Peer-methods

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# **Class Index**

## 1.1 Class List

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# File Index

## 2.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

peerMethods.h

File Index

## **Class Documentation**

## 3.1 return\_values Struct Reference

This struct contains the returning values from peer methods function.

```
#include <peerMethods.h>
```

## **Public Attributes**

- double \* yT
- int yT\_size
- double \* y
- int y\_rows
- int y\_cols
- double \* t
- int t\_size

## 3.1.1 Detailed Description

This struct contains the returning values from peer methods function.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• peerMethods.h

6 Class Documentation

## **File Documentation**

## 4.1 peerMethods.h File Reference

The library provides an implementation for the main function for solving peer method.

### **Classes**

• struct return\_values

This struct contains the returning values from peer methods function.

### **Macros**

- #define STAGES 2
- #define **a** 1.5
- #define **B1** 0.45
- #define **B2** 0.3611
- #define F 0.802
- #define **H** 0.802
- #define \$ 0.0002
- #define **d** 500
- #define **D** 0.802

### **Functions**

void initReturnStruct (return\_values \*rv)

Initialize the struct return\_values.

• int saveResultsInFile (const char \*fileName, return\_values result)

Save the struct return\_values in a file.

void defineLMatrix (double \*\*L, int \*LSize, double Delta\_x)

Spatial semi-discretization of the PDE (Partial Differential Equation). Build the matrix L to perform the spatial semi-discretization of the ODE.

• double \* Sherratt (const double \*y0, int y0Size, const double \*L, int Lsize, int \*sherrattSize)

Applies the Sherratt method.

 double \* RungeKutta4th (double h, double t0, const double \*y0, int y0Size, const double \*L, int Lsize, int \*ySize)

Returns the numerical approximation of the solution of the equation at the next time step, given the current one, by using Runge Kutta 4th order method.

 void fPeerClassic\_twoStages (int N, double \*t\_span, int t\_span\_size, const double \*L, int Lsize, const double \*y0, int y0 size, return values \*collect result)

Time discretization using peer methods. The method solve a large system of ODEs (Ordinary Differential Equations) by using peer methods.

void \* Malloc (size t size)

Function wrapper for malloc() function.

void \* Calloc (size t nmemb, size t size)

Function wrapper for calloc() function.

void initializeRandomVector (double \*vector, int N)

Initialize a vector with random values. NOTE: the seed must be initialized in the calling method.

void initializeRandomMatrix (double \*matrix, int M, int N)

Initialize a matrix with random values. NOTE: the seed must be initialized in the calling method.

int initMatrixByRowWithValuesFromVector (double \*matrix, int M, int N, double \*vector, int vector\_size)

Using a vector to initialize the matrix. The matrix and the vector must have the same dimension. For example, if the matrix A has 3 x 4 elements, the vector B must have 12 elements.

void initVectorWAnotherVector (double \*newVector, double \*oldVector, int n)

Using a vector to initialize another vector. The vectors must have the same dimension.

void freeEverything (void \*arg1,...)

Free a variable number of pointers.

• double \* intervalDiscretization (double first, double last, double step, int \*N)

Provide the discretization of an interval starting with first and ending with last.

double \* eyeD (int N)

Create identity matrix, a matrix in which the values on the main diagonal have value 1.

double \* onesD (int N)

Create array of all ones.

double \* zerosD (int N)

Create array of all zeros.

double \* zerosMatrixD (int M, int N)

Create matrix of all zeros.

double \* diagD (double \*vector, int size, int k, int \*matrix\_size)

Create diagonal matrix with all the elements of vector on the k-th diagonal.

• double \* packThreeMatrices (int n, double \*A, double \*B, double \*C)

Packing three square matrices side by side with the same dimension into a new big one.

double \* threeBlockDiagD (int n, double \*A, double \*B, double \*C, int \*blckSize)

Create a square block diagonal matrix made up of three matrices.

