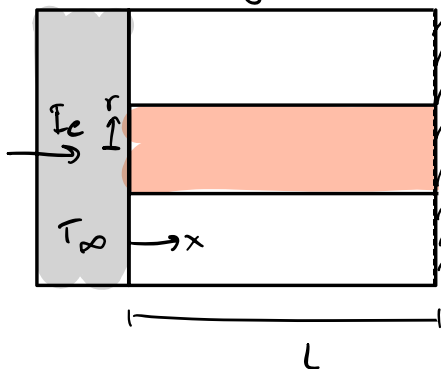


$$\dot{q}''' = \frac{\epsilon_e^2 \rho_e}{A_c^2}$$

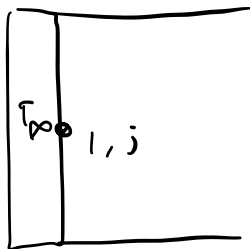
Half - symmetry:



$$M = 11 \quad N = 301, \quad L = 1 \text{ mm}, \quad t_{s,m} = 0.01 \text{ (s)}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{L}{M-1}, \quad \Delta t = \frac{t_{s,m}}{N-1}$$

$$\hookrightarrow x_i, \quad t_j$$



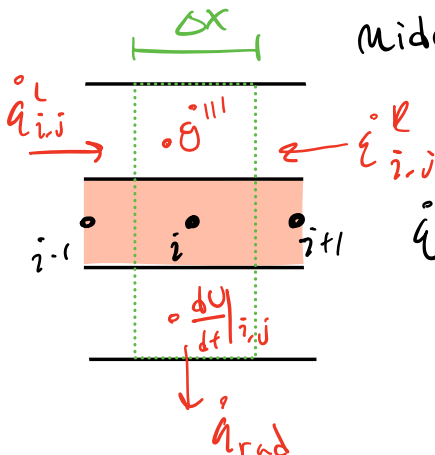
Left Boundary:

$$T_{1,j} = T_{\infty} \rightarrow \text{base has } T = \text{const} = T_{\infty}$$

$$\forall j \in (2:N)$$

Middle Nodes:

$$IN + GIN = OUT + STORED$$



$$\dot{q}''_{e,i,j} + \dot{q}''_{e,i,j} + \dot{q}'''(A_c \Delta x) = \frac{dU}{dt}|_{i,j} + \dot{q}_{rad}$$

$$\frac{dU}{dt}|_{i,j} = \underbrace{\rho A_c \Delta x c}_{\text{mass}} \frac{dT}{dt}|_{i,j}$$

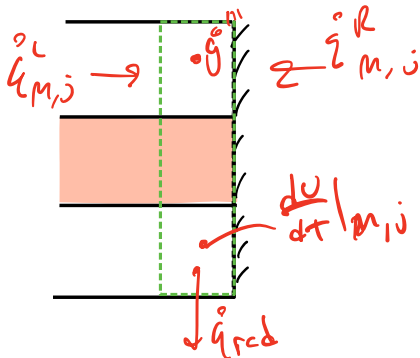
$$\begin{aligned} \dot{q}_{i,j}^L &= \frac{kA_c}{\Delta x} (T_{i-1,j} - T_{i,j}) & \dot{q}_{rad} &= \varepsilon A_s \sigma (T_s^4 - T_\infty^4) \\ \dot{q}_{i,j}^R &= \frac{kA_c}{\Delta x} (T_{i+1,j} - T_{i,j}) & &= \varepsilon p_{rod} \Delta x \cdot \sigma (T_{i,j}^4 - T_\infty^4) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dt} \Big|_{i,j} = \frac{\frac{kA_c}{\Delta x} (T_{i-1,j} + T_{i+1,j} - 2T_{i,j}) + \dot{g}''' A_c \Delta x - \dot{q}_{rad}}{\rho A_c \Delta x c}$$

$$T_{i,j+1} = T_{i,j} + \frac{dT}{dt} \Big|_{i,j} \cdot \Delta t$$

$\forall i \in (2:M-1); \forall j \in (2:N-1)$

Right boundary:



