# University of Kernt



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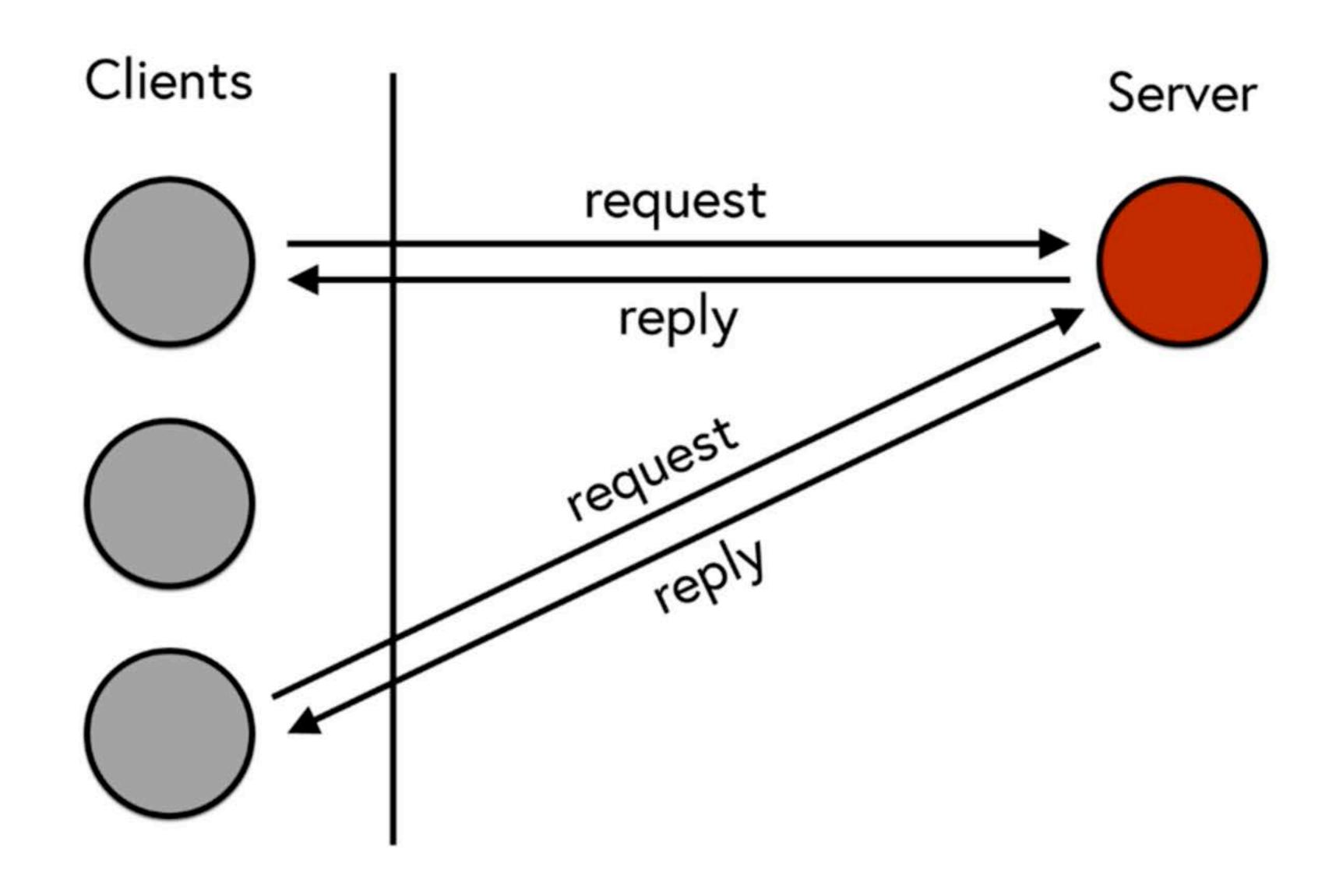




