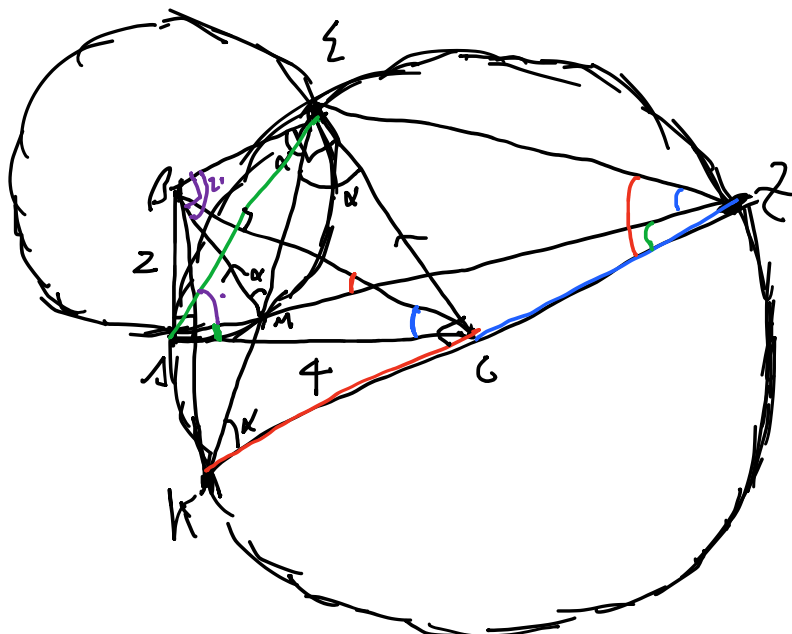


Triangle  $ABC$  has  $\angle A = 90^\circ$ ,  $AB = 2$ , and  $AC = 4$ . Circle  $\omega_1$  has center  $C$  and radius  $CA$ , while circle  $\omega_2$  has center  $B$  and radius  $BA$ . The two circles intersect at point  $E$ , different from point  $A$ . Point  $M$  is on  $\omega_2$  and in the interior of  $ABC$ , such that  $BM$  is parallel to  $EC$ . Suppose  $EM$  intersects  $\omega_1$  at point  $K$  and  $AM$  intersects  $\omega_1$  at point  $Z$ . What is the area of quadrilateral  $ZEBK$ ?



$$\triangle ABC \cong \triangle ECB$$

$$\alpha = 45^\circ$$

$K, C, Z$  are collinear

$$[ZEBK] = [EBK] + [KEZ]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \sin \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \cdot 8 \cdot 4$$

$$= 4 + 16$$

$$= \boxed{20}$$