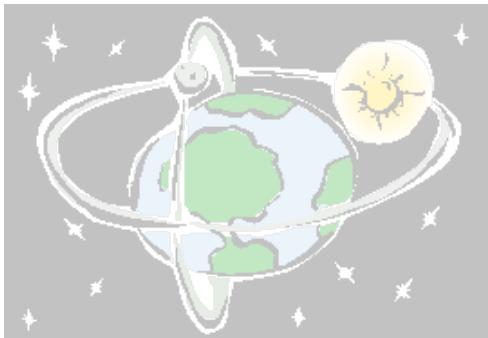


# ELEN 503

## Hardware-Software Co-Design

### Homework #1

### Models of Computation



Prof. Hoesok Yang  
Santa Clara University

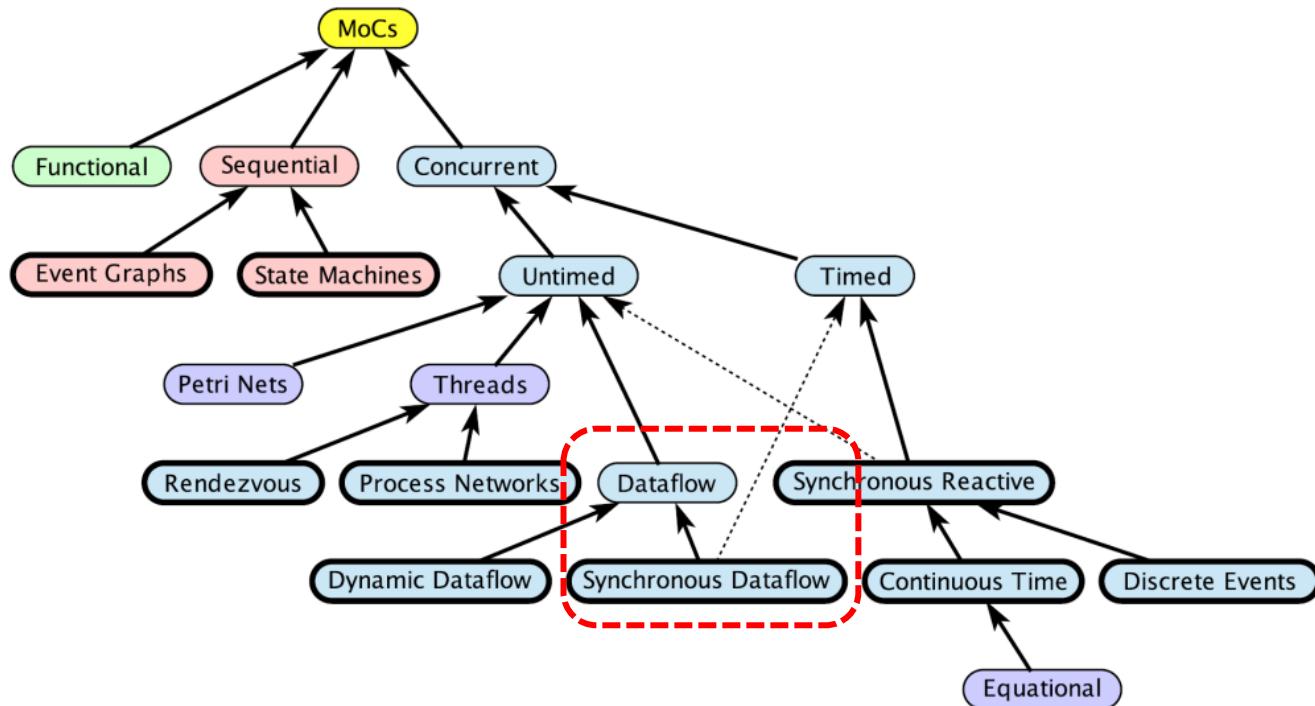
Spring Quarter 2023

# Homework #1 - Overview

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- ▶ In this homework, you will practice modeling (specification) and simulation of cyber-physical systems using Ptolemy II.
- ▶ Tasks – 10 points + 2 extra points
  - ▶ Part 0 (warming-up): 2 points
    - ▶ Dataflow modeling of Fibonacci series
  - ▶ Part I: 3 points
    - ▶ Simulation of Heterogeneous models of computation
  - ▶ Part 2: 3 points
    - ▶ Dataflow modeling of noise filtering
  - ▶ Part 3 (extra): 2 points
    - ▶ FSM modeling of an enhanced controller
  - ▶ Report: 2 points
- ▶ Submission
  - ▶ Upload your report (in pdf) and specification files (in xml) to Camino
  - ▶ Due: May 11<sup>th</sup>, 11:59pm

# Part 0: Dataflow Modeling of Fibonacci Series



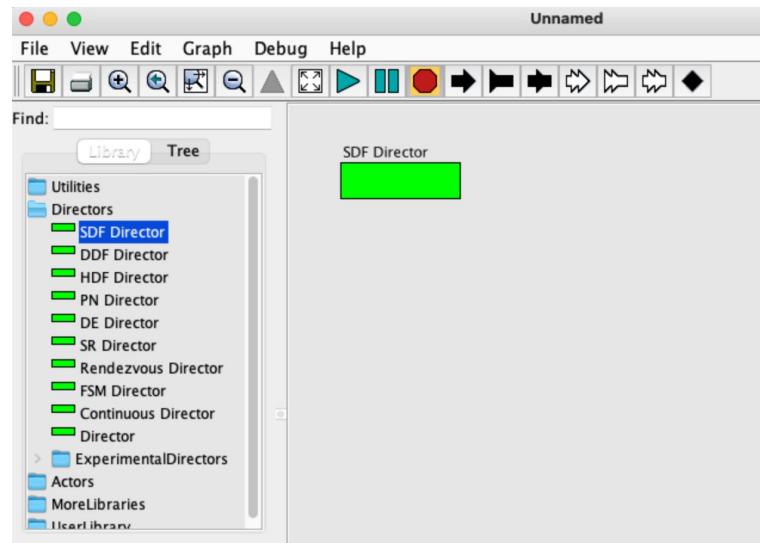
# Part 0: Background Information

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- ▶ What is Fibonacci series?
  - ▶  $F(n)$  is defined to be
    - ▶ 0 , if  $n = 0$
    - ▶ 1 , if  $n = 1$
    - ▶  $F(n-1) + F(n-2)$  , otherwise ( $n > 1$ )
  - ▶ 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, ...
- ▶ Assume that the SDF model you specify in Ptolemy II outputs/prints a single element at each iteration
  - ▶ E.g., 1<sup>st</sup> iteration: 0, 2<sup>nd</sup> iteration: 1, 3<sup>rd</sup> iteration: 1, 4<sup>th</sup> iteration: 2, ...
- ▶ How to access the old output?
  - ▶ For calculating  $F(n)$ , you need two previous outputs,  $F(n-1)$  and  $F(n-2)$
  - ▶ Use “initial tokens (delay)”

