



The open data debate

Just like data privacy, open data is a widely debated topic in today's world. Data analysts think a lot about open data, and as a future data analyst, you need to understand the basics to be successful in your new role.



What is open data?

In data analytics, **open data** is part of **data ethics**, which has to do with using data ethically. **Openness** refers to free access, usage, and sharing of data. But for data to be considered open, it has to:

- Be available and accessible to the public as a complete dataset
- Be provided under terms that allow it to be reused and redistributed
- Allow universal participation so that anyone can use, reuse, and redistribute the data

Data can only be considered open when it meets all three of these standards.

The open data debate: What data should be publicly available?

One of the biggest benefits of open data is that credible databases can be used more widely. Basically, this means that all of that good data can be leveraged, shared, and combined with other data. This could have a huge impact on scientific collaboration, research advances, analytical capacity, and decision-making. But it is important to think about the individuals being represented by the public.