module INIDATA use UTILITIES !-----!Purpose: This module load the initial input paraeters and the initial !needed for transport calculations. The parameter are divide into the system !parameters and electronic parameters respectivelly. This module use !Tag's [1] suroutines defined in the module UTILITIES in order to facilitate !the redin of the input parameters, and also external LAPACK [2] subroutines !for solve the inversion and eigen proplem of a matrix. !(i)the system parameters: the name of the project (DNA or PROTEIN), the number of !levels (NL) for the reduce matrix, the number of monomers (NM), i.e. number of !nucleotides or amino acids in the sequence, the number of actual pair (NAM) in the sequence, !the zise (LH) of the Hamiltonian matrix of each pair, the HOMO's position (HOMO1, HOMO2) ! in the Fock matrix of the fragment the length of the system (NS), i.e. the number of !different combination of the monomers; !(ii)Electronic parameters: elctronic temperature (Tp), the lead (Lead), the Fermi level !of the lead (Ef), the chemical potentials (MuL, MuR), the scape rate (Gm), and the DC !applied voltage (DC volt) !The data for he system is stored in the follows array: !a) the 1D SeqM, CouplM and ActPairM arrays stored the sequencen, the coupling and the !number of actual pair of monomers. !b) the 1D arrays ListSyst and ListOrd stored in a list the monomers members of the project,

- !and the number and defined order in which the data is stored
- !c)the 1D arrays ListLH, ListHOM1 and ListHOM2; stored the zise of the Fock matirx and the
- !position in the Fock matrix of the HOMO's of fragments for each pairs of monomers(\*)
- !d) the array ListLev, accordin with the number of level NL and the HOMO's position, stored

```
!the set of levels of each fragment to be used in the construction of
the reduce matrix,
!i.e. stored .....HOMO1-1,HOMO1,LUMO1,.....HOMO2-1,HOMO2,LUMO2, of
each pair(*)
!e) the arrays ListH0, ListS and ListH; stored the isolated Hamiltonian
(of fragments) matrix,
!the overlap matrix and the coupling Hamiltonian (fragments + ending
groups) matirx of each
!pair of monomers(*)
!f) The arrays ListHORed and ListSRed, stored the reduce isolated
hamitonian of fragments and
!overlap matrix for ecah pairs according to the set of levels stored
in ListLev(*)
!g) the arrays ListEva and ListEve, stored the eigenvalues and
eigenvectors of the Hamiltonian
!matrix (generalize eigen problem) of each pair(*)
!h) The arrays ListEveRed stored the reduce set of eigenvector for ecah
pairs, according to the
!set of levels stored in ListLev(*)
!Finally a set of constant needed for calculations are defined: the
value of Pi, the electon
!charge(Ech), the Plank constant(Hp), the Boltzman constant(Kb), and a
conversion factor(CF)(**)
!Note:
!(*)All stored follows the order defined in ListOrd
!(**)In Hartree units
!NMAX define the maximum zise allocation for the HO,S,H, Eve,Eva,
matrices, since pairs all
!different in zise
!HO is a temporal array for intermediate calculations of isolated
Hamiltonian
! Record of revisions
! Date Programer Descripion of change
! -----
! 30/01/2023 J. R. Alvarez
                           Original code
1-----
_____
implicit none
                                   ::NMAX=1500
integer
integer
                                   ::NL
integer
                                   :: NM
integer
                                   ::NC
```

```
integer
                                      ::Cicle
integer
                                      ::THX
integer
                                      ::LHXY
integer
                                      :: HOMOX
                                      :: HOMOXY1
integer
integer
                                      ::HOMOXY2
integer
                                      ::NS
integer
                                      ::NB
real*8
                                      ::Tp
real*8
                                      ::Ef
real*8
                                      ::DC volt
real*8
                                      ::Gm
real*8
                                      ::MuL
real*8
                                      ::MuR
character*2
                                      ::Lead
character*10
                                     ::Project
character (5)
                                     ::afileN
character*100
                                      ::path
integer
                                     ::IntSub
                                     ::ifileN
integer
|-----
!multidimensinal array for stored data needed for future calculations
!-----
character(1),allocatable,dimension(:)
                                      ::Seq
character(1),allocatable,dimension(:,:)::SeqM
character(2),allocatable,dimension(:) ::Coupl
character(1),allocatable,dimension(:) ::ListOrdX
character(2),allocatable,dimension(:) ::ListOrdXY
integer, allocatable, dimension(:)
                                     ::ListLHX
integer, allocatable, dimension(:)
                                      ::ListLHXY
integer, allocatable, dimension(:)
                                     ::ListHOMX
integer, allocatable, dimension(:)
                                      ::ListHOMXY1
integer, allocatable, dimension(:)
                                      ::ListHOMXY2
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                     ::totalS
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                      ::totalH
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:,:)
                                     ::rdVNSX
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:,:)
                                      ::rdVNSXY
integer, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                      ::ListLevX
integer, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                      ::ListLevXY
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:,:)
                                      ::ListSX
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:,:)
                                      ::ListHX
real*8,allocatable,dimension(:,:,:)
                                      ::ListSXY
real*8,allocatable,dimension(:,:,:)
                                      ::ListHXY
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:,:)
                                      ::ListSRedX
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:,:)
                                     ::ListSRedXY
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:,:)
                                      ::ListEveX
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:,:)
                                     ::ListEvaX
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:,:)
                                     ::ListEveRedX
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:,:)
                                     ::ListEveXY
                                     ::ListEvaXY
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:,:)
```

```
real*8,allocatable,dimension(:,:,:) ::ListEveRedXY