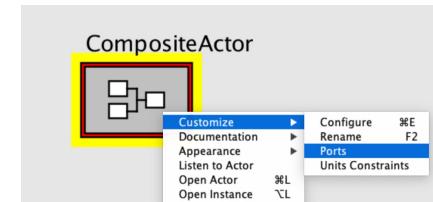
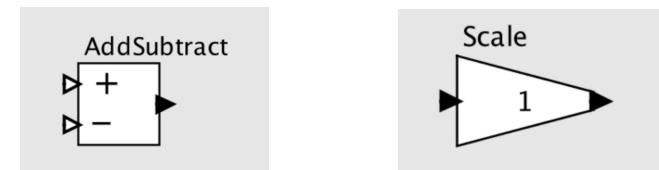
# Part 0: Getting Started with Ptolemy II

- ▶ Install [Ptolemy II 11.0](#) (released in June, 2018)
- ▶ Make a new Dataflow model
  - ▶ Open a new Vergil (or Ptiny)
  - ▶ File → New → Graph Editor
  - ▶ Directors (left panel) → drag and drop “SDF Director”



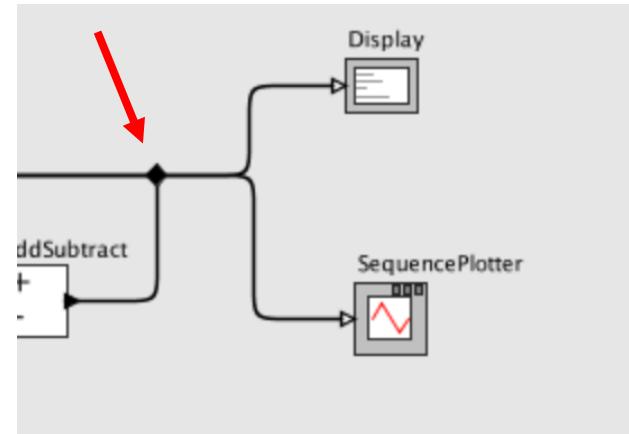
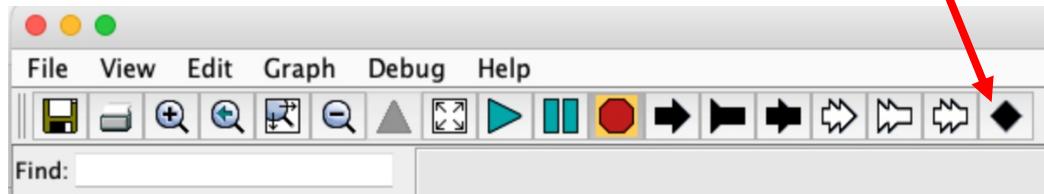
# Useful Actors

- ▶ Actors in the left panel
  - ▶ Sources (actors without incoming ports)
    - ▶ Generate input events/sequences
    - ▶ Const, Sequence, Sinewave, Ramp, Pulse, ...
  - ▶ Sinks (actors without outgoing ports)
    - ▶ Print/Plot information
    - ▶ Display, ArrayPlotter, BarGraph, ArrayPlotterXY, XYPlotter, ...
  - ▶ Math
    - ▶ Arithmetic data processing
    - ▶ AbsoluteValue, AddSubtract, Average, ...
  - ▶ CompositeActor (in “Utilities”)
    - ▶ Hierarchical design

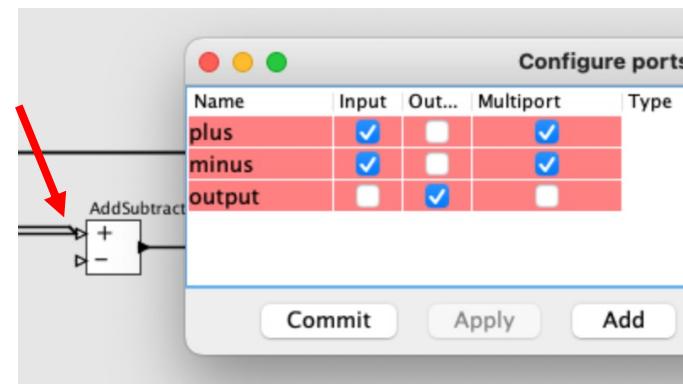


# Relation (Fork) and Multi-Port

- ▶ In principle, all connections between actors are
  - ▶ Point-to-point and directed
  - ▶ In case you need to have 1-to-n connections
  - ▶ Use relation (fork)

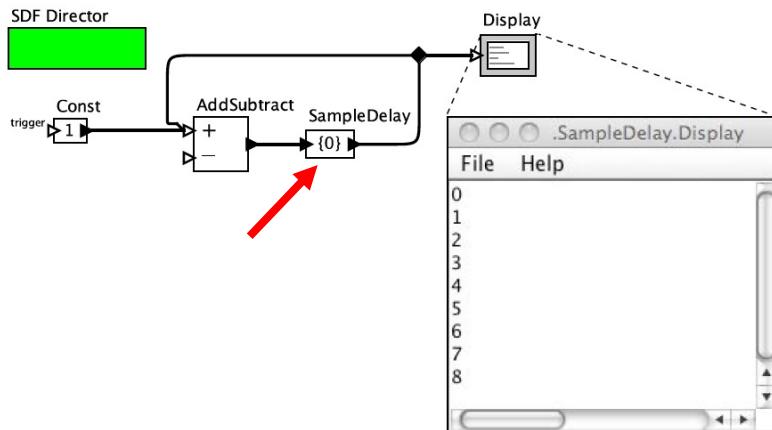


- ▶ Some ports support multiple connections
  - ▶ E.g., AddSubtract's input ports



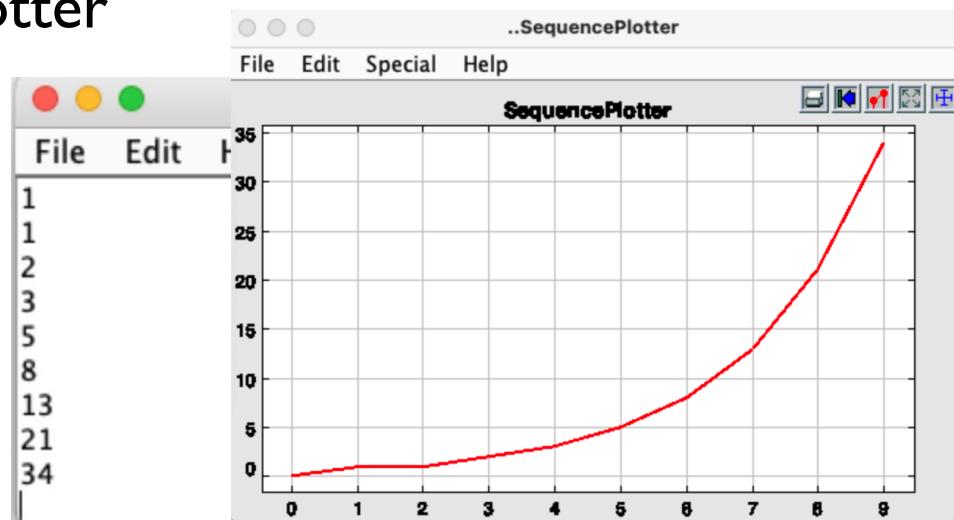
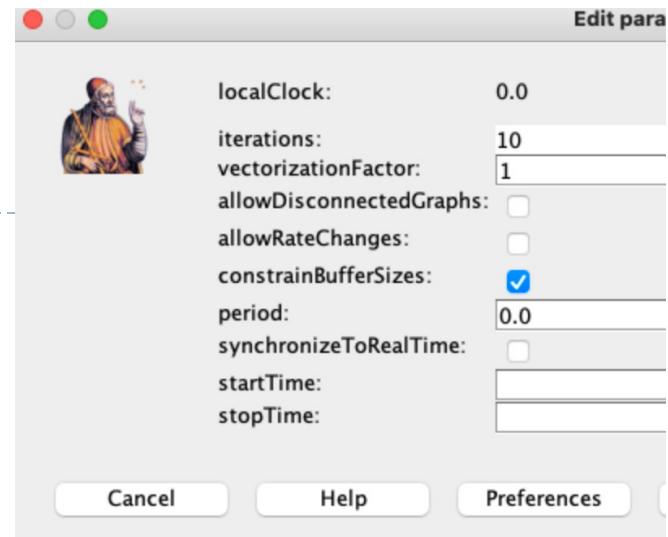
# Initial Delay

