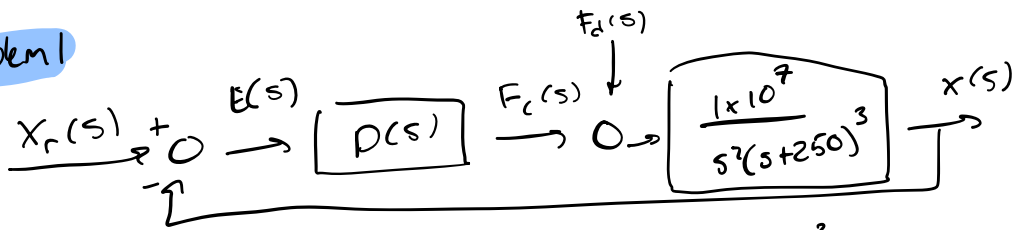


Problem 1



Req:

- PM $\geq 60^\circ$
- GM ≥ 15 dB
- ω_{bw} as high as possible
- e_{ss} from $x_r(t) = 0.25t^2 \leq 0.01$
- e_{ss} from $f_d(t) = 3.1(t) \leq 0.03$
- error response reaches steady as fast as possible

Part A

Assumptions

$$\phi_{lead, max} = 70^\circ$$

→ want PM = 60° , design to 65° for lag $\phi_{des} = -115^\circ$

$$\phi_{lead, max} = \phi_{des} - \angle G(j\omega_c) = 70^\circ \rightarrow \angle G(j\omega_c) = \underbrace{(-180^\circ + 65^\circ)}_{-115^\circ} - 70^\circ = -185^\circ$$

→ Find ω_c @ $\phi \approx -185^\circ$ from Bode

$$\rightarrow \omega_c = 7.4 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\angle G(j\omega_c) = -\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{7.28}{0}\right) \cdot 2 - 3 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{7.28}{250}\right)$$

$$-180^\circ - 5^\circ$$

$$\phi_{lead} = -115^\circ - \angle G(j\omega_c)$$

iterate to get $\omega_c = 7.28$, $\phi_{lead} \approx 70^\circ$

$$\alpha = \frac{1 - \sin \phi_{lead}}{1 + \sin \phi_{lead}} = 0.0311 \rightarrow \angle R \approx 32.16 \text{ (reasonable)}$$

$$\rightarrow z = \omega_{max} \sqrt{\alpha} \approx 1.284$$

$$\rightarrow p = \frac{\omega_{max}}{\sqrt{\alpha}} \approx 41.287$$

$$\rightarrow D_{lead}(s) = K \left(\frac{s + 1.284}{s + 41.287} \right)$$

$$M|_{\omega=7.28} = |D_{lead}(j\omega) G(j\omega)| = K \cdot \frac{\sqrt{7.28^2 + 1.284^2}}{\sqrt{7.28^2 + 41.287^2}} \cdot \frac{1 \times 10^7}{7.28 \cdot (\sqrt{7.28^2 + 250^2})^3}$$

$$1 = K \cdot 0.0021 \rightarrow K = 470.23$$

$$\rightarrow D_{lead}(s) = 470.23 \left(\frac{s + 1.284}{s + 41.287} \right)$$

$$\frac{E(s)}{X_r(s)} = \frac{1}{1 + 470.23 \left(\frac{s+1.284}{s+41.287} \right) \frac{1 \times 10^7}{s^2(s+250)^3}}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{matlab}} \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \left[s \cdot \frac{E(s)}{X_r(s)} \cdot \mathcal{L}[x_r(t)] \right] = 6.0534$$

→ lag ratio > 6.84, set to 7

→ set zero to be 10x smaller

$$z = \frac{\omega_c}{10} \quad p = \frac{z}{\alpha}$$

$$\rightarrow D_{lag} = \frac{s+0.728}{s+0.104}$$

$$\rightarrow D_{leadlag}(s) = 470.23 \left(\frac{s+1.284}{s+41.287} \right) \left(\frac{s+0.728}{s+0.104} \right)$$

