# PROJECT MANAGEMENT FOR INNOVATIVE PROJECTS (part 2 OF IT PROJECT MANAGEMENT)

8th LESSON MAY 14 th 2025

# STAKEHOLDERS&TEAMS

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# **SUMMARY**

- 1. INNOVATION AND METHODOLOGIES
- 2. AGILE CONCEPTS
- 3. AGILE METHODOLOGIES OVERVIEW WITHOUT SCRUM
- 4. SCRUM
- 5. LEAN
- 6. DESIGN THINKING
- 7. VALUE DRIVEN DELIVERY
- 8. STAKEHOLDERS, TEAMS
- 9. CASE STUDIES
- 10.EXERCISES
- 11. CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT
- 12. REVIEW
- 13. CONCLUSION

# PROJECT MANAGEMENT FOR IT REVIEW LESSONS 1-7

...after a genral analysis of AGILE APPROACH we presented 3+5 METHODOLOGIES **outlining 3 words:** 

# ITERATION-REQUIREMENT-DONE

Methodologies:FDD,DSDM,AUP,XP,LEAN,KANBAN,CRYSTAL and finally

## **SCRUM&HYBRID AGILE APPROACHES**

which

prioritize deliveries according to assigned value by the customer:

### "EAT YOUR DESSERT FIRST"

### STAKESHOLDER&TEAM

# PEOPLE OVER PROCESSES

PROJECTS ARE UNDERTAKEN FOR PEOPLE AND BY PEOPLE

# REMINDER: AGILE VALUES

# AGILE MANIFESTO COMES BY EFFORTS IN DEVELOPING SOFTWARE TO VALUE:

1-INDIVIDUALS AND INTERACTIONS OVER PROCESSES AND TOOLS 2-WORKING SOFTWARE OVER COMPREHENSIVE DOCUMENTATION 3-CUSTOMER COLLABORATION OVER CONTRACT NEGOTIATION 4-RESPONDING TO A CHANGE OVER FOLLOWING A PLAN

# PART A:STAKEHOLDERS

«any people who will be impacted or have impact on a project»

Customers&users, suppliers, business representatives, project managers, norms representatives, quality inspectors, product owners, teams, scrummaster

GETTING THEM INVOLVED IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE SUCCESS OF ANY PROJECT

# STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT:5 THEMES

1.TAKING CARE 2.ESTABLISHING A SHARED **VISION** 3.COMMUNICATION 4.WORKING COLLABORATIVELY

## 1-TAKING CARE OF STAKEHOLDERS

IN THE AGILE MINDSET THE CONCEPT OF STAKEHOLDER MANAGEMENT BECOMES

# STAKESHOLDERS STEWARDSHIP

# TAKING CARE OF STAKEHOLDERS

- STAKEHOLDERS STEWARDSHIP IS MAKING SURE THEY HAVE WHAT THEY NEED
- AS IN PRESCRIPTIVE MANAGEMENT, ALSO IN AGILE IT IS KEY TO IDENTIFY ALL THE STAKESHOLDERS AND CAREFULLY FOLLOW THEIR INVOLVMENT
- SOME OF THEM ARE OBVIOUS BUT SOME OF OTHER ROLES MAY BE TRICKER TO IDENTIFY SUCH AS AUDITORS
- EXCLUDING OR ALIENATING ANY OF THEM MAY PUT SUCCESS AT RISK

# TAKING CARE OF STAKEHOLDERS: EDUCATING THEM ABOUT AGILE

- SOME STAKEHOLDERS MAY BE NEW TO AGILE METHODS
- THEY MUST BE EDUCATED ON VALUES, GOALS, PRACTICES, BENEFITS
- ANY CHANGE MEETS SOME DEGREES OF SKEPTICISM AND CAUTION (NOT BAD)

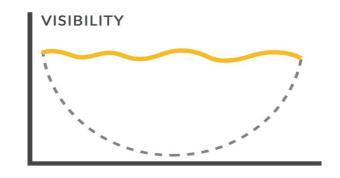
# TAKING CARE OF STAKEHOLDERS: KEEPING THEM ENGAGED

