



Azure AD SCIM

Integration Guide





Table of Contents

Introduction	2
Azure AD Configuration	
Provisioning	
Group Provisioning	
User Provisioning	
Disable Group Provisioning	11
Envi Configuration	



Introduction

Envi supports **SCIM 2.0**, enabling user and group provisioning with various identity providers.

SCIM enables IT departments to automate provisioning and deprovisioning of accounts, which reduces manual redundant processes and increases security.

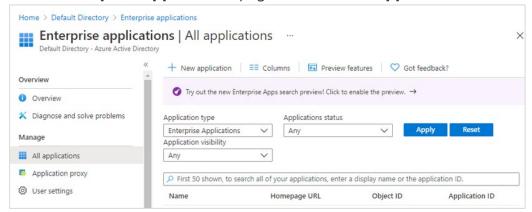
This step-by-step guide explains how to configure **Azure AD SCIM** connection with your **Envi** account.



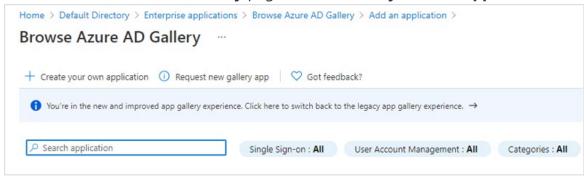
Azure AD Configuration

Perform the following steps to implement the **SCIM** provisioning with your **Envi** account.

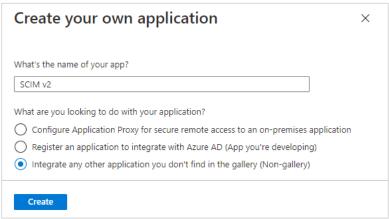
- 1. Sign in to the **Microsoft Azure** portal.
- 2. Select **Azure Active Directory** from the menu and **Enterprise applications** from the **Manage** section.
- 3. On the **Enterprise Applications** page, select **+New application**.



4. On the Browse Azure AD Gallery page, select Create your own application.

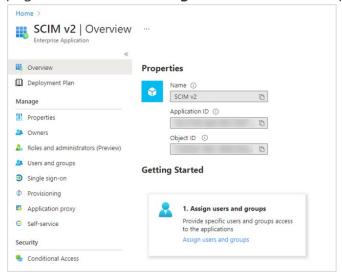


 On the Create your own application page, enter a name for the new application, then select Integrate any other application you don't find in the gallery (Non-gallery), and select Create.

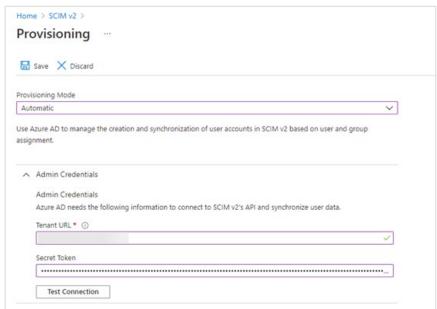




6. After you create the application, you will be redirected to the application details page. Select **Provisioning** in the menu to start provisioning.



- 7. On the **Provisioning** page, perform the following steps:
 - a. Set Provisioning Mode to Automatic.
 - b. In the **Tenant URL** box, enter the base URL of the **Envi SCIM** server + /scim (for example, https://scim.envi.net/scim).
 - c. In the **Secret Token** box, enter the **SCIM Token** obtained from the **Envi** application (the <u>Envi Configuration</u> section, step 5).
 - d. Select **Test Connection** which causes a test call from **Azure AD** to **Envi SCIM API** to make sure the entered information is correct.



8. After a successful test connection, you will see the notification:



9. Select Save.

At this point, your configuration is ready for use.

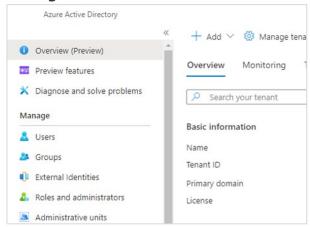


Provisioning

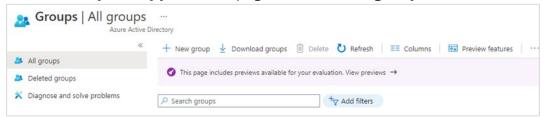
In this section, you will learn how to provision new users and groups.

