

# **PLASTIC MEDIUM-POWER COPLEMENTARY SILICON TRANSISTORS**

...designed for general-purpose amplifier and low speed switching applications

# **FEATURES:**

\* Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage-

V<sub>CEO(SUS)</sub> = 60 V (Min) - TIP120,TIP125 = 80 V (Min) - TIP121,TIP126 = 100 V (Min) - TIP122,TIP127

\* Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

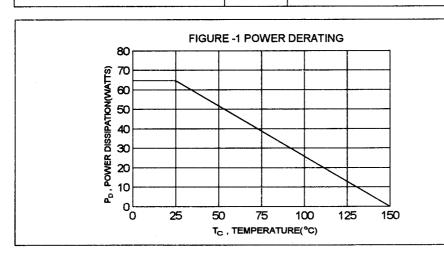
V<sub>CE(sat)</sub> = 2.0 V (Max.) **②** I<sub>C</sub> = 3.0 A \* Monolithic Construction with Built-in Base-Emitter Shunt Resistor

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Characteristic	Symbol	TIP120 TIP125	TIP121 TIP126	TIP122 TIP127	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	60	80	100	V
COllector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	60	80	100	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	5.0		V	
Collector Current-Continuous -Peak	I <sub>C</sub>	5.0 8.0		A	
Base Current	l <sub>B</sub>	120		mA	
Total Power Dissipation @T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	65 0.52		W/°C	
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> ,T <sub>STG</sub>	- 65 to +150		°C	

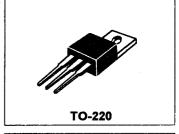
#### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

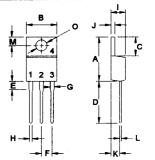
Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	R⊕jc	1.92	°C/W



NPN PNP **TIP120 TIP125 TIP121 TIP126 TIP122 TIP127** 

5.0 AMPERE **DARLINGTON COMPLEMENTARY SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS** 60-100 VOLTS 65 WATTS





PIN 1.BASE 2.COLLECTOR 3.EMITTER 4.COLLECTOR(CASE)

DIM	MILLIMETERS			
ואום	MIN	MAX		
Α	14.68	15.31		
В	9.78	10.42		
С	5.01	6.52		
D	13.06	14.62		
E	3.57	4.07		
F	2.42	3.66		
G	1.12	1.36		
Н	0.72	0.96		
1	4.22	4.98		
J	1.14	1.38		
K	2.20	2.97		
L	0.33	0.55		
M	2.48	2.98		
0	3.70	3.90		

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( T<sub>c</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted )

Characteristic — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	
OFF CHARACTERISTICS						
Collector - Emitter Sustaining Vol (I <sub>C</sub> = 30 mA, I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	tage (1) TIP120,TIP125 TIP121,TIP126 TIP122,TIP127	V <sub>CEO(sus)</sub>	60 80 100		V	
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}, I_{g} = 0$ ) ( $V_{CE} = 40 \text{ V}, I_{g} = 0$ ) ( $V_{CE} = 50 \text{ V}, I_{g} = 0$ )	TIP120,TIP125 TIP121,TIP126 TIP122,TIP127	CEO		0.5 0.5 0.5	mA	
Collector Cutoff Current $(V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}, I_{E} = 0)$ $(V_{CB} = 80 \text{ V}, I_{E} = 0)$ $(V_{CB} = 100 \text{ V}, I_{E} = 0)$	TIP120,TIP125 TIP121,TIP126 TIP122,TIP127	Ісво		0.2 0.2 0.2	mA	
Emitter Cutoff Current (V <sub>EB</sub> = 5.0 V,I <sub>C</sub> = 0)		IEBO		2.0	mA	

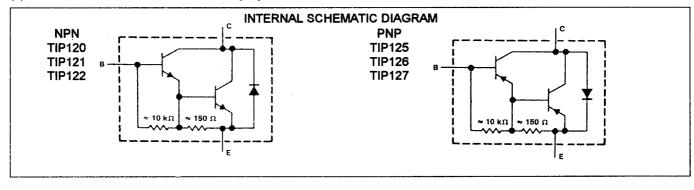
# **ON CHARACTERISTICS (1)**

DC Current Gain (I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 A, V <sub>CE</sub> = 3.0 V) (I <sub>C</sub> = 3.0 A, V <sub>CE</sub> = 3.0 V)	1	1000 1000	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( I <sub>C</sub> = 3.0 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 12 mA) ( I <sub>C</sub> = 5.0 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 20 mA)	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	2.0 4.0	V
Base-Emitter On Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 3.0 A, V <sub>CE</sub> = 3.0 V)	V <sub>BE(on)</sub>	2.5	V