IN + GEN = OUT + STORED

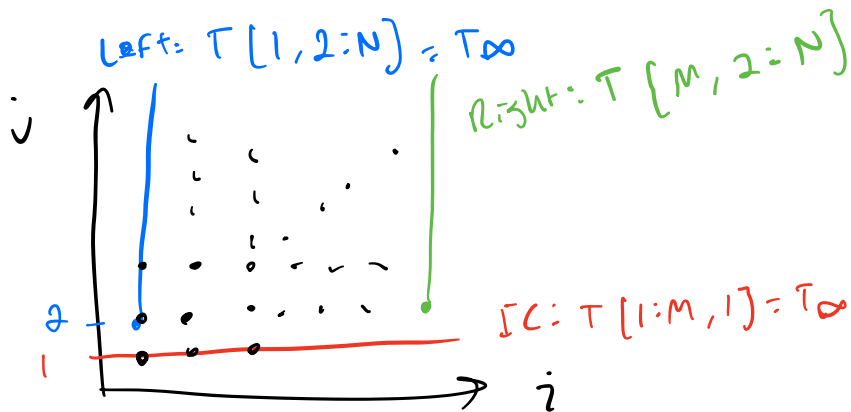
$$\dot{q}_{m,j}^L + \dot{q}_{m,j}^R + \dot{g}''' (A_c \frac{\Delta x}{2}) = \frac{dU}{dt} \Big|_{m,j} + \dot{q}_{rad}$$

$$\frac{dU}{dt} \Big|_{m,j} = \underbrace{\rho A_c \frac{\Delta x}{2} c}_{\text{mass}} \frac{dT}{dt} \Big|_{m,j}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{q}_{m,j}^L &= \frac{kA_c}{\Delta x} (T_{m-1,j} - T_{m,j}) & \dot{q}_{rad} &= \varepsilon A_s \sigma (T_s^4 - T_\infty^4) \\ \dot{q}_{m,j}^R &= 0, \text{ adiabatic} & &= \varepsilon p_{rod} \frac{\Delta x}{2} \cdot \sigma (T_{i,j}^4 - T_\infty^4) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dt} \Big|_{m,j} = \frac{\frac{kA_c}{\Delta x} (T_{m-1,j} - T_{m,j}) + \dot{g}''' A_c \frac{\Delta x}{2} - \dot{q}_{rad}}{\rho A_c \frac{\Delta x}{2} c}$$

$$T_{m,j+1} = T_{m,j} + \left. \frac{dT}{dt} \right|_{m,j} \cdot \Delta t \quad \forall j \in (2:N-1)$$



a) Plot of $\tau(x)$ for $t = 1, 100, 200, 301$

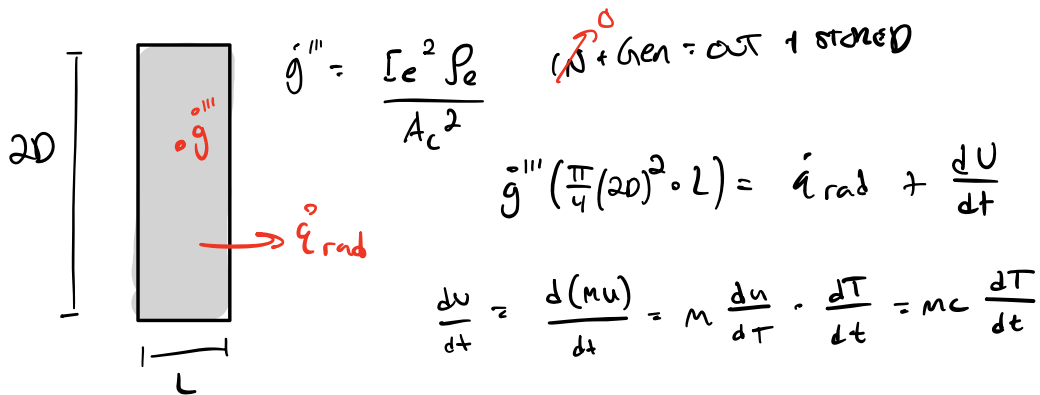
b) Position x , time t that $T > T_{\text{melt}} = 1358 \text{ K}$