Group Provisioning

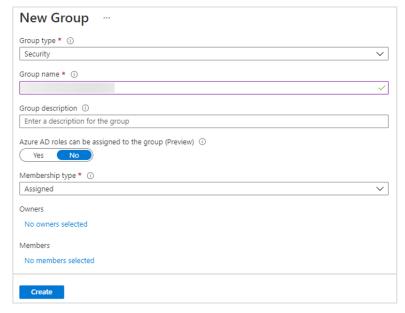
 To add a new group, go to Azure Active directory, then select Groups in the Manage menu.



2. On the **Enterprise Applications** page, select **+New group**.

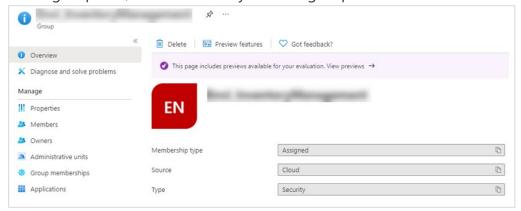


- 3. On the **New Group** page, perform the following steps:
 - a. In Group Type, set Security.
 - b. Enter Group name and Group description.
 - c. In Membership type, set Assigned.
 - d. Select Create.



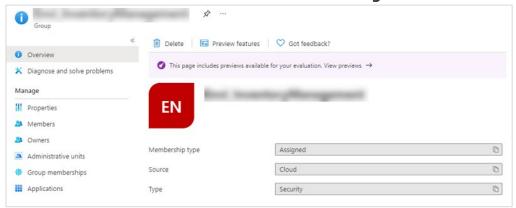


4. In the groups list, select the newly created group to view its details.

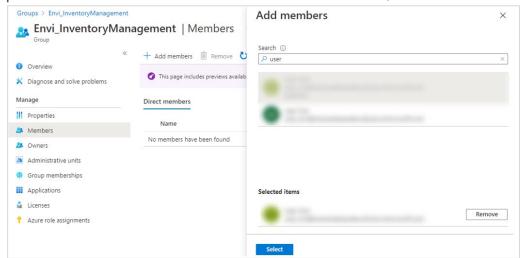


User Provisioning

1. To add new members, select **Members** in the **Manage** menu.



2. Select **+Add members**, then use the search to select all users that will be provisioned to **Envi**. When all needed users are added, select the **Select** button.



Note: Repeat the process of group creation and user assignment for all other users and groups that you want to add.

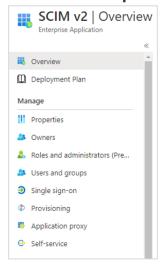
Note: If you are going to use group provisioning from **Azure AD** to **Envi**, you need to create a separate group for each **Envi** role. According to the configurations, your group name should have the same prefix as **User Role**



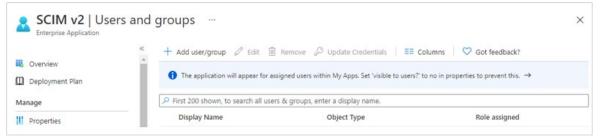
Prefix (Envi_) on the **SCIM Configuration** page (the Envi Configuration section).

If you are not going to use automatic user provisioning for groups, it is enough to have only one group, and you are free to set any name for it.

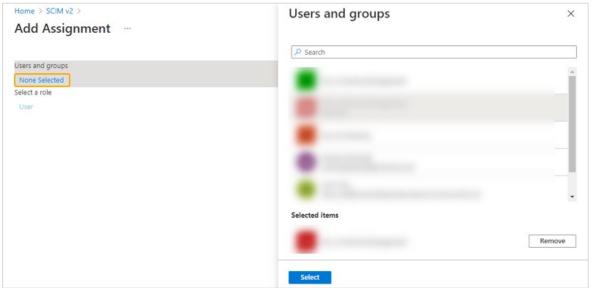
Go to the details of your Azure application (select Azure Active Directory >
Enterprise applications in the menu and an application in the list), then select
Users and Groups.



