]) / dx + k \cdot dx / 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[M] + dr/2) \cdot (T[M-1,N] - T[M,N]) / dr + h_bar \cdot dx / 2 \cdot \pi \cdot r[M] \cdot (T_inf - T[M,N]) = 0$

"lower right"

$k \cdot \text{Ar}[M] \cdot (T[M,2] - T[M,1]) / dx + k \cdot dx / 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[M] - dr/2) \cdot (T[M-1,1] - T[M,1]) / dr + h_bar \cdot dx / 2 \cdot \pi \cdot r[M] \cdot (T_inf - T[M,1]) = 0$

"lower left"

$k \cdot \text{Ar}[1] \cdot (T[1,2] - T[1,1]) / dx + h_bar \cdot dx / 2 \cdot \pi \cdot r[1] \cdot (T_inf - T[1,1]) + k \cdot dx / 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[1] + dr/2) \cdot (T[2,1] - T[1,1]) / dr = 0$

"----- Edge (non corner) nodes"

"Upper"

Duplicate i=2,M-1

$q_dot_t_candle[i] + h_bar \cdot \text{Ar}[i] \cdot (T_inf - T[i,N]) + k \cdot \text{Ar}[i] \cdot (T[i,N-1] - T[i,N]) / dx + k \cdot dx / 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[i] - dr/2) \cdot (T[i-1,N] - T[i,N]) / dr + k \cdot dx / 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[i] + dr/2) \cdot (T[i+1,N] - T[i,N]) / dr = 0$

End

"Lower"

Duplicate i=2,M-1

$$k \cdot Ar[i] \cdot (T[i,2] - T[i,1]) / dx + 0 + k \cdot dx / 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[i] - dr/2) \cdot (T[i-1,1] - T[i,1]) / dr + k \cdot dx / 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[i] + dr/2) \cdot (T[i+1,1] - T[i,1]) / dr = 0$$

End

"Left"

Duplicate j=2,N-1

$$k \cdot Ar[1] \cdot (T[1,j+1] - T[1,j]) / dx + k \cdot Ar[1] \cdot (T[1,j-1] - T[1,j]) / dx + h_{bar} \cdot dx \cdot 2 \cdot \pi \cdot r[1] \cdot (T_{inf} - T[1,j]) + k \cdot dx \cdot 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[1] + dr/2) \cdot (T[2,j] - T[1,j]) / dr = 0$$

0

End

"Right"

Duplicate j=2,N-1

$$k \cdot Ar[M] \cdot (T[M,j+1] - T[M,j]) / dx + k \cdot Ar[M] \cdot (T[M,j-1] - T[M,j]) / dx + k \cdot dx \cdot 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (r[M] - dr/2) \cdot (T[M-1,j] - T[M,j]) / dr + h_{bar} \cdot dx \cdot 2 \cdot \pi \cdot r[M] \cdot (T_{inf} - T[M,j]) = 0$$

End

"Keep track of min and max temperatures in the domain"

$$T_{min} = \min(T[1..M, 1..N])$$

$$T_{max} = \max(T[1..M, 1..N])$$

$T_{underflame} = T[1,N]$ // Node under flame is 1,N for me because my j index starts at bottom left

SOLUTION

Unit Settings: SI C Pa J mass deg

$$A_c = 0.002827 \text{ [m}^2\text{]}$$

$$A_s = 0.01414 \text{ [m}^2\text{]}$$

$$Bi_x = 0.4375 \text{ [-]}$$

$$\Delta x = 0.003 \text{ [m]}$$

$$dx = 0.003 \text{ [m]}$$

$$k = 0.24 \text{ [W/m-K]}$$

$$L_{eff,r} = 0.015 \text{ [m]}$$

$$M = 51 \text{ [-]}$$

$$\dot{q}_{max} = 2500 \text{ [W/m}^2\text{]}$$

$$R_{cond,x} = 88.42 \text{ [K/W]}$$

$$R_{surr,r} = 12.63 \text{ [K/W]}$$

$$T_{max} = 81.05 \text{ [C]}$$

$$T_{inf} = 18 \text{ [C]}$$

$$A_{cyl} = 0.01131 \text{ [m}^2\text{]}$$

$$Bi_r = 1.75 \text{ [-]}$$

$$\Delta r = 0.0006 \text{ [m]}$$

$$dr = 0.0006 \text{ [m]}$$

$$\bar{h} = 7 \text{ [W/m}^2\text{-K]}$$

$$L = 0.06 \text{ [m]} \{2.362 \text{ [in]}\}$$

$$L_{eff,x} = 0.06 \text{ [m]}$$

$$N = 21 \text{ [-]}$$

$$R_{cond,r} = 5.526 \text{ [K/W]}$$

$$r_o = 0.03 \text{ [m]} \{1.181 \text{ [in]}\}$$

$$R_{surr,x} = 50.53 \text{ [K/W]}$$

$$T_{min} = 28.01 \text{ [C]}$$

$$T_{underflame} = 81.05 \text{ [C]}$$

No unit problems were detected.

KEY VARIABLES

$$Bi_x = 0.4375 \text{ [-]}$$

$$Bi_r = 1.75 \text{ [-]}$$

$$T_{underflame} = 81.05 \text{ [C]}$$

a) Biot number for approximation in x direction, r direction as transverse. $Bi_x \gg 0.1$, 1D not justified.

a) Biot number in r direction. $Bi_r \gg 0.1$, 1D not justified.

b) Temperature under the flame. Node under flame is 1,N for me because my j index starts at bottom left.