!Parameters
!-----
real*8, parameter
                                ::Pi =
3.14159265358979323846d00
                                ::Ech = 1.0d0
real*8, parameter
                                ::Hp = 1.0d0
::Kb = 8.6173324d-05
real *8, parameter
real *8, parameter
                                ::CF
                                ::CF = 27.2116d00
::delta = 1.0d-12
real*8, parameter
real*8, parameter
real*8, parameter
                                ::test E = -5.50d00
contains
응응응응응응응응응응응응응응응응
subroutine input data
!-----
!This subroutine load the initial data, thta define the system
parameters and
!the electronic parameters. This data is stored in the input data.dat
file
integer
                                 ::i,j,k,stat
character (100)
                                 ::inidata
character(100)
                                 ::seqfile
character(5)
                                 ::afileN
integer
                                 ::ifileN
read*, ifileN
call chart int(ifileN, afileN)
inidata= 'input data-'//trim(adjustl(afileN))//'.dat'
open (UNIT=10, file=trim(inidata), status='old', action='read', IOSTAT=stat
)
if (stat /= 0) stop "Main: error opening ini file"
call FindTagA(10, "System =", Project)
call FindTagA(10, "Electrode =", Lead)
call FindTagI(10, "Number of levels =", NL)
call FindTagI(10, "Number of monomers =", NM)
call FindTagI(10, "Number of cicles =", NC)
call FindTagR(10, "DC bias voltage =", DC volt)
call FindTagR(10, "Scape rate =", Gm)
call FindTagR(10, "Temperature =", Tp)
close(unit=10)
```

```
!define the zise of the system, i.e. the number of different pairs
if (Project == 'DNA') then
    NB=4
    allocate (ListOrdX(NB))
    ListOrdX=(/'A','C','G','T'/)
    path='/work/jacko0713/dna/dna-ab-data/'
    seqfile=trim(path)//'DNA seq.dat'
  else if (Project == 'RNA') then
    NB=4
    allocate (ListOrdX(NB))
    ListOrdX=(/'A','C','G','U'/)
    path='/work/jacko0713/dna/dna-ab-data/'
    seqfile=trim(path)//'RNA seq.dat'
  else if(Project=='DNAM')then
    NB=5
    allocate (ListOrdX(NB))
    ListOrdX=(/'A','C','G','T','D'/)
    path='/work/jacko0713/dna/dna-ab-data/'
    seqfile=trim(path)//'DNAM seq.dat'
  else if (Project == 'DNAHM') then
    NB=6
    allocate (ListOrdX(NB))
    ListOrdX=(/'A','C','G','T','D','E'/)
    path='/work/jacko0713/dna/dna-ab-data/'
    seqfile=trim(path)//'DNAHM seq.dat'
   else if(Project=='PROTEIN')then
    NB = 2.0
    allocate (ListOrdX(NB))
    ListOrdX=(/'A','C','G','T','D','E'/)
    path='/work/jacko0713/dna/dna-ab-data/'
    seqfile=trim(path)//'PROTEIN seq.dat'
   else
     write(*,*)'---PROJECT UNKNOWN--'
      stop
end if
!-----
!list with the pairs of monomers acording to the project
NS = (NB*(NB+1))/2
```

```
allocate (ListOrdXY(NS))
i=0
do j=1, NB
 do k=j, NB
 i=i+1
  ListOrdXY(i)=ListOrdX(j)//ListOrdX(k)
 end do
end do
!-----
!with the type of electrode, define the Fermi level and the chemical
!-----
if (Lead=='Al')then
Ef = -4.250d00
 else
   if(Lead == 'Au')then
    Ef = -5.220d00
    else
     if(Lead == 'Pt')then
       Ef = -5.700d00
      if(Lead == 'Gr')then
       Ef = -4.500d00
       Write(*,*)'---ELECTRODE UNKNOWN---:'
       stop
    end if
   end if
 end if
end if
MuL=Ef-(DC volt/2.0d00)
MuR=Ef+(DC volt/2.0d00)
allocate (SeqM(NC, NM))
allocate(Seq(NM))
allocate(Coupl(NM))
open (UNIT=11, file=trim(adjustl(seqfile)), status='old', action='read', IO
STAT=stat)
if (stat /= 0) then
write (*, *) '---ERROR OPENING THE SEQFILE---'
stop
end if
do i=1,NC
read(11,*)SeqM(i,:)
```

```
end do
close(unit=11)
Seq = SeqM(ifileN,:)
do i=1, NM-1
Coupl(i) = Seq(i) / Seq(i+1)
end do
Coupl(NM) = Seq(NM) / Seq(1)
return
end subroutine input data
subroutine nucl data
!-----
integer
                                 :: k, m, n, p, j
character (150)
                                 ::ordermon, monomers ab data
character(1)
                                 ::x1
                                 ::ind1,frag n1,occp1
integer
real*8
                                 ::energy1
character(1)
                                 ::frag t1
integer
                                 ::stat
!all input data
!allocate the memory for the arrays that stored the data
allocate(ListOrdX(NB))
allocate(ListHOMX(NB))
allocate(ListLHX(NB))
allocate(ListSX(NB,NMAX,NMAX))
allocate(ListHX(NB,NMAX,NMAX))
allocate(ListLevX(NB,NL))
allocate(ListSRedX(NB, NL, NL))
allocate(ListEveX(NB,NMAX,NMAX))
allocate (ListEvaX (NB, NMAX, 1))
allocate(ListEveRedX(NB, NL, NMAX))
```

```
!-----
!open the files _lev.dat, _ham.dat and _ovlp.dat, to read the
information of
!fragment and the Fock and overlap matix of each pair.
do m=1,NB
monomers ab data=trim(path)//ListOrdX(m)
open (UNIT=13, file=trim (monomers ab data) //' lev.dat', status='old', acti
on='read', IOSTAT=stat)
if(stat /= 0)then
write(*,*) '---ERROR OPENING THE DATA OF MON LEVELS---'
stop
end if
!read the zise of the monomer Hamiltonian
 read(13, *, IOSTAT=stat)LHX
ListLHX(m)=LHX
!read the zise of the index of levels, the occupations, energy of the
!the fragment type and the fragment number
do k=1,LHX
  read(13,*,IOSTAT=stat)ind1,occp1,energy1,frag t1,frag n1
!stored the isolated hamiltonian
    ListHOX (m, k, 1) = energy1
!search for the HOMO's of each fragment
    if (occp1==2 .and. frag t1==ListOrdX(m)) then
      HOMOX=k
    end if
end do
close(unit=13)
  ListHOMX (m) = HOMOX
!-----
!read the Hamitonian and overlap amtrix
```

```
open (unit=14, file=trim (monomers ab data) // ham.dat', status='old', acti
on='read', IOSTAT=stat)
  if (stat /= 0) then
write(*,*) '---ERROR OPENING THE DATA OF MON HAMAMILTONIAN---'
stop
end if
open(unit=15, file=trim(monomers ab data)//' ovlp.dat', status='old', act
ion='read',IOSTAT=stat)
 if (stat /= 0) then
write(*,*) '---ERROR OPENING THE DATA OF MON OVERLAP---'
stop
end if
   do n=1,LHX
      read(14,*) (ListHX(m,n,p),p=1,LHX)
      read(15, \star) (ListSX(m, n, p), p=1, LHX)
   end do
  close(unit=14)
   close(unit=15)
end do
1-----
!account for the set of reduce levels, the reduce isolate Hamiltonian
!and overlap matrix neede for calculations of the reduce pertubation
!matrix and the total isolate GF of a chain of monomers
do m=1,NB
 if (NL==1) then
 ListLevX (m, 1) = ListHOMX (m) - 1
else
 do n=1, NL-1
               !only HOMO's
  ListLevX(m,n)=ListHOMX(m)-NL+n
! ListLev(m, n) = ListHOM1(m) - NL+n+1
! ListLev(m, n+NL) = ListHOM2(m) - NL+n+1
  end do
!LUMO+2 (r)
ListLevX (m, NL) = ListHOMX(m) + 2
end if
end do
do m=1,NB
 do n=1,NL
    do p=1,NL
    ListSRedX(m,n,p)=ListSX(m,ListLevX(m,n),ListLevX(m,p))
    end do
```

```
end do
end do
return
end subroutine nucl data
******
subroutine pairs data
!-----
!This subroutine open the files that contein all information about
!first principal calculations of the pair of monomomers, i.e. the
!information of the fragmnets, the Fock and overlap matrix. These
informaton
!are stored in following files calling A1A2 lev.dat, A1A2 ham.dat, and
!A1A2 ovlp.dat, where A1 and A2 are the monomers units according to
!project defined in the input data (DNA or PROTEIN).