→ Evaluate: $\omega = 52.8 \text{ rad/s}$ $\phi = -180^\circ$

$$GM \approx 22 \text{ dB}$$

$$\omega_{BW} \approx 10 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$PM = 60.1^\circ$$

$$e_{ss} x_r = 0.0076 < 0.01$$

$$e_{ss} f_d = 0.0293 < 0.03$$

Part B Design PD $D(s) = K_p + \frac{K_I}{s} + K_D s = D_{PI}(s) \cdot D_{PD}(s) = \frac{K_D s^2 + K_P s + K_I}{s}$

Req:

- $PM \geq 60^\circ$

- $GM \geq 15 \text{ dB}$

- ω_{BW} as high as possible

- e_{ss} from $x_r(t) = 0.25t^2 \leq 0.01$

- e_{ss} from $f_d(t) = 3 \cdot 1(t) \leq 0.03$

- error response reaches steady as fast as possible

→ Design PD for phase then PI

Assume PD can get up to 70°

→ same process, $\phi_{PD} \approx 70^\circ @ \omega_c = 7.28 \text{ rad/s}$

$$PD: K(s+z_{pd})$$

$$D_{PD}(j\omega_c) = K(j\omega_c + z_{pd})$$

$$\angle D_{PD}(j\omega_c) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\omega_c}{z_{pd}}\right) = 70^\circ$$

$$\rightarrow z_{pd} = 2.65$$

$$K: |D_{PD}(j\omega_c)| = |K(j\omega_c + 2.65)| \cdot \frac{1 \times 10^7}{7.28 \cdot (\sqrt{7.28^2 + 2.65^2}) \cdot 3}$$

$$\rightarrow K = 10.7$$

PI: integral term zeroes error

$$\rightarrow e_{ss} = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \left[s \cdot \frac{s^2}{s^2 + c} \cdot X_r(s) \right] \leftarrow \text{non zero for } X_r(s) = 0.25t^2$$

$$D_{PI}(s) = \frac{s+z_{PI}}{s}$$

$$\text{can lose } 5^\circ \rightarrow \angle D_{PI}(j\omega_c) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\omega_c}{z_{PI}}\right) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\omega_c}{s}\right) = -5^\circ$$

$$\rightarrow z_{PI} = \frac{\omega_c}{\tan 85^\circ} = 0.637$$

$$\rightarrow D_{PI}(s) = \frac{s+0.637}{s}$$

$$K_p = K(z_{PD} + z_{PI}) = 35.17$$

$$K_d = K = 10.7$$

$$K_i = K z_{PD} z_{PI} = 18.06$$

$$\rightarrow D_{PIPD}(s) = 35.17 + 10.7s + \frac{18.06}{s}$$

$$\rightarrow GM \approx 30 \text{ dB}$$

$$\rightarrow PM = 60^\circ$$

$$\rightarrow \omega_{BW} \approx 10 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$e_{ss} = 0 \text{ for both inputs}$$

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% Written by Kyle Adler for ME446

Problem A

```
s = tf('s');  
Gsys = 1e7/(s^2*(s+250)^3);
```

Part A

```
bode(Gsys,{0.1,10e4}) % estimate crossover frequency  
wc = 7.28 % rad/s  
[m,p] = bode(Gsys,wc)  
phi_lead = -115-p  
  
Dlead = (s+1.284)/(s+41.287)  
[m,p] = bode(Gsys*Dlead,wc)  
K = 1/m  
  
Dlead = K*(s+1.284)/(s+41.287)  
  
EoverXr = feedback(1,Gsys*Dlead)  
syms t  
XrS = laplace(0.25*t^2)  
XrS = 1/(2*s^3)  
insideLimit = s*EoverXr*(XrS) %0/0, lhopital  
ess_xr = 6.451e08/1.208e10 % lag ratio ~5.34  
  
EoverFd = feedback(Gsys,Dlead)  
FdS = 3/s  
insideLimit = s*EoverFd*FdS  
ess_fd = 1.239e09/6.038e09 % lag ratio ~6.84  
  
alpha = 7  
z = wc/10  
p = z/alpha  
Dlag = (s+z)/(s+p)  
  
% evaluate system  
Dleadlag = Dlead*Dlag  
bode(Gsys*Dleadlag)  
[m,p] = bode(Gsys*Dleadlag,52.8);  
GM = 20*log10(1/m)
```

```

margin(Gsys*Dleadlag)

EoverXr = feedback(1,Gsys*Dleadlag)
XrS = 1/(2*s^3)
insideLimit = s*EoverXr*(XrS) %0/0, lhopital
ess_xr = 6.709e07/8.791e09

EoverFd = feedback(Gsys,Dleadlag)
FdS = 3/s
insideLimit = s*EoverFd*FdS
ess_fd = 1.288e08/4.396e09
nyquist(Gsys*Dleadlag)

wC =

    7.2800

m =

    0.0121

p =

   -185.0039

phi_lead =

    70.0039

Dlead =

    s + 1.284
    -----
    s + 41.29

Continuous-time transfer function.

m =

    0.0021

p =

   -115.0065

K =