- ▶ Sometimes, you would need to have a feedback loop in your dataflow modeling
  - ▶ Previous results fed back to input
  - ▶ This might result in a deadlock
- ▶ Use the initial delay actor
  - ▶ (FlowControl → SequenceControl → “SampleDelay”)



# Expected Result

- ▶ Set the number of iterations to be simulated
  - ▶ Double click “SDF Director”
  - ▶ Enter the number of Iterations in the “iterations” field
- ▶ Use “Display” or “SequencePlotter” to print out your results
  - ▶ Library → Sinks → GenericSinks/SequenceSinks

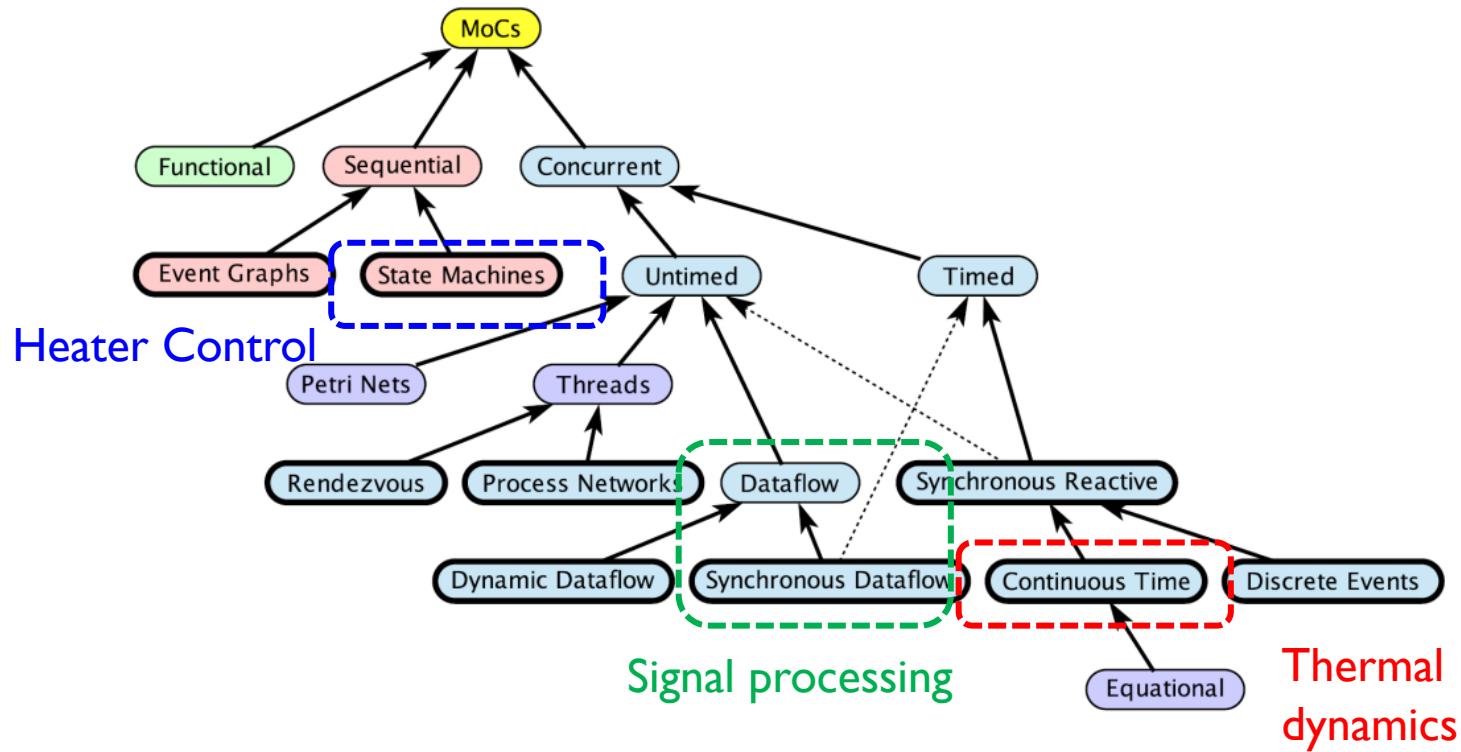


# Part 0: Your Tasks

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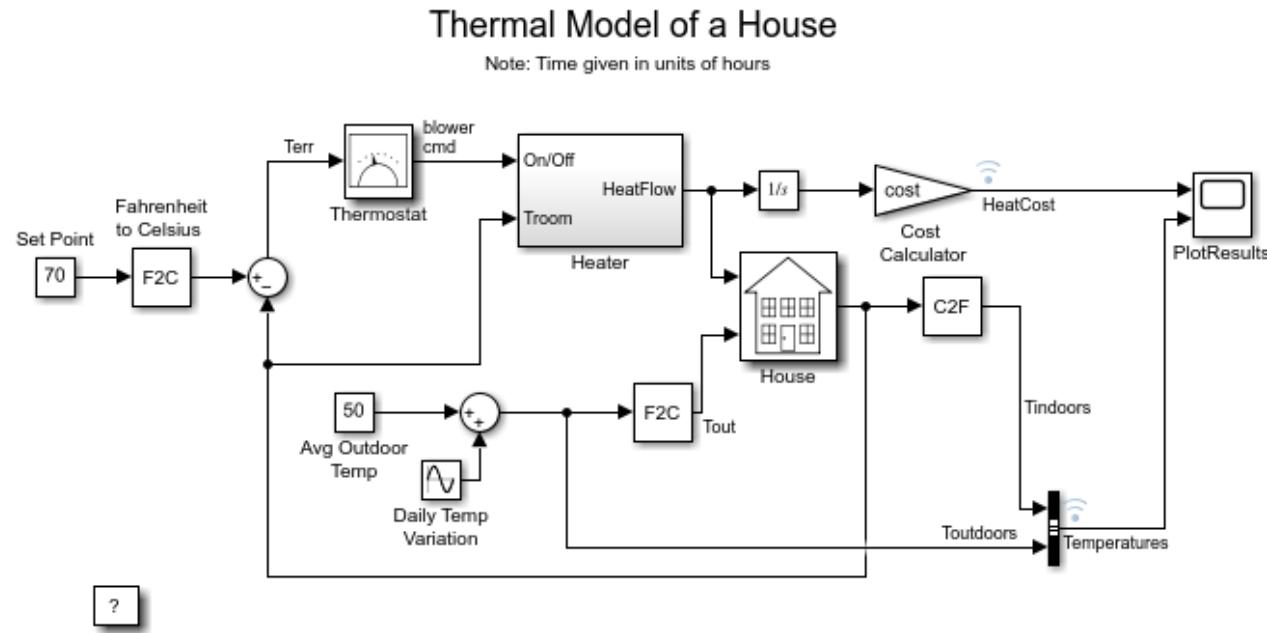
- ▶ Build your own SDF model for Fibonacci sequence
  - ▶ Include an SDF modeling in your report
  - ▶ Submit the export XML file of your model
  