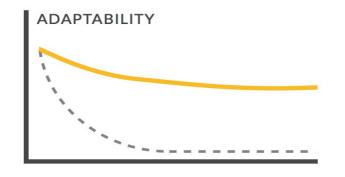
 ONE BENEFIT OF SHORT ITERATIONS:STAKEHODERS DON'T LOSE INTEREST

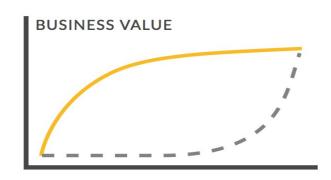
 REMINDER: INCREASED VISIBILITY IS ONE ELEMENT OF THE AGILE VALUE PROPOSITION

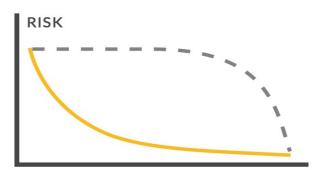
# DELIVERY VALUE IS THE REASON TO DO PROIECTS

# AGILE DEVELOPMENT VALUE PROPOSITION









## ENGAGING STAKEHOLDERS

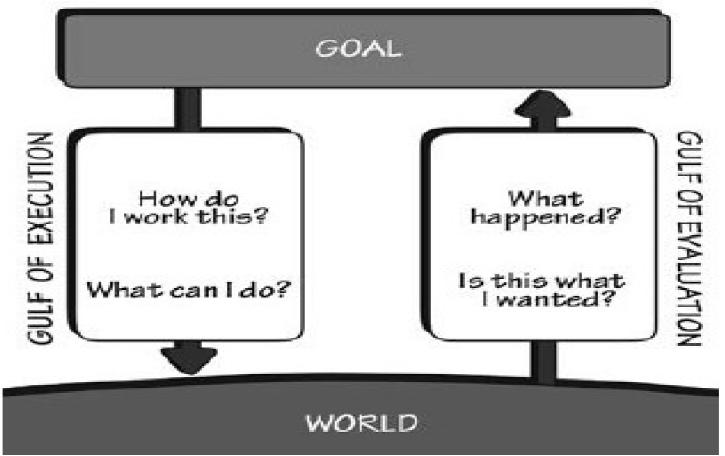
- STAKESHOLDERS MUST HEAR ABOUT CHANGE REQUESTS ASAP
- AN ONGOING DIALOGUE HELP A QUICK RISKS AND ISSUES IDENTIFICATION

# **GULF OF EVALUATION**

The **gulf of evaluation** is the degree to which a system provides <u>representations</u> perceived and interpreted in terms of expectations and intentions of the <u>user</u>

The gulf is small when the system provides information about its state in a easy to interpret form matching the way the person thinks of the system"

# ENFAGEMENT RISK TO FALL IN THE GULF OF EVALUTION



## BRIDGE THE GULF OF EVALUATION

 COMMON BECAUSE MISMATCHES ARISE BETWEEN WHAT A PERSON ENVISIONS AND TRIES TO DESCRIBE AND HOW THIS DISCRIPTION IS INTERPRED BY ANOTHER PERSON

• IF THE MISMATCH REMAINS UNCECKED FOR TOO LONG REWORK OR FAILURE CAN OCCUR

 AGILE METHODS USE MANY TOOLS TO BRIDGE THIS GULF

# PRINCIPLES OF ENGAGING STAKEHOLDERS

- GET THE RIGHT STAKESHOLDERS
- CEMENT STAKESHOLDERS INVOLVMENT
- ACTIVELY MANAGE THEIR INTERESTS
- FREQUENTLY DISCUSS WHAT «DONE» LOOKS LIKE
- SHOW PROGRESS AND CAPABILITIES
- CANDIDLY DISCUSS ESTIMATES AND PROJECTIONS

