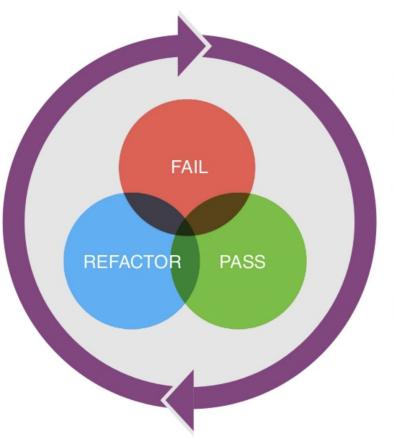
React Test Driven Development

Writing Unit Tests Nice to Have

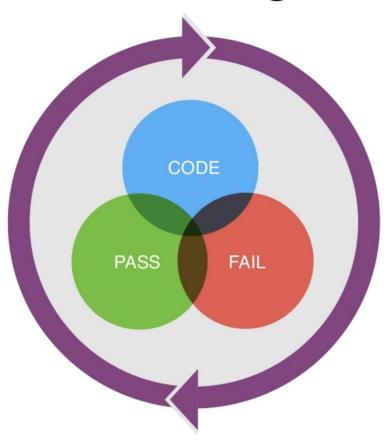
Is Must

Test-Driven Development



- 1. Write Tests
- 2. Run Tests (TESTS FAIL)
- 3. Write Code to Make Tests Pass
- 4. Run Tests (TESTS PASS)
- 5. Refactor (repeat until you can't think of anything else to test)

Test-During Development



- 1. Write Some Code
- 2. Write Some Tests
- 3. Run Tests (TESTS FAIL)
- 4. Write More Code
- 5. Run Tests (TESTS PASS)
- 6. Refactor (repeat until all the features and tests are done)



Why Jest

- Zero configuration (One dependency just install jest)
- Very fast

Airbnb switched from Mocha to Jest, and their total test runtime dropped from more than 12 minutes to only 4.5 minutes on a heavy-duty CI machine with 32 cores. Local tests used to take 45 minutes, which dropped to 14.5 minutes.

- Built-in assertions (No need install Chai.js, should.js or others)
- Built-in code coverage tool
- File names should be under <u>tests</u> or *.spec.js or *.test.js

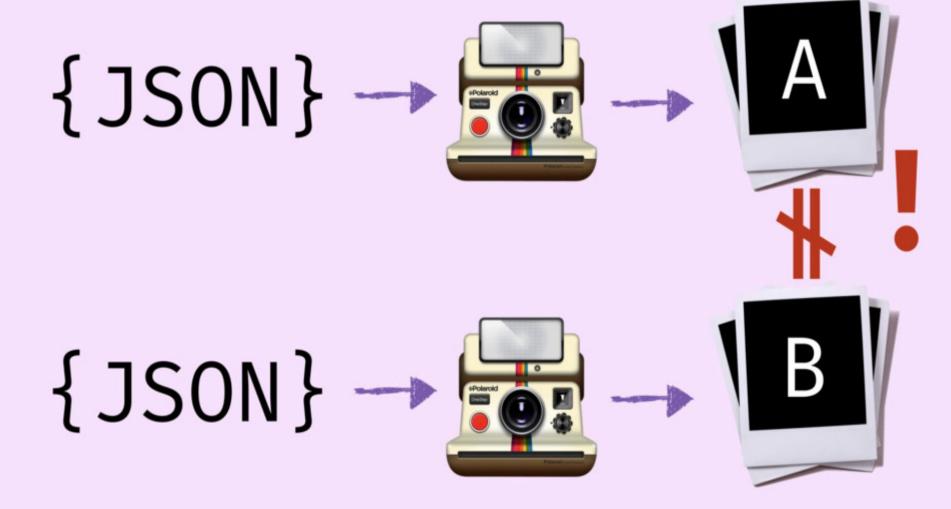
yarn add --dev jest

or

npm install --save-dev jest

Snapshot Testing

- It can be memorized how your React components are rendered
- Raising an error if there is a mismatch.
- The first time you run the test, Jest saves the snapshot to the _snapshots__ folder.



Shallow Render Testing

- Renders only component itself without its children.
- Enzyme (jQuery like to find elements read props vs.)