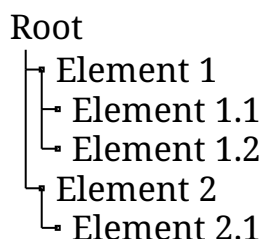


How to Render a (Hierarchical) Tree in Asciidoctor

Showing a hierarchical tree, like a file system directory tree, in Asciidoctor is surprisingly hard. We use PlantUML to render the tree on all common platforms.



Problem Description

Describe a hierarchical tree in an Asciidoctor document and render it as in a [tree view](#).

Existing Approaches

We know of two Asciidoctor extensions tackling this problem:

- [TreeBlockMacro](#) Shows an actual file system tree. Available for Ruby Asciidoctor.
- [Monotree](#) Renders a structural description of a tree as AsciiArt. Available for AsciidoctorJ.

These approaches show some drawbacks:

- Only available for one platform
- Limited to file system trees, or AsciiArt

Solution: Creole Markup via PlantUML

Most platforms support the [Asciidoctor Diagram extension](#), Which, in turn, supports [PlantUML](#). Within PlantUML, we can use [Creole](#) to render a hierarchical tree.

We need a container to host the Creole markup. A [legend](#) seems suitable.

For the actual tree, we draw the tree as AsciiArt.

NOTE	Make sure to indent each tree level with exactly two spaces .
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We use PlantUML's `skinparam` feature for formatting the output similar to Asciidoctor.

If we embed the PlantUML diagram with parameters `format=svg` and `opts="inline"`:

- The text stays as text (i.e. selectable) in both HTML and PDF output
- We don't need to ship additional files with the output

Examples

Simplest Variant: Only get rid of border and background

```
[plantuml, format=svg, opts="inline"]
----
skinparam Legend {
    BackgroundColor transparent
    BorderColor transparent
}
legend
Root
|_ Element 1
|   |_ Element 1.1
|   |_ Element 1.2
|_ Element 2
|   |_ Element 2.1
end legend
----
```

Example 1. Simplest Variant: Only get rid of border and background

```
Root
├─ Element 1
│   ├── Element 1.1
│   └─ Element 1.2
└─ Element 2
    └─ Element 2.1
```

We might want to hide the different origin of the tree rendering by adjusting the font.

Use same font as default AsciiDoctor style

```
[plantuml, format=svg, opts="inline"]
----
skinparam Legend {
    BackgroundColor transparent
    BorderColor transparent
    FontName "Noto Serif", "DejaVu Serif", serif
    FontSize 17
}
legend
Root
|_ Element 1
|_ Element 1.1
|_ Element 1.2
|_ Element 2
|_ Element 2.1
end legend
----
```

Example 2. Use same font as default AsciiDoctor style

```
Root
├─ Element 1
│  └─ Element 1.1
│  └─ Element 1.2
├─ Element 2
│  └─ Element 2.1
```

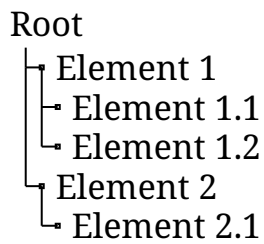
We can use PlantUML's **!include** feature to externalize the formatting.

Externalized formatting

```
[plantuml, format=svg, opts="inline"]
----
!include asciidoctor-style.iuml
legend
Root
|_ Element 1
|_ Element 1.1
|_ Element 1.2
|_ Element 2
|_ Element 2.1
end legend
----
```

```
skinparam Legend {  
  BackgroundColor transparent  
  BorderColor transparent  
  FontName "Noto Serif", "DejaVu Serif", serif  
  FontSize 17  
}
```

Example 3. Externalized formatting

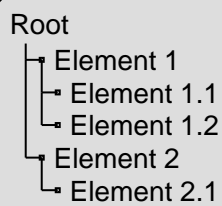


For reference, we show how the tree rendering looks like without any styling.

Barebans tree rendering

```
[plantuml, format=svg, opts="inline"]  
----  
legend  
Root  
|_ Element 1  
  |_ Element 1.1  
  |_ Element 1.2  
|_ Element 2  
  |_ Element 2.1  
end legend  
----
```

Example 4. Barebans tree rendering



Remove Dependency on Graphviz / Dot

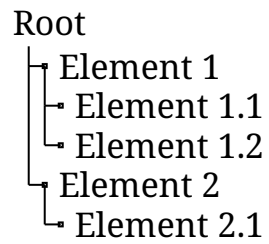
PlantUML requires [Graphviz](#) to be installed. However, there's an exception: Rendering [sequence diagrams](#) does not depend on Graphviz. So we need to convince PlantUML to draw a sequence diagram *without actually drawing any diagram*.

This feels more like a hack, but the following works while leading to only slightly larger images.

Trick PlantUML into a sequence diagram to drop dependency on Graphviz

```
[plantuml, format=svg, opts="inline"]
----
skinparam Legend {
    BackgroundColor transparent
    BorderThickness 0
    FontName "Noto Serif", "DejaVu Serif", serif
    FontSize 17
}
skinparam SequenceLifeLineBorderThickness 0
skinparam SequenceLifeLineBorderColor transparent
skinparam SequenceParticipant {
    BackgroundColor transparent
    BorderColor transparent
    Shadowing false
    FontSize 0
    BorderThickness 0
    Padding 0
}
hide footbox
participant dummy
legend top left
Root
|_ Element 1
|_ Element 1.1
|_ Element 1.2
|_ Element 2
|_ Element 2.1
end legend
----
```

Example 5. Trick PlantUML into a sequence diagram to drop dependency on Graphviz



As this hack is quite ugly, we can hide it in an `!include`. The external file is only required at rendering time.

Hide PlantUML sequence diagram hack in external file

```
[plantuml, format=svg, opts="inline"]
----
!include nodot-asciidoctor-style.iuml
legend
Root
|_ Element 1
|   |_ Element 1.1
|   |_ Element 1.2
|_ Element 2
|   |_ Element 2.1
end legend
----
```

```
skinparam Legend {
    BackgroundColor transparent
    BorderColor transparent
    BorderThickness 0
    FontName "Noto Serif", "DejaVu Serif", serif
    FontSize 17
}
skinparam SequenceLifeLineBorderThickness 0
skinparam SequenceLifeLineBorderColor transparent
skinparam SequenceParticipant {
    BackgroundColor transparent
    BorderColor transparent
    Shadowing false
    FontSize 0
    BorderThickness 0
    Padding 0
}
hide footbox
participant dummy
```

Example 6. Hide PlantUML sequence diagram hack in external file

```
Root
├─ Element 1
│   ├── Element 1.1
│   └─ Element 1.2
└─ Element 2
    └─ Element 2.1
```