!The file lev.dat, containing iformation about levels position in the
!Fock-matrix of a pair, the total number of levels, the position of the
HOMO's
!of each fragment in the pair, and the isolate Hamiltonian matrix
!whereas the files ham.dat and ovlp.dat just contain the Hamiltonian
!overlap matrix of the pair of monomers.
!This subroutine take as input the name of pair of monomers (file),
!and return as output the zise of Fock matrix (LH), the HOMO's position
!of each fragment (HOMO1 and HOMO2), and the isolated hamiltonian of
!pair (H0).
!-----
integer
                                 :: k, m, n, p, j
character (150)
                               ::dimers ab data
character (2)
                                 ::x,y
integer
                                 ::ind2,frag n2,occp2
real*8
                                 ::energy2
character(2)
                                 ::frag t2
integer
                                 ::stat
!all input data
!-----
```

!allocate the memory for the arrays that stored the data

```
!-----
allocate(ListOrdXY(NS))
allocate(ListHOMXY1(NS))
allocate (ListHOMXY2 (NS))
allocate(ListLHXY(NS))
allocate(ListSXY(NS, NMAX, NMAX))
allocate(ListHXY(NS, NMAX, NMAX))
allocate(ListLevXY(NS, 2*NL))
allocate(ListSRedXY(NS,2*NL,2*NL))
allocate(ListEveXY(NS,NMAX,NMAX))
allocate(ListEvaXY(NS,NMAX,1))
allocate(ListEveRedXY(NS, 2*NL, NMAX))
!-----
!open the files _lev.dat, _ham.dat and _ovlp.dat, to read the
information of
!fragment and the Fock and overlap matix of each pair.
|-----
do m=1, NS
dimers ab data=trim(path)//ListOrdXY(m)
open(UNIT=17, file=trim(dimers ab data)//' lev.dat', status='old', action
='read', IOSTAT=stat)
 if (stat /= 0) then
write(*,*) '---ERROR OPENING THE DATA OF DIMERS LEVELS---'
stop
end if
!read the zise of the Hamiltonian
 read(17, *, IOSTAT=stat)LHXY
ListLHXY (m) = LHXY
do k=1, LHXY
  read(17,*,IOSTAT=stat)ind2,occp2,energy2,frag t2,frag n2
!stored the isolated hamiltonian
     ListHOXY (m, k, 1) = energy2
!search for the HOMO's of each fragment
    if (occp2==2 .and. frag t2==ListOrdXY(m)(1:1)//'1')then
      HOMOXY1=k
    end if
   if (occp2==2 .and. frag t2==ListOrdXY(m)(2:2)//'2')then
      HOMOXY2=k
```

```
end if
end do
close(unit=17)
  ListHOMXY1 (m) = HOMOXY1
  ListHOMXY2 (m) = HOMOXY2
!-----
!read the Hamitonian and overlap amtrix
!-----
open (unit=18, file=trim (dimers ab data) //' ham.dat', status='old', action
='read', IOSTAT=stat)
   if (stat /= 0) then
write(*,*) '---ERROR OPENING THE DATA OF DIMERS HAMILTONIAN---'
stop
end if
open (unit=19, file=trim(dimers ab data) //' ovlp.dat', status='old', actio
n='read',IOSTAT=stat)
   if (stat /= 0) then
write(*,*) '---ERROR OPENING THE DATA OF DIMERS OVERLAP---'
stop
end if
  do n=1, LHXY
     read(18, *)(ListHXY(m, n, p), p=1, LHXY)
     read(19, \star) (ListSXY(m, n,p), p=1, LHXY)
   end do
  close (unit=18)
  close(unit=18)
end do
!-----
!account for the set of reduce levels, the reduce isolate Hamiltonian
!and overlap matrix neede for calculations of the reduce pertubation
!matrix and the total isolate GF of a chain of monomers
!-----
do m=1,NS
if (NL==1) then
ListLevXY (m, 1) = ListHOMXY1 (m) -1
ListLevXY (m, 2) = ListHOMXY2 (m) - 1
else
do n=1, NL-1
            !only HOMO's
 ListLevXY(m,n)=ListHOMXY1(m)-NL+n
 ListLevXY(m, n+NL) = ListHOMXY2(m) - NL+n
end do
ListLevXY (m, NL) = ListHOMXY1 (m) + 2
```

```
ListLevXY (m, 2*NL) = ListHOMXY2 (m) + 2
end if
end do
do m=1,NS
 do n=1,2*NL
   do p=1,2*NL
    ListSRedXY(m,n,p)=ListSXY(m,ListLevXY(m,n),ListLevXY(m,p))
end do
end do
return
end subroutine pairs data
*****
subroutine nucl coeff(nucl)
implicit none
integer
                                          ::nucl
                                          ::WORK1
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:)
integer
                                          ::n, ii, jj, kmax
integer
                                          ::info1,LWORK1,LWMAX1
character
                                         ::v,u,1
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                         ::tempEveX
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:)
                                         ::tempEvaX
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                         ::tempEveRX
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                         ::tempSX
external dsygv
kmax=ListLHX(nucl)
LWORK1=max(1,3*kmax-1)
allocate(tempEvaX(kmax))
allocate(tempEveX(kmax,kmax))
allocate(tempEveRX(kmax, NL))
allocate(tempSX(kmax,kmax))
allocate(WORK1(LWORK1))
tempSX = 0.0d00
tempEveX = 0.0d0
do ii=1, kmax
do jj=1,ii
 tempSX(ii,jj) = ListSX(nucl,ii,jj)
  tempEveX(ii,jj) = CF*ListHX(nucl,ii,jj)
```

```
end do
end do
call
dsygv(1, 'v', 'l', kmax, tempEveX, kmax, tempSX, kmax, tempEvaX, WORK1, LWORK1, i
  if (infol .gt.0) then
   print *,'ERROR:, failed to compute evalues and evectors of
matrixH=',nucl
     stop
   end if
do ii=1, kmax
  ListEvaX(nucl, ii, 1) = tempEvaX(ii)
 do jj=1, kmax
    ListEveX(nucl,ii,jj) = tempEveX(ii,jj)
 end do
end do
do ii = 1, NL
   do jj=1, kmax
     ListEveRedX(nucl,ii,jj) = ListEveX(nucl,ListLevX(nucl,ii),jj)
   end do
end do
!deallocate(tempEva(kmax))
!deallocate(tempEve(kmax, kmax))
!deallocate(tempEveR(kmax, 2*NL))
!deallocate(tempS(kmax,kmax))
!deallocate(WORK(LWORK))
return
end subroutine nucl coeff
*****
subroutine pair coeff(pnucl)
implicit none
integer
                                          ::pnucl
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:)
                                          ::WORK2
                                          ::n, ii, jj, kmax
integer
integer
                                          ::info2,LWORK2,LWMAX2
character