## 2-ESTABLISHING A SHARED VISION

- CHARTER IS ONE OF THE FIRST DOCUMENTS PRODUCED FOR A PROJECT
- IT DESCRIBES GOALS, CONTENTS, APPROACH AND GETS AUTHORIZATION
- TWO KEY CHARTER ASPECTS ARE ACKNOWLEDGED IN AGILE:
- 1- SCOPE MAY CHANGE
- 2-INITIALLY SOME ASPECTS MAY BE UNKNOWN

#### SO FOCUS IS MAINLY ON GOALS

### DEVELOPING AN AGILE CHARTER

- WHO WILL BE ENGAGED?
- WHAT IS THE PROJECT ABOUT?
- WHERE WILL IT OCCUR?
- •WHEN WILL IT START AND END?
- WHY IS IT BEING UNDERTAKEN?
- •HOW WILL IT BE UNDERTAKEN?

# DONE and DELIVERABLES

- 2 ESSENTIAL CONCEPTS FOR ESTABLISHING A SHARED VISION
- A LIST OF ITEMS MUST BE DISCUSSED AND CHECKED IN A SW PROJECT

### **BEFORE DECLARING ANYTHING «DONE»**

 A DELIVERABLE IS ANY VERIFIABLE PRODUCT, RESULT, CAPABILITY TO PERFORM A SERVICE THAT MUST BE PRODUCED TO COMPLETE A PROJECT OR A PHASE

# DELIVERABLES MEETING ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA ARE SIGNED OFF AND APPROVED BY THE CUSTOMER OR SPONSOR

LIST OF ITEMS TO BE DISCUSSED AND CHECKED IN A SW PROJECT

#### **BEFORE DECLARING ANYTHING «DONE»**

- ARE ALL UNITS **TESTED**?
- IS ALL CODE WRITTEN?
- HAS THE CODE BEEN REFACTORED TO THE TEAM'S SATISFACTION?
- DOES THE BUILD SCRIPT INCLUDE ANY NEW MODULES?
- DOES THE INSTALLER MIGRATE DATA WHEN APPROPRIATE?
- HAVE ALL KNOWN BUGS BEEN FIXED?

## **DELIVERABLES**

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE SCOPE OF A PROJECT

• THEY INCLUDE BOTH THE PRODUCT/SERVICE OUTPUTS AND ANCILLARY RESULTS AS REPORTS AND DOCUMENTATION IF PLANNED

# **DELIVERABLES**

FINAL PREREQUISITE BEFORE CLOSING A PROJECT: CONFIRMATION THAT THE CUSTOMER IS SATISFIED WITH THE QUALITY OF ALL THE DELIVERABLES

TANGIBLE OR INTANGIBLE AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT TO BE DELIVERED TO A CUSTOMER

# 3-COMMUNICATION WITH STAKEHOLDERS

STATE OF A KNOWLEDGE PROJECT, OFTEN INVISIBLE, CAN'T BE STATED LOOKING **AROUND THE OFFICE**SO IT IS CRITICAL A FREQUENT COMMUNICATION TO ENSURE

