Table of Contents

This slide deck consists of slides used in 2 lecture videos in Week 3. Below is a list of shortcut hyperlinks for you to jump into specific sections.

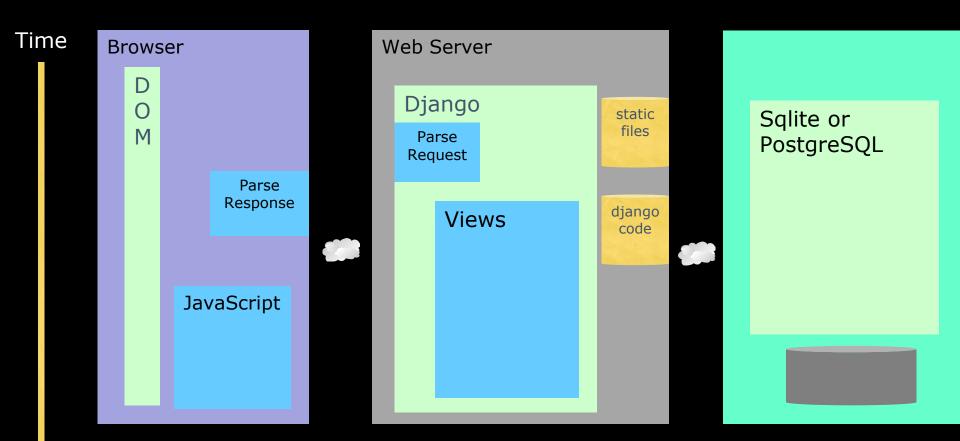
- (page 2) Week 3: WA4E/HTML HyperText Markup Language (Part 1)
- (page 11) Week 3: WA4E/HTML HyperText Markup Language (Part 2)

HTML

Charles Severance www.dj4e.com

https://www.dj4e.com/code/html.zip





RRC/HTTP

SQL

HTML

- A way of marking up text to indicate that some text is different than other text
- We "tag" portions of the text to communicate meaning

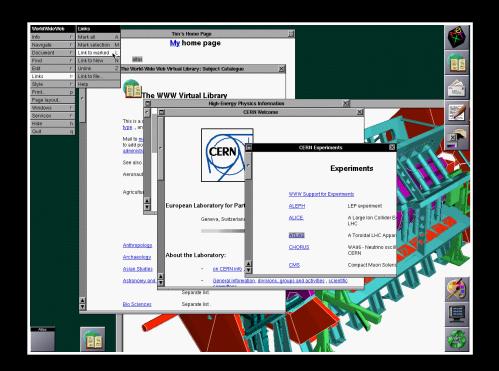
```
You can add a style like
<strong>bold</strong> to some
text by enclosing it in the
<em>appropriate</em>
tag.
```

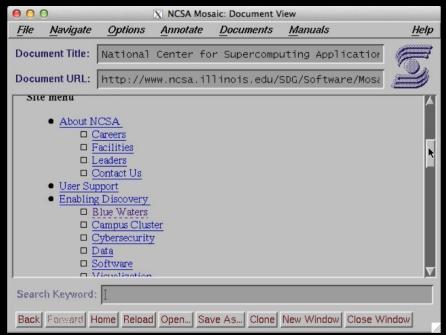
You can add a style like **bold** to some text by enclosing it in the *appropriate* tag.

The Web is Still Evolving

- Invented in early 1990s
- Became popular in 1994
- Robert Cailliau co-founder of the World Wide Web







http://www.w3.org/History/1994/WWW/Journals/CACM/screensnap2_24c.gif



Yellow Pages - People Search - City Maps - Stock Quotes - Sports Scores

- Arts and Humanities Architecture, Photography, Literature...
- Business and Economy [Xtra!] Companies, Investments, Classifieds...
- ... Computers and Internet [Xtra!] Internet, WWW, Software, Multimedia...
- Education Universities, K-12, College Entrance...
- Entertainment [Xtra!] Cool Links, Movies, Music, Humor...
- Government Politics [Xtra!], Agencies, Law, Military...
- · Health [Xtra!] Medicine, Drugs, Diseases, Fitness ...
- ... News and Media [Xtra!] Current Events, Magazines, TV, Newspapers...
- ... Recreation and Sports [Xtra!] Sports, Games, Travel, Autos, Outdoors...
- Reference Libraries, Dictionaries, Phone Numbers...