4. On the Add user/group page, select +Add user/group.

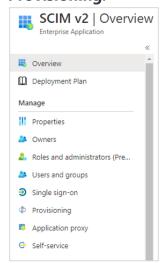


5. On the **Add Assignment** page, select **None Selected** and use the search to locate the needed groups. When all needed groups are selected, select the **Select** and then the **Assign** button.

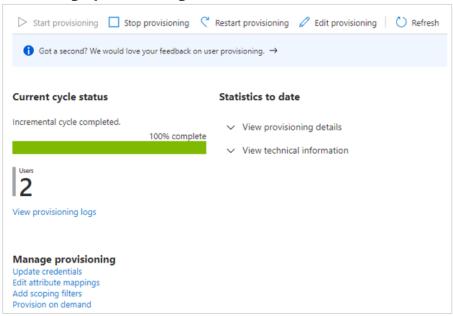




6. Go to the details of your **Azure** application (select **Azure Active Directory** > **Enterprise applications** in the menu and an application in the list), then select **Provisioning**.

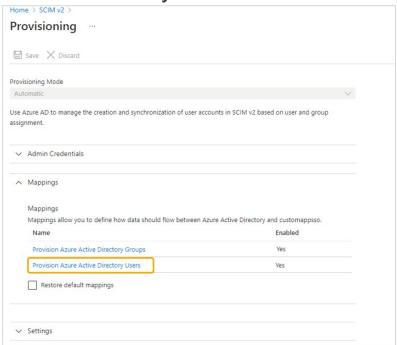


7. On the **Provisioning** page, select **Edit provisioning** or **Edit attributes mapping** in the **Manage provisioning** section.

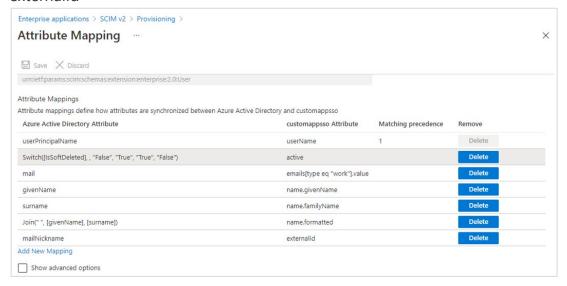




8. On the **Provisioning** page, expand the **Mappings** section, and select **Provision Azure Active Directory Users**.



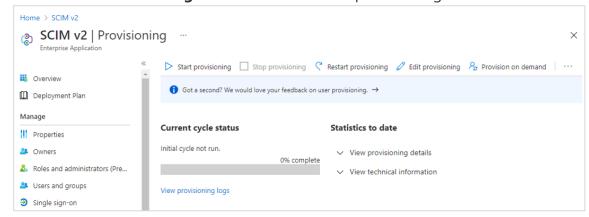
- 9. On the **Attribute Mapping** page, under the **Attribute Mappings** section, delete all the attributes that are not used by **Envi**. **Envi** uses the following attributes for user provisioning (the **Costomappsso Attribute** column on the screenshot):
 - userName
 - active, emails [type eq "work"].value
 - name.givenName
 - name.familyName
 - name.formatted
 - externalld



Note: Please make sure your configuration does not contain any redundant mappings; otherwise, delete them. If you need to delete an appropriate attribute, select **Delete** and save your changes.

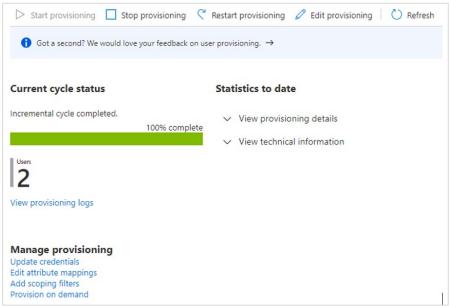


10. Select **Start Provisioning** to start the automatic provisioning.



Note: Azure AD has both user and group provisioning enabled by default. If you do not need group provisioning, please disable it prior to starting provisioning (the <u>Disable Groups Provisioning</u> section).

11. Select **Refresh** to refresh information related to provisioning. After completing the initial cycle, you will see the related information.

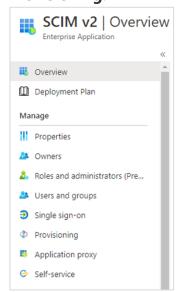


Now, the needed members and groups are added.