$$x_{\text{crit}} = x[11]$$

$$t_{\text{crit}} = t[174]$$

c) $D_{\text{base}} = 20$, generation. Length = L

Find $T(t)$ w/ lumped capacitance



$$\dot{g}''' = \frac{\epsilon e^2 \rho_e}{A_c^2} \quad (\text{N} + \text{Gen} = \text{out} + \text{stored})$$

$$\dot{g}''' \left(\frac{\pi}{4} (20)^2 \cdot L \right) = \dot{q}_{\text{rad}} + \frac{dU}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dU}{dt} = \frac{d(mu)}{dt} = m \frac{du}{dT} \cdot \frac{dT}{dt} = mc \frac{dT}{dt}$$

$$mc \frac{dT}{dt} = \dot{g}''' (\pi D^2 L) - A_s \sigma \epsilon 4 T^3 (T - T_{\infty})$$

$$\frac{dT}{dt} + \frac{A_s \sigma \epsilon 4 T^3}{mc} T = \frac{A_s \sigma \epsilon 4 T^3}{mc} T_{\infty} + \frac{\dot{g}''' \pi D^2 L}{mc}$$

$$T = T_h + T_p : T_h : \frac{dT_h}{dt} + \frac{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}{mc} T_h = 0$$

$$\int \frac{dT_h}{dt} dt = \int -\frac{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}{mc} T_h dt$$

$$\rightarrow T_h = -\frac{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}{mc} T_h t + C_1$$

$$T_h \left(1 + \frac{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}{mc} t\right) = C_1$$

$$T_h = \frac{C_1}{\left(1 + \frac{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}{mc} t\right)}$$

$$T_p: \cancel{\frac{dT_p}{dt}} + \frac{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}{mc} T_p = \frac{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}{mc} T_\infty + \frac{\dot{g}''' \pi D^2 L}{mc}$$

$$\text{Guess } T_p = \text{const}$$

$$\rightarrow T_p = T_\infty + \frac{\dot{g}''' \pi D^2 L}{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}$$

$$T = T_h + T_p = \frac{C_1}{\left(1 + \frac{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}{mc} t\right)} + T_\infty + \frac{\dot{g}''' \pi D^2 L}{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}$$

$$\text{IC: } T(t=0) = T_\infty : \frac{C_1}{1} + T_\infty + \frac{\dot{g}''' \pi D^2 L}{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3} = T_\infty$$

$$\therefore C_1 = -\frac{\dot{g}''' \pi D^2 L}{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}$$

$$\rightarrow T(t) = \frac{-\dot{g}''' \pi D^2 L / (A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3)}{\left(1 + \frac{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3}{mc} t\right)} + \frac{\dot{g}''' \pi D^2 L}{A\sigma\epsilon_4\bar{T}^3} + T_\infty$$

\$Load Incompressible
 \$unitsystem SI K J Pa
 \$tabstops 0.2 0.4 0.6 2.5

\$varinfo T[] units='K'
 \$varinfo x[] units='m'
 \$varinfo time[] units='s'

*"ME364 Homework 5
 Fall, 2023"*

"Numerical solution to 1D non-steady-state conduction"

D = 0.12 [mm]*convert(mm,m) *"Fuse diameter"*
 L = 1 [mm]*convert(mm,m) *"Domain length"*
 epsilon = 0.3 [-] *"Surface emissivity"*

 t_sim = 0.01 [s] *"Simulation duration"*

 T_infty = 300 [K] *"Surroundings temperature (also initial temperature)"*
 T_melt = 1358 [K] *"Fuse melting temperature"*