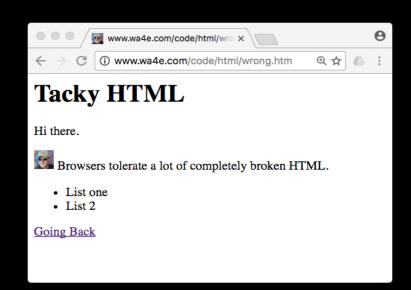
1996

HTML has evolved a *lot* over the years - as computers and networks have gotten faster



The Good Old Days

```
<H1>Tacky HTML</H1>
Hi there.
<imq src=tiny.pnq>
Browsers tolerate a lot of
completely broken HTML.
<UL>
<LI>List one
<LI>List 2
</UL>
```



World Wide Web Consortium W3C



- Formed by Tim Berners-Lee of MIT (formerly of CERN)
- Founded to develop standards around HTML, CSS, XML, etc.
- Insure that the web was based on open standards rather than proprietary vendor products - a bit like cat herding

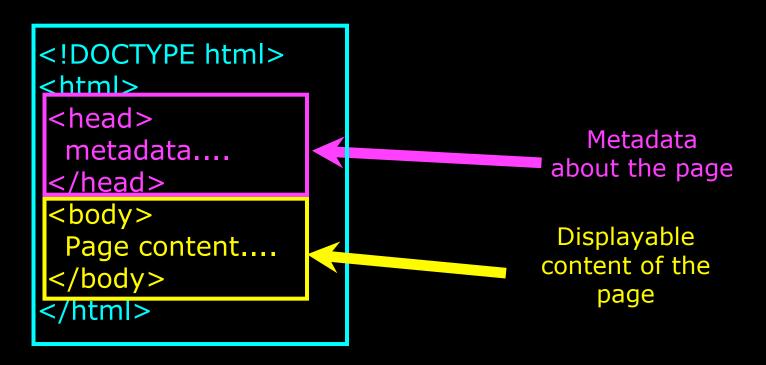
Following the Rules

```
<h1>Tacky HTML</h1>
Hi there.
<img src="tiny.png">
Browsers tolerate a lot of
completely broken HTML.
<l
List one
List 2
```

Tags must be lowercase.
Attributes must be enclosed in quotes.
Tags must be closed.

HTML Documents

Structure of an HTML Document



Special File Names

• When a URL points to a directory in your web server, it looks for a file with a special name:

```
index.html, index.htm, index.php, etc.
```

- While there is a convention, the "default file" is configurable.
- Usually index.htm or index.html is a safe bet.
- This only works when viewing through a web server when viewing from disk, you must view the file.

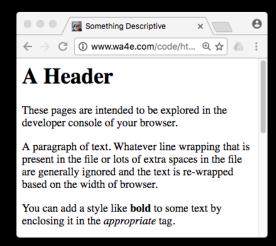
Multiple Files

We can put multiple files in the same directory and then use them in relative links.

```
csev$ ls -l
-rw-r--r-- 1 csev staff 618 Dec 18 22:56 index.htm
-rw-r--r-- 1 csev staff 883 Dec 18 22:57 images.htm
-rw-r--r-- 1 csev staff 679 Dec 18 22:57 tables.htm
-rw-r--r-- 1 csev staff 5909 Dec 18 22:57 tiny.png
csev$
```

You can add a style like bold to some text by enclosing it in the appropriate tag.





