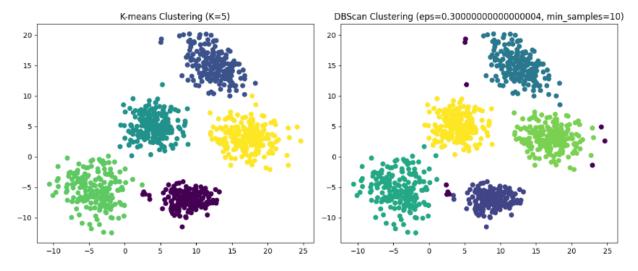
Assignment 3: Cluster Analysis

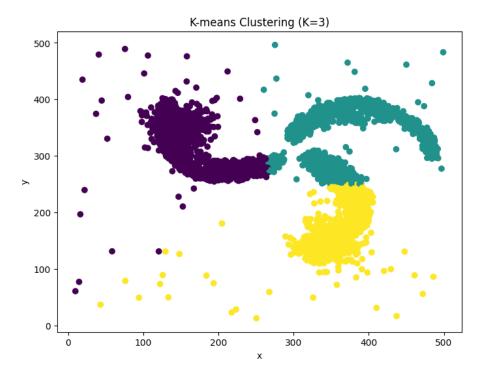
1. Data set 1

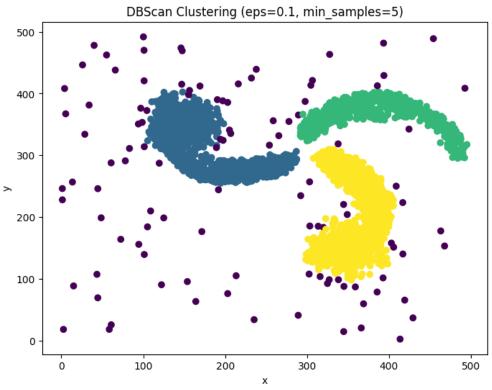
1.1. K-means and DBScan are different clustering algorithms and their results can vary depending on the dataset and the choice of hyperparameters. K-means typically assumes that clusters are spherical and equally sized. It works well when the clusters are relatively well-separated and have similar shapes and sizes. It assigns every point to a cluster, even if the cluster is not a good fit for the data. DBScan, on the other hand, is density-based and can find clusters of arbitrary shapes. It doesn't require specifying the number of clusters in advance and can identify noise points as well. Understanding the characteristics of these algorithms, we see that points that seem like noise are still attributed to its nearest cluster, while the DBScan algorithm groups all the noise points into one.



2. Data set 2

2.1. Understanding the difference between k means and dbscan above...I first inferred that using k-means on a spiral dataset with noise would inaccurately capture the underlying spiral structure as it would struggle to handle noise and outliers effectively. This turned out to be true. Furthermore, I assumed that DBSCAN on a spiral dataset with noise, would be very effective in obtaining clusters that accurately capture the spiral pattern and handle noise effectively compared to k-means. This happened to be the case.





Code:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

```
data = pd.read csv("size 1000 n 5 sepval 0.2.csv")
```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans, DBSCAN
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV

```
# Load the dataset
data = pd.read_csv("size_1000_n_5_sepval_0.2.csv")
# Select only the 'x' and 'y' columns
X = data[['x', 'y']]
# Standardize the data
```

scaler = StandardScaler()