                                          ::v,u,l
                                          ::tempEveXY
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                         ::tempEvaXY
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:)
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                          ::tempEveRXY
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                          ::tempSXY
```

```
external dsygv
kmax=ListLHXY(pnucl)
LWORK2=max(1,3*kmax-1)
allocate(tempEvaXY(kmax))
allocate(tempEveXY(kmax, kmax))
allocate(tempEveRXY(kmax, 2*NL))
allocate(tempSXY(kmax,kmax))
allocate(WORK2(LWORK2))
tempSXY = 0.0d00
tempEveXY = 0.0d0
do ii=1, kmax
do jj=1,ii
  tempSXY(ii,jj) = ListSXY(pnucl,ii,jj)
   tempEveXY(ii,jj) = ListHXY(pnucl,ii,jj)
end do
end do
call
dsygv(1, 'v', 'l', kmax, tempEveXY, kmax, tempSXY, kmax, tempEvaXY, WORK2, LWORK
2, info2)
  if (info2 .gt.0) then
    print *, 'ERROR:, failed to compute evalues and evectors of
matrixH=',pnucl
     stop
   end if
do ii=1, kmax
 ListEvaXY(pnucl,ii,1) = tempEvaXY(ii)
do jj=1, kmax
    ListEveXY(pnucl,ii,jj) = tempEveXY(ii,jj)
end do
end do
do ii = 1,2*NL
   do jj=1, kmax
     ListEveRedXY(pnucl,ii,jj) =
ListEveXY(pnucl, ListLevXY(pnucl, ii), jj)
   end do
end do
!deallocate(tempEva(kmax))
!deallocate(tempEve(kmax,kmax))
!deallocate(tempEveR(kmax, 2*NL))
!deallocate(tempS(kmax,kmax))
```

```
!deallocate(WORK(LWORK))
return
end subroutine pair coeff
*****
subroutine tnucl coeff
implicit none
               ::1
integer
do l=1, NB
call nucl coeff(1)
end do
return
end subroutine tnucl coeff
*****
subroutine tpair coeff
implicit none
integer
               ::1
do l=1,NS
call pair coeff(l)
end do
return
end subroutine tpair coeff
******
subroutine total data
call input data
call nucl data
call tnucl coeff
call pairs data
call tpair_coeff
return
end subroutine total data
subroutine nucl greenf(mon1, Ei1, r, s, nuclGFrs)
______
1-----
```

```
implicit none
character(2), intent(in)
                           ::mon1
real*8, intent(in)
                            ::Ei1
integer, intent(in)
                            ::r,s
complex*16, intent(out)
                            ::nuclGFrs
integer
                            ::indx1,j1
real*8
                            ::numer1
complex*16
                            ::denom1
                           ::eveTrpX
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
!Search for thr position of the pair in the ListOrde array for pointer
!multi-dimensional arry that stored the inut data
do j1=1, NB
 if (ListOrdX(j1) == mon1) then
  indx1=j1
 end if
end do
allocate(eveTrpX(NMAX,NMAX))
eveTrpX = transpose(ListEveX(indx1,:,:))
!inizialite the variables
I -----
nuclGFrs = cmplx(0.0d00, 0.0d00)
!-----
!the calculation of rs component of the GF
1-----
do j1=1,ListLHX(indx1)
  numer1 = ListEveX(indx1,r,j1)*eveTrpX(j1,s)
  denom1 = cmplx(Ei1, delta) -ListEvaX(indx1, j1, 1)
  nuclGFrs = nuclGFrs + numer1/denom1
end do
!deallocate(eveTrp(NMAX,NMAX))
return
end subroutine
******
```

```
subroutine pair greenf(pair1,Ei2,r,s,pairGFrs)
!-----
______
!Subroutine that calculate the r,s component of the Green's function
(retarded) of
! a pair of monomers A1A2 defined as \langle r|G(A1,A2)|s\rangle, where G is the
total GF matrix.
!This subroutine take as input the pair of monomers (file), the energy
(Ei), the r,s
!component of the matrix, and return as output the r,s component of
the GF (pairGFrs).
!Since the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the Hamiltonians of each
pair are known, one
!can use the spectral decomposition matrix for calculate the pair GF,
given by the expression:
!
        \langle r|G(A1,A2)|s \rangle = sum k (C(r,k)C*(k,s)/(E-E(k)))
!with C(i,j) are the i,j component of the matrix eigenvector, and, E(k)
the eigenvalues
!-----
_____
implicit none
character(2),intent(in)
                                 ::pair1
real*8, intent(in)
                                  ::Ei2
integer, intent(in)
                                 ::r,s
complex*16, intent(out)
                                 ::pairGFrs
integer
                                  ::indx2,j2
real*8
                                  ::numer2
complex*16
                                  ::denom2
real*8,allocatable,dimension(:,:) ::eveTrpXY
I-----
!Search for thr position of the pair in the ListOrdeXY array for
pointer to the
!multi-dimensional arry that stored the inut data
do j2=1, NS
 if (ListOrdXY(j2) == pair1) then
  indx2=j2
 end if
end do
allocate(eveTrpXY(NMAX,NMAX))
eveTrpXY = transpose(ListEveXY(indx2,:,:))
```

```
!-----
!inizialite the variables
!-----
pairGFrs = cmplx(0.0d00, 0.0d00)
I-----
!the calculation of rs component of the GF
do j2=1,ListLHXY(indx2)
  numer2 = ListEveXY(indx2,r,j2)*eveTrpXY(j2,s)
  denom2 = cmplx(Ei2,delta)-ListEvaXY(indx2,j2,1)
  pairGFrs = pairGFrs + numer2/denom2
end do
!deallocate(eveTrp(NMAX,NMAX))
return
end subroutine
******
subroutine rdnucl greenf(mon2,Ei3,rdnuclGF)
!-----
_____
!Subroutine that calculate the reduce Green's function matrix, i.e.
the GF projecte over a
!small set of selected levels. It is a 2x2 block matrix with block
elements, G(Ai,Aj), i,j=1,2,
!where the four block are: G(A1,A1), G(A1,A2), G(A2,A1) and
G(A2, A2). The zise of each block
!NLxNL, with NL is the total number of selected levels.
!This subroutine take as input the pair of monomers (file), the energy
(Ei), and return as
! output the the reduce GF matrix (pairGFrs) at the given energy of
the particular pair.
!As in case of the s,r, component of GF, one ca use the spectral
decomposition fo calulate
!the reduce GF of a pais (see the pair greenf subroitine)
!Note: Ai, Aj, with i, j=1,2, means fragment Ai and fragment Aj.
