Yogatattvabindu of Rāmacandra A Critical Edition and Annotated Translation

Nils Jacob Liersch

January 9, 2023

Contents

Contents						
1	The	List of the 15 Yogas	3			
2	Conventions in the Critical Apparatus					
	2.1	Sigla in the Critical Apparatus	5			
	2.2	Punctuation	6			
	2.3	Sandhi	6			
	2.4	Class Nasals	7			
	2.5	Lists	7			
3	Crit	ical Edition	9			

Chapter 1

The List of the 15 Yogas

• It's not entirely clear if the list given at the beginning of the text codifying the fifteen *yoga*s belongs to the original text or was a later addition by a another hand. One primary reason for this possibility is the structure of the *yoga*s in the actual course of the text does not equal the list. The text begins with a description of *kriyāyoga* and continues to describe *siddhakuṇḍaliniyoga* and somewhat suprisingly mentions *mantrayoga* in the same breath. One starts wondering why the structure of the text does not follow the codification. However the mention of *jñānotpattav upāyaḥ* might be a clue why the second *yoga* in the list might be *jñānayoga*. So far it seems to me that there are three options or a combination of these to explain these apparent inconsistencies: 1. The text is highly corrupted. 2. The codification was a later addition of another hand. 3. The term *jñānayoga* is listed due to the results of *siddhakuṇḍalinīyoga*, which is the generation of knowledge due to the practice of a certain *yoga* involving the central channel, as mentioned in this section of the text.

Chapter 2

Conventions in the Critical Apparatus

2.1 Sigla in the Critical Apparatus

- E: Printed Edition
- P: Pune BORI 664
- L: Lalchand Research Library LRL5876
- B: Bodleian Oxford D 4587
- N₁: NGMPP B 38-31
- N₂: NGMPP B 38-35 / A 1327-14
- D₁: IGNCA 30019
- U1: SORI 1574
- U₂: SORI 6082

The order of the readings in the critical apparatus is arranged according to the quality of readings in decending order. The critical apparatus is positive. Gemitation is not recorded.

2.2 Punctuation

The very inconsistent use of punctuation marks in the witnesses at hand makes standardization necessary. A close examination of the overall usage of punctuation suggest that in the course of the texts transmission punctuations have been dropped frequently or even have been added. Particularly in the lists given in the text the copists negliance or not properly dealing with punctuation resulted in various forms of those lists with and without punctuations. Due to missing punctuation in many instances copists either made up case endings, changed the text and combined the lists' items into compounds that weren't present in the assumed original text. Even though punctuation plays a role that should'nt be underestimated, the deviation of punctuation at the end of sentences, lists and verse-numbering will only be documented in the critical apparatus of the printed edition to meaningful extend. That means, for example that emendations of obvious mistakes in punctuation will not be recorded in the critical apparatus. However, the digital edition of this work provides a way more detailled documentation of deviations in punctuation in the form of diplomatic transcripts of each witness and even a function to display sentences cummulativly on top of each other.

In the printed edition of the *Tattvayogabindu* the standard conventions of punctuation are followed:

In verse poetry, a *daṇḍa* marks the end of a half verse, half of the *śloka*, and the double *daṇḍa* marks the end of a verse. A half verse is a *pāda*, at least in some literary works, this is concluded by a *daṇḍa* and the end of a *śloka* by a double *daṇḍa*. In prose the single *daṇḍa* indicates the end of a sentence and the double *daṇḍa* marks the end of a paragraph.

Variations in the usage of *Avagraha* will be recorded. Items of lists will be separated by a single *danda*.

2.3 Sandhi

Among the witnesses we see deviating and inconsistent application of *sandhi*. There is no clear evidence that originally *sandhi* was intentionally not applied. This edition will therefore apply *sandhi* consistently throughout the constituted text to provide a readable text sticking to contemporary conventions in Sanskrit. The variant readings concerning *sandhi* are recorded consistently in the apparatus criticus.

7

This is due to various textcritical problems arising from the inconsistent usage of punctuation which results in application or non-application of *sandhi* wheter the respective witness applied a *daṇḍa* or not. This is particularly the case within lists, which frequently occur in our compilation. Items were most likely originally separated by *danḍa*.

2.4 Class Nasals

Again, due to inconsistent use of class nasals among the witnesses *anusvāra*s have been substituted with the respective class nasals throughout the edition.

