







## Feature Extraction with Frequencies

Given a corpus with positive and negative tweets as follows:

Positive tweets	Negative tweets
I am happy because I am learning NLP	I am sad, I am not learning NLP
I am happy	I am sad

You have to encode each tweet as a vector. Previously, this vector was of dimension V. Now, as you will see in the upcoming videos, you will represent it with a vector of dimension 3. To do so, you have to create a dictionary to map the word, and the class it appeared in (positive or negative) to the number of times that word appeared in its corresponding class.

Vocabulary	PosFreq (1)	NegFreq (0)	-
1	3	3	-
am	3	3	freqs: dictionary mapping from
happy	2	0	(word, class) to frequency
because	1	0	(word, class) to frequency
learning	1	1	
NLP	1	1	
sad	0	2	
not	0	1	_

In the past two videos, we call this dictionary `freqs`. In the table above, you can see how words like happy and sad tend to take clear sides, while other words like "I, am" tend to be more neutral. Given this dictionary and the tweet, "I am sad, I am not learning NLP", you can create a vector corresponding to the feature as follows:



