## NTJ UDESC

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1	Es	struturas	
1.	1 F	Fenwick Tree	
//	Bui Que Upd	cessas queries de operacao com inverso ld: O(n) ry: O(log(n)) late: O(log(n))	

```
struct fenwick {
    vector<ll> bit;
    fenwick(int n) { bit.assign(n+1, 0); }
    fenwick(vector<ll>& v) {
        int n = v.size();
        bit.assign(n+1, 0);
        for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) bit[i] = v[i-1];</pre>
        for(int i = 1, j = 2; i <= n; i++, j = i + (i &
           -i)) if(j <= n) {
            bit[j] += bit[i];
        }
    }
    11 query(int i){
        11 res = 0;
        for(; i; i -= (i & -i))
            res += bit[i];
        return res;
    11 query(int 1, int r){
        return query(r) - query(1-1);
    void update(int i, ll d){
        for(; i && i < (int)bit.size(); i += (i & -i))</pre>
            bit[i] += d;
    }
};
```

## 2 Grafos

## 2.1 Bridges e Edge Biconnected Components

```
// Acha todas as pontes em O(n)
// Tambem constroi a arvore condensada, mantendo
// so as pontes como arestas e o resto comprimindo
// em nodos
const int maxn = 4e5;
int n, m;
bool vis[maxn]:
int dp[maxn], dep[maxn];
vector < int > adj[maxn];
vector<ii> bridges;
void dfs_dp(int u, int p = -1, int d = 0){
    dp[u] = 0, dep[u] = d, vis[u] = 1;
     for(auto v : adj[u]) if(v != p) {
         if(vis[v]){
             if(dep[v] < dep[u]) dp[v] --, dp[u]++;
         } else {
             dfs_dp(v, u, d+1);
             dp[u] += dp[v];
         }
     }
     if(dp[u] == 0 && p != -1){ // edge {u, p} eh uma}
        ponte
         bridges.emplace_back(u, p);
     }
}
void find_bridges(){
     memset(vis, 0, n+1);
     for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++){</pre>
         if(!vis[i]) dfs_dp(i);
}
// EDGE BICONNECTED COMPONENTS (requer todo codigo acima)
int ebcc[maxn], ncc = 1;
vector < int > adjbcc[maxn];
```

```
void dfs_ebcc(int u, int p = -1, int cc = 1){
    vis[u] = 1;
    if(dp[u] == 0 \&\& p != -1){
        cc = ++ncc;
    ebcc[u] = cc:
    for(auto v : adj[u]) if(!vis[v]) {
        dfs_ebcc(v, u, cc);
    }
}
void build_ebcc_graph(){
    find_bridges();
    memset(vis, 0, n+1);
    for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++){</pre>
        if(!vis[i]) dfs_ebcc(i);
    // Opcao 1 - constroi o grafo condensado passando
       por todas as edges
    for(int u = 1; u <= n; u++){</pre>
        for(auto v : adj[u]){
            if(ebcc[u] != ebcc[v]){
                adjbcc[ebcc[u]].emplace_back(ebcc[v]);
            } else {
                // faz algo
        }
    }
    // Opcao 2 - constroi o grafo condensado passando so
       pelas pontes
    for(auto [u,v] : bridges){
        adjbcc[ebcc[u]].emplace_back(ebcc[v]);
        adjbcc[ebcc[v]].emplace_back(ebcc[u]);
    }
}
```

## 3 Extra

```
3.1 vimrc
set number
set nohls
set ai
set belloff=all
syntax on
filetype plugin indent on
set ts=4
set sw=4
set expandtab
set noshiftround
set showmode
set showcmd
" bracket remap
inoremap {} {} <Left><Return><Up><End><Return>
" bracket translator
" por cedilha
nnoremap c :g/{/normal kJx<return>
nnoremap C :g/{/normal $xo{<return>
3.2 template.cpp
// Templace C++
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void solve(){
}
```

```
int main(){
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0); cin.tie(0);
    solve();
}
```