Whitespace and line wrapping

Tags Have a Beginning and /End...

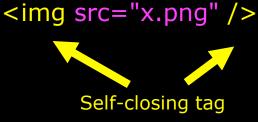
```
You can add a style like
<strong>bold</strong> to some text
by enclosing it in the
<em>appropriate</em> tag.
```

HTML Tag Basics



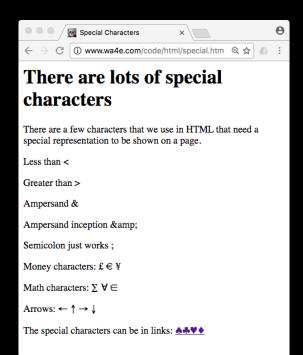
Tags "mark up" the HTML document.
The tags are read and interpreted by
the browser but not shown.

A self-closing tag does not need a corresponding end tag.



What about < s?

```
Less than <
Greater than &qt;
Ampersand & amp; 
Ampersand inception & amp; amp; 
Semicolon just works ;
Money characters: £ € ¥
Math characters: ∑ ∀ ∈ 
Arrows: ← ↑ → ↓
The special characters can be
in links: <a href="lists.htm">
♠♣♥♦</a>
```



HTML Comments

```
<!-- Ignore this for now:) -->
Go to the
<a href="navdetail.htm">very last page</a>.
```

HTML Links

- One of the key things about HTML is making a set of pages and creating "hypertext" links amongst those pages.
- Links are what make the "web" into a web of interlinked documents.
- The interlinked nature of the web leads to the "intelligence" that search engines like Google appear to have.

```
<h1>The First Page</h1>

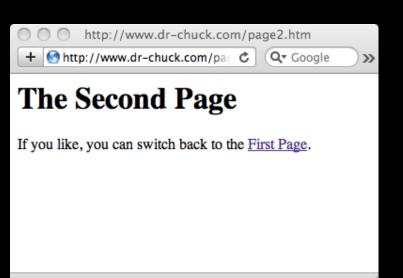
If you like, you can switch to the
<a href="http://www.dr-chuck.com/page2.htm">
Second Page</a>.
```

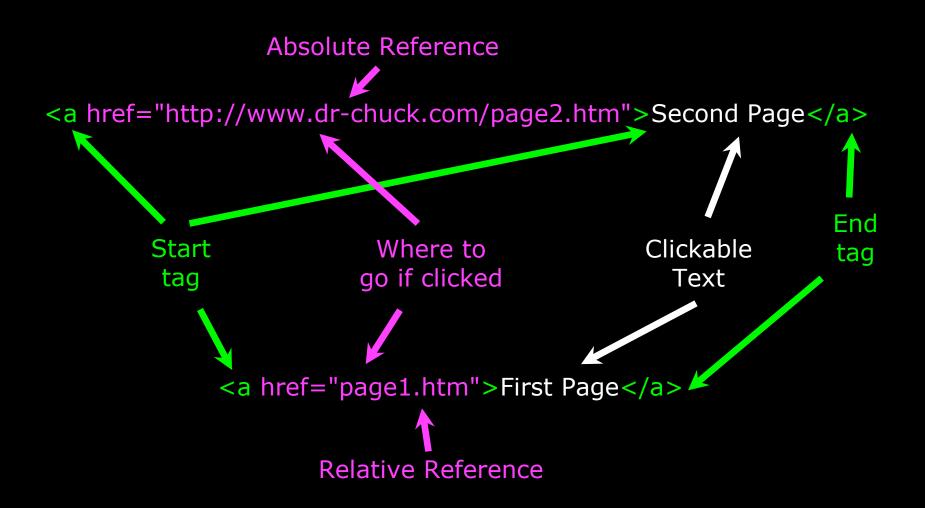


A link is a "hot spot" on the page. It can be text or an image. Often it is visually marked to make it easier to "notice" so as to encourage users to click!

