Practical No: 14

Write a program to implement an interface using extends keyword.

```
import java.lang.*;
import java.util.*;
class Animals {
  public void run() {
       System.out.println("Animal can be Wild or Domestic!");
interface Runnable {
  void runFast();
interface Barkable {
   void bark();
class Dog extends Animals implements Runnable, Barkable {
   @Override
  public void runFast() {
       System.out.println("Dog is running fast!");
   @Override
  public void bark() {
       System.out.println("Dog is barking!");
public class InterfaceExample {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
       Dog dog = new Dog();
      dog.run();
```

```
dog.runFast();
  dog.bark();
}
```

Output:

Animal can be Wild or Domestic!

Dog is running fast!

Dog is barking!

Practical No: 15

Write a program to create inner classes.

```
public class InnerClass {
    public class Inner {
        public void Welcome() {
            System.out.println("Welcome To Java Programming
Language!");
    }
    public void Learn() {
            System.out.println("Thank You! For Learning
Java");
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
        InnerClass outer = new InnerClass();
        InnerClass.Inner inner = outer.new Inner();
        inner.Welcome();
        inner.Learn();
}
```

Output:

Practical No: 16

Write a program to create user-defined packages.

Here, we create a package named mypackage: *mypackage is a folder where we created "MyPackage"

```
//user-defined packages:

package mypackage;

public class MyPackage {
    public static void Welcome() {
        System.out.println("Welcome To Custom Package!");
    }
    public static void Perform() {
        System.out.println("Now, Perform Operation By Using This Package!");
    }
}
```

Here we are using our own created custom package inside the main code:

```
import mypackage.MyPackage;

public class UserDefinedPackage {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        MyPackage.Welcome();
        MyPackage.Perform();
    }
}
```

Output:

Welcome To Custom Package! Now, Perform Operation By Using This Package!

Practical No: 17

Write a java program that displays the number of characters, lines and words in a text.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main {
public static void main(String[] args) {
// Print a message to the console
System.out.println("Bharat_sinh_Rathod");
// Create a Scanner object to read user input
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
// Prompt the user to enter text with instructions
System.out.println("Enter your text (Enter an empty line to finish):");
int charCount = 0; // Variable to count characters
int wordCount = 0; // Variable to count words
int lineCount = 0; // Variable to count lines
// Continue reading lines of text until an empty line is entered
while (true) {
String line = scanner.nextLine();
if (line.isEmpty()) {
break; // Exit the loop when an empty line is entered
// Count characters by adding the length of the line
charCount += line.length();
```

```
// Split the line into words using space as a delimiter and count words

String[] words = line.split("\s+");

wordCount += words.length;

// Increment the line count for each line read

lineCount++;
}

// Display the counts of characters, words, and lines

System.out.println("Character count: " + charCount);

System.out.println("Word count: " + wordCount);

System.out.println("Line count: " + lineCount);

}

}
```

OUTPUT:

Bharat_sinh_Rathod
Enter your text (Enter an empty line to finish):
My name is bharat sinh, i'm from gujarat.

Character count: 41

Word count: 8
Line count: 1