

7.1

$$X \sim N(3; 16)$$

$$a = \frac{1}{\sigma} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$b = -\frac{\mu}{\sigma} = -\frac{3}{4}$$

7.2

$$\text{Var}(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

considerando:

$$E[X] = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\text{Var}[X] = E[X^2] - (E[X])^2$$

$$E[X^2] = \int x^2 \lambda e^{-\lambda x} dx = -x^2 e^{-\lambda x} \Big|_0^{+\infty} - 2 \int x (-e^{-\lambda x}) dx =$$

$$= \frac{2}{\lambda} \int \lambda x (-e^{-\lambda x}) dx = \frac{2}{\lambda} \cdot \frac{1}{\lambda} = \frac{2}{\lambda^2}$$

$$\text{Var}[X] = \frac{2}{\lambda^2} - \frac{1}{\lambda^2} = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

7.3

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} Cx(1-x) & x \in [0, 1] \\ 0 & \text{altimenti} \end{cases}$$

$$a) \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^0 0 dx + \int_0^1 Cx(1-x) dx + \int_1^{+\infty} 0 dx \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow C \int_0^1 x - x^2 dx \Rightarrow \frac{1}{C} = \frac{1}{6} \rightarrow C = 6$$

$$b) E[X] = \frac{(a+b)}{2} = \frac{0+1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$c) F_Y(x) = P\{Y < y\} = P\{\sqrt{X} < y\} = P\{X < y^2\} \rightarrow F_X(x^2)$$

$$f_Y(x) = \frac{dF_Y(x)}{dx} = \frac{dF_X(x^2)}{dx} = \begin{cases} \frac{F_X(x^2)}{2x} & x \geq 0 \\ -\pi & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

7.4

$$f_X(x) \rightarrow X$$

$$f_Y(y) \rightarrow Y = g(x) = |X|$$

$$F_Y(y) = P\{Y \leq y\} = P\{g(x) \leq y\} = P\{|X| \leq y\} = P\{X \leq |y|\} =$$

$$= F_X(|y|)$$

$$f_Y(|y|) = \frac{dF_Y(y)}{dy} = \frac{dF_X(|x|)}{dx} = \begin{cases} f_X(x) & x > 0 \\ -f_X(x) & x < 0 \end{cases}$$