### EDA

```
survivor_data_final = read.csv("data/survivor_data_final.csv")
```

#### **Summary**

```
survivor_data_final %>%
  select(gender, poc, personality_type_binary, age_during_show, days_survived, region) %>%
 tbl_summary(type = list(gender ~ "categorical",
                          poc ~ "categorical",
                          personality_type_binary ~ "categorical",
                          region ~ "categorical",
                          age_during_show ~ "continuous",
                          days_survived ~ "continuous"),
              statistic = list(all_continuous() ~ "{mean} ({sd})"),
              digits = all_continuous() ~ 1,
              label = list(c(gender) ~ "Gender",
                           c(poc) ~ "Race Identifier",
                           c(personality_type_binary) ~ "Personality Type",
                           c(region) ~ "Region",
                           c(age_during_show) ~ "Age During Show (Years)",
                           c(days_survived) ~ "Survival Time on Show (Days)")) %>%
  bold_labels()
```

Characteristic	N = 728
Gender	
Female	356 (49%)
Male	368 (51%)
Unknown	4
Race Identifier	
POC	199~(27%)
White	525 (73%)
Unknown	4
Personality Type	
Extrovert	401~(56%)
Introvert	320 (44%)
Unknown	7
Age During Show (Years)	33.4 (10.1)
Survival Time on Show (Days)	23.9 (12.1)
Region	
Midwest	99 (14%)
Northeast	153 (21%)
South	207 (28%)
West	269 (37%)

Note: N = 728 refers to the total count of records (i.e. contestant occurrences) in survivor\_data\_final; distinct persons may be listed in multiple records, across seasons and/or within seasons.

Personality Type	Distinct Persons	Contestant Occurrences	Mean Days Survived
Extrovert	309	401	24.0
Introvert	271	320	23.6

POC Status	Distinct Persons	Contestant Occurrences	Mean Days Survived
POC	164	199	22.6
White	418	525	24.3

Gender	Distinct Persons	Contestant Occurrences	Mean Days Survived
Female	292	356	23.1
Male	290	368	24.5

```
mean_days_survived = mean(days_survived, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
na.omit() %>%
knitr::kable(digits = 1, col.names = c("Region", "Distinct Persons", "Contestant Occurrences", "Mean it
```

Region	Distinct Persons	Contestant Occurrences	Mean Days Survived
Midwest	84	99	24.4
Northeast	122	153	25.0
South	178	207	22.7
West	218	269	23.8

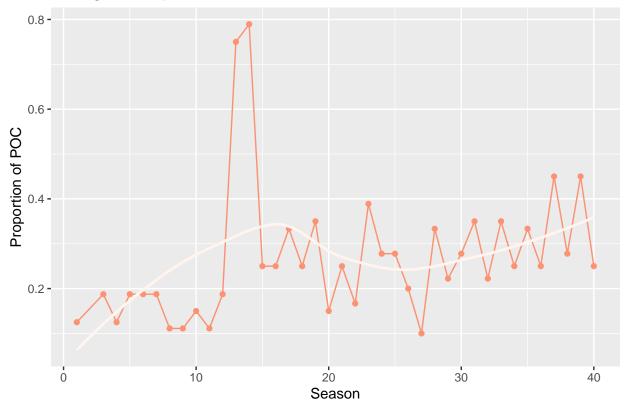
Note: We report both distinct person counts and contestant occurrences by personality type, POC status, and gender.

### POC and Gender Representation Across Seasons

```
fill_color = brewer.pal(9,"Reds")[4]
survivor_poc_over_time = survivor_data_final %>%
  group_by(version_season, poc) %>%
  summarize(count = n_distinct(full_name)) %>%
  mutate(freq = count / sum(count)) %>%
  filter(poc == "POC") %>%
  separate(col = version_season, into = c('NA', 'season'), sep = 2) %>%
  dplyr::select(-"NA") %>%
  mutate(season = as.numeric(season))

ggplot(data = survivor_poc_over_time, aes(x = season, y = freq, group = 1)) +
  geom_line(color = fill_color) +
  geom_point(color = fill_color) +
  geom_smooth(se = FALSE, color = "seashell") +
  ggtitle("Change in Proportion of POC Over Time ") +
  xlab("Season") + ylab("Proportion of POC")
```

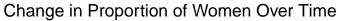
## Change in Proportion of POC Over Time