#### **SAME PAGE**

**EVERYONE IS ON THE** 

# MANY PROJECT FAILURES ARE TRACKED BACK TO

### FAILURE COMMUNICATION

# KNOWLEDGE SHARING

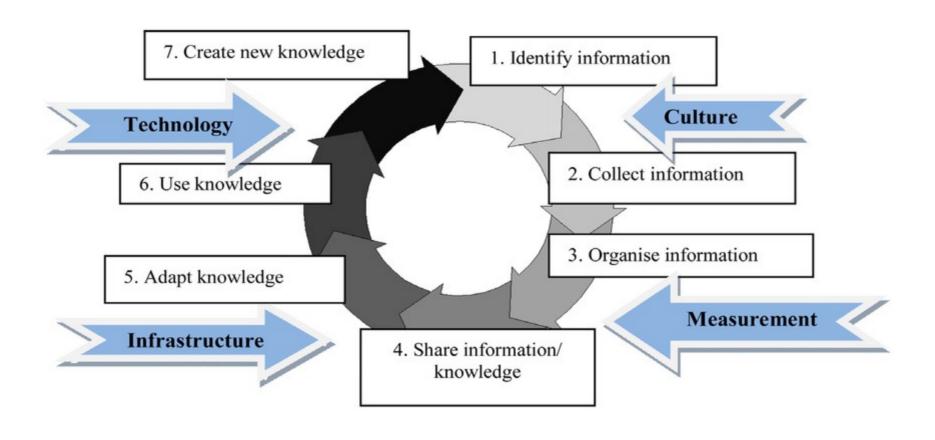
• INFORMATION IS THE BASIC COMMODITY OF AGILE PROJECTS

• AIM MUST BE SHARING INFORMATION AND MAKING IT AVAILABLE TO EVERYONE TO CONSUME IT RATHER THAN HOARDING IT

# KNOWLEDGE SHARING

- IT APPEARS AT MANY LEVELS IN BOTH OBVIOUS AND SUBTLE WAYS:
- -TEAM TO CUSTOMER
- -CUSTOMER TO TEAM
- -KANBAN BOARDS
- -INFORMATION RADIATORS
- -PERSONAS
- -WIREFRAMES

# KNOWLEDGE TRANSFER IN XP's CORE PRACTICES



# INFORMATION RADIATORS

AGILE'S UMBRELLA TERM FOR HIGHLY VISIBLE DISPLAYS OF INFORMATION:

TOOLS OFTEN REFERRED AS «VISUAL CONTROLS», DISPLAYED IN HIGH-TRAFFIC AREAS TO MAXIMISE EXPOSURE FOR A QUICK STAKESHOLDERS INFORMATION ABOUT THE PROJECT'S STATUS

THEY «RADIATE» INFORMATION QUICKLY TO ANYONE WHO IS INTERESTED

# DATA DISPLAYED IN INFORMATION RADIATORS

- FEATURES DELIVERED VERSUS FEATURES TO BE DELIVERED
- WHO IS WORKING ON WHAT
- FEATURES SELECTED FOR THE CURRENT ITERATION
- VELOCITY AND DEFECT METRICS
- RETROSPECTIVE FINDINGS
- LIST OF ISSUES AND THREATS
- STORY MAPS
- BURN CHARTS

# DATA DISPLAYED IN INFORMATION RADIATORS



#### **REMOTE TEAMS**

- A lot of people work from home these days and many aren't used to it-
- A period of adjustment is needed
- Companies try to provide virtual collaboration software by allowing customers to expand the use of the platforms without additional costs.
- But successful remote working is more than just to get the right software solution.
- It requires a different mindset, a different way of collaborating MANY CHALLENGES
  - The ability to move the project forward is important to people right now as they look for some sense of continuity in a time of extreme disruption.

## INNOVATION GAMES

- REMEMBER THE FUTURE

  BASED ON COGNITIVE

  PSYCOLOGY
- SPEEDBOAT
   ■ REDUCE OR AVOID THREATS AND EXPLOIT OPPORTUNITIES
- BUY A FEATURESPRIORITIZATION EXERCISE
- BANG FOR THE BUCK

  VALUE VERSUS COST RANKINGS

### 4-WORKING COLLABORATIVELY

 COLLABORATION IS IN THE 3° VALUE AND 4° PRINCIPLE OF THE MANIFESTO

#### **BENEFITS:**

- 1. GENERATION OF WISED DECISION
- 2. PROMOTION OF PROBLEM SOLVING
- 3. ACTION FOSTERING
- 4. SOCIAL CAPITAL BUILDING
- 5. FOSTERING OWNERSHIP OF COLLECTIVE PROBLEMS

# TOOLS&TECHNIQUES FOR A COLLABORATIVE WORK

- WORKSHOP:MEETINGS WHERE PARICIPANTS GET THE WORK DONE
- -DIVERSE GROUPD REFLECTING A WIDER RANGE OF VIEWPOINTS
- -PREVENTION OF DOMINANT INDIVIDUALS FROM DISCUSSION MONOPOLIZING
- -5 MINUTES ACTIVITY OF EVERY PARTICIPANT