- ▶ Report the results
  - ▶ Simulation screenshots should be included in your report

# Part I: Modeling/Simulation of House Heating System



# Modeling of a House Heating System

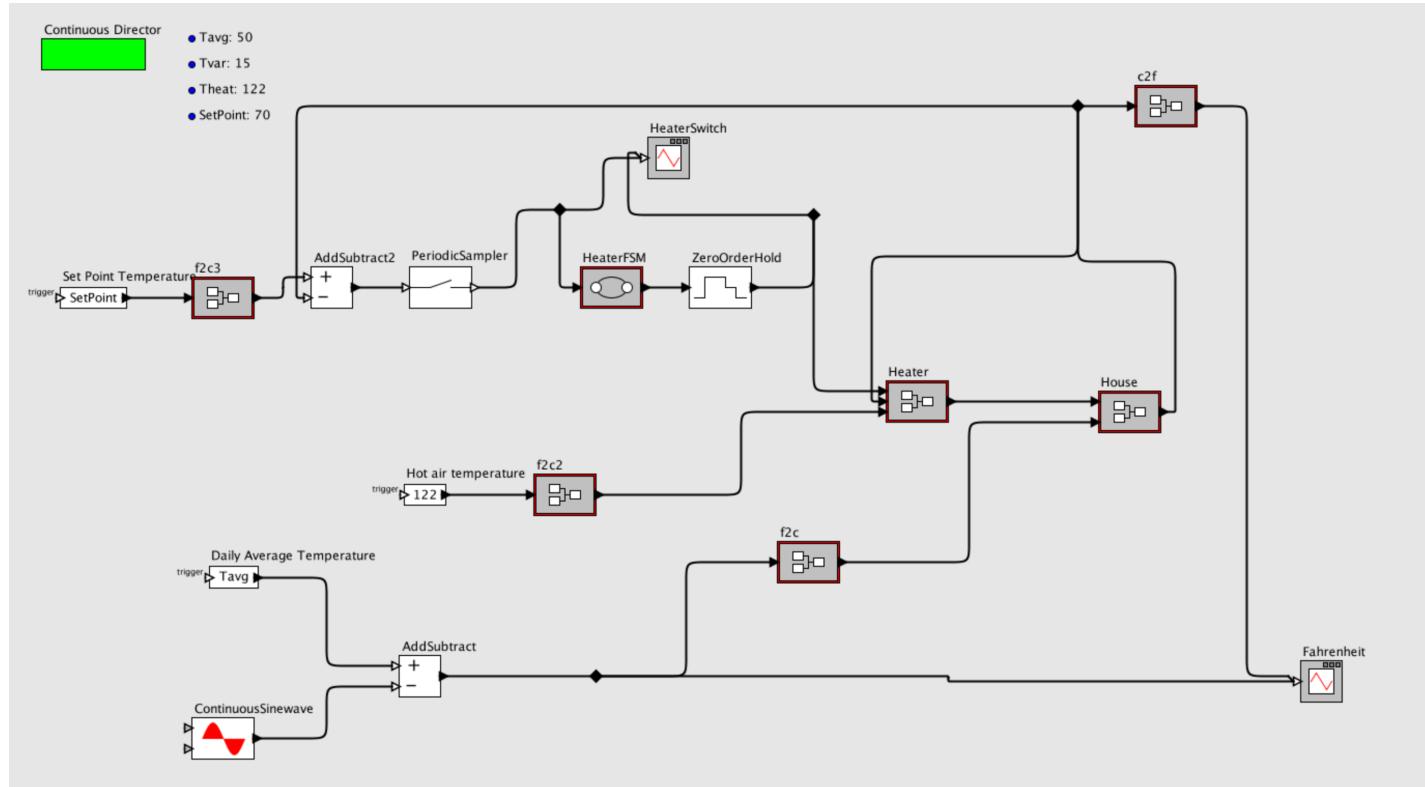
- ▶ This system is taken from a Matlab/Simulink demo
  - ▶ <https://www.mathworks.com/help/simulink/slref/thermal-model-of-a-house.html>
- ▶ To try this example in Matlab/Simulink
  - ▶ Type in “openExample('simulink\_general/sldemo\_househeatExample')” in your Matlab prompt



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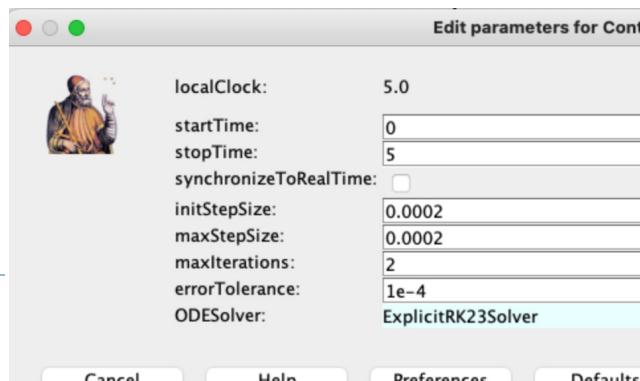
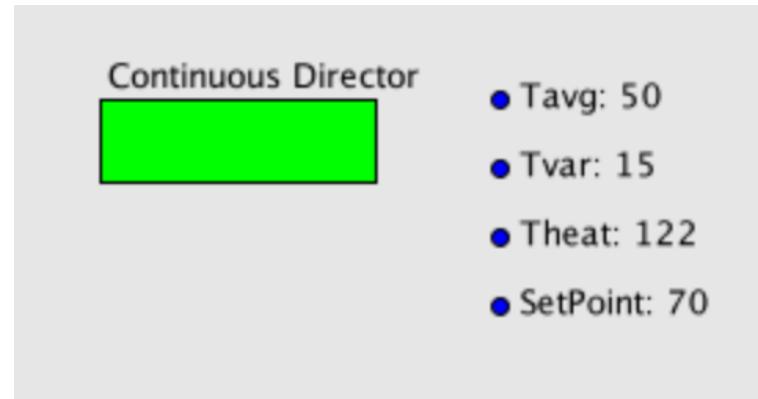
# Part 1: Modeling the *Entire* House Heating System