1-----
implicit none
character(2), intent(in)
                                      ::mon2
```

```
real *8, intent(in)
                                        ::Ei3
real*8, dimension (NL, NL), intent (out)
                                        ::rdnuclGF
integer
                                        ::indx3,p1,k1,k2
real*8
                                        ::numer3
real*8
                                        ::denom3
real*8
                                        ::tempqfX
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                        ::rdeveTrpX
!-----
!Search for thr position of the pair in the ListOrde array for pointer
!multi-dimensional arry that stored the inut data
1-----
do p1=1, NB
 if (ListOrdX(p1) == mon2) then
  indx3=p1
 end if
end do
allocate(rdeveTrpX(NMAX,NL))
rdeveTrpX = transpose(ListEveRedX(indx3,:,:))
!-----
!inizialite the variables
rdnuclGF = 0.0d00
!-----
!the calculation of the reduce GF matrix
!-----
do k1=1, NL
 do k2=1, NL
   do p1=1,ListLHX(indx3)
    numer3 = ListEveRedX(indx3, k1, p1) *rdeveTrpX(p1, k2)
    denom3 = Ei3 - ListEvaX(indx3,p1,1)
   rdnuclGF(k1, k2) = rdnuclGF(k1, k2) + numer3/denom3
   end do
 end do
end do
!deallocate(rdeveTrp(2*NL,NMAX))
return
end subroutine rdnucl greenf
```

```
******
subroutine rdpair greenf(pair2,Ei4,rdpairGF)
_____
!Subroutine that calculate the reduce Green's function matrix, i.e.
the GF projecte over a
!small set of selected levels. It is a 2x2 block matrix with block
elements, G(Ai,Aj), i,j=1,2,
!where the four block are: G(A1,A1), G(A1,A2), G(A2,A1) and
G(A2, A2). The zise of each block
!NLxNL, with NL is the total number of selected levels.
!This subroutine take as input the pair of monomers (file), the energy
(Ei), and return as
! output the the reduce GF matrix (pairGFrs) at the given energy of
the particular pair.
!As in case of the s,r, component of GF, one ca use the spectral
decomposition fo calulate
!the reduce GF of a pais (see the pair greenf subroitine)
!
!Note: Ai, Aj, with i, j=1,2, means fragment Ai and fragment Aj.
!-----
implicit none
character(2), intent(in)
                                            ::pair2
real*8, intent(in)
                                            ::Ei4
real*8, dimension (2*NL, 2*NL), intent (out)
                                            ::rdpairGF
                                            ::indx4,p1,k1,k2
integer
real*8
                                            ::numer4
real*8
                                            ::denom4
real*8
                                            ::tempqfXY
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                            ::rdeveTrpXY
!-----
!Search for thr position of the pair in the ListOrde array for pointer
!multi-dimensional arry that stored the inut data
1-----
do p1=1, NS
 if (ListOrdXY(p1) == pair2) then
  indx4=p1
 end if
end do
allocate(rdeveTrpXY(NMAX,2*NL))
```

```
rdeveTrpXY = transpose(ListEveRedXY(indx4,:,:))
!inizialite the variables
!-----
rdpairGF = 0.0d00
!-----
!the calculation of the reduce GF matrix
I-----
do k1=1,2*NL
 do k2=1,2*NL
   do p1=1,ListLHXY(indx4)
    numer4 = ListEveRedXY(indx4,k1,p1)*rdeveTrpXY(p1,k2)
    denom4 = Ei4 - ListEvaXY(indx4,p1,1)
   rdpairGF(k1, k2) = rdpairGF(k1, k2) + numer4/denom4
 end do
end do
!deallocate(rdeveTrp(2*NL,NMAX))
return
end subroutine rdpair greenf
*****
subroutine rdnucl hamt(mon3,Ei5,rdmonH)
_____
implicit none
character(2), intent(in)
                                   ::mon3
real*8, intent(in)
                                    ::Ei5
real*8, dimension (NL, NL), intent (out)
integer
                                   ::indx5,j1
! temporary matrices that stored the isolate hamiltonian and the
reduce GF
!-----
!real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                   ::temprdGF0X
```

```
!-----
!input for inversion with lapack[1] library (zgetrf and zgetri
subroutines)
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:)
                             ::WORK3
integer, allocatable, dimension(:)
                             ::ipvt3
                             ::info3,LWORK3
integer
!real*8, dimension (NL, NL)
                              ::idt3
external dgetrf
external dgetri
LWORK3=max(1,NL)
I -----
!Allocate the memory
1-----
!allocate(temprdGF0X(NL,NL))
allocate(temprdGFX(NL,NL))
allocate(WORK3(LWORK3))
allocate(ipvt3(NL))
!-----
!inizialite the variables
!-----
rdmonH = 0.0d00
!temprdGF0X = 0.0d00
!idt3 = 0.0d00
!-----
!call the rdpair_greenf subroutine to get the rdpairGF
I -----
call rdnucl greenf(mon3,Ei5,temprdGFX)
I-----
!Search for thr position of the pair in the ListOrde array for pointer
!multi-dimensional arry that stored the inut data
```

::temprdGFX

real\*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)

do j1=1, NB

```
if (ListOrdX(j1) == mon3) then
  indx5=j1
 end if
end do
!do j1=1,NL
!idt3(j1,j1)=1.00d00
!end do
!-----
!the calculation of g(Ai,Aj)^-1 = E-HO(Ai,Aj)
I -----
! temprdGF0X = Ei5*ListSRedX(indx5,:,:)
!-----
!inversion of reduce pair GF
!-----
call dgetrf(NL, NL, temprdGFX, NL, ipvt3, info3)
if (info3 .gt.0) then
 write (*, *) 'ERROR:, failed to compute IP list for inversion of
rdGFX', mon3
stop
end if
call dgetri(NL, temprdGFX, NL, ipvt3, WORK3, LWORK3, info3)
if (info3 .gt.0) then
 write(*,*)'ERROR:, failed to compute the inverse matrix of
rdGFX', mon3
stop
end if
!-----
!calculation of reduce perturbation matrix rdpairV
rdmonH = Ei5*ListSRedX(indx5,:,:) - temprdGFX
!dealocate the memory
!-----
!deallocate(temprdGF0(2*NL,2*NL))
!deallocate(temprdGF(2*NL,2*NL))
```

```
!deallocate(WORK1(LWORK1))
!deallocate(ipvt1(2*NL))
return
end subroutine rdnucl hamt
******
subroutine total rdnuclH
implicit none
integer
                                 ::q
allocate(rdVNSX(NB,NL,NL))
do q=1, NB
call rdnucl hamt(ListOrdX(q), test E, rdVNSX(q,:,:))
end do
return
end subroutine total rdnuclH
subroutine rdpair pert(pair3,Ei6,rdpairV)
!-----
!Subroutine compute the reduce pair perturbation matrix come from the
decouplin
!the set of selected levels of the total Fock matrix Hamiltonian.
!The subroutine take as input variables the pari of monomers
(file), the energy (Ei) .
!and return as output the reduce perturbation matrix (rdpairV)
!The rdpairV is a 2x2 block matrix, with each block of zise NLxNL,
given by
!
             V(Ai,Aj) = g(Ai,Aj)^{-1} - G(Ai,Aj)^{-1}
!where NL is the number of levels, g(Ai, Aj) the isolate reduce GF, and
G(Ai,Aj) the
!redduce GF matirx of pair AiAj.
!Note: Ai, Aj, with i, j=1,2, means fragment Ai and fragment Aj.