X scaled = scaler.fit transform(X)

```
# Define a range of K values to search
k values = range(2, 11)
# Perform grid search to find the best K for K-means
best score = -1
best k = 0
for k in k values:
  kmeans = KMeans(n clusters=k, random state=0)
  kmeans.fit(X scaled)
  labels = kmeans.labels
  silhouette avg = silhouette score(X scaled, labels)
  if silhouette avg > best score:
    best score = silhouette avg
    best k = k
# Fit K-means with the best K value
best_kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=best_k, n_init=10, random_state=0)
best kmeans.fit(X scaled)
best k labels = best kmeans.labels
# Perform DBScan with grid search for hyperparameters
eps values = np.arange(0.1, 1.0, 0.1)
min samples values = range(2, 11)
best dbscan = None
best_dbscan_score = -1
for eps in eps values:
  for min samples in min samples values:
```

```
dbscan = DBSCAN(eps=eps, min samples=min samples)
     dbscan_labels = dbscan.fit_predict(X scaled)
     # Calculate the silhouette score (ignoring noise points)
     num clusters = len(set(dbscan labels)) - (1 if -1 in dbscan labels else 0)
     if num clusters > 1:
       silhouette avg = silhouette score(X scaled, dbscan labels)
       if silhouette avg > best dbscan score:
          best dbscan score = silhouette avg
          best dbscan = dbscan
best dbscan labels = best dbscan.labels
# Plot the results
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(121)
plt.scatter(X['x'], X['y'], c=best k labels, cmap='viridis')
plt.title(f'K-means Clustering (K={best k})')
plt.subplot(122)
plt.scatter(X['x'], X['y'], c=best dbscan labels, cmap='viridis')
plt.title(fDBScan Clustering (eps={best dbscan.eps},
min samples={best dbscan.min samples})')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
data2 = pd.read csv("spirals.csv")
num noise points = 100
noise data = pd.DataFrame({
```

```
'x': np.random.uniform(low=0, high=500, size=num noise points),
  'y': np.random.uniform(low=0, high=500, size=num noise points),
  'color': -1
})
data2 with noise = pd.concat([data2, noise data], ignore index=True)
print(data2 with noise)
# Create two round clusters
center1 = (150, 350)
center2 = (350, 150)
cluster1 = pd.DataFrame({
  'x': np.random.normal(center1[0], 20, size=500),
  'y': np.random.normal(center1[1], 20, size=500),
  'color': 3
})
cluster2 = pd.DataFrame({
  'x': np.random.normal(center2[0], 20, size=500),
  'y': np.random.normal(center2[1], 20, size=500),
  'color': 4
})
data2_with_clusters = pd.concat([data2_with_noise, cluster1, cluster2], ignore_index=True)
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette score
```

```
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
```

```
X = data2 with clusters[['x', 'y']]
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)
k values = range(2, 11)
best score = -1
best k = 0
for k in k values:
  kmeans = KMeans(n clusters=k, random state=0)
  kmeans.fit(X scaled)
  labels = kmeans.labels
  silhouette avg = silhouette score(X scaled, labels)
  if silhouette avg > best score:
     best_score = silhouette_avg
     best k = k
# Fit K-means with the best K value
best_kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=best_k, random_state=0)
best_kmeans.fit(X_scaled)
best_k_labels = best_kmeans.labels_
# Plot K-means results
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(X['x'], X['y'], c=best_k_labels, cmap='viridis')
plt.title(f'K-means Clustering (K={best_k})')
plt.xlabel('x')
```

```
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.show()
from sklearn.cluster import DBSCAN
# Perform DBScan clustering with hyperparameter settings
eps values = [0.1, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5]
min samples values = [5, 10, 20]
best dbscan = None
best_dbscan_score = -1
for eps in eps values:
  for min samples in min samples values:
     dbscan = DBSCAN(eps=eps, min samples=min samples)
    dbscan labels = dbscan.fit predict(X scaled)
    # Calculate the silhouette score (ignoring noise points)
    num clusters = len(set(dbscan labels)) - (1 if -1 in dbscan labels else 0)
    if num clusters > 1:
       silhouette avg = silhouette score(X scaled, dbscan labels)
       if silhouette avg > best dbscan score:
         best_dbscan_score = silhouette_avg
         best dbscan = dbscan
best dbscan labels = best dbscan.labels
# Plot DBScan results
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(X['x'], X['y'], c=best dbscan labels, cmap='viridis')
```

```
plt.title(f'DBScan Clustering (eps={best_dbscan.eps},
min_samples={best_dbscan.min_samples})')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.show()
```