- ▶ Not a *part* of your work
- ▶ Basic modeling is given to you: hw1.xml
  - ▶ File → Open File



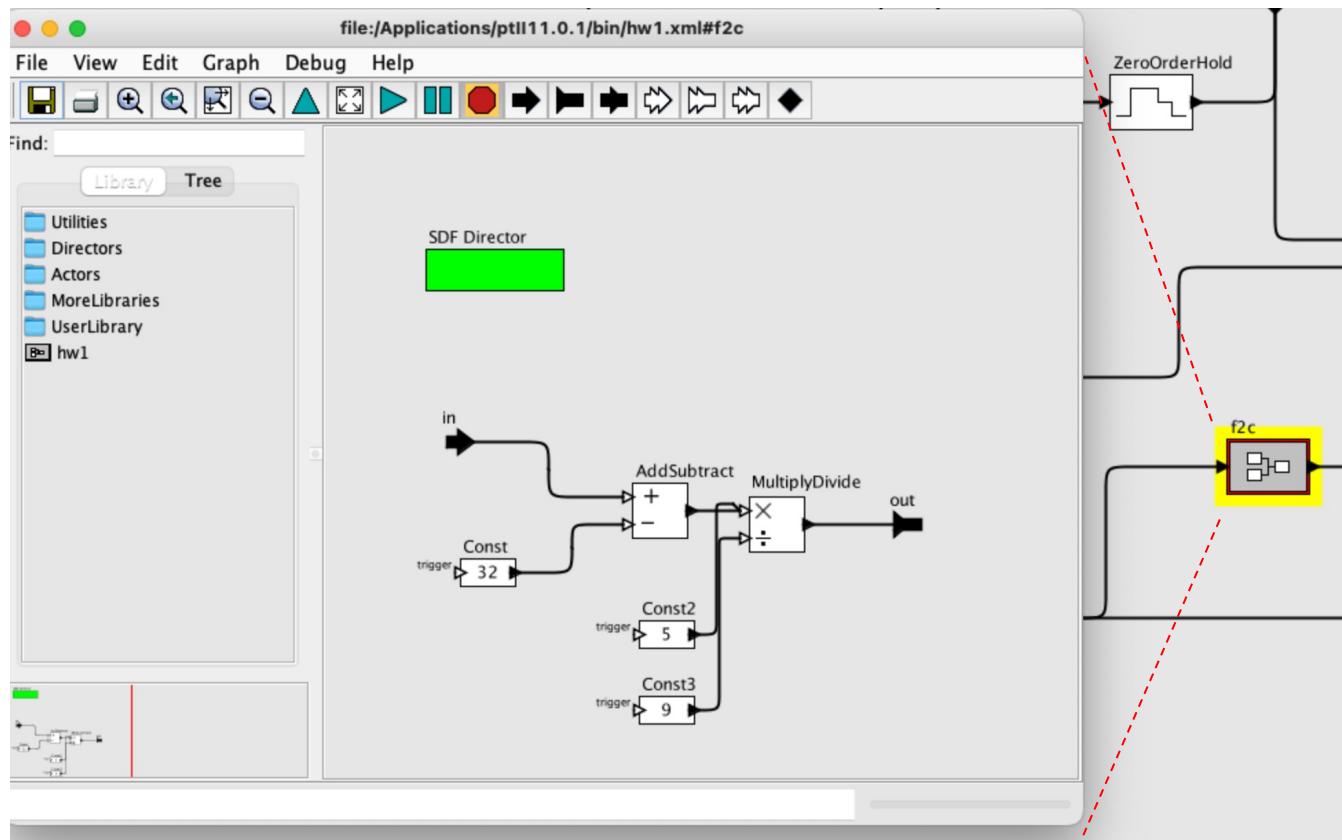
# Part 1: Top-level schematic

- ▶ Parameters: System wide variables that you can configure  
(Utilities → Parameters → Parameter)
  - ▶ Right click → Rename
    - ▶ Tavg: 50F (daily average outdoor temperature)
    - ▶ Tvar: 15F (temperature variation:  $T_{avg} - T_{var} < T < T_{avg} + T_{var}$ )
    - ▶ Theat: 122F (hot air temperature)
    - ▶ setPoint: target indoor temperature
- ▶ Simulation time
  - ▶ Double-click on the director



# Part 1: F2C or C2F

- ▶ CompositeActor (in “Utilities”)
  - ▶ Right click → Open Actor



# Part 1: Heater Subsystem

## Equation 1

$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = (T_{heater} - T_{room}) \cdot Mdot \cdot c$$

$\frac{dQ}{dt}$  = heat flow from the heater into the room

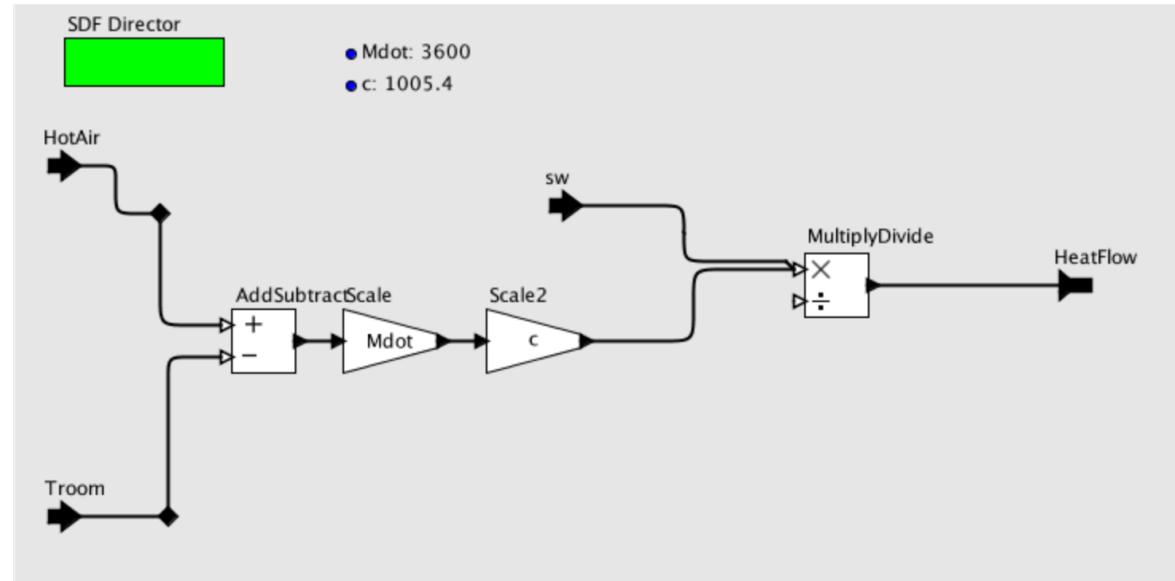
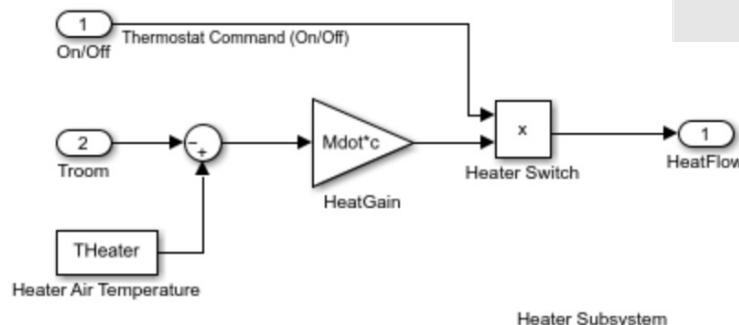
$c$  = heat capacity of air at constant pressure

