AI\calendar - [2,12].py

```
# 0) Write a python program to generate Calendar for the given month and year? [2, 12]
 2
    import calendar
 3
    year = int(input("Enter the year: "))
 4
    month = int(input("Enter the month: "))
 5
 6
 7
    cal = calendar.TextCalendar(calendar.SUNDAY)
 8
 9
    month_cal = cal.formatmonth(year,month)
10
11
    print(month_cal)
12
13
14
    # 0) Write a python program to remove punctuations from the given string? [3, 21]
    import string
15
16
    str = input("Enter string: ")
17
18
    no_punc = ""
19
20
21
    for char in str:
22
        if char not in string.punctuation:
23
            no punc += char
24
25
    print(no_punc)
26
27
28
    # 0) Write a python program to sort the sentence in alphabetical order? [14, 24]
    sentence = input("Enter the sentence : ")
29
   words = sentence.split()
30
31
    words.sort()
    print("Sentence After Sorting The Words : ")
32
    print(" ".join(words))
33
34
35
36
    # Q) Write a python program to remove stop words for a given passage from a text file using
    NLTK?. [6]
37
    import nltk
    from nltk.corpus import stopwords
38
39
    file = open("sample.txt","r")
40
    text = file.read()
41
    file.close()
42
43
    tokens = nltk.word tokenize(text)
44
45
    stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
46
47
    filtered_tokens = []
48
    for w in tokens:
49
50
        if w.lower() not in stop_words:
            filtered tokens.append(w)
51
52
    filtered_text = " ".join(filtered_tokens)
53
54
55
    print(filtered text)
56
```

AI\Lemmatization [5].py

```
# 0) Write a python program to implement Lemmatization using NLTK [5]
 2
   import nltk
 3
 4
   from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
 5
   # Ensure necessary resources are available
 6
 7
   nltk.download('punkt tab')
   nltk.download('punkt')
 8
 9
   nltk.download('wordnet')
10
11
   text = "studies studying studied"
12
13
   # Tokenize the text
14
   tokenized_text = nltk.word_tokenize(text)
15
    print("Tokenized text:", tokenized_text)
16
    # Initialize the lemmatizer
17
   lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
18
19
   # Lemmatize tokens
20
21
   print("Lemmatized tokens:")
   for token in tokenized text:
22
23
        print(lemmatizer.lemmatize(token))
24
25
26
27
    # Q) Write a Program to Implement Tower of Hanoi using Python [16,23]
28
29
    def tower_of_hanoi(n, source, target, auxiliary):
30
        if n == 1:
            print(f"Move disk 1 from {source} to {target}")
31
32
            return
33
        tower of hanoi(n - 1, source, auxiliary, target)
34
        print(f"Move disk {n} from {source} to {target}")
35
        tower_of_hanoi(n - 1, auxiliary, target, source)
36
    if __name__ == "__main__":
37
38
        # Define the number of disks and the tower names
        num disks = int(input("Enter the number of disks: "))
39
40
        source tower = "Source"
        target tower = "Target"
41
        auxiliary_tower = "Auxiliary"
42
43
44
        # Run Tower of Hanoi algorithm
        tower of hanoi(num disks, source tower, target tower, auxiliary tower)
45
46
```

AI\ChatBot - [7, 10, 20, 22, 25].py

```
# Q) Build a bot which provides all the information related to you in college [7,10,20,22,
2
3
    import random
4
5
    def chatbot():
        print("Welcome to the College Information Chatbot! Type 'exit' to end.")
6
7
8
        responses = {
            "hi": "Hello! How can I assist you?",
9
10
            "application deadline": "The application deadline is August 31.",
            "admission requirements": "Admission requirements include SSC, HSG 2 TY Marksheet."
11
            "application status": "Application results will be available in September.",
12
            "scholarships": "Various scholarships, grants, and work-study options are
13
    available.",
            "bye": "Goodbye!"
14
15
        }
16
17
        default_responses = [
18
            "I'm not sure about that. Can you ask something else?",
            "I don't have information on that topic. Is there anything else I can help with?",
19
20
            "That's beyond my knowledge. Can I assist you with something else?"
21
        1
22
23
        while True:
            user input = input("You: ").lower().strip()
24
25
26
            if user_input == 'exit':
27
                print("Goodbye!")
28
                break
29
            elif user input in responses:
30
                print(f"Bot: {responses[user input]}")
31
            else:
32
                print(f"Bot: {random.choice(default responses)}")
33
    if __name__ == "__main__":
34
35
        chatbot()
36
```