· ------
_____
implicit none
character(2), intent(in)
                                            ::pair3
real*8, intent(in)
                                            ::Ei6
real*8, dimension(2*NL, 2*NL), intent(out)
                                            ::rdpairV
                                            ::indx6,indx7,j1
integer
```

```
!-----
! temporary matrices that stored the isolate hamiltonian and the
reduce GF
!-----
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                              ::temprdVXY
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                              ::temprdGFXY
!-----
!input for inversion with lapack[1] library (zgetrf and zgetri
subroutines)
!-----
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:)
                               ::WORK4
integer, allocatable, dimension(:)
                               ::ipvt4
                               ::info4,LWORK4
integer
!real*8, dimension(2*NL,2*NL)
                               ::idt4
external dgetrf
external dgetri
LWORK4=max(1,2*NL)
!-----
!Allocate the memory
!-----
allocate(temprdVXY(2*NL,2*NL))
allocate (temprdGFXY (2*NL, 2*NL))
allocate(WORK4(LWORK4))
allocate(ipvt4(2*NL))
!-----
!inizialite the variables
!-----
rdpairV = 0.0d00
temprdVXY = 0.0d00
!idt4 = 0.0d00
!-----
!call the rdpair greenf subroutine to get the rdpairGF
call rdpair greenf(pair3,Ei6,temprdGFXY)
```

```
!-----
!Search for thr position of the pair in the ListOrde array for pointer
!multi-dimensional arry that stored the inut data
do j1=1, NS
 if (ListOrdXY(j1) == pair3) then
  indx6=j1
 end if
end do
!do j1=1,2*NL
!idt4(j1,j1)=1.00d00
!end do
do j1=1, NB
  if(pair3(1:1) == ListOrdX(j1)) then
   indx7=j1
  end if
end do
temprdVXY(1:NL,1:NL) = rdVNSX(indx7,:,:)
do j1=1, NB
  if(pair3(2:2) == ListOrdX(j1)) then
   indx7=j1
  end if
end do
temprdVXY(NL+1:2*NL, NL+1:2*NL) = rdVNSX(indx7,:,:)
!-----
!the calculation of g(Ai,Aj)^-1 = E-HO(Ai,Aj)
!-----
 temprdVXY = Ei6*ListSRedXY(indx6,:,:) - temprdVXY
!-----
!inversion of reduce pair GF
1-----
call dgetrf(2*NL, 2*NL, temprdGFXY, 2*NL, ipvt4, info4)
if (info4 .qt.0) then
```

```
write(*,*)'ERROR:, failed to compute IP list for inversion of
rdGFXY',pair3
stop
end if
call dgetri(2*NL,temprdGFXY,2*NL,ipvt4,WORK4, LWORK4, info4)
if (info4 .gt.0) then
 write(*,*)'ERROR:, failed to compute the inverse matrix of
rdGFXY', pair3
stop
end if
! \verb|calculation| of reduce perturbation| \verb|matrix| rdpairV|
!-----
rdpairV = temprdVXY - temprdGFXY
!-----
!dealocate the memory
!-----
!deallocate(temprdGF0(2*NL,2*NL))
!deallocate(temprdGF(2*NL,2*NL))
!deallocate(WORK1(LWORK1))
!deallocate(ipvt1(2*NL))
return
end subroutine rdpair pert
*****
subroutine total rdpert
implicit none
integer
                            ::q
call total rdnuclH
allocate (rdVNSXY (NS, 2*NL, 2*NL))
do q=1, NS
call rdpair pert(ListOrdXY(q), test E, rdVNSXY(q,:,:))
end do
return
end subroutine total rdpert
******
```

```
*****
subroutine total hamt
1-----
!Purpose:
!Subroutine for calculated the total Hamiltonian of a chain of
molecule of
!length N into the TB model with first NN interaction.
!one start we the sequencen of molecules : A1-A2-A3-----Ai-----
AN-1-AN;
!the total Hamiltonian and Overlap matrix of the chain can write as a
NxN block
!matrix with each block define as Hij=H(Ai, Aj), means the block matix
!to the molecule in the site i and the molecule in the site j.
!Into the first NN interaction TB model these blocks can be write as
    Hii = HO(Ai) + V11(Ai-1,Ai) + V11(Ai,Ai+1)
                                           i=1,N
!
    Hi, i+1 = V12(Ai, Ai+1) + V21(Ai, Ai+1)
                                           i=1, N-1
    Hi+1, i = V12(Ai+1,Ai) + V21(Ai+1,Ai)
                                           i=1, N-1
!
!
   Hij = 0 fof i .ne.j and abs(i-j) .ne.1
                                           i=1,N and j=1,N
!
   Sii = 1
                                            i=1,N
   Si,i+1 = S12(Ai,Ai+1) + S21(Ai,Ai+1)
Si+1,i = S12(Ai+1,Ai) + S21(Ai+1,Ai)
!
                                           i=1, N-1
                                           i=1, N-1
!
   Sij = 0 fof i .ne.j and abs(i-j) .ne.1
                                           i=1,N and j=1,N
!Where HO(Ai) is the isolate hamiltonian of the molecule in site i,
V11 (Ai-1, Ai), V11 (Ai, Ai+1)
!V12(Ai, Ai+1) and V21(Ai, Ai+1) are the block component of the
perturbation hamiltonian of pair
!wiht molecules in sites i-1 and i, and pair with molecule in sites i
and i+1.
!Note: remember that all these block are martice of zise NlxNl, with
nl the number of
!levels taken for the reduce representation
! Record of revisions
! Date Programer
                           Descripion of change
! -----
implicit none
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
                                        ::tH0
integer
                                        ::indx8,indx9
```

```
integer
                                                 ::i,j
allocate(totalH(NL*NM,NL*NM))
allocate(tH0(NL*NM,NL*NM))
call total rdpert
tH0 = 0.0d00
totalH = 0.0d00
do i=1,NM
do j=1, NB
 if (Seq(i) == ListOrdX(j)) then
  indx8=j
  end if
end do
 tHO((i-1)*NL+1:i*NL,(i-1)*NL+1:i*NL) = rdVNSX(indx8,:,:)
end do
do j=1,NS
  if (Coupl(1) == ListOrdXY(j)) then
   indx9=j
totalH(1:2*NL,1:2*NL) = rdVNSXY(indx9,1:2*NL,1:2*NL)
(Coupl(1) = ListOrdXY(j)(2:2) / ListOrdXY(j)(1:1).and.ListOrdXY(j)(1:1) /
=ListOrdXY(j)(2:2)) then
  indx9=j
totalH(1:NL,1:NL) = rdVNSXY(indx9, NL+1:2*NL, NL+1:2*NL)
totalH(NL+1:2*NL,NL+1:2*NL)=rdVNSXY(indx9,1:NL,1:NL)
totalH(1:NL,NL+1:2*NL) = rdVNSXY(indx9,1:NL,NL+1:2*NL)
totalH(NL+1:2*NL,1:NL) =rdVNSXY(indx9,NL+1:2*NL,1:NL)
  end if
end do
do i=2, NM-1
 do j=1, NS
  if (Coupl(i) ==ListOrdXY(j)) then
  indx9=j
  totalh((i-1)*NL+1:i*NL,(i-1)*NL+1:i*NL) = &
  totalH((i-1)*NL+1:i*NL,(i-1)*NL+1:i*NL) + rdVNSXY(indx9,1:NL,1:NL)
```

```
totalH((i-1)*NL+1:i*NL,i*NL+1:(i+1)*NL) =
rdVNSXY(indx9,1:NL,NL+1:2*NL)
     totalH(i*NL+1:(i+1)*NL,(i-1)*NL+1:i*NL) =
rdVNSXY(indx9,NL+1:2*NL,1:NL)
     totalH(i*NL+1:(i+1)*NL,i*NL+1:(i+1)*NL) =
rdVNSXY(indx9,NL+1:2*NL,NL+1:2*NL)
     else if
(Coupl(i) = ListOrdXY(j)(2:2) / ListOrdXY(j)(1:1).and.ListOrdXY(j)(1:1) / ListOrdXY(j)(1:1) / ListOrdXY(
=ListOrdXY(j)(2:2)) then
     indx9=j
     totalh((i-1)*NL+1:i*NL,(i-1)*NL+1:i*NL) = &
     totalH((i-1)*NL+1:i*NL,(i-1)*NL+1:i*NL) +
rdVNSXY(indx9, NL+1:2*NL, NL+1:2*NL)