• double \* packThreeVectors (int n, double \*A, double \*B, double \*C, int \*newDimension)

Packing three vectors side by side into one.

• double \* linspace (double x1, double x2, int n)

#### **Variables**

int M

## 4.1.1 Detailed Description

The library provides an implementation for the main function for solving peer method.

Author

Vincenzo Iannucci

Version

0.1

Date

```
01-05-2023 (MM-DD-YYYY)
```

### 4.1.2 Function Documentation

### 4.1.2.1 Calloc()

Function wrapper for calloc() function.

#### **Parameters**

in	nmemb	number of elements to allocate
in	size	Size of the memory allocated

#### Returns

a pointer to the allocated memory

### 4.1.2.2 defineLMatrix()

Spatial semi-discretization of the PDE (Partial Differential Equation). Build the matrix L to perform the spatial semi-discretization of the ODE.

### **Parameters**

out	L	returning pointer to the matrix
in	LSize	return the size of the matrix
in	Delta⊷	the value of the delta
	_X	

## 4.1.2.3 diagD()

Create diagonal matrix with all the elements of vector on the k-th diagonal.

### **Parameters**

vector	pointer to the vector
size	size of the vector
k	the number of diagonal
matrix_size	the size of the output matrix

#### Returns

pointer to the new matrix allocated by rows

## 4.1.2.4 eyeD()

```
double* eyeD ( \quad \quad \text{int } N \ )
```

Create identity matrix, a matrix in which the values on the main diagonal have value 1.

#### **Parameters**

N size of the output array

## Returns

pointer to the new array

## 4.1.2.5 fPeerClassic\_twoStages()

```
void fPeerClassic_twoStages (
int N,
double * t_span,
int t_span_size,
const double * L,
int Lsize,
const double * y0,
int y0_size,
return_values * collect_result )
```

Time discretization using peer methods. The method solve a large system of ODEs (Ordinary Differential Equations) by using peer methods.

#### **Parameters**

in	N	the size of the time grid
in	t_span	an array representing the time grid itself
in	t_span_size	the spatial dimension of the time grid
in	L	pointer to the matrix L deriving from the spatial semi-discretization
in	LSize	size of the matrix
in	у0	pointer to the y0 vector, containing the initial conditions
in	y0Size	size of the y0 vector
out	collect_result	size of the result vector

## Returns

a struct containing.

## 4.1.2.6 freeEverything()

```
void freeEverything (
 void * arg1,
 ... )
```

Free a variable number of pointers.

## **Parameters**

```
in arg1 pointer
```

## 4.1.2.7 initializeRandomMatrix()

```
int M, int N)
```

Initialize a matrix with random values. NOTE: the seed must be initialized in the calling method.

#### **Parameters**

in	matrix	pointer to the first element of the matrix
in	М	number of rows
in	N	number of columns

## 4.1.2.8 initializeRandomVector()

```
void initializeRandomVector ( \label{eq:constraint} \mbox{double} \, * \, vector, \mbox{int} \, \, \textit{N} \, \, )
```

Initialize a vector with random values. NOTE: the seed must be initialized in the calling method.

#### **Parameters**

in	vector	pointer to the vector
in	N	dimension of the vector

### 4.1.2.9 initMatrixByRowWithValuesFromVector()

Using a vector to initialize the matrix. The matrix and the vector must have the same dimension. For example, if the matrix A has 3 x 4 elements, the vector B must have 12 elements.

## Parameters

	[in	out] matrix pointer to the matrix
in	М	rows of the matrix
in	N	columns of the matrix
in	vector	pointer to the vector
in	vector_size	size of the vector (must be equal to M x N)

#### Returns

0 if ok, 1 otherwise

## 4.1.2.10 initReturnStruct()

```
void initReturnStruct (
      return_values * rv )
```

Initialize the struct return values.

### **Parameters**

rv	pointer to the struct return_values
----	-------------------------------------

## 4.1.2.11 initVectorWAnotherVector()

Using a vector to initialize another vector. The vectors must have the same dimension.

