

Synchronization: program can be subdivided into segments that may vary in length (but there is a max length). Addressing consists of 2 parts: seg # & offset.

- dynamic partitioning. Pre-loaded by loading all instructions at once into memory
- static partitioning. Program is divided into segments of fixed size before execution

If variables available, OS must choose prog cur in mem. One way to counter potential problems is to use page buffering.

***Virtual Address-Local operation:** When new proc loaded into main mem, also certain # of pg frames as resident set. When page fault occurs, select pag to replace from resident set of proc suffering fault. Reevaluate address provided to prog & increase demand to improve overall performance based on assessment of future demands of active processes.

Critical resource represents executing process

***Byte-at-a-time operation:** approximates its behavior under terminals (single terminals), one input or output at a time (e.g. a single character) or language remains separating end of a line)

***Byte-at-a-line operation:** used on form-mode terminals, when each keystroke is significant, or peripheral (terminals & controllers)

Double buffer (buffer swap): uses 2 bytes buffers. Proc can transfer data to 1 buffer while OS empties full other buffer

Circular Buffer: double-buffer swap. Each buffer is 1 unit in circular buffer. Used if IO operation must proceed w/ proc

Chandy: external fragmentation.

Dandy: internal frag, improved mem util & reduced overhead

Crashy: external fragmentation.

Deadly: no internal frag, deadlocked system to be avoidable, don't say no dynamic mem should have access to contents of that mem nor return. If some deadline that mem

[illegible]

Shortest Service Time First (SSTF): select task (job) needing least time to finish, choose next task from queue. **Drawback:** tasks with long waiting times may never get served. **Direction:** the direction is reversed. **Favors jobs** whose requests are for small tasks; neither to both inner & outermost tracks.

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<p>External flag No external flag for each proc/shown on the frame for each proc/shown on the table for each proc/shown on the frame for each proc/shown on the table for each</p>	<p>External flag No external flag for each proc/shown on the frame for each proc/shown on the table for each proc/shown on the frame for each proc/shown on the table for each</p>	<p>External flag No external flag for each proc/shown on the frame for each proc/shown on the table for each proc/shown on the frame for each proc/shown on the table for each</p>	<p>External flag No external flag for each proc/shown on the frame for each proc/shown on the table for each proc/shown on the frame for each proc/shown on the table for each</p>
<p>Response time No performance related Predictability a given job should run at about the same amount of time & about same cost regardless of its load. Wide variation in response time/turnaround</p>	<p>Response time No performance related Predictability a given job should run at about the same amount of time & about same cost regardless of its load. Wide variation in response time/turnaround</p>	<p>Response time No performance related Predictability a given job should run at about the same amount of time & about same cost regardless of its load. Wide variation in response time/turnaround</p>	<p>Response time No performance related Predictability a given job should run at about the same amount of time & about same cost regardless of its load. Wide variation in response time/turnaround</p>

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Alternative Scheduling							
	FCFS	Round Robin	SFN	SRT	HRRS	Feedback	
Selection	min(t_i)	constant	min(t_i)	min(t_i)	max(t_i)	(see text)	
<p>pieces least likely to be used in near future</p> <p>Priority of a process is a function of its time from proc to start of chunk - possible guess which will be needed in the future - depends on chunk</p>							Parallel access
							<p>RAID 3, 4, 5 or 6</p> <p>Much higher than</p> <p>Serial access</p> <p>Highest of all tested</p> <p>Approximately twice that</p>

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	Page	Version	Created
Segment Table Entry	7	1.0	2019-06-18

P = present bit
 M = modified bit
 First 3 bits
 Second 3 bits
 D
 B
 B
 B
 Use Control: much broader in real-time OS than non-OS. Allows fine-grained err over task prio. Allows user to specify characteristics like pagepinning, swapping, which must always be resident in main mem, what disk algos should be used.
 *Reliability: real-time vs. non-real time. Real time sys responds to a Ctrl event in real time, no performance degradation may have catastrophic
 Least Frequently Used (LFU) block: block that's experienced fewest refs is replaced. Counter associated w/ each block is incremented each time block is accessed.
 CHAPTER 12 THE MANAGEMENT
 block w/ smallest count is selected.

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Combs **Parity** **Segmentation**: user's a/sdy space broken into segments & each segment is broken into fixed-size pages that are equal in length to a main memory frame (discontinuous).

[illegible]

Secondly, more efficient to bring in a π of page 61 at a time. Ineffective if extra π not refilled. Shouldn't be confused with "swapping"

Primary Rules determine where in a real mem proc place will reside. Important design issues in seg vs. paging/combos paging w/ seg placing irrelevant to hardware perfoms functions w/ equal efficiency

Highest Response

Number of accesses	Number of accesses
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
10	10
11	11
12	12
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99	99
100	100

off any file may be locked into main menu frames. Locking activities by using a lock bit will lock them into frame **Page: Realtime: Alarm**. **Options:** Least Recently Used (L.R.U.), First-In-First-Out (FIFO), etc.

Feedback Performance
INSERT PICTURE HERE

Figure 10.5 Scheduling of Periodic Real-Time Tasks With Completion Deadlines
(Based on Table 10.2.2)

Figure 10.6 Scheduling of Aperiodic Real-Time Tasks With Arbitrary Deadlines

