

a) S s.t. external flow, find
$$\hat{q}$$
 for single place, both sides
$$\hat{q}_{2s} = 2 \cdot \hat{q}_{1s} \xrightarrow{\text{T}_{s}}$$

$$T_{s}$$

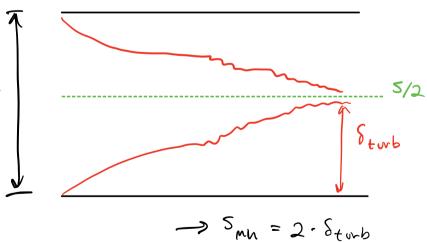
Trim =
$$\frac{\Gamma_{6+}\Gamma_{00}}{2}$$
 = 378.15[K]

Least = $\frac{D U_{00} \times crit}{M}$ = 565 = 5 Kcrit = 0.2359[M] < L=0.5[M]

Trim = $\frac{\Gamma_{6+}\Gamma_{00}}{2}$ = 565 = 5 Kcrit = 0.2359[M] < L=0.5[M]

Trim = $\frac{D U_{00} \times crit}{2}$ = 565 = 5 Kcrit = 0.2359[M] < L=0.5[M]

b)



\$unitsystem SI C J Pa

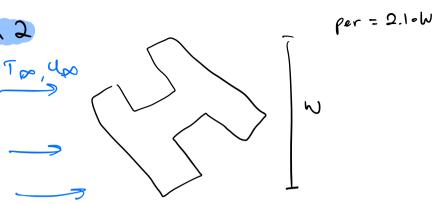
```
"Problem 1"
L = 0.5 [m]
W = 0.2[m]
u infinity = 50 [m/s]
T infinity = 10 [C]
T s = 200 [C]
P = 1 [atm]*convert(atm,Pa)
A s = L*W
T film = (T s+T infinity)/2
Re crit = 5e5
Re crit = rho*u infinity*x crit/mu
rho = density(Air,T=T film,P=P)
mu = viscosity(Air,T=T_film)
"part a correlation"
Re_L = rho*u_infinity*L/mu
Pr = prandtl(Air,T=T film)
Nus bar L = 0.6774*Pr^{(1/3)*}Re crit^{0.5} / (1+(0.0468/Pr)^{(2/3)})^{(1/4)} + 0.0158*Pr^{(1/3)*} (Re L^{(6/7)}-Re crit^{(6/7)}) "use laminar
and turblent correlation since xcrit<L"
Nus bar L = h bar^*L/k
k = conductivity(Air,T=T film)
q dot oneside = h bar*A s*(T s-T infinity)
q dot total = 2*q dot oneside
"part b"
                                                             "max thickness at end of plate, s needs to be at least twice this value for
delta turb = 0.16*L/Re\ L^{(1/7)}
external flow"
s = delta turb*2
SOLUTION
Unit Settings: SI C Pa J mass deg
                                                                       \bar{h} = 86.99 [W/m^2-K]
A_s = 0.1 [m^2]
                                   \delta turb = 0.01102 [m]
                                                                                                           k = 0.0313 [W/m-K]
                                   \mu = 0.00002202 [Pa-S]
L = 0.5 [m]
                                                                       Nus<sub>L</sub> = 1390 [-]
                                                                                                           P = 101325 [Pa]
Pr = 0.711
                                   qoneside = 1653 [W]
                                                                       qtotal = 3306 [W]
                                                                                                           Recrit = 500000 [-]
                                                                                                           Tfilm = 105 [C]
ReL = 1.060E+06 [-]
                                   \rho = 0.9335 \text{ [kg/m}^3\text{]}
                                                                       s = 0.02205 [m]
T<sub>∞</sub> = 10 [C]
                                   T_s = 200 [C]
                                                                       u_{\infty} = 50 \text{ [m/s]}
                                                                                                           W = 0.2 [m]
x_{crit} = 0.2359 [m]
```

No unit problems were detected.

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KEY VARIABLES
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qtotal = 3306 [W] a) total heat transfer from single plate, both sides
s = 0.02205 [m] b) minimum spacing s such that boundary layers do not touch by the end of the length

Problem 2



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```
$unitsystem SI C J Pa
$tabstops 0.2 0.4 0.6 1.5
Starter file.
Homework 7 - correlation problem
ME 364 - Fall 2023"
$varinfo u infty[] units='m/s'
$varinfo rho[] units='kg/m^3'
$varinfo mu[] units='Pa-s'
$varinfo c[] units='J/kg-K'
$varinfo k[] units='W/m-K'
$varinfo current[] units='A'
$varinfo voltage[] units='V'
$varinfo T_infty[] units='C'
$varinfo T s[] units='C'
"Geometry"
L = 0.5 [m] "Length of structure"
W = 0.075 [m]
                               "Profile width in flow"
per = 2.1 * W
                               "Perimeter of the shape"
A s = per^*L
                               "Surface area - ignore ends"
N lookup = 30
                               "Rows in the lookup table"
"! To inspect data, go to Lookup table window"
"Retrieve table data as arrays"
Duplicate i=1,N_lookup
    u_infty[i] = lookup('data', i, 'u_infty')
    rho[i] = lookup('data', i, 'rho')
    mu[i] = lookup('data', i, 'mu')
    c[i] = lookup('data', i, 'c')
    k[i] = lookup('data', i, 'k')
    current[i] = lookup('data', i, 'current')
    voltage[i] = lookup('data', i, 'voltage')
    T infty[i] = lookup('data', i, 'T infty')
    T s[i] = lookup('data', i, 'T s')
    "...Calculations here..."
    ReL[i] = rho[i]*u_infty[i]*L/mu[i]
    Pr[i] = mu[i]*c[i]/k[i]
    q dot[i] = current[i]*voltage[i]
    q_dot[i] = h_bar[i]*A_s*(T_s[i]-T_infty[i])
    Nu_bar[i] = h_bar[i]*L/k[i]
    Nu p[i] = a0 * (rho[i]*u infty[i]*L/mu[i])^(a1) * (mu[i]*c[i]/k[i])^(a2)
    "error"
    err[i] = abs(Nu_p[i]-Nu_bar[i])/Nu_bar[i]
End
{a0 = 1}
a1 = 1
```

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```
a2 = 1
```

"Cumulative error"

err_tot = sum(err[i],i=1,30)

"part c"

"Yes, the predictied Nusselt number values closely match the experimental data, indicating a good correlation with these coefficients."

SOLUTION

Unit Settings: SI C Pa J mass deg

 $Minimization \ of \ err_tot(a0,a1,a2) \ \ 806 \ iterations: \ Variable \ Metric \ method \ (Rel. \ Tol=1.0E-06)$

a0 = 1.207 [-] a1 = 0.3408 [-] a2 = 0.491 [-] $A_s = 0.07875$ [m²] errtot = 1.994 [-] L = 0.5 [m] errtot = 1.994 [-] errtot = 1.994 [-] errtot = 1.994 [-]

No unit problems were detected.

KEY VARIABLES

Minimization of err tot(a0,a1,a2) 806 iterations: Variable Metric method (Rel. Tol=1.0E-06)

a0 = 1.207 [-] b) a0 coefficient a1 = 0.3408 [-] b) a1 coefficient a2 = 0.491 [-] b) a2 coefficient

