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S	d_1	d_2	$\prod(S,t)$
3000	0.275255	-2.8384	4434.82
3200	0.557819	-2.55584	5514.88
3400	0.826603	-2.28705	6520.34
3600	1.08228	-2.03138	7407.06
3800	1.32548	-1.78817	8154.1
4000	1.55683	-1.55683	8758.49
4200	1.77689	-1.33677	9229.19
4400	1.98622	-1.12744	9582.28
4600	2.18534	-0.928318	9837.71
4800	2.37475	-0.738909	10017.1
5000	2.55492	-0.558738	10142.1

Table 1: A table showing different values for the financial contract $\prod (S,t)$ for different values of S.

```
#include <iostream>
2 #include <fstream>
3 #include <cmath>
4 using namespace std;
  double normalDistribution(double x)
7
       // calculate \sqrt{\text{sqrt}} \{2 \neq i\} upfront once
       static const double RT2PI = sqrt(4.0*acos(0.0));
       // calculate 10/\sqrt{1} upfront once
       static const double SPLIT = 10. / sqrt(2);
       static const double a[] = { 220.206867912376, 221.213596169931,
12
      112.079291497871\,,\  \, 33.912866078383\,,\  \, 6.37396220353165\,,\  \, 0.700383064443688\,,
      3.52624965998911e-02 };
       static const double b[] = \{440.413735824752, 793.826512519948,
13
      637.333633378831\,,\ \ 296.564248779674\,,\ \ 86.7807322029461\,,\ \ 16.064177579207\,,
      1.75566716318264\,,\  \, 8.83883476483184\,e\!-\!02\  \, \};
14
       const double z = fabs(x);
       // Now N(x) = 1 - N(-x) = 1 - \sqrt{2\pi t} \{2\pi i\}N'(x) \pi c \{P(x)\} \{Q(x)\}
       // so N(-x) = \sqrt{2\pi i} N'(x) \sqrt{\frac{P(x)}{Q(x)}}
       // now let \sqrt{qrt} {2 \pi } N'(z) \frac{P(x)}{Q(z)} = Nz
18
       // Therefore we have
19
               Nxm = N(x) = \sqrt{2\pi i}N'(z)\sqrt{rac}\{P(x)\}\{Q(z)\} = Nz \text{ if } x<0
       //
       //
               Nxp = N(x) = 1 - \sqrt{2\pi i}N'(z)/frac\{P(x)\}\{Q(z)\} = 1-Nz \text{ if } x
21
      >=0
       double Nz = 0.0;
22
       // if z outside these limits then value effectively 0 or 1 for machine
      precision
       if (z \ll 37.0)
25
            // \text{ NDash} = N'(z) * \operatorname{sqrt} \{2 \setminus pi\}
```

```
const double NDash = \exp(-z*z / 2.0) / RT2PI;
28
                         if (z<SPLIT)
29
                                    // here Pz = P(z) is a polynomial
31
                                    const double Pz = (((((a[6] * z + a[5])*z + a[4])*z + a[3])*z +
32
                a[2])*z + a[1])*z + a[0];
                                    // and Qz = Q(z) is a polynomial
33
                                    const double Qz = ((((((b[7] * z + b[6])*z + b[5])*z + b[4])*z
34
             + b[3])*z + b[2])*z + b[1])*z + b[0];
                                    // use polynomials to calculate N(z) = \sqrt{2\pi i}N'(x)\sqrt{frac}P
              (x) \{Q(x)\}
                                   Nz = RT2PI*NDash*Pz / Qz;
36
                          }
37
                          else
                         {
39
                                    // implement recurrence relation on F_4(z)
40
                                    const double F4z = z + 1.0 / (z + 2.0 / (z + 3.0 / (z + 4.0 / (z
41
             z + 13.0 / 20.0)));
                                    // use polynomials to calculate N(z), note here that Nz = N'
42
             F
                                   Nz = NDash / F4z;
                         }
               }
45
46
47
               return x >= 0.0 ? 1 - Nz : Nz;
48
49
50
51
             main()
52
     int
                //Initial conditions
54
               double S = 2800, X = 4000, r = 0.0472, q = 0.0269,
55
                         sigma = 0.2481, T = 1., t = 0.;
56
                ofstream output ("./Assignment_1/test.csv");
57
                for (double i = 0; S < 5000; i++)
60
                         S += 200:
61
                         //& For easy import in latex later
                         output << S << " & ";
                         //Formulae for d1, d2
64
                         double d1 = (1 - \exp(1 - (S/X)) + \operatorname{sigma*exp}((r-q)/(\operatorname{pow}(\operatorname{sigma}, 2.0))) * \operatorname{sqrt}(
65
             T-t))/log(1+sigma*sqrt(T-t));
                          double d2 = (1 - \exp(1 - (S/X)) - \operatorname{sigma} * \exp((r-q)/(\operatorname{pow}(\operatorname{sigma}, 2.0))) * \operatorname{sqrt}(
66
             T-t))/log(1+sigma*sqrt(T-t));
                          //Formula for contract
67
                         output << d1 << " & ";
68
                         output << d2 << " & ";
69
                         output << " << S*exp(-r*(T-t))*exp(1-(pow(sigma, 2.0)*(T-t)))*
70
              normalDistribution (d1)
                                   -X*\exp(-q*(T-t))*\exp(q/r)*normalDistribution(d2) << "\\\"
             << endl;
               }
72
               return 0;
73
74
```