 T_prop = (T_infty + T_melt)/2 *"Temperature used for property evaluation"*
 rho_e=electricalresistivity(Copper, T=T_prop) *"Electrical resistivity"*
 c = cp(Copper, T=T_prop) *"Specific heat capacity"*
 k=conductivity(Copper, T=T_prop) *"Thermal conductivity"*
 rho=density(Copper, T=T_prop) *"Density"*

 I_e = 50 [amp] *"Electrical current through the fuse"*
 g_dot_tprime = I_e^2 * rho_e / (pi*D^2/4)^2 *"Thermal generation in the wire"*

 Ac=pi/4*D^2
 As=2*pi*D/2*DELTAx

"Domain discretization"

M = 11 *"Nodes in x direction"*
 N = 301 *"Nodes in t domain"*

"Step size"

DELTAx = L / (M-1)
 DELTA t = t_sim / (N-1)

"Node locations in space and time"

Duplicate i=1,M
 x[i] = (i-1)*DELTAx
 End
 Duplicate j=1,N
 time[j] = (j-1)*DELTA t
 End

"Initial condition"

Duplicate i=1,M
 T[i,1] = T_infty
 End

"Left Node"

Duplicate j=2,N

$T[1,j]=T_{\text{infty}}$

End

"Middle Node"

Duplicate i=2,M-1

Duplicate j=1,N-1

$$T[i,j+1]=T[i,j] + ((k*Ac/DELTAx) * (T[i-1,j]+T[i+1,j]-2*T[i,j]) + (g_dot_tprime*Ac*DELTAx) - (sigma\#\epsilon*As)*(T[i,j]^4-T_{\text{infty}}^4)) / (rho*Ac*DELTAx*c) * DELTA t$$

End

End

"Right Node"

Duplicate j=1,N-1

$$T[M,j+1]=T[M,j] + ((k*Ac/DELTAx) * (T[M-1,j]-T[M,j]) + (g_dot_tprime*Ac*DELTAx/2) - (sigma\#\epsilon*As/2)*(T[M,j]^4-T_{\text{infty}}^4)) / (rho*Ac*DELTAx/2*c) * DELTA t$$

End

"Part B"

$x_{\text{crit}} = x[11]$

$t_{\text{crit}} = \text{time}[174]$

SOLUTION

Unit Settings: SI K Pa J mass deg

$Ac = 1.131\text{E-}08 \text{ [m}^2\text{]}$

$c = 450.9 \text{ [J/kg-K]}$

$\Delta t = 0.00003333 \text{ [s]}$

$\epsilon = 0.3 \text{ [-]}$

$I_e = 50 \text{ [amp]}$

$L = 0.001 \text{ [m]}$

$N = 301 \text{ [-]}$

$\rho_e = 5.488\text{E-}08 \text{ [\Omega-m]}$

$T_{\text{infty}} = 300 \text{ [K]}$

$T_{\text{prop}} = 829 \text{ [K]}$

$x_{\text{crit}} = 0.001 \text{ [m]}$

$As = 3.770\text{E-}08 \text{ [m}^2\text{]}$

$D = 0.00012 \text{ [m]}$

$\Delta x = 0.0001 \text{ [m]}$

$\dot{g} = 1.073\text{E+}12 \text{ [W/m}^3\text{]}$

$k = 369 \text{ [W/m-K]}$

$M = 11 \text{ [-]}$

$\rho = 8697 \text{ [kg/m}^3\text{]}$

$t_{\text{crit}} = 0.005767 \text{ [s]}$

$T_{\text{melt}} = 1358 \text{ [K]}$

$t_{\text{sim}} = 0.01 \text{ [s]}$

No unit problems were detected.

KEY VARIABLES

$t_{\text{crit}} = 0.005767 \text{ [s]}$

b) time that $T > T_{\text{melt}}$

$x_{\text{crit}} = 0.001 \text{ [m]}$

b) position that $T > T_{\text{melt}}$