```

470.2333

Dlead =

$$\frac{470.2 s + 603.8}{s + 41.29}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

EoverXr =

$$\frac{s^6 + 791.3 s^5 + 2.185e05 s^4 + 2.337e07 s^3 + 6.451e08 s^2}{s^6 + 791.3 s^5 + 2.185e05 s^4 + 2.337e07 s^3 + 6.451e08 s^2 + 4.702e09 s + 6.038e09}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

XrS =

$$1/(2*s^3)$$

XrS =

$$\frac{1}{2 s^3}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

insideLimit =

$$\frac{s^7 + 791.3 s^6 + 2.185e05 s^5 + 2.337e07 s^4 + 6.451e08 s^3}{2 s^9 + 1583 s^8 + 4.369e05 s^7 + 4.673e07 s^6 + 1.29e09 s^5 + 9.405e09 s^4 + 1.208e10 s^3}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

ess_xr =

0.0534

EoverFd =

$$1e07 s + 4.129e08$$

$$s^6 + 791.3 s^5 + 2.185e05 s^4 + 2.337e07 s^3 + 6.451e08 s^2 + 4.702e09 s + 6.038e09$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

FdS =

$$\frac{3}{s}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

insideLimit =

$$3e07 s^2 + 1.239e09 s$$

$$s^7 + 791.3 s^6 + 2.185e05 s^5 + 2.337e07 s^4 + 6.451e08 s^3 + 4.702e09 s^2 + 6.038e09 s$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

ess_fd =

0.2052

alpha =

7

z =

0.7280

$p =$

$$0.1040$$

$Dlag =$

$$\frac{s + 0.728}{s + 0.104}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

$Dleadlag =$

$$\frac{470.2 s^2 + 946.1 s + 439.6}{s^2 + 41.39 s + 4.294}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

$GM =$

$$21.9728$$

$EoverXr =$

$$\frac{s^7 + 791.4 s^6 + 2.185e05 s^5 + 2.339e07 s^4 + 6.475e08 s^3 + 6.709e07 s^2}{s^7 + 791.4 s^6 + 2.185e05 s^5 + 2.339e07 s^4 + 6.475e08 s^3 + 4.769e09 s^2 + 9.461e09 s + 4.396e09}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

$XrS =$

$$\frac{1}{2 s^3}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

$insideLimit =$

$$s^8 + 791.4 s^7 + 2.185e05 s^6 + 2.339e07 s^5 + 6.475e08 s^4 + 6.709e07 s^3$$

$$2 s^{10} + 1583 s^9 + 4.371e05 s^8 + 4.678e07 s^7 + 1.295e09 s^6 + 9.539e09 s^5 + 1.892e10 s^4 + 8.791e09 s^3$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

$$\text{ess_xr} = 0.0076$$

$$\text{EoverFd} =$$

$$1e07 s^2 + 4.139e08 s + 4.294e07$$

$$s^7 + 791.4 s^6 + 2.185e05 s^5 + 2.339e07 s^4 + 6.475e08 s^3 + 4.769e09 s^2 + 9.461e09 s + 4.396e09$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