## **Parameters**

	[in	out] newVector pointer to the new vector
in	oldVector	pointer to the old vector
in	n	size of the vectors

## 4.1.2.12 intervalDiscretization()

Provide the discretization of an interval starting with first and ending with last.

#### **Parameters**

first	starting of the interval
last	ending of the interval
Step Generated	the spacing between each value of the array
N	the size of the final array returned

#### Returns

pointer to an array of double, representing the discretized interval

## 4.1.2.13 Malloc()

Function wrapper for malloc() function.

#### **Parameters**

in	size	Size of the memory allocated
----	------	------------------------------

## Returns

a pointer to the allocated memory

## 4.1.2.14 onesD()

```
\label{eq:constraint} \mbox{double* onesD (} \\ \mbox{int } N \mbox{)}
```

Create array of all ones.

#### **Parameters**



#### Returns

pointer to the new array

## 4.1.2.15 packThreeMatrices()

Packing three square matrices side by side with the same dimension into a new big one.

#### **Parameters**

n	number of rows
Α	pointer the first matrix
В	pointer the second matrix
С	pointer the third matrix

#### Returns

pointer to the new matrix

### 4.1.2.16 packThreeVectors()

```
double* packThreeVectors (
int n,
double * A,
double * B,
double * C,
int * newDimension )
```

Packing three vectors side by side into one.

## **Parameters**

n	number of rows
Α	pointer the first matrix
В	pointer the second matrix
С	pointer the third matrix
newDimension	the size of the output vector

#### Returns

pointer to the new vector

## 4.1.2.17 RungeKutta4th()

Returns the numerical approximation of the solution of the equation at the next time step, given the current one, by using Runge Kutta 4th order method.

### **Parameters**

in	h	constant grid spacing (the space between the values of the discrete grid)
in	t0	starting time
in	y0	vector representing value of the y function in y(t0)
in	y0Size	size of the y0 vector
in	L	pointer to the matrix L
in	LSize	size of the matrix
out	ySize	size of the resulting vector

## Returns

a vector that approximates the value of the solution at the next time step t0 + h, y(t0 + h)

## 4.1.2.18 saveResultsInFile()

Save the struct return\_values in a file.

## Parameters

in	fileName	the name of the file
out	rv	pointer to the struct return

### Returns

0 if ok, 1 otherwise.

## 4.1.2.19 Sherratt()

## Applies the Sherratt method.

#### **Parameters**

in	у0	pointer to the y0 vector
in	y0Size	size of the y0 vector
in	L	pointer to the matrix L
in	LSize	size of the matrix
out	sherrattSize	returing size of the vector calculated by the function

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#### Returns

a pointer the resulting vector after applying the Sherratt method.

## 4.1.2.20 threeBlockDiagD()

```
double* threeBlockDiagD (
int n,
double * A,
double * B,
double * C,
int * blckSize )
```

Create a square block diagonal matrix made up of three matrices.

#### **Parameters**

n	number of rows
Α	pointer the first matrix
В	pointer the second matrix
С	pointer the third matrix
blockSize	the size of the output matrix

#### Returns

pointer to the output matrix

## 4.1.2.21 zerosD()

```
\label{eq:double* zerosD ( int $N$ )} \mbox{double* zerosD (}
```

Create array of all zeros.

#### **Parameters**

N dimension of the array

#### **Returns**

pointer to the new array

## 4.1.2.22 zerosMatrixD()

```
\label{eq:double* zerosMatrixD ( int <math>M, int N)
```

Create matrix of all zeros.

### **Parameters**

М	the number of rows
Ν	the number of columns

## Returns

pointer to the new matrix allocated by rows

# **Example Documentation**

## 5.1 linspace

Generate linearly spaced vector. (double x1, double x2, int n) generates n points. The spacing between the points is (x2-x1)/(n-1).

Returns

pointer to the new vector

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