## **Functional Prototype Description**

## **Sequence of Events**

- 1. Insertion of catheter into the urethra
- 2. Inflate balloon until certain volume is reached using a syringe
- 3. Manual adjustment to get estimated region of boundary (i.e. boundary is located between the two sensors on the balloon) where the two sensors give different readings
- 4. Mechanical refinement of the position such that active sensor (one of the two stiffness sensors selected) is aligned, as closely as possible, with the location of the boundary
- 5. Detection of the surgical tool relative to the boundary location detected

## **Decomposition**

The device can be split into three main parts:

- A. Balloon inflation
  - Input: Syringe
  - Output: /
  - Process: /
- B. Stiffness measurement and boundary detection
  - Input: Button to measure stiffness from two sensors, stiffness sensors (2)
  - Output: light to indicate that boundary is between the two sensors, light to indicate that two sensors are in the same tissue region
  - Process: Comparison of stiffness signals from each sensor to toggle lights
  - Implemented using analog circuit components
- C. Surgical tool positioning
  - **Input:** EM sensors (3), switch to activate EM field on surgical tool, switch to turn on EM sensors on catheter
  - Output: Display or lights to show proximity or relative position between the surgical tool and the boundary
  - Process: Detection of position of the EM source and calculation of proximity to toggle display/indication
  - Implemented using an Arduino micro-controller