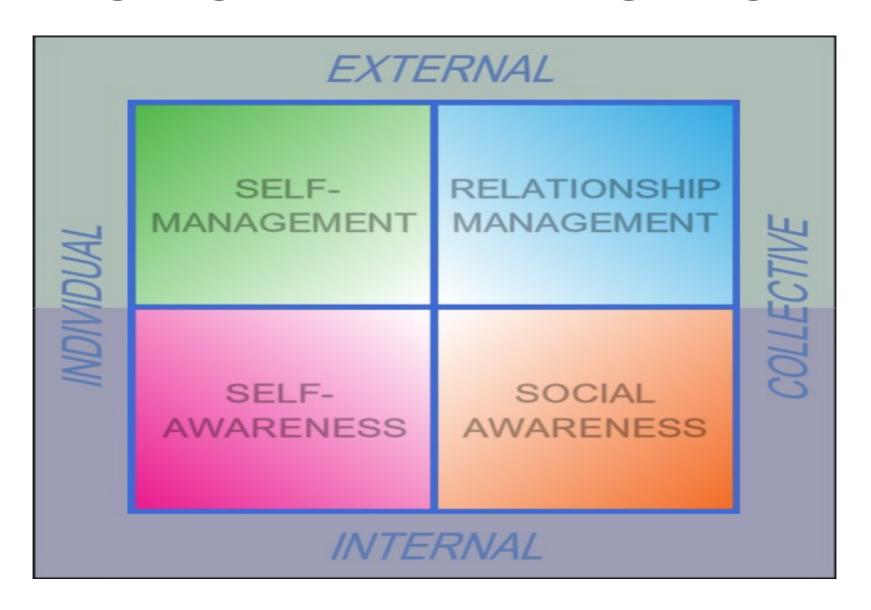
#### **WORKSHOP NATURE IS VERY ACTIVE**

- BRAINSTORMING: GENERATION OF IDEAS («there are not stupid ideas»)
- INNOVATION GAMES: FACILITATED TECHNIQUES FOR BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF COMPLEX OR AMBIGUOUS ISSUES

# 5-INTERPERSONAL SKILLS:HARDER THAN TECHNICAL SKILLS

- EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE= ABILITY TO IDENTIFY, ASSESS, INFLUENCE OUR EMOTIONS AND THOSE OF OTHER PEOPLE
- OUR OWN FEELINGS HAVE TO BE FIRST RECOGNIZED; THEN TO BE CONTROLLED
- THEN WE CAN DEVELOP EMPATHY WITH OTHERS, IDENTIFYING WHEN THEY ARE STUCK, FRUSTRATED, UPSET IN ORDER TO HELP THEM
- AT THIS POINT WE CAN USE OUR ABILITY TO INFLUENCE, INSPIRE, LEAD OTHERS

### **EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE**



## **NEGOTIATION**

- •3 SUBJECTS:
- -REQUIREMENTS
- -PRIORITIES
- -»DONE»

## PART B:AGILE TEAMS

• AS TEAM MEMBERS ARE STAKEHOLDERS MANY COVERED ITEMS IN PART A AS COMMUNICATION, COLLABORATION, EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE, FACILITATION ARE ALSO RELEVANT TO TEAM PERFORMANCE, MAINLY FOR LEADERS

#### WHAT DOES REMAIN TO BE COVERED?

- 1. BUILDING AGILE TEAMS
- 2. TRACKING TEAM PERFORMANCES

## PEOPLE OVER PROCESSES

1° VALUE OF MANIFESTO:

«INDIVIDUALS AND INTERACTIONS OVER PROCESSES AND TOOLS»

«The soft stuff is the hard stuff»

## BUILDING AGILE TEAMS

 TEAM: A SMALL NUMBER OF PEOPLE WITH COMPLEMENTARY SKILLS; COMMITTED TO A COMMON PURPOSE

 AGILE METHODS RECOMMEND TO KEEP THE DELIVERY TEAM SMALL TO ALLOW THE DEVELOPMENT OF RELATIONSHIPS AND A DIRECT COMMUNICATION