# What you will learn

- The road to generics using client-servers
- Writing your own generic server module
- Fault tolerance and supervision trees
- Encapsulating supervision trees in an application and building a release

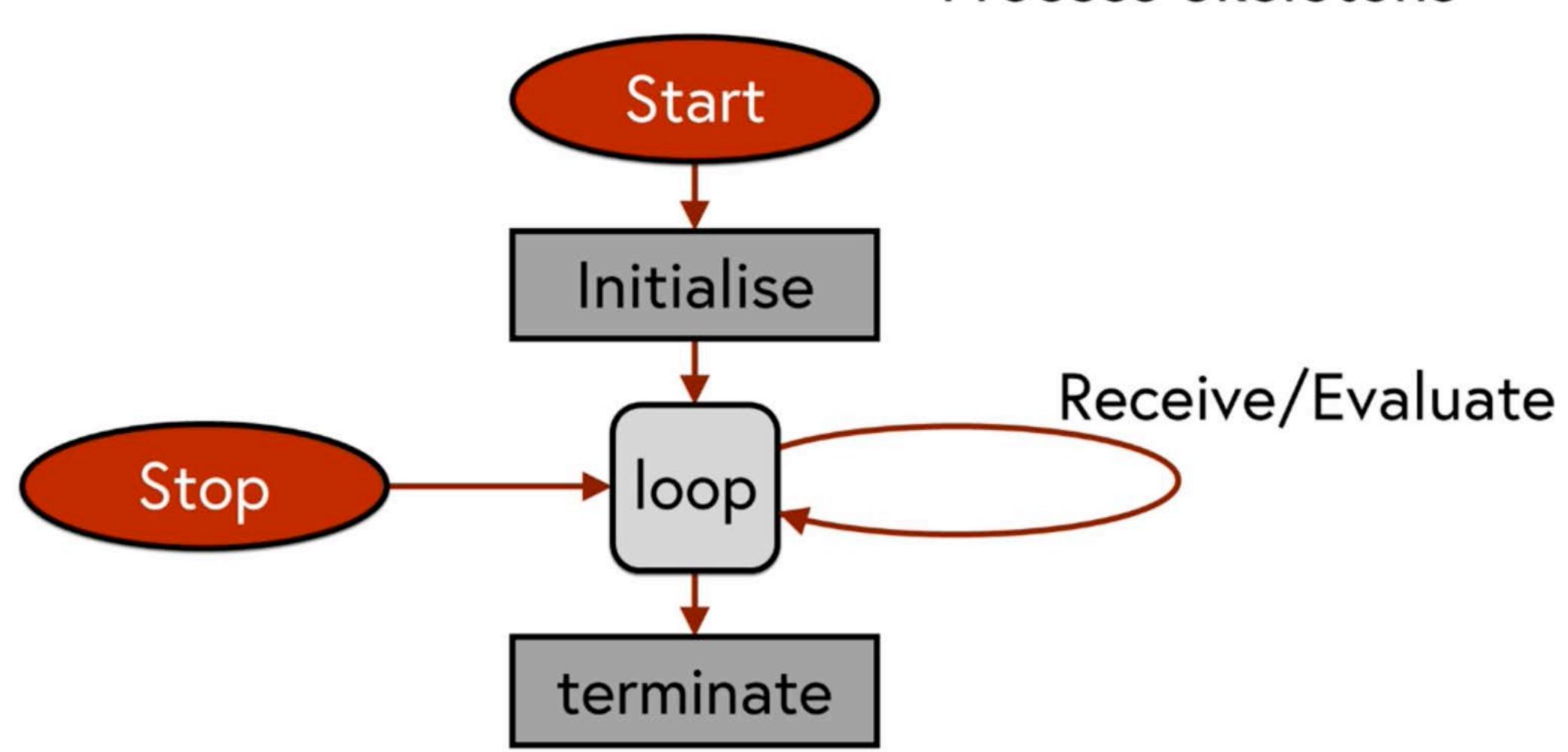




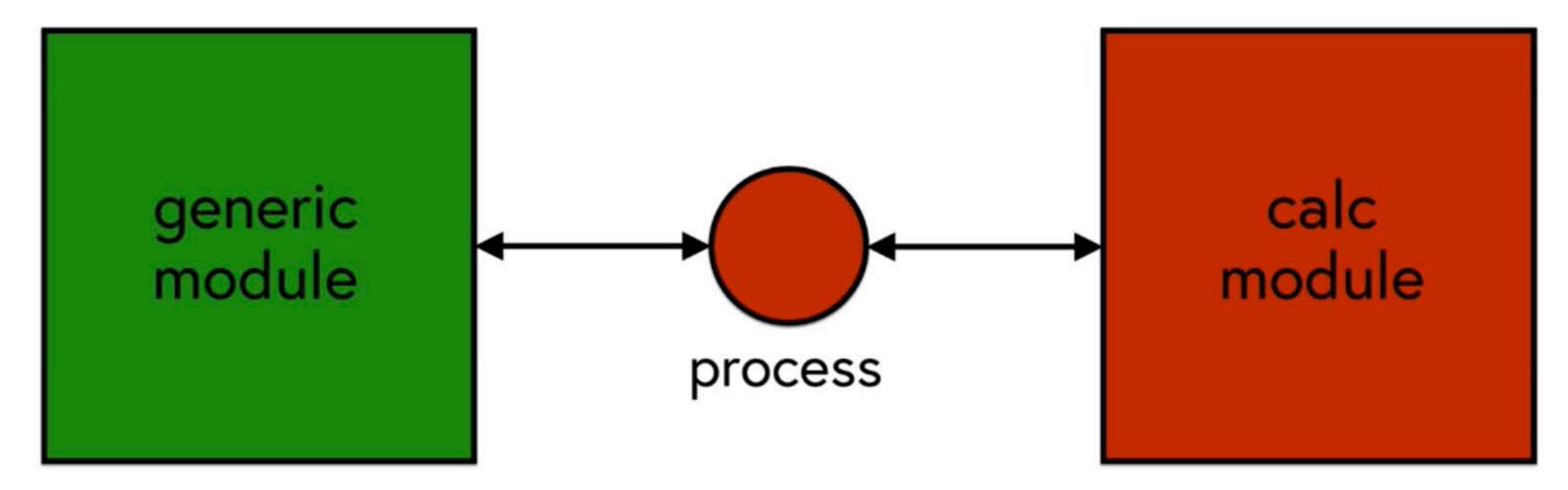
```
-module(calc).
-export([start/1, stop/0, eval/1]).
-export([init/1]).
start(Env) ->
   register(calc, spawn(calc, init, [Env])).
stop() ->
   calc ! stop.
eval(Expr) ->
  calc ! {request, self(), {eval, Expr}},
   receive
              {reply, Reply} ->
                 Reply
   end.
```



## **Process Skeletons**







- The idea is to split the code in two parts
- The generic part is called the generic behaviour
- The specific part is called the callback module



### Generic

- Spawning the server
- Storing the loop data
- Sending requests to the server
- Sending replies to the client
- Receiving server replies
- Stopping the server

## Specific

- Initialising the server state
- The loop data
- The client requests
- Handling client requests
- Contents of server reply
- Cleaning up

```
-module(calc).
-export([start/1, stop/0, eval/1]).
-export([init/1]).
start(Env) ->
   register(calc, spawn(calc, init, [Env])).
stop() ->
   calc! stop.
eval(Expr) ->
   calc ! {request, self(), {eval, Expr}},
   receive
              {reply, Reply} ->
                 Reply
   end.
```



```
-module(server).
-export([start/2, stop/1, request/2]).
-export([init/2]).

start(Name, Args) ->
    register(Name, spawn(?MODULE, init, [Name, Args])).

init(Name, Args) ->
    LoopData = Name:init(Args),
    loop(Name, LoopData).
```

# University of Mental Lenders