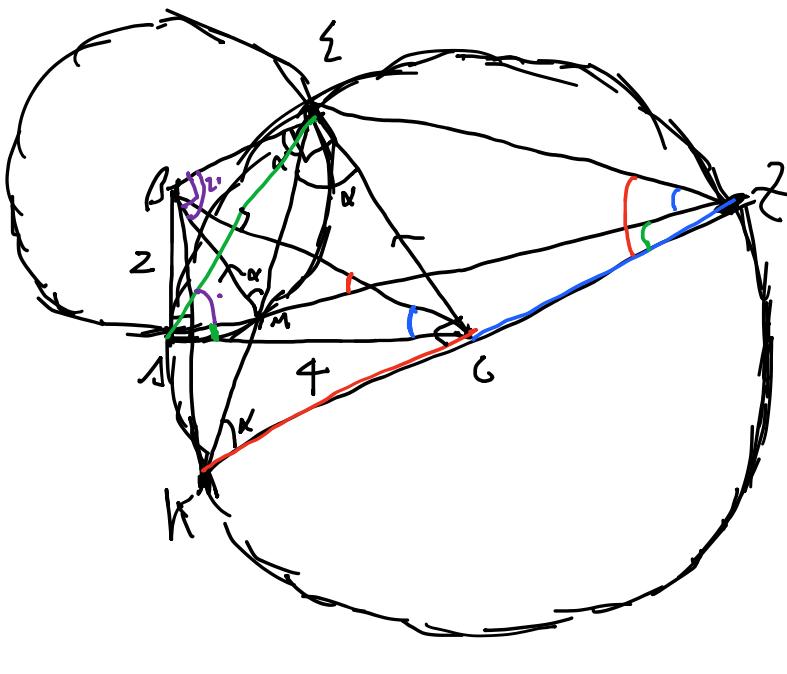


Triangle ABC has $\angle A = 90^\circ$, $AB = 2$, and $AC = 4$. Circle ω_1 has center C and radius CA , while circle ω_2 has center B and radius BA . The two circles intersect at point E , different from point A . Point M is on ω_2 and in the interior of ABC , such that BM is parallel to EC . Suppose EM intersects ω_1 at point K and AM intersects ω_1 at point Z . What is the area of quadrilateral $ZEBK$?



$$\triangle ABC \cong \triangle EBC$$

$$\alpha = 45^\circ$$

K, G, Z are collinear

$$[ZEBK] = [\triangle EBK] + [\triangle KEC]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 8 \cdot 4$$

$$= 4 + 16$$

$$= \boxed{20}$$