Open-Source Report

Proof of knowing your stuff in CSE312

Guidelines

Provided below is a template you must use to write your reports for your project.

Here are some things to note when working on your report, specifically about the **General Information & Licensing** section for each technology.

- Code Repository: Please link the code and not the documentation. If you'd like to
 refer to the documentation in the Magic section, you're more than welcome to, but
 we need to see the code you're referring to as well.
- License Type: Three letter acronym is fine.
- **License Description**: No need for the entire license here, just what separates it from the rest.
- **License Restrictions**: What can you *not* do as a result of using this technology in your project? Some licenses prevent you from using the project for commercial use, for example.

Also, feel free to extend the cell of any section if you feel you need more room.

If there's anything we can clarify, please don't hesitate to reach out! You can reach us using the methods outlined on the course website or see us during our office hours.

Flask

General Information & Licensing

Code Repository	https://github.com/pallets/flask
License Type	BSD 3-Clause
License Description	 Permissive, can use without restriction Redistributions must meet a few extra conditions The copyright holder is not liable for anything
License Restrictions	 Cannot use name of copyright holders or names of contributors for endorsing or promoting our product without written permission Redistribution requires listing a copyright notice and list of conditions



Dispel the magic of this technology. Replace this text with some that answers the following questions for the above tech:

- How does this technology do what it does? Please explain this in detail, starting from after the TCP socket is created
- Where is the specific code that does what you use the tech for? You must provide
 a link to the specific file in the repository for your tech with a line number or number
 range.
 - o If there is more than one step in the chain of calls (hint: there will be), you must provide links for the entire chain of calls from your code, to the library code that actually accomplishes the task for you.
 - Example: If you use an object of type HttpRequest in your code which contains the headers of the request, you must show exactly how that object parsed the original headers from the TCP socket. This will often involve tracing through multiple libraries and you must show the entire trace through all these libraries with links to all the involved code.

In order to run the server and start receiving headers, our server calls app.run(). This is located here in app.py:

https://github.com/pallets/flask/blob/e1e4e82096efbf25aa3c65b706aec60f1b00dec7/src/flask/app.pv#L786

Within app.run(), run_simple() is then called:

https://github.com/pallets/flask/blob/e1e4e82096efbf25aa3c65b706aec60f1b00dec7/src/flask/app.pv#L902

Which is imported from werkzeug.serving.run simple() here:

https://github.com/pallets/flask/blob/e1e4e82096efbf25aa3c65b706aec60f1b00dec7/src/flask/app.py#L899

This is located in another repository called werkzeug:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug

Where within that repository werkzeug.serving.run simple() is defined here:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/main/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L938

run simple() calls srv.serve forever() here:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L1100

Where the srv object that serve_forever() was called on is created with make_server here: https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L1068

And make server is defined here:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L884

make server will return a BaseWSGIServer:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.pv#L924

Defined here:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L682

Which contains server forever():

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/

^{*}This section will likely grow beyond the page

src/werkzeug/serving.py#L795

Though it calls super().server_forever():

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L797

The BaseWSGIServer inherits from the HTTPServer class:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.pv#L682

Imported here from python:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L26

Python repository:

https://github.com/python/cpython/

Within the python repository it is defined here:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/main/Lib/http/server.py#L130

HTTPServer inherits from socketserver.TCPServer:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/main/Lib/socketserver.py#L390

Which inherits from BaseServer:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/main/Lib/socketserver.py#L153

Where server forever() is defined:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/main/Lib/socketserver.py#L216

Where a request is handled by calling self.handle_request_noblock():

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/main/Lib/socketserver.py#L238

Within handle_request_no_block():

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/socketserver.py#L303

The request is processed:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/socketserver.py#L316

And within process_request:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/socketserver.pv#L341

finish request is called:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/socketserver.py#L347

And within finish request:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/socketserver.py#L358

self.RequestHandlerClass is instantiated:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/socketserver.py#L360

Where in the initialization of BaseServer:

self.RequestHandlerClass is set:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/socketserver.py#L204

Which means going back to BaseWSGIServer:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.pv#L682

Where in the initialization method the second argument as per the HTTPServer and BaseServer initialization is the handler object:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L734

handler is set to WSGIRequestHandler:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L704

Which is defined here:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L149

WSGIRequestHandler inherits from BaseHTTPRequestHandler:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L25

Which is defined here (in the python repository):

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/main/Lib/http/server.py#L146

Which inherits from StreamRequestHandler:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/main/Lib/socketserver.py#L776

Which inherits from BaseRequestHandler:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/main/Lib/socketserver.py#L730

Where the __init__ method is called:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/main/Lib/socketserver.py#L748

And within the init method the handle() function is called:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/main/Lib/socketserver.py#L754

Going back to WSGIRequestHandler the handle() method is defined:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L388

Where super().handle() is called, which is BaseHTTPRequestHandler.handle():

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/main/Lib/http/server.py#L428

Where self.handle one request() is called:

https://github.com/pvthon/cpvthon/blob/main/Lib/http/server.pv#L432

Which is defined here:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/http/server.py#L391

And which contains code that resembles our homework code as it is reading lines. It calls self.parse_request():

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/http/server.py#L410

Which is defined here:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/http/server.py#L267

Which contains code that really looks like our homework code as it checks that it starts with HTTP/ among other things to see that it is an actual HTTP request. It then does the rest of the request line, and a lot of error checking, where it can then move on to the headers.

self.headers is set here by calling http.client.parse headers():

Additionally, after this call it is clear the headers have been parsed because it's using self.headers with the header name as a key to find out what the headers are such as Connection: keep-alive.