     totalH((i-1)*NL+1:i*NL,i*NL+1:(i+1)*NL) =
rdVNSXY(indx9,1:NL,NL+1:2*NL)
     totalH(i*NL+1:(i+1)*NL,(i-1)*NL+1:i*NL) =
rdVNSXY(indx9,NL+1:2*NL,1:NL)
     totalh(i*NL+1:(i+1)*NL,i*NL+1:(i+1)*NL) = rdVNSXY(indx9,1:NL,1:NL)
    end if
  end do
end do
do j=1, NS
     if (Coupl(NM) == ListOrdXY(j)) then
       indx9=j
     totalH((NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL, (NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL) = &
     totalH((NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL,(NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL) +
rdVNSXY(indx9,1:NL,1:NL)
     totalH(1:NL,(NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL) = rdVNSXY(indx9,NL+1:2*NL,1:NL)
     totalH((NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL, 1:NL) = rdVNSXY(indx9,1:NL,NL+1:2*NL)
     totalh(1:NL,1:NL) = &
     totalH(1:NL,1:NL) + rdVNSXY(indx9,NL+1:2*NL,NL+1:2*NL)
  else if
(Coupl(NM) == ListOrdXY(j)(2:2)/ListOrdXY(j)(1:1).and.ListOrdXY(j)(1:1)
/=ListOrdXY(j)(2:2)) then
     indx9=j
     totalH((NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL, (NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL) = &
```

```
totalH((NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL,(NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL) +
rdVNSXY(indx9, NL+1:2*NL, NL+1:2*NL)
  totalH(1:NL,(NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL) = rdVNSXY(indx9,NL+1:2*NL,1:NL)
  totalh((NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL, 1:NL) = rdVNSXY(indx9,1:NL,NL+1:2*NL)
  totalh(1:NL,1:NL) = &
  totalH(1:NL,1:NL) + rdVNSXY(indx9,1:NL,1:NL)
 end if
end do
totalH= totalH + tH0
return
end subroutine total hamt
*****
subroutine total overlp
implicit none
                                          ::totalS
!real*8, allocatable, dimension(:,:)
integer
                                          ::indx10
integer
                                          ::i,j
allocate(totalS(NL*NM, NL*NM))
totalS=0.0d00
do i=1, NM-1
do j=1, NS
  if (Coupl(i) == ListOrdXY(j)) then
   indx10=j
   totalS((i-1)*NL+1:i*Nl,i*NL+1:(i+1)*Nl)=
ListSRedXY(indx10,1:NL,NL+1:2*NL)
   totalS(i*NL+1:(i+1)*Nl,(i-1)*NL+1:i*Nl)=
ListSRedXY(indx10,NL+1:2*NL,1:NL)
else if
(Coupl(i) = ListOrdXY(j)(2:2) / ListOrdXY(j)(1:1).and.ListOrdXY(j)(1:1) / ListOrdXY(j)(1:1)
=ListOrdXY(j)(2:2)) then
  indx10=j
totalS((i-1)*NL+1:i*Nl,i*NL+1:(i+1)*Nl)=
ListSRedXY(indx10,1:NL,NL+1:2*NL)
 totalS(i*NL+1:(i+1)*Nl,(i-1)*NL+1:i*Nl)=
ListSRedXY(indx10,NL+1:2*NL,1:NL)
```

```
end if
end do
end do
do j=1,NS
if (Coupl(NM) == ListOrdXY(j)) then
  indx10=j
  totalS(1:NL, (NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL) = ListSRedXY(indx10,1:NL,NL+1:2*NL)
  totalS((NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL,1:NL) = ListSRedXY(indx10,NL+1:2*NL,1:NL)
 else
if (Coupl (NM) ==ListOrdXY(j) (2:2) //ListOrdXY(j) (1:1) .and.ListOrdXY(j) (1:
1)/=ListOrdXY(j)(2:2)) then
  indx10=j
  totalS(1:NL, (NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL) = ListSRedXY(indx10, NL+1:2*NL, 1:NL)
  totalS((NM-1)*NL+1:NM*NL,1:NL) = ListSRedXY(indx10,1:NL,NL+1:2*NL)
end if
end do
do i=1,NM*NL
totalS(i, i)=1.00d00
end do
return
end subroutine total overlp
*****
*****
*****
*****
end module INIDATA
```

```
module TRANSPORT
use INIDATA
```

```
응응응응응응
contains
subroutine total greenf0(Ej3,totalGF0)
implicit none
real*8, intent(in)
                                              ::Ej3
complex*16, dimension (NM*NL, NM*NL), intent (out)
                                              ::totalGF0
integer
                                              ::i,j
real*8, dimension (NM*NL, NM*NL)
                                             ::ident1
                                              ::WORK5
complex*16, allocatable, dimension(:)
integer, allocatable, dimension(:)
                                              ::ipvt5
integer::stat
integer::info5,LWORK5
LWORK5 = max(1,NM*NL)
allocate(WORK5(LWORK5))
allocate(ipvt5(NM*NL))
ident1=0.0d00
do i=1,NM*NL
   ident1(i,i)=1.0d00
end do
totalGF0 = cmplx(Ej3,delta)*totalS - totalH
call zgetrf(NM*NL,NM*NL,totalGF0,NM*NL, ipvt5, info5)
if (info5 .gt.0) then
 print *,'ERROR:, failed to compute the PI values for totalGF0'
stop
end if
call zgetri(NM*NL,totalGF0,NM*NL,ipvt5,WORK5, LWORK5, info5)
if (info5 .gt.0) then
 print *, 'ERROR:, failed tocompute the inverse of totalGF0'
stop
end if
!deallocate(temp tH(NM*NL,NM*NL))
!deallocate(temp tS(NM*NL,NM*NL))
```

```
!deallocate(WORK2)
!deallocate(ipvt2)
return
end subroutine total greenf0
******
subroutine couple greenf(Ek1,SiteGF)
implicit none
real*8 ,intent(in)
                                          ::Ek1
complex*16, dimension (NM, NL, NL), intent(out) ::SiteGF
integer
                                         ::site,i,j
complex*16, allocatable, dimension (:,:)
                                         ::temptGF0,tempSGF
real*8, allocatable, dimension (:,:)
                                         ::ident
                                          ::WORK6
complex*16, allocatable, dimension(:)
integer, allocatable, dimension(:)
                                         ::ipvt6
integer
                                          ::stat, status
integer
                                          ::info6,LWORK6
LWORK6=max(1,NL)
allocate(temptGF0(NM*NL,NM*NL))
allocate(ident(NL,NL))
allocate(tempSGF(NL,NL))
allocate(WORK6(LWORK6))
allocate(ipvt6(NL))
do i=1,NL
 do j=1,NL
 if (i==j) then
   ident(i, i) = 1.0d00
 else
   ident(i,j) = 0.0d00
  end if
 end do
end do
call total greenf0(Ek1,temptGF0)
do site=1,NM
tempSGF = temptGF0((site-1)*NL+1:site*NL,(site-1)*NL+1:site*NL)
tempSGF = ident + cmplx(0.0d00,0.5d00*Gm)*tempSGF
call zgetrf(NL, NL, tempSGF, NL, ipvt6, info6)
 if (info6 .gt.0) then
```

```
print *, 'ERROR:, failed to compute IP values for site GF'
 stop
end if
call zgetri(NL, tempSGF, NL, ipvt6, WORK6, LWORK6, info6)
 if (info6 .qt.0) then
  print *, 'ERROR:, failed to compute the inverse for site GF'
 stop
end if
tempSGF = matmul(tempSGF, &
       temptGF0((site-1)*NL+1:site*NL,(site-1)*NL+1:site*NL))
SiteGF(site,:,:) = tempSGF
end do
!deallocate(temptGF0(NM*NL,NM*NL))
!deallocate(tempSGF(NL,NL))
!deallocate(ident(NL,NL))
!deallocate(WORK3(NL))
!deallocate(ipvt3(NL))
return
end subroutine couple greenf
*****
subroutine fermi dirac(x,FermiL,FermiR)
!Fermi-Dirac subroutine, for a given energy (input), it calculate
!the occupation in the left (fermil) and rigth (fermiR) electrode.