2.5 Lists

Lists are very frequent in the *Yogatattvabindu*. In fact, the text initially gives a list of 15 Yogas in the beginning and many more lists are have been utilized throughout the text. Many witness lost punctuation in the process of copying and as a consequence applied *sandhi*, to arrive at a consistent and conveniently readable edition of the text, all list have been identified as such and normalized to the Nominativ Singular or Nominativ Plural form of the respective item. Items are separated by a double *daṇḍa*. The differences in punctuation, as well as simple emendations regarding punctuation won't be documented in the apparatus criticus.

Chapter 3

Critical Edition

- 1 प्रकृतेः पञ्चगुणाः । आशा ॥ तृष्णा ॥ स्पृहा ॥ कांक्षा ॥ मिथ्यात्वं ॥ वाचाया पञ्चगुणाः । परा ॥ पश्यन्ती ।
- 2 । मध्यमा ॥ वैखरी ॥ मातृका ॥

[Karma, Kāma, Moon, Sun and Fire]

- 3 तदनन्तरमेतादृशं ज्ञानमुत्पद्यते । कर्म ॥ कामः ॥ चन्द्रः ॥ सूर्यः ॥ अग्निः ॥ एतत्पद्यकं प्रत्यक्षं कर्त्तव्यं ।
- 4 तत्र कर्मणः पत्रगुणाः । शुभं ॥ अशुभं ॥ यशः ॥ अपकीर्तिः ॥ इष्टफलसाधानं ॥ कामस्य गुणाः । रतिः ॥
- 5 प्रीतिः ॥ क्रीडा ॥ कामना ॥ अनुरता ॥ इदानीं चन्द्रस्य षोदशकलाः कथ्यन्ते । उल्लोला ॥ कल्लोलिनी ।
- 🥫 । उच्चलन्ती ॥ उन्मादिनी ॥ पोषयंती ॥ लंपटा ॥ लहरी ॥ लोला ॥ लेलिहाना ॥ प्रसरन्ती ॥ प्रवृत्तिः ॥
- 7 स्रवन्ती ॥ प्रवाहा ॥ सौम्या ॥ प्रसन्ना ॥ चन्द्रस्य सप्तदशी कला वर्तते । तस्या नाम निवृत्तिः सा ऽमृतकला
- 8 कथ्यते।

hpb

Sources: 1 prakṛteḥ pañcaguṇāḥ] SSP 1.58: āśā tṛṣṇā spṛhā kāṃkṣā mithyeti pañcaguṇā prakṛtiḥ | vācāyā pañcaguṇāḥ] SSP 1.59: parā paśyantī madhyamā vaikharī mātṛketi pañcaguṇā vāk | iti vyaktiśaktipañcaviṃśatiguṇāḥ | 3 pañcakaṃ pratyakṣaṃ] SSP 1.60: karmaḥ kāmaś candraḥ sūryo 'gnir iti pratyakṣakaraṇapañcakam 4 karmaṇaḥ pañcaguṇāḥ] SSP 1.61: śubham aśubhaṃ yaśo 'pakīrtir adṛṣṭaphalasādhanam iti pañcaguṇaṃ karma | kāmasya guṇāḥ] SSP 1.62: ratiḥ prītiḥ krīḍā kāmanāturateti pañcaguṇaḥ kāmaḥ | 5 ullolā lalolā lalolā kallolinī uccalantī unmādinī taraṃgiṇī śoṣiṇī alampaṭā pravṛttiḥ laharī lolā lelihānā prasarantī pravāhā saumyā prasannā plavantī | evaṃ candrasya ṣoḍaśa kalāḥ | saptadaśī kalā nivṛttiḥ | sā 'mṛtakalā |