 $\underline{https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/http/server.py\#L342}$

Which is defined here:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/http/client.py#L224

Within this method the headers are read:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/http/client.py#L234

Which is defined here, clearly reading from a file pointer somewhat like our homework

code in order to get each individual line, which would be an individual header:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/http/client.py#L206

It checks for the end of the headers here, the CRLF CRLF, though since it already read the line it would only be one other CRLF after having already read a CRLF:

 $\frac{https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/http/client.py\#L220}{https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/http/client.py\#L220}{https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/https://github.com/python/cpython/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/https://github.com/python/cpytho$

It then decodes the headers from a bytestring and uses that decoded string to call email.parser.Parser.parsestr():

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/http/client.py#L236

Which is defined here:

 $\frac{https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/parser.py\#L56}{}$

It then calls self.parse():

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/parser.py#L64

Which is defined here:

 $\frac{https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/parser.py\#L41}{(a)}$

parse() calls feed with the data it read from the file pointer:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/parser.py#L53

Which is defined here, and this pushes the data onto a structure that can be accessed later:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/feedparser.pv#L171

It then calls self. call parse():

 $\frac{https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/feedparser.py\#L174}{email/feedparser.py\#L174}$

Which is defined here:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/feedparser.py#L176

It then calls self. parse():

 $\frac{https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/feedparser.py\#L178}{}$

Which is defined here in the __init__() function of FeedParser:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/feedparser.py#L162

It is defined as self.parsegen().__next___, which is defined here:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/feedparser.py#L216

It then appends the headers that matches its checks which it says are according to the RFC to the headers variable and calls parse headers() on that variable:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/feedparser.py#L238

Which is defined here:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/feedparser.py#L469

After doing some checks, it splits the line on a colon like in our homework code, first finding the colon to split on an index, also like our homework):

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/feedparser.pv#L512

It then sets lastheader to the header name, such as "Connection", and sets lastvalue to the entire line as in "Connection: keep-alive".

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/feedparser.pv#L523-L524

It does the for loop again, this time with lastheader and lastvalue set to something. It then calls self.policy.header source parse(lastvalue):

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/feedparser.py#L485-L487

Which is defined here (Compat32 is the default self.policy):

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/policybase.py#L293-L303

Which contains code which is the same as our homework code, splitting on colon, stripping the potential extra space after the colon, and stripping the CRLF on the end of the string that delimits the headers. It then returns them as a tuple.

This tuple is then appended as a tuple inside of the Message class (_cur is set as an instance of class Message):

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/email/message.py#L510

Calling the get method of the Message class allows you to access it in the same way it was accessing it in parse_request as in here:

https://github.com/python/cpython/blob/7b95d23591f605fc05d4820f83fef8fbf1552729/Lib/http/server.py#L358

It returns all the way back and starts running the above code, which, since it accesses the headers from self.headers, means that it has parsed the headers of the

BaseHTTPRequestHandler class which was inherited by the WSGIRequestHandler class

This next part is somewhat confusing and I'm pretty sure unnecessary at this point:

In order to access headers sent in a request, you need to use flask.request.headers. The global flask.request object is defined here defined here:

https://github.com/pallets/flask/blob/main/src/flask/globals.py#L65

app.py imports this here:

https://github.com/pallets/flask/blob/main/src/flask/app.py#L43

The request object is the Request class as in this line in app.py:

https://github.com/pallets/flask/blob/main/src/flask/app.py#L204

Which links to this definition of the Request class:

https://github.com/pallets/flask/blob/e1e4e82096efbf25aa3c65b706aec60f1b00dec7/src/flask/wrappers.py#L15

That definition uses the werkzeug Request class, imported from werkzeug.wrappers.Request seen here:

https://github.com/pallets/flask/blob/e1e4e82096efbf25aa3c65b706aec60f1b00dec7/src/flask/wrappers.pv#L4

That brings us to werkzeug:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug

In werkzeug.wrappers the Request class is defined again:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/main/src/werkzeug/wrappers/request.py#L30 This time with headers:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/main/src/werkzeug/wrappers/request.py#L122

headers however is an instance of the EnvironHeaders class imported here:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/wrappers/request.py#L9

And another import here before getting to the definition:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/datastructures/init_.py#L12

And finally defined here:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/datastructures/headers.py#L518

This EnvironHeaders class acts like a dictionary for headers to be accessed. The __getitem__ function is defined here:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/datastructures/headers.pv#L536

The value returned is from the self.environ environment...

The __getattr__ method in BaseWSGIServer calls run_wsgi:

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L410

Which calls make environ()

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.py#L245

It uses the self.header in make_environ() to fill out the key value pairs accessible in environ

https://github.com/pallets/werkzeug/blob/45c1e774eb77a91b6de2c1923c77d7c7aceaf946/src/werkzeug/serving.pv#L204-L218