#### **DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

Small-Signal Current Gain (I <sub>C</sub> = 3.0 A,V <sub>CE</sub> = 4.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	)	h <sub>fe</sub>	4.0		
Output Capacitance (V <sub>CB</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>E</sub> = 0 , f = 0.1 MHz )	TIP120,TIP121,TIP122 TIP125,TIP126,TIP127	Сов		300 250	pF

# (1) Pulse Test: Pulse width = 300 us , Duty Cycle $\leq$ 2.0%



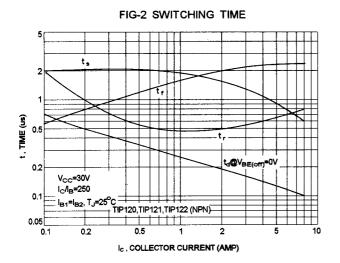


FIG-4 SMALL-SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN

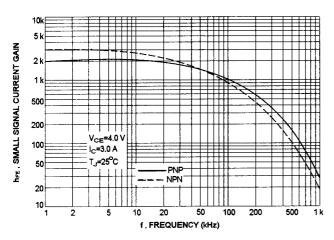
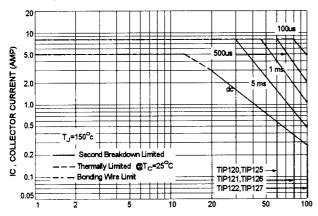


FIG-6 ACTIVE REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA



VCE , COLLECTOR EMITTER VOLTAGE (VOLTS)

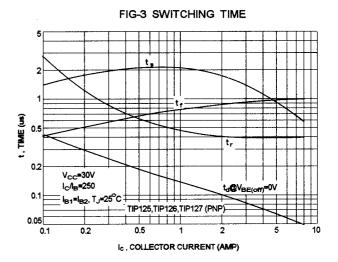
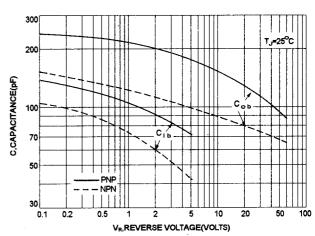


FIG-5 CAPACITANCES



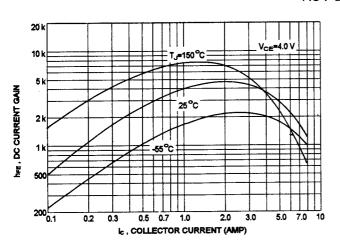
There are two limitation on the power handling ability of a transistor:average junction temperature and second breakdown safe operating area curves indicate  $I_{\text{C}^-}V_{\text{CE}}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than curves indicate.

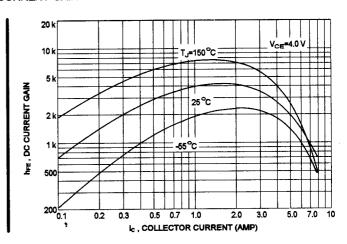
The data of FIG-6 is base on  $T_{J(PK)}$ =150 °C; $T_C$  is variable depending on power level.second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided  $T_{J(PK)} \leq 150$ °C ,At high case temperatures,thermal limitation will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

# NPN TIP120,TIP121,TIP122

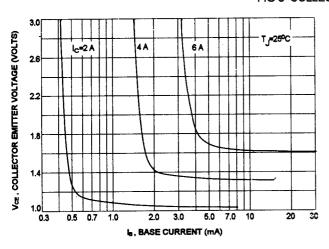
#### PNP TIP125, TIP126, TIP127

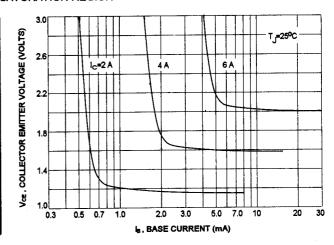
#### FIG-7 DC CURRENT GAIN



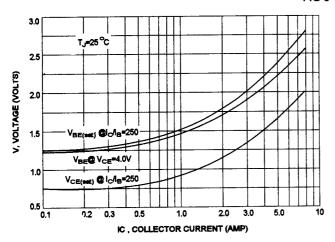


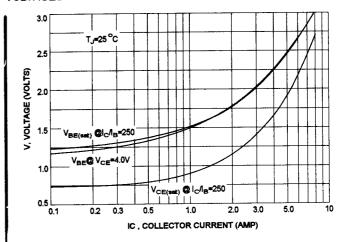
# FIG-8 COLLECTOR SATURATION REGION





#### FIG-9 "ON" VOLTAGES





This datasheet has been download from:

www.datasheetcatalog.com

Datasheets for electronics components.