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PROBABILITÀ CONDIZIONATA
                                                                                                                                                                                                          se = {(+,6) + 6{1,...,6} b ∈ {1,...,6}}
DADS ROSSS & DADO BLU
PROB. DI ESITO & DEL DADO ROSSO
                                                                                                                                                                                                        IRI = 62 = 36 DISPOS. CON RIPETIZIONE
     P(A) = \frac{c}{36} = \frac{1}{6}
         PROB. CHE SOMMA SIA 3
     B = {V + b = 3} CIDE B = {(3,6)(4,5)(5,4)(6,3)} |B| = 4

P(A | B) = P P A DATO B
         = 1 - 1 A A B 1 / -21 - P(A A B) / P(B)
  ODEFINIZIONE
         P(AIB) = P D. A DATO B = P(AAB) (MANTIENE I POSTULATI)
          . P(Ac | c) = 1 - P(Alc)
         DIW:
          \frac{P(A^{c} \land c)}{P(A^{c} \land c)} = * = * c = (A \land c) \lor (A^{c} \land c) = * P(c) = P(A \land c) \lor P(A^{c} \land c)
           = \frac{P(C) - P(A \land C)}{P(C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - \frac{P(A \land C)}{P(A \land C)}}{P(A \land C)} = \frac{1 - 
       SI = PRIMA CARTA ESTANTIA DI CUDRI = = 130
      S_2 = ESTMRRE (USLI ACCO SECONDA, DOPO UN CUORI.

• P(S_2 | S_1) = \frac{12}{51}

• P(S_2 | S_1^c) = \frac{13}{51}

• P(S_1 | S_2) = P(S_1) = \frac{42}{51}

• P(S_1 | S_2) = P(S_1) = \frac{42}{51}

• P(S_2 | S_1^c) = P(S_2 | S_1^c) \cdot P(S_1^c) = \frac{13}{51}
        CON CALCOLO COMB:
      N = {(M, M) (M, F) (F, M) (F, F)} EQUIPROBABILE B = {ALMEND UND M}
         |B|=3 P(B)=\frac{3}{4}
          A= {2 MASCHIS CIDE |A| = 1 + P(A| = |A| = |3 |
           • TED PROB. COMPOSTA
                  DISPENSE
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