$$\text{FdS} =$$

$$\frac{3}{s}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

$$\text{insideLimit} =$$

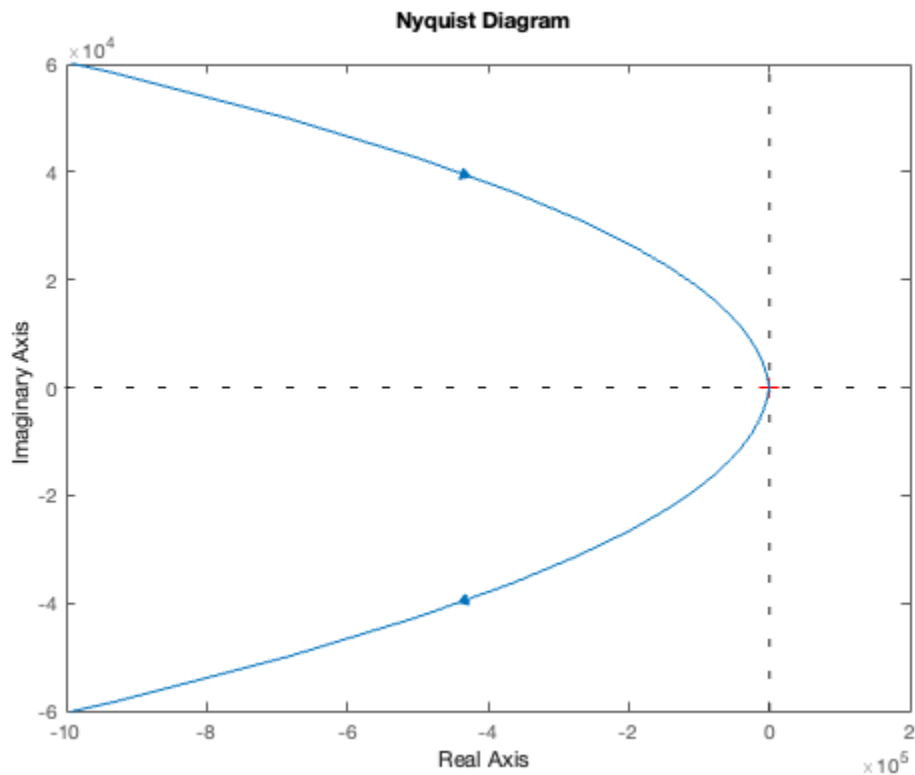
$$3e07 s^3 + 1.242e09 s^2 + 1.288e08 s$$

$$s^8 + 791.4 s^7 + 2.185e05 s^6 + 2.339e07 s^5 + 6.475e08 s^4 + 4.769e09 s^3 + 9.461e09 s^2 + 4.396e09 s$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

$$\text{ess_fd} =$$

0.0293



Part B

```
bode(Gsys,{0.1,10e4}) % estimate crossover frequency
wc = 7.28 % rad/s
[m,p] = bode(Gsys,wc)
phi_pd = -115-p

z_pd = wc/tan(phi_pd*pi/180)
Dpd = (s+z_pd)
[m,p] = bode(Gsys*Dpd,wc)
K = 1/m
Dpd = K*(s+z_pd)

z_pi = wc/tan(85*pi/180)

kp = K*(z_pd+z_pi)
kd = K
ki = K*z_pd*z_pi

Dpid = kp + kd*s + ki/s

% evaluate system
bode(Gsys*Dpid)
```

```

[m,p] = bode(Gsys*Dpid,142);
GM = 20*log10(1/m)

[m,p] = bode(Gsys*Dpid,wc);
PM = p+180

EoverXr = feedback(1,Gsys*Dpid)
XrS = 1/(2*s^3)
insideLimit = s*EoverXr*(XrS) %0/0, lhopital

EoverFd = feedback(Gsys,Dpid)
FdS = 3/s
insideLimit = s*EoverFd*FdS

nyquist(Gsys*Dpd)

wc =

    7.2800

m =

    0.0121

p =

   -185.0039

phi_pd =

    70.0039

z_pd =

    2.6491

Dpd =

    s + 2.649

Continuous-time transfer function.

m =

    0.0934

p =

```

-115.0000

$K =$

10.7029

$Dpd =$

10.7 s + 28.35

Continuous-time transfer function.

