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# Object Oriented Programming in JavaScript

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#### **Definitions**



- Class a template Dog
- Method or Message A defined capability of a class bark()
- Attribute A defined data item in a class color
- Object or Instance A particular instance of a class Lassie

### Terminology: Class



Defines the abstract characteristics of a thing (object), including the thing's characteristics (its attributes, fields, or properties) and the thing's behaviors (the things it can do, or methods, operations, or features). One might say that a class is a blueprint or factory that describes the nature of something. For example, the class Dog would consist of traits shared by all dogs, such as breed and fur color (characteristics), and the ability to bark and sit (behaviors).

### Terminology: Class





A pattern (exemplar) of a class. The class of Dog defines all possible dogs by listing the characteristics and behaviors they can have; the object Lassie is one particular dog, with particular versions of the characteristics. A Dog has fur; Lassie has brown-and-white fur.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Object-oriented\_programming

# Terminology: InstanCe



One can have an instance of a class or a particular object. The instance is the actual object created at runtime. In programmer jargon, the Lassie object is an instance of the Dog class. The set of values of the attributes of a particular object is called its state. The object consists of state and the behavior that's defined in the object's class.

Object and Instance are often used interchangeably.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Object-oriented\_programming

# Terminology: Method



An object's abilities. In language, methods are verbs. Lassie, being a Dog, has the ability to bark. So bark() is one of Lassie's methods. She may have other methods as well, for example sit() or eat() or walk() or save\_timmy(). Within the program, using a method usually affects only one particular object; all Dogs can bark, but you need only one particular dog to do the barking

Method and Message are often used interchangeably.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Object-oriented\_programming

## Objects in JavaScript

- The OO pattern in JavaScript is a little different.
- The function is indeed a store and reuse pattern.
- The function keyword returns a value which is the function itself - it makes a function!

### First-Class Functions

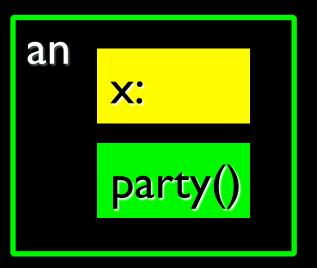
In computer science, a programming language is said to have first-class functions if it treats functions as first-class citizens. Specifically, this means the language supports passing functions as arguments to other functions, returning them as the values from other functions, and assigning them to variables or storing them in data structures.

# A Sample Class



```
This is the template for
function PartyAnimal()
                                       making PartyAnimal objects.
    this.x = 0;
                                                  Each PartyAnimal
    this.party = function
                                               object has a bit of data.
         this.x = this.x + 1;
         console.log("So far "+this.x);
                                                Each PartyAnimal object
                                                   has a bit of code.
an = new PartyAnimal();
                                                  Create a PartyAnimal
                                                         object
an.party();
an.party();
an.party();
                                       Tell the object to run the
                                             party() code.
                                                                  is01.htm
```

```
function PartyAnimal() {
    this.x = 0;
    this.party = function () {
        this.x = this.x + 1;
        console.log("So far "+this.x);
an = new PartyAnimal();
an.party();
an.party();
an.party();
                                js-01.htm
```



```
So far 1
So far 2
So far 3
```

# Object Life Cycle

•http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Constructor\_(computer\_science)

# Object Life Cycle

- Objects are created, used, and discarded
- Constructors are implicit in JavaScript natural
  - A constructor in a class is a special block of statements called when an object is created
- Destructors are not provided by JavaScript

```
Sunction ( ) {
    this.x = 0;
     console.log("In the 'constructor'");
    this.party = function () {
        this.x = this.x + 1;
        console.log("So far "+this.x);
an = new PartyAnimal();
 an.party();
 an.party();
 an.party();
```

```
In the 'constructor'
So far 1
So far 2
So far 3
```

# Many Instances

- We can create lots of objects the class is the template for the object.
- We can store each distinct object in its own variable.
- We call this having multiple instances of the same class.
- Each instance has its own copy of the instance variables.

```
function PartyAnimal(nam) {
    this.x = 0;
    this.name = nam;
    console.log("Built "+nam);
    this.party = function () {
        this.x = this.x + 1;
        console.log(nam+"="+this.x);
s = new PartyAnimal("Sally");
s.party();
 = new PartyAnimal("Jim");
j.party();
s.party();
```

Constructors can have additional parameters. These can be used to set up instance variables for the particular instance of the class (i.e., for the particular object).

```
Built Sally
Sally=1
Built Jim
Jim=1
Sally=2
```

```
function PartyAnimal(nam) {
    this.x = 0;
    this.name = nam;
    console.log("Built "+nam);
    this.party = function () {
        this.x = this.x + 1;
        console.log(nam+"="+this.x);
s = new PartyAnimal("Sally");
s.party();
 = new PartyAnimal("Jim");
j.party();
s.party();
```

x:
name:

Built Sally Sally=1

```
function PartyAnimal(nam) {
    this.x = 0;
    this.name = nam;
    console.log("Built "+nam);
    this.party = function () {
        this.x = this.x + 1;
        console.log(nam+"="+this.x);
s = new PartyAnimal("Sally");
s.party();
 = new PartyAnimal("Jim");
j.party();
s.party();
                              is04.htm
```

```
name:
   name:
Built Sally
Sally=1
Built Jim
Jim=1
Sally=2
```

### Definitions



- Class a template Dog
- Method or Message A defined capability of a class - bark()
- Object or Instance A particular instance of a class - Lassie
- Constructor A method which is called when the instance / object is created

### Summary

- The key for this lecture is to understand how to read OO documentation for JavaScript and how to use objects.
- Building brand new complex objects is more advanced.
- It is important to remember that JavaScript uses objects as its "Associative Array".

### Acknowledgements / Contributions



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