1 prakrteh E] prakrter PU₂ prakrte cett. pañcagunāh E] gunāh cett. kāmksā cett.] kāksā D bhiksā P vācāyā cett.] vācā D vācaḥ U₂ pañcaguṇāḥ BEL] pañcaguṇaḥ U₂ guṇāḥ cett. paśyantī cett.] paśyanti BLN₁N₂U₂ 2 mātṛkā cett.] mātṛkāḥ U₂ 3 anantaram ELU₂] anaṃtaraṃ cett. utpadyate cett.] utpādyate DN₁N₂ karma cett.] karmaḥ U₂ kāmaḥ cett.] kāma BLPN₂U₁ candraḥ EN₁U₂] candra cett. sūryah cett.] sūrya N₂U₁ agnih EU₂] agni N₂ agnī U₁ āgnih cett. 4 karmanah cett.] karmaṇā BP karmaṇa° N2 karmaṇāṃ L subhaṃ cett.] subha DU1 om. E asubhaṃ cett.] °aśubha° U₁ om. EP yaśah cett.] yasa N₂ om. E apakīrtih cett.] apakīrtti N₂ āvakīrtih U₁ om. E iştaphalasādhānam cett.] om. E kāmasya cett.] kāmaḥsya U2 ratiḥ cett.] rati° N2U1 5 prītiḥ cett.] °prīti° $DN_1N_2U_1$ **kāmanā** cett.] kāmanāḥ P kāminā B kāminy L **anuratā** DN_1] ānuratā U_1 anurajā N₂ anuraktatā L anurattutā P anustutā BE sodaśakalāh cett.] sodaśa L saptadaśakalā U₂ kathyante cett.] kathyate BL vartamte || tasyānāmāni || sodasakalā kathyamte || U2 ullolā scripsi] em. hallolā DPN $_1$ N $_2$ U $_1$ hallolā hu $_2$ hullātvā L dullālā B dallolā E **kallolinī** cett.] kallolini U $_1$ kalloli N₂ 6 uccalantī scripsi] em. uścalinī EP ucamlini B uchamlini L uchalanī U₁ ucchrlinī U₂ om. DN₁N₂ unmādinī cett.] unmādani U₁ poşayamtī EP] poşayanti DN₁N₂ poşāyamtī BL poşayanī U₁ poşayati U₂ lampață EPU₁U₂] lapamță B lapață L lapață DN₁N₂ lolă cett.] lolă U₂ lelihānā cett.] lelihānāḥ U₂ lelihā BL **prasarantī** cett.] prasaramtī U₁U₂ **pravṛttiḥ** cett.] pravṛttī B prakṛtī L 7 sravantī cett.] sravamti U2 plavantī E pravāhā cett.] pravāhāḥ U2 mavāhā BL pravamtī śvāḥ U1 saumyā cett.] saumyāh U₂ saumya U₁ somyā BL **prasannā** cett.] prasannāh U₂ saptadaśī cett.] saptadṛśī U2 saptadaśamī BE **kalā** cett.] kā U1 **tasyā** cett.] tasya P tasyāḥ U2 **nāma** cett.] nāmāni || U_2 **nivṛtti**h U_1] nivṛtti BELP naivṛttiḥ N_1N_2 naivṛttaiḥ D vṛttiḥ U_2 **sā 'mṛtakalā** DN_1N_2] sā mṛta U₁ sametaḥ || kalāḥ || U₂ sametakalā BELP **8 kathyate** cett.] kathyante U₂

- 🛾 इदानीं सूर्यस्य द्वादशकलाः कथ्यन्ते । तापिनी ॥ ग्रासिका उग्रा ॥ आकुश्विनी ॥ शोषिणी ॥ प्रबोधिनी ।
- 2 । घरमरा ॥ आकर्षिणी ॥ तुष्टिवर्धिनी ॥ ऊमिरेखा ॥ किरणवती ॥ प्रभावती ॥ सूर्यस्य त्रयोदशी कला
- 3 विद्यते । तस्याः संज्ञा निजकला स्वप्रकाशा च । इदानीमग्निसंबंधिन्यो कथ्यन्ते । दीपिका ॥ राजिका ॥
- 4 ज्वलनी ॥ विस्फुलिङ्गिनी ॥ प्रचण्डा ॥ पाचिका ॥ रौद्री ॥ दाहिका ॥ रागिणी ॥ शिखावती ॥ अग्नेरेकादशी
- 5 निजकला ज्योतिः संज्ञा वर्तते॥

[The Magnificence of Yoga]

- इदानीं योगस्य माहात्म्यं कथ्यते । गुरोरनुग्रहात् । शास्त्रस्य पठनात् । आचारकरणात् । वेदान्तरहस्य श्र
- 7 वणात् । ध्यानकरणात् । लयसाधनात् । उपवासकरणात् । चतुरशीत्यासनसाधनात् । वैराग्यस्योत्पत्तेः ।
- वैराग्यकरणात् । हठयोगस्यकरणात् । इडापिङ्गलयोः पवनधारणात् । महामुद्रादिदशमुद्रासाधनात् । मौन
- 9 करणात्। वनवासात्। बहुतरक्लेशकरणात्।

