FACULTY OF TELECOMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION ENGINEERING

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT



Operating Systems

Experiment 11

Shortest Job First (Non-Preemptive) CPU Scheduling Algorithm

- CLO 2. Use modern tools and languages.
- CLO 3. Demonstrate an original solution of problem under discussion.
- CLO 4. Work individually as well as in teams

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Shortest Job First (Non-Preemptive) CPU Scheduling Algorithm SJF:

Process with the **shortest CPU burst** "The amount of time the process uses the processor before it is no longer ready." is scheduled first.

Two Schemes:

- ➤ **Non-preemptive** Once CPU given to a process it cannot be preempted until completes its CPU burst.
- ➤ **Preemptive** If a new process arrives with CPU burst length less than remaining time of current executing process, preempt. This scheme is known as the Shortest-Remaining-Time-First (SRTF).

ALGORITHM for SJF (Non-Preemptive):

Step1: Get the number of process.

Step2: Get the process name and service time for each process.

Step3: Initially the waiting time of first short process as 0 and total time of first short process is the service time of that process.

Step4: Calculate the total time and waiting time of remaining process.

Step5: Waiting time of one process is the total time of the previous process.

Step6: Total time of process is calculated by adding the waiting time and service time of each process.

Step7: Total waiting time calculated by adding the waiting time of each process.

Step8: Total turnaround time calculated by adding all total time of each process.

Step9: Calculate average waiting time by dividing the total waiting time by total number of process.

Step10: Calculate average turnaround time by dividing the total waiting time by total number of process.

Step11: Display the results.

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LAB TASK

Implement Shortest Job First (Non-Preemptive) CPU Scheduling Algorithm.

Output 1

```
Enter the number of processes: 3
Enter Process Name of Process 0: P1
Enter Brust Time of Process 0: 10
Enter Process Name of Process 1: P2
Enter Brust Time of Process 1: 5
Enter Process Name of Process 2: P3
Enter Brust Time of Process 2: 2
P_Name B_Time Wait
                       TOT
Р3
       2
               0
                       2
       5
P2
               2
P1
       10
                       17
TOTAL WAITING TIME: 9
AVERAGE WAITING TIME: 3.000000
TOTAL TURNAROUND TIME: 26
AVERAGE TURNAROUND TIME: 8.000000
```

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Output 2

■ C:\Users\Saba\Desktop\OS LAB FOLDER\OS_data\OS Lab 11_2k15\OS Lab 11_2k14 Enter number of process: 3 Enter Burst Time: p1: 2 p2: 6 p3: 1 Waiting Time Process Burst Time Turnaround Time p3 1 2 1 3 р1 6 p2 3 9 Average Waiting Time=1.333333 Average Turnaround Time=4.333333