!subroutine take as input the energy (x), and return as output
!the value of the Fermi function in the left and right electrode
! (fermiL, fermiR)
implicit none
real*8
                     ::X
real*8
                     ::FermiL
real*8
                      ::FermiR
FermiL=1.0d0/((exp(x-MuL)/(Kb*Tp))+1.0d0)
FermiR=1.0d0/((exp(x-MuR)/(Kb*Tp))+1.0d0)
return
end subroutine fermi dirac
******
```

```
subroutine transm func(Ek2,SiteTransm)
implicit none
!integer
                                         ::site
real*8, intent(in)
                                         ::Ek2
real*8, dimension (NM), intent(out)
                                         ::SiteTransm
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:)
                                         ::transmF
complex*16,allocatable,dimension(:,:,:)
                                        ::tempSiteGF
complex*16,allocatable,dimension(:,:)
                                         ::tempst
integer
                                         ::j,k
allocate(tempSiteGF(NM, NL, NL))
allocate(transmF(NM))
allocate(tempst(NL,NL))
call couple greenf(Ek2,tempSiteGF)
do k=1, NM
 tempst = tempSiteGF(k,:,:)
transmF(k) = 0.0d00
tempst = matmul(tempst, conjg(transpose(tempst)))
do j=1,NL
   transmF(k) = transmF(k) + tempst(j,j)
 end do
end do
SiteTransm = ((Gm/2.0d00)**2)*transmF
!deallocate(tempSiteGF(NM, NL, NL))
!deallocate(transmF(NM))
!deallocate(tempst(NL,NL))
return
end subroutine transm func
*****
subroutine curr intg(Ek3,intg)
implicit none
                                 ::Ek3
real*8, intent(in)
real*8, dimension (NM), intent(out) ::intq
real*8, allocatable, dimension(:)
                                 ::tempTr
real*8
                                 ::fleft,fright
integer
                                 ::j
allocate(tempTr(NM))
```

```
call fermi dirac(Ek3,fleft,fright)
call transm func(Ek3, tempTr)
do j=1, NM
 intg(j) = (fleft-fright) *tempTr(j)
end do
!deallocate(tempTr(NM))
return
end subroutine curr intg
*****
integer function integrand(ndim, xx, ncomp, ff)
implicit none
                   ::ndim,ncomp
integer
real*8
                   :: xx(ndim), ff(ncomp)
real*8
                    ::lower,upper
call curr intg((MuR-MuL)*xx(1)+MuL,ff)
ff=(MuR-MuL)*ff
!integrand=0
return
end function integrand
subroutine land curr(LandCurr)
implicit none
real*8,dimension(NM),intent(out) ::LandCurr
integer
                          ::j
!-----
!parameters for cuba library
:: ndim = 2
integer, parameter
integer
                          :: ncomp
real*8,parameter
                          :: userdata = 0
                          :: nvec = 1
integer, parameter
real*8, parameter
                          :: epsrel = 1D-3
real*8, parameter
                          :: epsabs = 1D-10
                          :: seed = 0
integer, parameter
integer, parameter
                          :: mineval = 0
                          :: maxeval = 50000
integer, parameter
                          :: nstart = 1000
integer, parameter
```

```
:: nincrease = 500
integer, parameter
                                  :: nbatch = 1000
integer, parameter
                                  :: gridno = 0
integer, parameter
                                   :: statefile = ""
character*(*),parameter
                                  :: integral, error, prob
real*8, dimension (NM)
                                  :: verbose, nregions, neval, fail
integer
character*16
                                    ::env
integer*8,parameter
                                  ::spin = -1
integer, parameter
                                  ::last = 4
                                  ::flatness = 25.0d00
real*8, parameter
                                  ::nnew = 1000
integer, parameter
                                  ::key = 0
integer, parameter
ncomp = NM
!call getenv("CUBAVERBOSE",env)
!verbose=1
!read(env, *, iostat=fail, end=999, err=999)verbose
!999 continue
!select case(IntSub)
!case(1)
!call vegas (ndim, ncomp, integrand, userdata, nvec, &
      epsrel, epsabs, verbose, seed, &
!
      mineval, maxeval, nstart, nincrease, nbatch, &
      gridno, statefile, spin, &
       neval, fail, integral, error, prob)
!case(2)
!call suave(ndim, ncomp, integrand, userdata, nvec, &
          epsrel, epsabs, verbose + last, seed, &
!
         mineval, maxeval, nnew, flatness, &
!
         statefile, spin, &
         nregions, neval, fail, integral, error, prob)
!case(3)
!call divone(ndim, ncomp, integrand, userdata, nvec,&
          epsrel, epsabs, verbose + last, seed, &
!
         mineval, maxeval, nnew, flatness,&
          statefile, spin, &
          nregions, neval, fail, integral, error, prob)
!case default
call cuhre(ndim, ncomp, integrand, userdata, nvec,&
         epsrel, epsabs, verbose + last,&
         mineval, maxeval, key,&
         statefile, spin, &
        nregions, neval, fail, integral, error, prob)
```

!end select

do j=1,NM
<pre>LandCurr(j) = integral(j) end do</pre>
return
end subroutine land_curr
! *******************
******
! *********************
*********
end module TRANSPORT