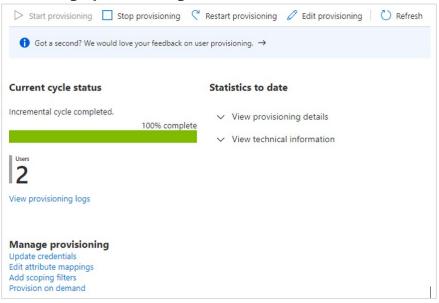


Disable Group Provisioning

Go to the details of your Azure application (select Azure Active Directory >
Enterprise applications in the menu and an application in the list), then select
Provisioning.

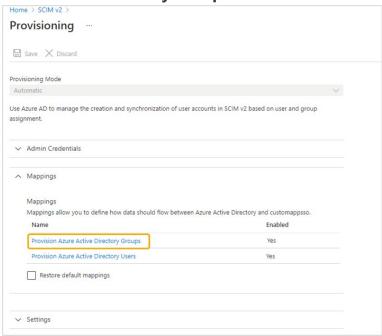


2. On the **Provisioning** page, select **Edit provisioning** or **Edit attributes mapping** in the **Manage provisioning** section.

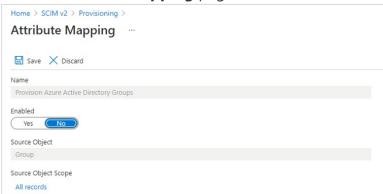




3. On the **Provisioning** page, expand the **Mappings** section, and select **Provision Azure Active Directory Groups**.



4. On the **Attribute Mapping** page, select **No** in **Enabled**, and select **Save**.



Now, your group provisioning is disabled.

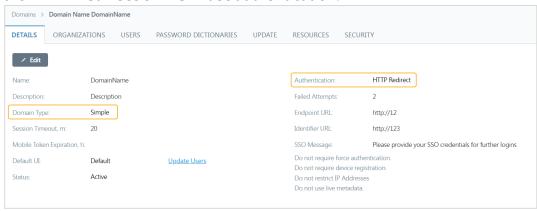


Envi Configuration

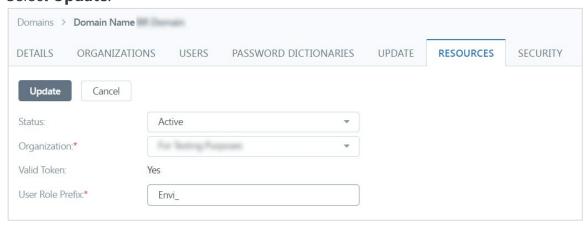
To synchronize **Azure AD** with **Envi** via **SCIM**, perform the following actions:

- 1. Sign in to the **Envi** application.
- 2. Go to My Profile > My Domain > Recourses tab.
- 3. On the **Recourses** tab, select the **SCIM Configuration** link.

Note: The link is only available for domains with the **Simple** domain type and with the **HTTP Redirect** or **WS Trust** authentication.



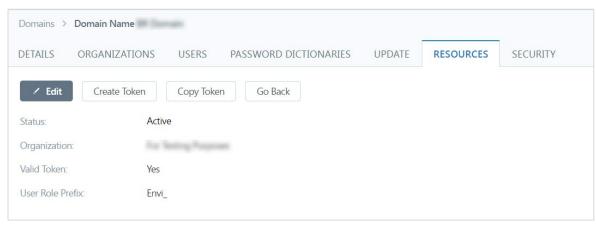
- 4. On the **SCIM Configuration** page, you will find the domain details of your configuration. By default, a new configuration will be **Inactive** and will contain no organizations. To proceed with further **SCIM** configuration, perform the following steps:
 - a. Select Edit.
 - b. In the **Status** dropdown, select **Active**.
 - c. In the **Organization** dropdown, select a needed organization.
 - d. Select **Update**.





5. Once you have updated **SCIM** configurations, select the **Create Token**, then **Copy Token** button.

Note: Enter the obtained **SCIM** token in the **Secret Token** box (<u>Azure AD Configuration</u>, step 7).



Now, **Azure AD SCIM** is configured and synchronized.