$z_{pi} =$

0.6369

$kp =$

35.1702

$kd =$

10.7029

$ki =$

18.0587

$Dpid =$

$$\frac{10.7 s^2 + 35.17 s + 18.06}{s}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

$GM =$

29.9737

$PM =$

60.0000

$EoverXr =$

$$s^6 + 750 s^5 + 187500 s^4 + 1.562e07 s^3$$

$$s^6 + 750 s^5 + 187500 s^4 + 1.562e07 s^3 + 1.07e08 s^2 + 3.517e08 s + 1.806e08$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

XrS =

$$\frac{1}{2 s^3}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

insideLimit =

$$s^7 + 750 s^6 + 187500 s^5 + 1.562e07 s^4$$

$$2 s^9 + 1500 s^8 + 375000 s^7 + 3.125e07 s^6 + 2.141e08 s^5 + 7.034e08 s^4 + 3.612e08 s^3$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

EoverFd =

$$1e07 s$$

$$s^6 + 750 s^5 + 187500 s^4 + 1.562e07 s^3 + 1.07e08 s^2 + 3.517e08 s + 1.806e08$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

FdS =

$$\frac{3}{s}$$

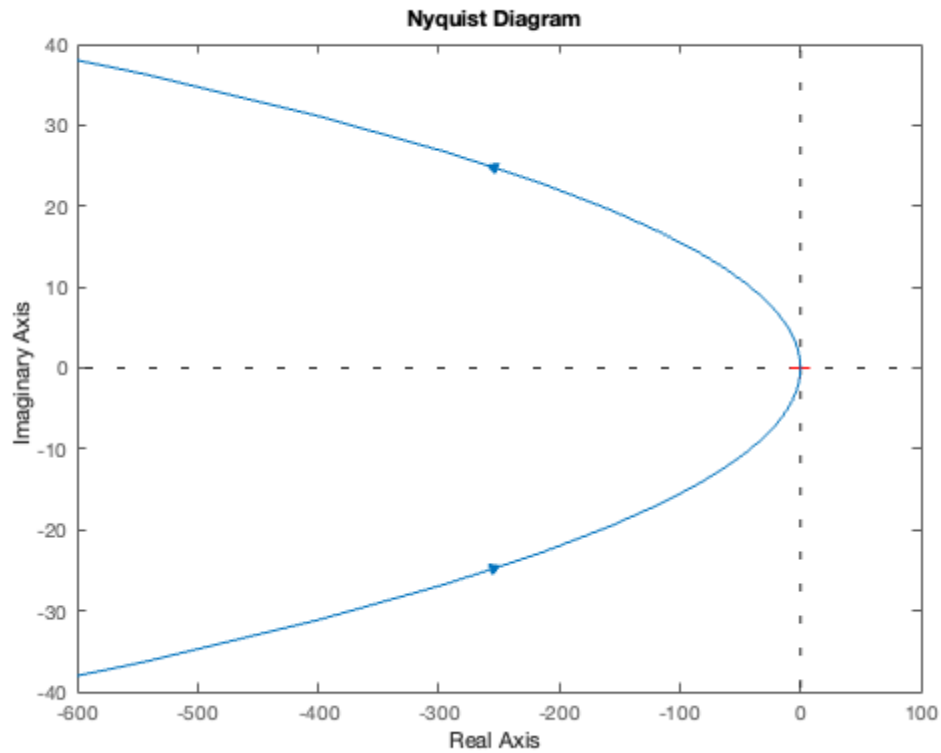
Continuous-time transfer function.

insideLimit =

$$3e07 \text{ s}^2$$

$$\frac{3e07 \text{ s}^2}{s^7 + 750 \text{ s}^6 + 187500 \text{ s}^5 + 1.562e07 \text{ s}^4 + 1.07e08 \text{ s}^3 + 3.517e08 \text{ s}^2 + 1.806e08 \text{ s}}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.



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