10/25/24, 7:45 PM BFS - [4,5,6].py

$AI\BFS - [4,5,6].py$

```
# Q) Write a Python program to implement Breadth First Search algorithm. Refer the
    following graph as an Input for the program. [4,5,6]
 2
 3
    def bfs(graph, start, target):
 4
        visited = set()
        queue = [start]
 5
        visited.add(start)
 6
 7
 8
        while queue:
 9
            node = queue.pop(∅)
            print(node, end=" ")
10
11
12
            if node == target:
                print(f"\nTarget node '{target}' found.")
13
14
                return
15
16
            for neighbor in graph[node]:
                if neighbor not in visited:
17
18
                     visited.add(neighbor)
19
                     queue.append(neighbor)
20
        print(f"\nTarget node '{target}' not found.")
21
22
23
    graph = {
        '1': ['2', '3'],
24
        '2': ['4', '5'],
25
        '3': ['6', '7'],
26
27
        '4': ['8'],
28
        '5': ['8'],
29
        '6': ['8'],
        '7': ['8'],
30
31
        '8':[]
32
    }
33
34
    start = '1'
35
    target = '8'
36
37
    print("Breadth-First Search Traversal:")
38
    bfs(graph, start, target)
39
```

10/26/24, 11:30 AM DFS [2,3].py

AI\DFS [2,3].py

```
# 0) Write a Python program to implement Depth First Search algorithm. Refer the following
    graph as an Input for the program. [2,3]
 2
 3
    def dfs(graph, start, visited, target):
 4
        if start not in visited:
            print(start, end=" ")
 5
            visited.add(start)
 6
 7
            if start == target:
                print(f"Target found {target}")
 8
 9
                return True
10
            for neighbor in graph[start]:
11
12
                if dfs(graph, neighbor, visited, target):
                     return True
13
14
15
        return False
16
17
18
    # Example usage
19
    graph = {
        '1': ['2', '3'],
20
        '2': ['4'],
21
22
        '3': ['2'],
23
        '4': ['5','6'],
        '5': ['3','7'],
24
25
        '6': [],
        '7': ['6'],
26
27
28
   visited = set()
29
   start = '1'
   target = '7'
30
31
32
   print("Depth-First Search Traversal:")
33
   dfs(graph, start, visited, target)
34
```

AI\Alpha-Beta [22].py

```
# 0) Write a Program to Implement Alpha-Beta Pruning using Python [22]
    import math
 2
 3
 4
    def alphaBeta(depth, nodeIndex,alpha, beta, maxPlayer, values, target):
 5
        if depth == target:
            return values[nodeIndex]
 6
 7
 8
        if maxPlayer:
 9
            best = -math.inf
            for i in range(2):
10
11
                val = alphaBeta(depth + 1, nodeIndex * 2 + i,alpha, beta, False, values,
    target)
                best = max(best, val)
12
13
                alpha = max(alpha, best)
                if beta <= alpha:</pre>
14
15
                     break
16
            return best
17
        else:
18
            best = math.inf
            for i in range(2):
19
20
                val = alphaBeta(depth + 1, nodeIndex * 2 + i,alpha, beta, True, values, target)
                best = min(best, val)
21
22
                beta = min(beta, best)
23
                if beta <= alpha:</pre>
24
                    break
25
            return best
26
    # Test the algorithm
27
    values = [-1, 4, 2, 6, -3, -5, 0, 7]
28
    print(f"The optimal value is: {alphaBeta(0, 0, -math.inf, math.inf, True, values, 3)}")
29
30
31
32
    # Q) Write a Python program to implement Mini-Max Algorithm. [13 20]
33
34
35
    import math
36
    def minmax(depth, nodeIndex, maxPlayer, values, target):
37
        if depth == target:
38
39
            return values[nodeIndex]
40
41
        if maxPlayer:
            best = -math.inf
42
43
            for i in range(2):
                val = minmax(depth + 1, nodeIndex * 2 + i, False, values, target)
44
45
                best = max(best, val)
46
            return best
        else:
47
48
            best = math.inf
49
            for i in range(2):
50
                val = minmax(depth + 1, nodeIndex * 2 + i, True, values, target)
51
                best = min(best, val)
            return best
52
53
54
   # Test the algorithm
    values = [-1, 4, 2, 6, -3, -5, 0, 7]
55
    print(f"The optimal value is: {minmax(0, 0, True, values, 3)}")
```