$Mdot$  = air mass flow rate through heater (kg/hr)

$T_{heater}$  = temperature of hot air from heater

$T_{room}$  = current room air temperature

Open the [Heater](#) subsystem.



# Part 1: House Subsystem

## Equation 2

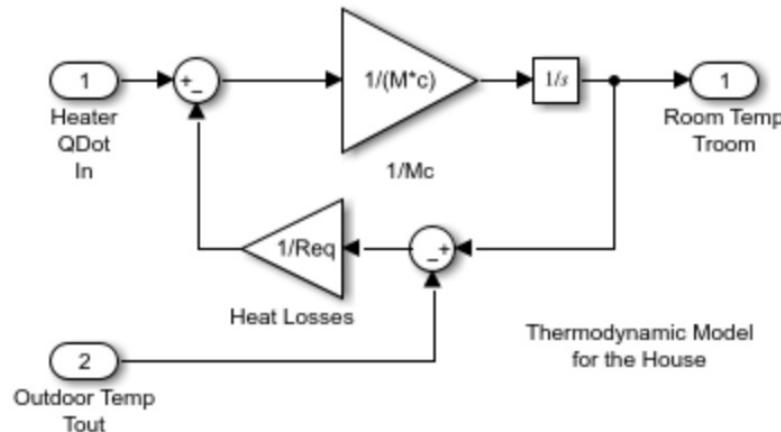
$$\left( \frac{dQ}{dt} \right)_{losses} = \frac{T_{room} - T_{out}}{R_{eq}}$$

$$\frac{dT_{room}}{dt} = \frac{1}{M_{air} \cdot c} \cdot \left( \frac{dQ_{heater}}{dt} - \frac{dQ_{losses}}{dt} \right)$$

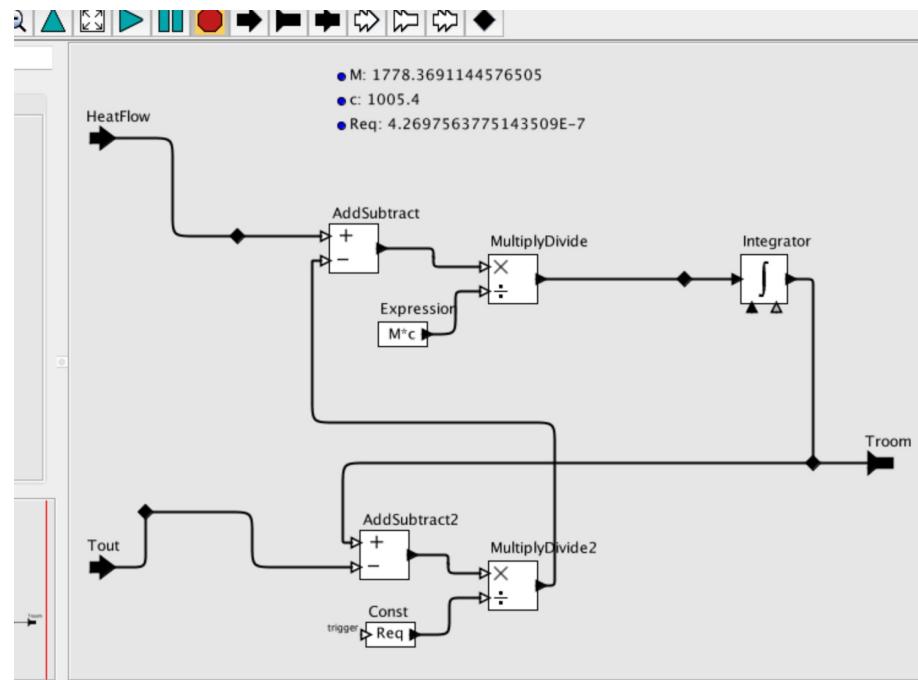
$M_{air}$  = mass of air inside the house

$R_{eq}$  = equivalent thermal resistance of the house

Open the [House](#) subsystem.

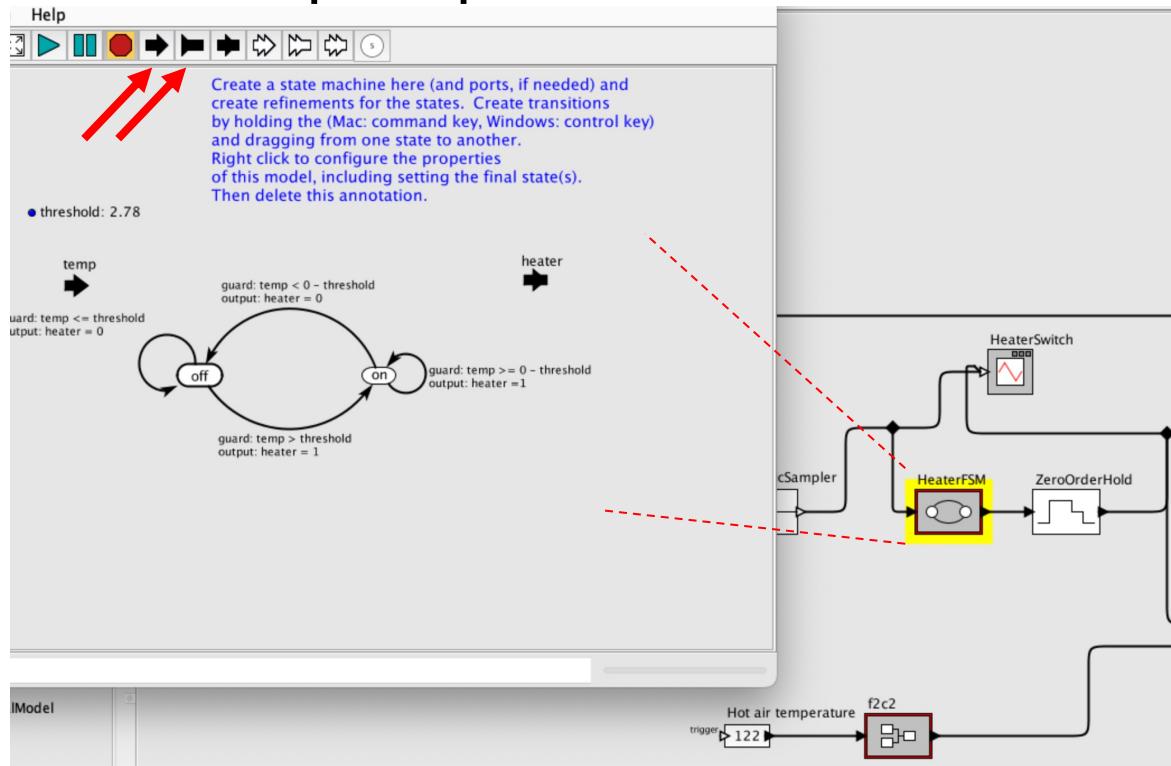


Where is a director?