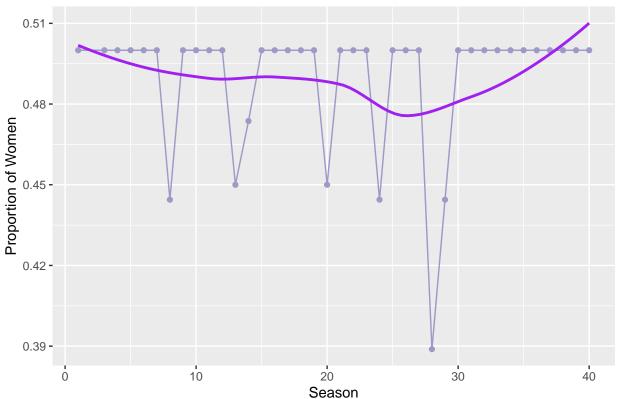


Note: Distinct person counts by POC status.

```
fill_color = brewer.pal(9,"Purples")[5]
survivor_gender_over_time = survivor_data_final %>%
  group_by(version_season, gender) %>%
  summarize(count = n_distinct(full_name)) %>%
  mutate(freq = count / sum(count)) %>%
  filter(gender == "Female") %>%
  separate(col = version_season, into = c('NA', 'season'), sep = 2) %>%
  dplyr::select(-"NA") %>%
  mutate(season = as.numeric(season))

ggplot(data = survivor_gender_over_time, aes(x = season, y = freq, group = 1)) +
  geom_line(color = fill_color) +
  geom_point(color = fill_color) +
  geom_smooth(se = FALSE, color = "purple") +
  ggtitle("Change in Proportion of Women Over Time") +
  xlab("Season") + ylab("Proportion of Women")
```



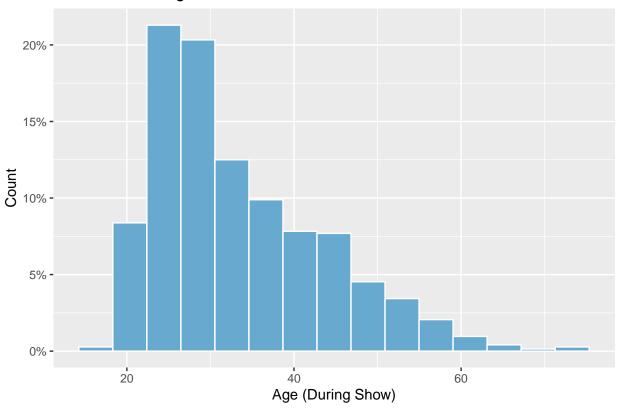


Note: Distinct person counts by gender.

### Concentration of Contestants by Age and Geography

```
fill_color = brewer.pal(9,"PuBuGn")[5]
ggplot(survivor_data_final, aes(x = age_during_show)) +
   geom_histogram(aes(y = after_stat(count/sum(count))), bins = 15, fill = fill_color, col = "white") +
   scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent) +
   ggtitle("Distribution of Ages Across Contestant Occurrences") +
   xlab("Age (During Show)") + ylab("Count")
```

# Distribution of Ages Across Contestant Occurrences

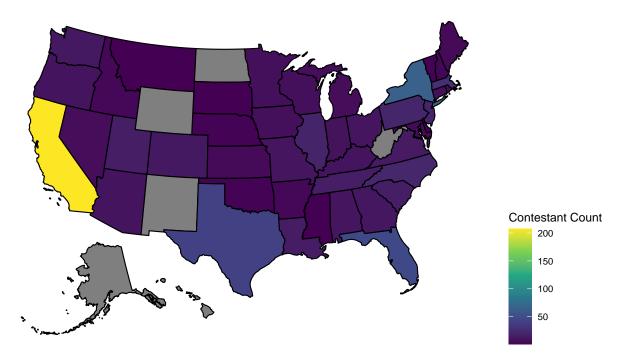


Note: Since contestants can re-appear across seasons at different ages, we rely on discrete records from survivor\_data\_final (i.e. contestant occurrences) as the unit of analysis for this plot in order to ensure comprehensiveness of age data.

```
survivor_state = survivor_data_final %>%
   group_by(state) %>%
   summarize(n = n())

plot_usmap(
   data = survivor_state, values = "n", lines = "blue"
) +
   scale_fill_continuous(type = "viridis", name = "Contestant Count", label = scales::comma
) +
   labs(title = "US States", subtitle = "Geographic Distribution of Contestants") +
   theme(legend.position = "right")
```

US States Geographic Distribution of Contestants



Notes: (i) Seasons 2, 41, 42, and 43 have been removed from the exploratory analysis due to inconsistent number of days. (ii) Since contestants can re-appear across seasons with different states of residence, we similarly rely on discrete records from survivor\_data\_final (i.e. contestant occurrences) as the unit of analysis for this plot in order to ensure comprehensiveness of location data.