AI\Two + Two [10,21,23,24].py

```
from itertools import permutations
2
3
4
    def solve_cryptarithmetic(equation):
        unique_letters = set("".join(equation))
5
6
7
        if len(unique letters) > 10:
            return "Invalid equation. More than 10 unique letters."
8
9
        # Convert the list of unique letters to a sorted list for consistent ordering
10
11
        unique_letters = sorted(unique_letters)
12
13
        for perm in permutations(range(10), len(unique_letters)):
14
            mapping = dict(zip(unique_letters, perm))
15
            # Skip leading zero cases
16
            if any(mapping[equation[i][0]] == 0 for i in range(len(equation))):
17
                continue
18
19
            # Calculate the values of each word based on the current mapping
20
            left_sum = sum(mapping[letter] * 10**i for i, letter in enumerate(equation[0][::-1]
21
    ))
            right_sum = sum(mapping[letter] * 10**i for i, letter in enumerate(equation[1]
22
    [::-1]))
23
            result sum = sum(mapping[letter] * 10**i for i, letter in enumerate(equation[2]
    [::-1]))
24
25
            # Check if the equation holds
26
            if left_sum + right_sum == result_sum:
27
                return {letter: mapping[letter] for letter in unique_letters}
28
29
        return "No solution found"
30
    if name == " main ":
31
        equation = ["TWO", "TWO", "FOUR"]
32
        solution = solve_cryptarithmetic(equation)
33
34
35
        if isinstance(solution, dict):
            print("Solution found:")
36
37
            for letter, value in solution.items():
38
                print(f"{letter}: {value}")
39
        else:
40
            print(solution)
41
```

AI\N - Queens [12,13, 14, 25].py

```
# 0) Write a Python program to simulate n-Queens problem. [12, 13, 14, 25]
 2
 3
   N = 4
 4
 5
    def print_board(board):
        for i in range(N):
 6
 7
            for j in range(N):
 8
                print(board[i][j], end=" ")
 9
            print()
10
11
    def is_safe(board, row, col):
        # Check the current row on the left side
12
13
        for i in range(col):
14
            if board[row][i] == 1:
15
                return False
16
        # Check upper diagonal on the left side
17
        for i, j in zip(range(row, -1, -1), range(col, -1, -1)):
18
19
            if board[i][j] == 1:
                return False
20
21
22
        # Check lower diagonal on the left side
23
        for i, j in zip(range(row, N), range(col, -1, -1)):
            if board[i][j] == 1:
24
25
                return False
26
27
        return True
28
29
    def solveNqueen(board, col):
30
        if col >= N:
            return True
31
32
33
        for i in range(N):
34
            if is safe(board, i, col):
35
                board[i][col] = 1 # Place queen
36
                if solveNqueen(board, col + 1): # Recur to place rest
                    return True
37
                board[i][col] = 0 # Backtrack if placing queen doesn't work
38
39
        return False
40
41
    board = [[0] * N for _ in range(N)]
42
43
44
    if not solveNqueen(board, 0):
        print("Solution does not exist")
45
46
    else:
47
        print board(board)
48
```

AI\tic-tac-toe [7,8,16].py

```
# 0) Write a Python program to solve tic-tac-toe problem. [7,8,16]
 2
    def print_board(board):
 3
 4
        for i in range(3):
            print(" | ".join(board[i*3:(i+1)*3]))
 5
            if i < 2:
 6
 7
                print("----")
 8
 9
    def check_winner(board, player):
10
        for i in range(3):
11
            if all(board[i*3+j] == player for j in range(3)) or \
               all(board[i+j*3] == player for j in range(3)):
12
13
                return True
14
        if all(board[i] == player for i in [0, 4, 8]) or \
15
           all(board[i] == player for i in [2, 4, 6]):
16
            return True
        return False
17
18
    def is full(board):
19
        return all(cell != " " for row in board for cell in row)
20
21
22
    def play game():
        board = [" " for _ in range(9)]
23
24
        current_player = "X"
25
26
        while True:
27
            print_board(board)
28
29
            move = int(input(f"Player {current_player}'s turn. Enter move (1-9): ")) - 1
30
            if move < 0 or move > 8:
31
                print("Invalid input. Enter a number between 1 and 9.")
32
33
                continue
34
            if board[move] != " ":
35
36
                print("That cell is already occupied. Try again.")
                continue
37
38
            board[move] = current player
39
40
            if check winner(board, current player):
41
42
                print_board(board)
43
                print(f"Player {current player} wins!")
44
                break
45
            if is_full(board):
46
47
                print board(board)
                print("It's a tie!")
48
                break
49
50
            current player = "0" if current player == "X" else "X"
51
52
   if __name__ == "__main__":
53
54
       play_game()
```