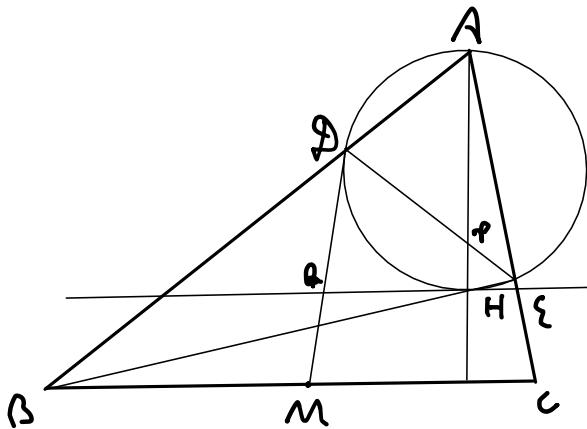


H is the orthocenter of an acute triangle ABC , and let M be the midpoint of BC . Suppose (AH) meets AB and AC at D, E respectively. AH meets DE at P , and the line through H perpendicular to AH meets DM at Q . Prove that P, Q, B are collinear.



$$\Sigma \equiv \Sigma'$$

$\therefore B, M, \Sigma$ are collinear

$$B = AD \wedge HE$$

$$P = AH \wedge DE$$

$$Q = DD \wedge HH$$

$\hookrightarrow D, H$ are tangent to (Σ)

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} AD & \Sigma H & DD \\ \hline HE & DE & HH \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} AD & DE & HH \\ \hline HE & AH & DD \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} AD & DE & HH \\ \hline EH & AH & DD \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} AD & DE & HH \\ \hline EH & AH & DD \end{array}$$

By Pascal's Theorem
with hexagon

$ADPESHH, PAB$ are collinear.

□