Sources: 1 sūryasya dvādaśakalāḥ] SSP 1.64: tāpinī grāsikā ugrā ākuñcinī śoṣiṇī prabodhinī smarā ākarṣiṇī tuṣṭivardhinī urmirekhā kiraṇavatī prabhāvatīti dvādaśa kalāḥ sūryasya | trayodaśī svaprakāśatā nijakalā | 3 agnisaṃbandhinyo] SSP 1.65: dīpikā rājikā jvalanī visphuliṃginī pracaṇḍā pācikā raudrī dāhikā rāgiṇī śikhāvatī ity agner daśa kalāḥ | ekādaśī kalā jyotiḥ | 6 yogasya māhātmyaṃ] Ysv^{PT}: idānīṃ yogamāhātmyaṃ kathyate yad bhavet tataḥ | guror anugrahāt] Ysv^{PT}: guror anugrahāc chāstrapāṭhād ācāratas tathā | vedāntārtharahasyārthasarvajñānādupāsanāt | āsanād dhāraṇād dhyānāl layaṣaṭkarmasādhanāt | āsanāc caturaśītivairāgyatyāgasambhavāt | 8 haṭhayogasya karaṇāt] haṭhayogād varauṣadhyāt mudrāsādhanamānataḥ | vanavāsād bahukleśāt tathā mantrādisādhanāt |

1 dvādaśakalāh PU₂] dvādaśakalā BDLN₁N₂U₁ kalāh E kathyante cett.] kathyate BLN₂ tāpinī scripsi] em. tāpanī P tāpani BL tapanī DEN₁N₂U₂ tapani U₁ grāsikā scripsi] em. grāsakā cett. grāsaka BLP ākuncinī scripsi] em. ākuncanī DN₁N₂U₁ ākocanī BLP akocanī U₂ śoṣinī P] śoṣanī cett. 2 ākarsinī E] ākarsayatī U2 ākarsayamti U1 ākarsayamtī cett. tustivardhinī EP] tustivardhanī BL tusti, varddhanī N₁ tusti varddhanī DN₂ tustih varddhanī U₂ **ūrmirekhā** cett.] kūrmīresā E kurmmīrekhā P ūrmī || rekhā U₂ kiraṇavatī EU₂] kiraṇāvatī DPN₁N₂ kīrṇāvatī BL kīrṇavatī U₁ prabhāvatī scripsi] em. prabhavati BE prabhūtavatī PU2 prabhutavati L prabhutavatī cett. 3 tasyāh DU1] tasyā U2 tasya cett. samjñā DN₁N₂U₁] nāma ELP namaḥ B nāmāni U₂ nijakalā cett.] nijakalāṃ DN₁N₂ **idānīm** cett.] idānīm U₂ **agnisambamdhinyo** EP] agnīsambamdhinī cett. agnīsambamdhinīm U₁ dīpikā cett.] dīpikar U₁ rājikā scripsi] em. jārakā DN₁N₂ jakā U₁ om. cett. 4 jvalanī scripsi] em. jvālāvih U_1 jvālā cett. **pācikā** E] pācakā DN_1N_2 pāvakā cett. **dāhikā** E] dāhakā $DPN_1N_2U_2$ dāhaka BLU₁ rāginī scripsi] em. rāvanī BELPU₂ rāvani cett. agner cett.] agne BLU₁ ekādaśī <??>] ekādaśi cett. 5 saṃjñā cett.] saṃjñakā DN₁N₂ vartate cett.] om. DN₁N₂ 6 idānīṃ cett.] idānī B yogasya cett.] yasya U₁ māhātmyam cett.] māhātmam BL māhātmya N₂ kathyate cett.] kathyamte U₂ guror cett.] guru BL anugrahāt cett.] agrahāt L ācārakaraņāt cett.] ācārakathanāt U₂ 7 dhyānakaraṇāt cett.] om. P layasādhanāt DN₁N₂U₁] om. cett. upavāsakaraṇāt cett.] om. P caturaśītyāsanasādhanāt BLPU₂] caturaśītyāsane sādhanāt E caturaśīti āsanasādhanāt DN₁N₂U₁ vairāgyasyotpatteh ELN₂U₂] vairāgyasyotpatte B vairāgyasyotpattah P vairāgyotpatteh N₁D vairāgyotpatte U₁ 8 vairāgya° cett.] nairāśya PL nairāśa° B nairāśye E hatha° cett.] hata° BLU₁ yogasya cett.] yoga° N₁N₂D idapingalayoh cett.] idapingalayah N₂U₁ pavanadharanat EPU₁] pavanadharanat DN₁ pavanādhāraṇāt N₂ pavanādhānākaraṇāt U₂ pāvanāpāvadhyānakaraṇāt L om. B mahāmudrādidaśamudrāsādhanāt cett.] mahāmudrāsādhanāt U₁ mahāmudrādidaśamudrādi daśamūdrasādhanāt D 8-9 maunakaraṇāt cett.] maunakaraṇād N $_2$ 9 vanavāsāt cett.] vane vāsāt DN $_1$ U $_1$ vane vāsāta $^\circ$ N $_2$