#### BUILDING AGILE TEAMS GENERALIZING SPECIALISTS

- SPECIALISTS HAVE A NARROW SKILLSET AS THEY SPECIALIZE IN ONE FUNCTION OR ROLE BY CAUSING 2 PROBLEMS:
- 1-MULTIPLE HANDOFFS NEED: SLOW AND RISKY
- 2-THE SEQUENTIAL PROCESS CAN LEAD TO BOTTLENECKS

## CHARACTERISTICS OF HIGH PERFORMANCE TEAMS

- SHARED VISION (faster decisions and trust)
- REALISTIC GOALS (people need success)
- SMALL TEAM SIZE (communication and tacit knowledge)
- SENSE OF TEAM IDENTITY (increase loyalty to the team)
- STRONG LEADERSHIP (poinying out the way, then teams own the mission)

## AGILE LEADERSHIP

Creating the right context for self-organisation:where agile teams

- -collaborate
- -learn from each other
- -get quick feedback from users
- -are focused on continuous learning.

The agile leader doesn't manage the people

## AGILE LEADERSHIP VERSUS PRESCRIPTIVE MANAGEMENT

Traditional management is based on decision-makers who control the behaviors of the people underneath.

**Agile Leadership** flips the chart upside down focusing on customers at the very top.

# LEADERSHIP ALSO BY ACTIVE LISTENING

- «DO WHAT I MEAN, NOT WHAT I SAY»
- OUR LISTENING SKILLS PROGRESS THROUGH 3 LEVELS:
- 1-INTERNAL: INTERPRETATION THROUGH OUR LENS (how is this going to affect me?)
- **2-FOCUSED**: PUTTING IN THE MIND OF THE SPEAKER (how are her words, pauses, voice, tone?)
- **3-GLOBAL:** ADDITION OF SUBTLE AND ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATORS

(do other listeners seem to agree or are they averting their eyes?)

## FACILITATION IN MEETINGS

GOALS: DECISIONAL OR INFORMATIVE?

• RULES: DURATION, RESPECTING VIEWS OF PARTICIPANTS

• ASSESSING: MEETING IS MUST BE PRODUCTIVE, ALLOWING EVERYONE TO EXPRESS HIS OPINIONS

## ADAPTIVE LEADERSHIP

- ONE POPULAR MODEL IS THAT OF SITUATIONAL LEADERSHIP WHICH IDENTIFIES 4 LEADERSHIP STYLES:
- 1-FORMING /DIRECTING:STORMIN (low competence, high committment
- 2-STORMING/COACHING: (some competence,low committment)
- 3-NORMING/SUPPORTING: (moderate competence, variable committment)
- 4-PERFORMING/DELEGATING: (high competence, high committment)

## **MOTIVATION**

"If you want to build a boat, don't gather men to cut wood, divide tasks and issue orders, but teach them nostalgia for the vast and infinite sea"

Antoine de Saint-Exupéry

## MOTIVATION

- I have missed more than 9000 shots in my career.
- I have lost almost 300 games.
- 26 times, they gave me the confidence to make the winning shot of the last second and I was wrong.
- I have failed over and over and over again in my life.

## That's why I was successful Michael Jordan

## TRAINING, COACHING, MENTORING

- TRAINING:teaching skill or knowledge via practice and instruction
- COACHING:facilitated process helping people to develop their performance
- MENTORING:professional relationship, for tackling isues on a as needed basis

