

UNIVERSITY OF TARTU
Faculty of Science and Technology
Institute of Computer Science
Computer Science Curriculum

Bruno Rucy Carneiro Alves de Lima

DIRE: A Scalable RDFSE Reasoner For Time-Varying RDF Graphs

Master's Thesis (30 ECTS)

Supervisor(s): Victor Henrique Cabral Pinheiro, PhD

Tartu 2022

DIRE: A Scalable RDFSE Reasoner For Time-Varying RDF Graphs

Abstract:

The core tenet of Symbolic Artificial Intelligence is the concept of machine reasoning: the act of deducting knowledge, new or old, from already-existing machine-readable facts. In spite of the ice age that Symbolic AI has been enduring, certain industry fields that heavily depend on knowledge graphs, such as the medical one, not only still make usage of machine reasoning, but do so with ever-increasing amounts of data that change at an even greater rate. New techniques are needed in order to reincarnate machine reasoning into the age of big data. Our contribution lies in the development of a reasoning engine that is built upon a streaming and distributed computational model that has first-class support for calculating fixpoints and handling both the addition and removal of data efficiently, one of the most complicated challenges that permeate the field. The state of the art is significantly outperformed in symmetric performance between additions and deletions, while at the same time being distributed.

Keywords:

distributed systems, stream reasoning, fixpoint evaluation, timely dataflow, datalog, rdfs, owl

CERCS: P170 - Computer science, systems, control

DIRE: Skaleeritav RDFSE arutleja ajaliselt muutuvate RDF graafikute jaoks

Lühikokkuvõte:

Sümboolse tehisintellekti keskseks fookuseks on masinarutluse kontsept: uue või vana informatsiooni järeldamine juba eksisteerivatest masinloetavatest faktidest. Hoolimata jääajast, mida sümboolne tehisintellekti haru on pidanud taluma, teatud valdkonnad, näiteks meditsiinivaldkond, mis väga tugevalt sõltuvad teadmiste graafikutest, siiski kasutavad masinarutlust, kuid tehes seda aina suurema hulga ja aina kiiremini muutuvate andmetega. Seega, vaja on leida uusi tehnikaid, et reinkarneerida masinarutlus suurandmete ajastusse. Meie panuseks on eksperimentaalsel voogesitusel ja hajutatud arvutusmudelil põhinev võrdluspunktide arvutamisele ja ühele ala kõige keerulisemale probleemile - andmete efektiivsele lisamisele ning eemaldamisele - tugevalt fokuseeritud arutlusmasin. Meie arutlusmasin, olles samaaegselt hajussüsteem, oluliselt edestab jõudluses tiptasemel arutlejaid sümmeetriliselt nii andmete lisamisel kui ka eemaldamisel

Võtmesõnad:

Hajutatud süsteemid, voo arutluskäik, võrdluspunktide, timely dataflow, datalog, rdfs, owl

CERCS: P170 - Arvutiteadus, süsteemid, kontroll

Non-exclusive License to Reproduce The Thesis And Make it Public

I, Bruno Rucy Carneiro Alves de Lima,

1. grant the University of Tartu a free permit (non-exclusive license) to:
Reproduce, for the purpose of preservation, including for adding to the DSpace digital archives until the expiry of the term of copyright, my thesis
DIRE: A Scalable RDFSE Reasoner For Time-Varying RDF Graphs
supervised by **Victor Henrique Cabral Pinheiro**
2. I grant the University of Tartu the permit to make the thesis specified in point 1 available to the public via the web environment of the University of Tartu, including via the DSpace digital archives, under the Creative Commons licence CC BY NC ND 4.0, which allows, by giving appropriate credit to the author, to reproduce, distribute the work and communicate it to the public, and prohibits the creation of derivative works and any commercial use of the work from 17/05/2026 until the expiry of the term of copyright.
3. I am aware that the author retains the rights specified in points 1 and 2.
4. I confirm that granting the non-exclusive license does not infringe other persons' intellectual property rights or rights arising from the personal data protection legislation

Bruno Rucy Carneiro Alves de Lima,
17/05/2026