The actual and probably very long title of the thesis

Author

Advisors: Duh, Dih, Dah

The date

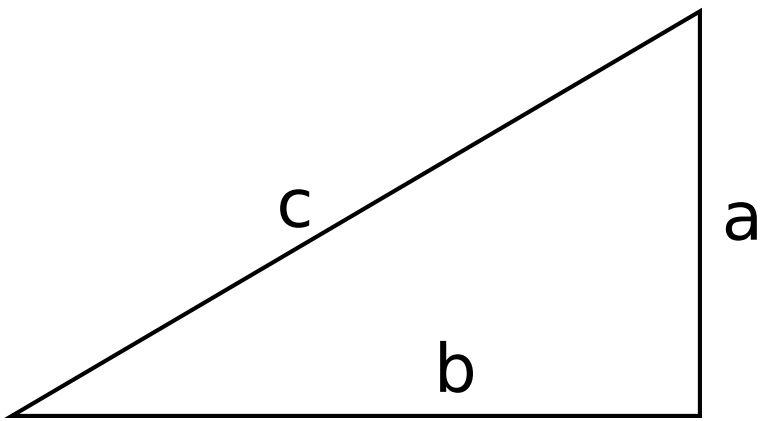
- Some
- Appearing
- Bullets
  - With sub-bullets

- Some
- Appearing
- Bullets
  - With sub-bullets

- Some
- Appearing
- Bullets
  - With sub-bullets

- Some
- Appearing
- Bullets
  - With sub-bullets

- Some
- Appearing
- Bullets
  - With sub-bullets



And an appearing figure.

- Some
- Appearing
- And disappearing
- Bullets
  - With sub-bullets
- That appear and disappear with their parent

- Some
- Appearing
- And disappearing
- Bullets
  - With sub-bullets
- That appear and disappear with their parent

- Some
- Appearing
- And disappearing
- Bullets
  - With sub-bullets
- That appear and disappear with their parent

- Some
- Appearing
- And disappearing
- Bullets
  - With sub-bullets
- That appear and disappear with their parent

- Some
- Appearing
- And disappearing
- Bullets
  - With sub-bullets
- That appear and disappear with their parent

1. Some
2. Numbers
   - With sub-bullets
3. That appear and the same time
4. Nicely spaced on the slide
5. F. Fusco, O. Kermorgant, and P. Martinet (Oct. 2019). “A Comparison of Visual Servoing from Features Velocity and Acceleration Interaction Models”. In: *IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems*

- Should be done with \fullcite
  - O. S. Pythagoras (Feb. -580). “Theorem”. In: *Some old journal*
- You may also use \smallcite
  - O. S. Pythagoras (Feb. -580). “Theorem”. In: *Some old journal*
  - It takes less space...
- Check all imported references for:
  - Name / Journal name / year / editor (journals)
  - Carefully check conference name (IEEEexplore)

- Should be done with \fullcite
  - O. S. Pythagoras (Feb. -580). “Theorem”. In: *Some old journal*
- You may also use \smallcite
  - O. S. Pythagoras (Feb. -580). “Theorem”. In: *Some old journal*
  - It takes less space...
- Check all imported references for:
  - Name / Journal name / year / editor (journals)
  - Carefully check conference name (IEEEexplore)

- Should be done with \fullcite
  - O. S. Pythagoras (Feb. -580). “Theorem”. In: *Some old journal*
- You may also use \smallcite
  - O. S. Pythagoras (Feb. -580). “Theorem”. In: *Some old journal*
  - It takes less space...
- Check all imported references for:
  - Name / Journal name / year / editor (journals)
  - Carefully check conference name (IEEEexplore)

- Have a number if used with `\begin{equation}`

$$\forall \phi : \quad \cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi = 1 \tag{1}$$

- Do not have a number if used with `\begin{equation*}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

- Another useful environment is simply `\begin{center}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

  - Probably more suited to slides as we use less equation references

- Can also be included in the text / bullets
  - $\forall \phi : \quad (\cos \phi + \sin \phi)^2 = 2 \cos \phi \sin \phi + 1$

- Have a number if used with `\begin{equation}`

$$\forall \phi : \quad \cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi = 1 \tag{1}$$

- Do not have a number if used with `\begin{equation*}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

- Another useful environment is simply `\begin{center}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

  - Probably more suited to slides as we use less equation references

- Can also be included in the text / bullets
  - $\forall \phi : \quad (\cos \phi + \sin \phi)^2 = 2 \cos \phi \sin \phi + 1$

- Have a number if used with `\begin{equation}`

$$\forall \phi : \quad \cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi = 1 \tag{1}$$

- Do not have a number if used with `\begin{equation*}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

- Another useful environment is simply `\begin{center}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

  - Probably more suited to slides as we use less equation references

- Can also be included in the text / bullets
  - $\forall \phi : \quad (\cos \phi + \sin \phi)^2 = 2 \cos \phi \sin \phi + 1$

- Have a number if used with `\begin{equation}`

$$\forall \phi : \quad \cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi = 1 \tag{1}$$

- Do not have a number if used with `\begin{equation*}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

- Another useful environment is simply `\begin{center}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

  - Probably more suited to slides as we use less equation references

- Can also be included in the text / bullets
  - $\forall \phi : \quad (\cos \phi + \sin \phi)^2 = 2 \cos \phi \sin \phi + 1$

- Have a number if used with `\begin{equation}`

$$\forall \phi : \quad \cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi = 1 \tag{1}$$

- Do not have a number if used with `\begin{equation*}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

- Another useful environment is simply `\begin{center}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

  - Probably more suited to slides as we use less equation references

- Can also be included in the text / bullets
  - $\forall \phi : \quad (\cos \phi + \sin \phi)^2 = 2 \cos \phi \sin \phi + 1$

- Have a number if used with `\begin{equation}`

$$\forall \phi : \quad \cos^2 \phi + \sin^2 \phi = 1 \tag{1}$$

- Do not have a number if used with `\begin{equation*}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

- Another useful environment is simply `\begin{center}`

$$\forall a, b : \quad (a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

  - Probably more suited to slides as we use less equation references

- Can also be included in the text / bullets
  - $\forall \phi : \quad (\cos \phi + \sin \phi)^2 = 2 \cos \phi \sin \phi + 1$