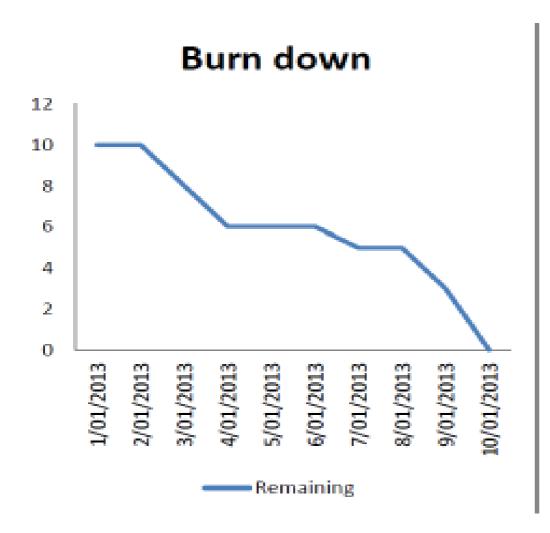
### **BURN CHARTS**

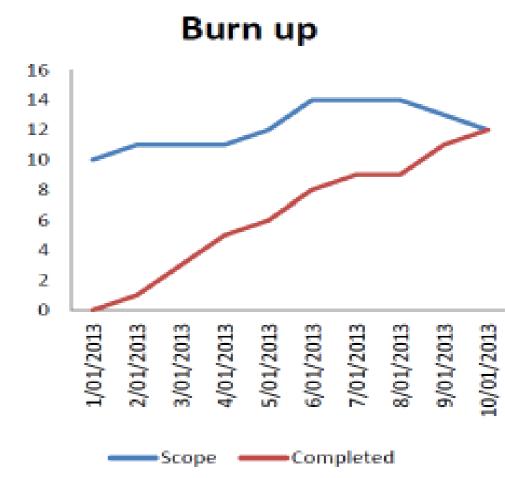
 ONE OF THE MOST COMMON TOOLS DISPLAYED ON HIGHLY VISIBLE INFORMATION RADIATORS

 BURNDOWN CHARTS SHOW THE ESTIMATED REMAINING EFFORT

BURNUP CHARTS SHOW THE ALREADY DELIVERED FEATURES

## **BURN CHARTS**





# WHAT DID I TRY TO COMMUNICATE TO DAY?

- PEOPLE OVER PROCESSES
- •GETTING STAKEHOLDERS INVOLVED

AND TEAM MOTIVATED IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE SUCCESS OF ANY PROJECT

## **EXERCISE 1**

- 1-Say the best way to share the team progress with other stakeholders
- 2-Definition of «done» in Scrum: is it
- A-Coming by the product owner
- B-Defined by the Scrummaster
- C-Defined by the team
- D-Agreed by the team and the product owner
- 3-Describe an agile project charter
- 4-To what the gulf of evaluation refers to?
- A-Gap between product owner and testers knowledge
- B-Mismatch between customer's vision and team understanding of a solution
- C-Disparity between what a customer want and what he really need

## **EXERCISE 2**

- 1-What would be a step forward in your tem's evolution?
- 2 If it is not possible to locate all team members in the same location what are the likely to experience?
- 3. As an agile team leader what do you want toavoid:
- A-prioritizing team goals
- B-rewards for expected behaviour
- C-individual motivation
- D-reward individual goals at the expense of project goals
- 4 1- At what team formation phase is conflict like to be the highest? (forming, storming...)

# PROJECT MANAGEMENT FOR IT REVIEW LESSONS 1-7 AGILEZITERATION&REQUIREMENT «DONE»

METHODOLOG S to get VALUE
A CASE STUDY SHOWED THAT IT'S
MAINLY A MATTER OF MINDSET WITH
SOME TAILORING

# PROJECT MANAGEMENT FOR IT REVIEW LESSONS 1-7

...after a genral analysis of AGILE APPROACH we presented 3+5 METHODOLOGIES **outlining 3 words:** 

# ITERATION-REQUIREMENT-DONE, presenting these methodologies:

But the temptation of reaching value goals through a hybrid approach is very strong!

## GOING FORWARD INTO AGILE MINDSET AND PRACTICES

IN ORDER TO PROVIDE YOU WITH A QUITE COMPREHENSIVE VIEW OF AGILE, AFTER DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS AND METHODOLOGIES WE ANALYZED:

#### <u>CONTEXT</u>

-VALUE DRIVEN DELIVERY EAT YOUR DESSERT FIRST

AND WE WILL ANALYZE

-STAKESHOLDER&TEAM: PEOPLE AS THE MOST IMPORTANT ITEM

THEN WE WILL CLOSE ON WHAT&HOW TO ACT

- -ADAPTIVE PLANNING&PROBLEM DETECTION/RESOLUTION
- -CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT and DESIGN THINKING TO GO ON