"a" is short for "anchor" and "href" is short for "hypertext reference"

```
<h1>The Second Page</h1>
If you like, you can switch back to the
<a href="page1.htm">
First Page</a>.
```





Absolute vs. Relative

Second Page

A hypertext references can be a full URL and refer to some other page anywhere on the Internet.

First Page

Or the reference can be a file name that is assumed to be in the same folder as the current document (relative reference).

Images

>

Images can be right in the middle of text like a character. And we can even make an image a clickable

link to another page.



How images look

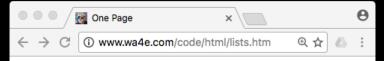


Sometimes you put the image all by itself in a paragraph. If we knew CSS, we could center the image in the page. Don't be tempted use the **center** tag as it is deprecated.

Images can be right in the middle of text like a character. And we can even make an image a clickable link to another page.

A List ...

```
ul>
This pages shows us how
lists work
We need to encode
<a href="special.htm">certain
characters</a>
to show them in HTML
We should learn more about
<a href="links.htm">Links</a>
We should learn about
<a href="images.htm">Images</a>
```



A list of things to learn

- This pages shows us how lists work
- We need to encode <u>certain characters</u> to show them in HTML
- We should learn more about Links
- We should learn about <u>Images</u>
- We should learn about Tables
- We can see that <u>Bad HTML</u> works just fine
- But HTML can be <u>Broken</u> so badly it does not render at all.
- · We could back to the index Page

Tables

```
Make
Model
Mileage
FordEdge
10348
PontiacVibe73630
```



Tables in HTML

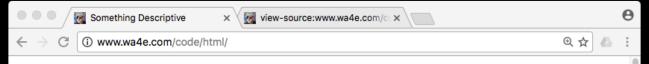
A long time ago in a galaxy far away before CSS was invented we used tables to make pretty web pages. Now we only use them for tabular data.

Make Model Mileage

Edge 10348 Pontiac Vibe 73630

Honda Civic 7365

Back to the the lists page.



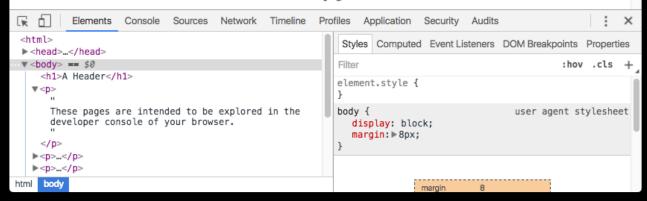
A Header

These pages are intended to be explored in the developer console of your browser.

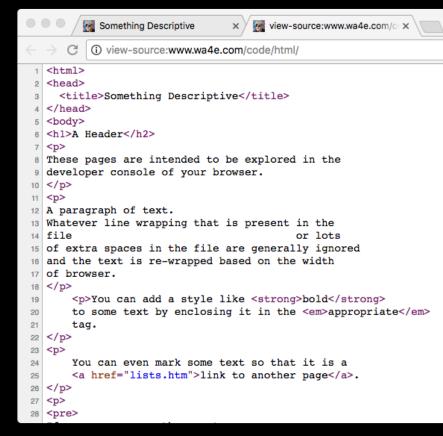
A paragraph of text. Whatever line wrapping that is present in the file or lots of extra spaces in the file are generally ignored and the text is re-wrapped based on the width of browser.

You can add a style like **bold** to some text by enclosing it in the appropriate tag.

You can even mark some text so that it is a link to another page.



Explore Sample Code



Explore Sample Code

8

Summary

 HTML has gone through many changes and evolutions.

It started clean and simple - then got ugly and nasty - now we are back to a clean and simple approach.

 A key to modern/clean HTML is that formatting is handled using CSS - Cascading Style Sheets.

Acknowledgements / Contributions



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Initial Development: Charles Severance, University of Michigan School of Information

Insert new Contributors and Translators here including names and dates

Continue new Contributors and Translators here