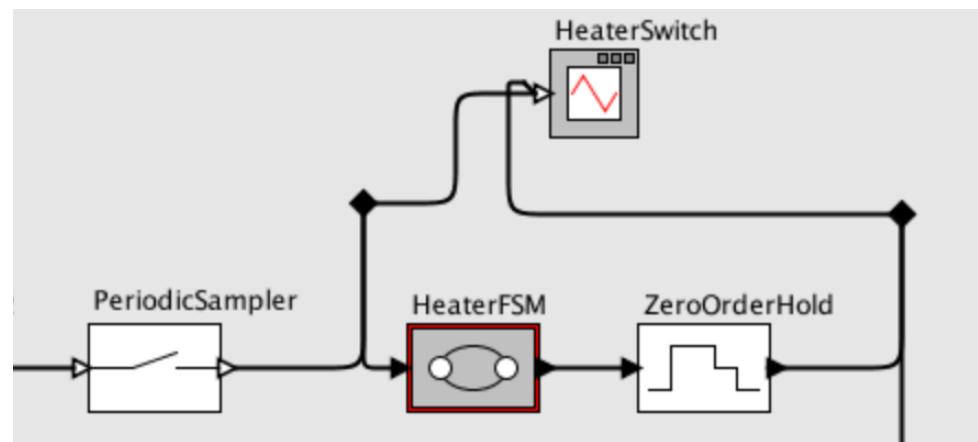
# Part 1: Heater Control FSM

- ▶ Finite State Machine
  - ▶ Utilities → ModalModel
  - ▶ Open Actor → New output/input Port



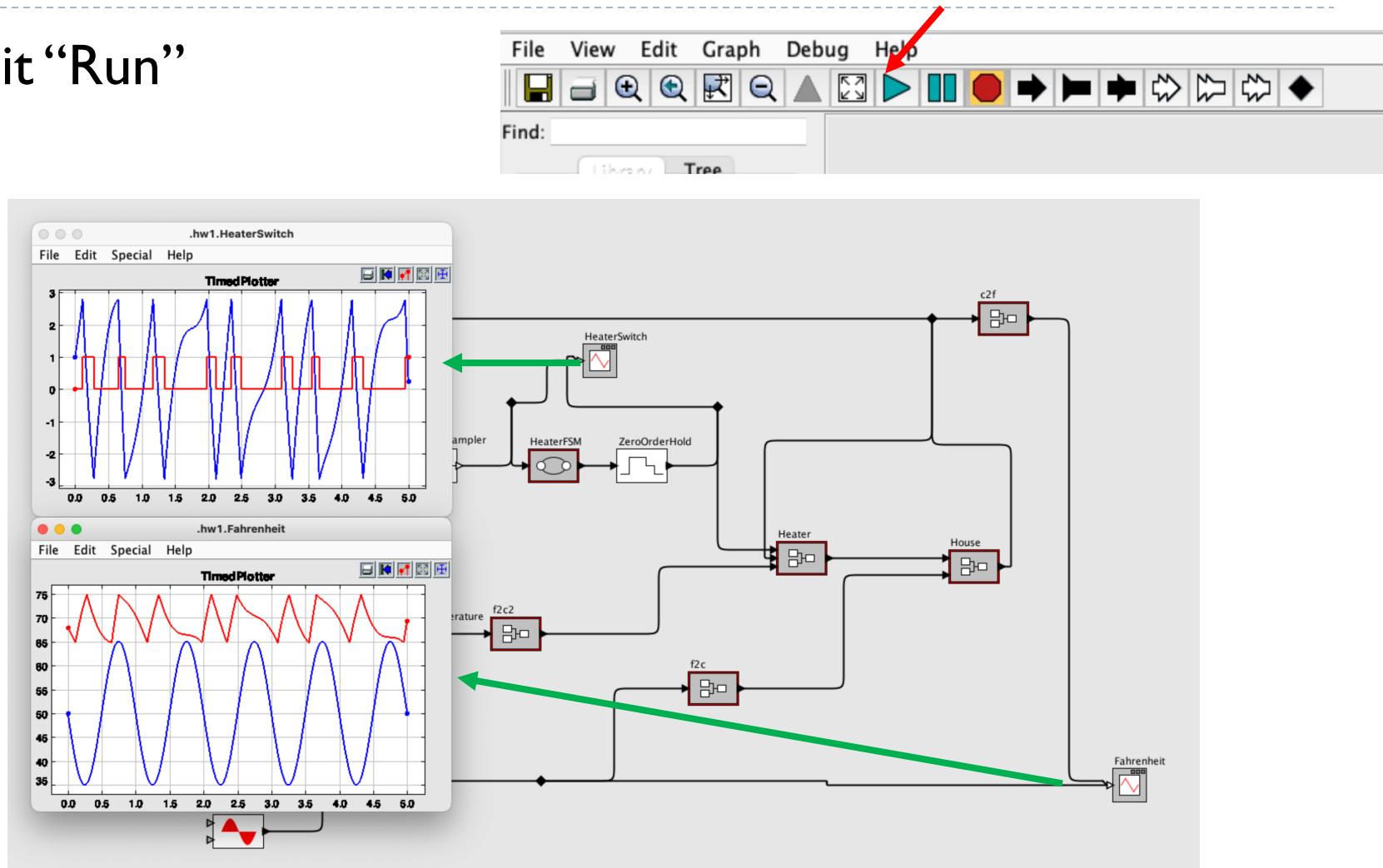
# Part 1: Heater Control FSM (Interface)

- ▶ Interface between Discrete Events and Continuous Time
  - ▶ Periodic Sampler
    - ▶ Actors → DomainSpecific → Continuous → Continuous to Discrete
  - ▶ ZeroOrderHold
    - ▶ Actors → DomainSpecific → Continuous → Discrete to Continuous



# Part 1: Simulation Results

- ▶ Hit “Run”

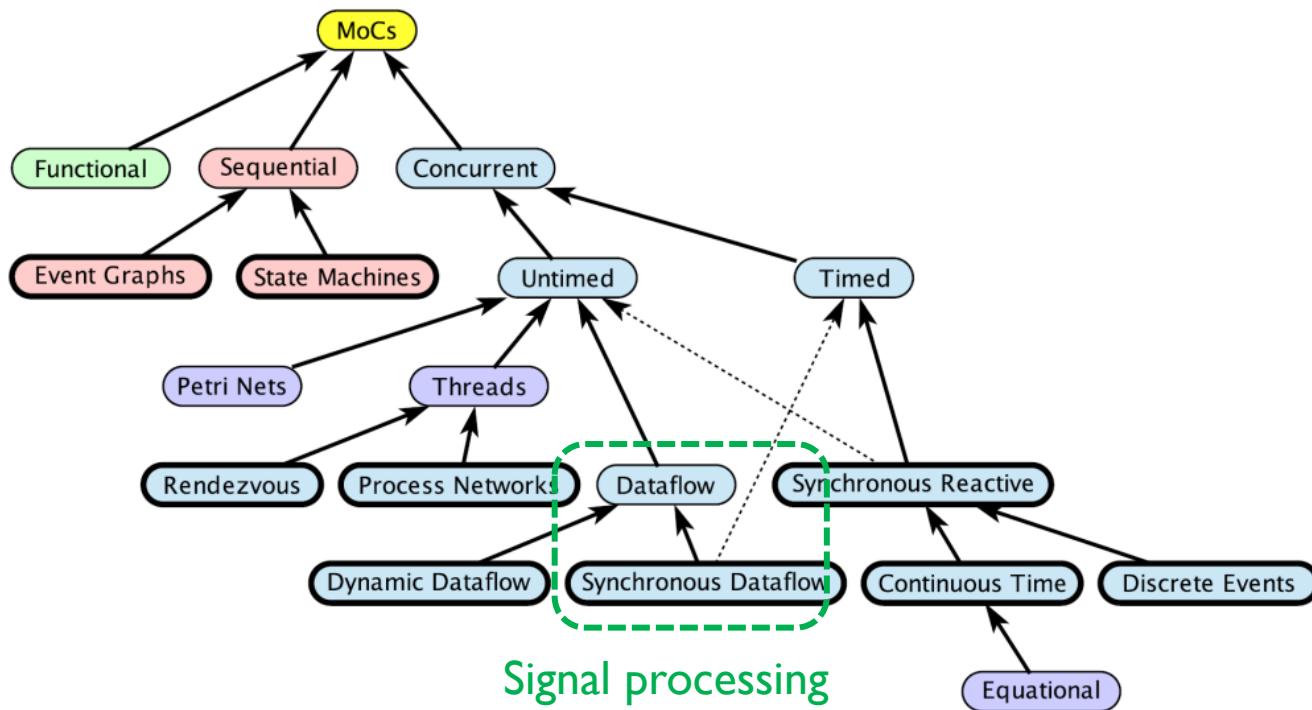


# Part 1: Your Tasks

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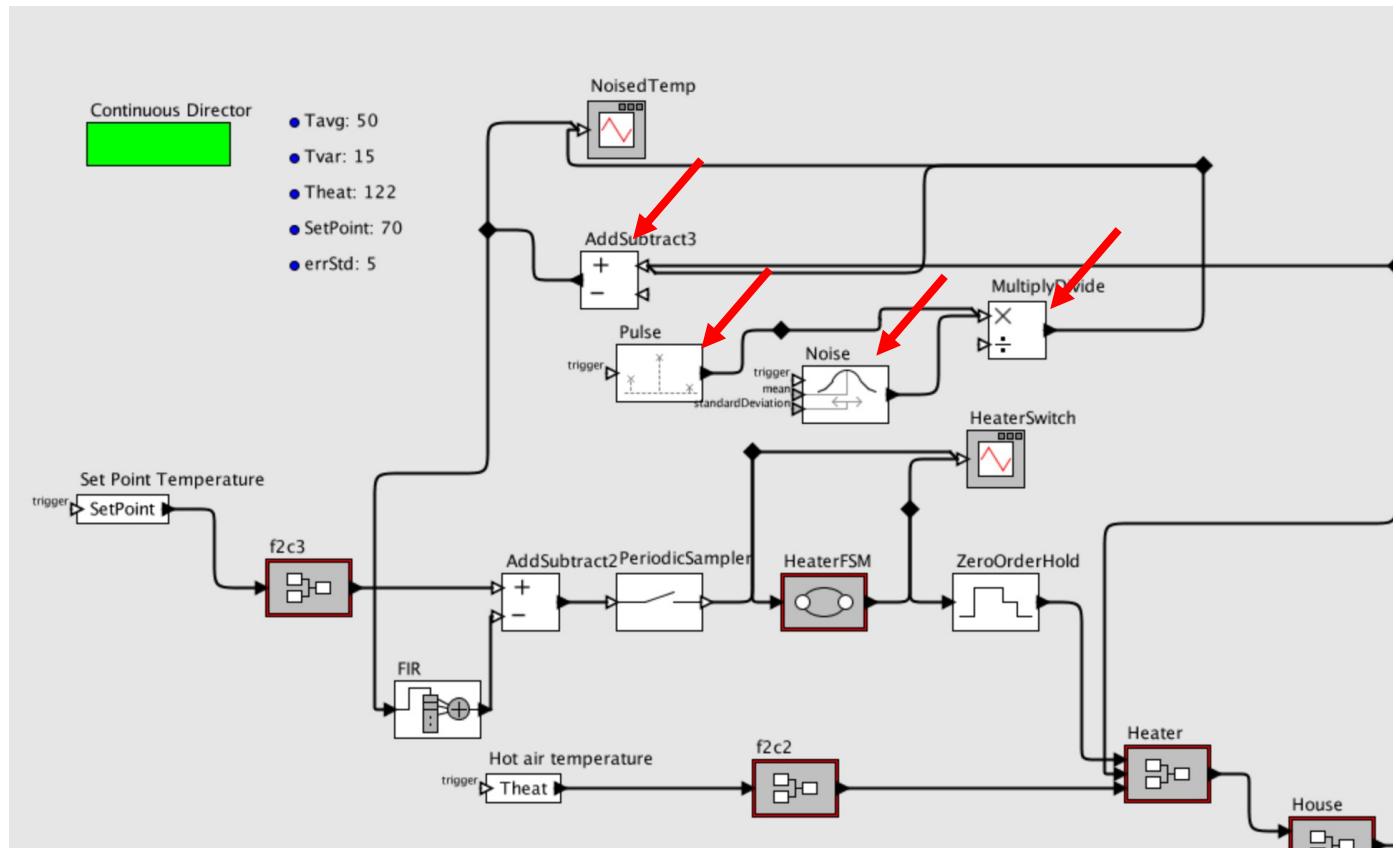
- ▶ Try multiple simulation runs with
  - ▶ different “parameters”
  - ▶ different timing granularity
    - ▶ Director: initStepSize and maxStepSize
    - ▶ PeriodicSampler: samplePeriod
- ▶ Report the results
  - ▶ Screenshots should be included in your report

# Part 2: Noise Filtering



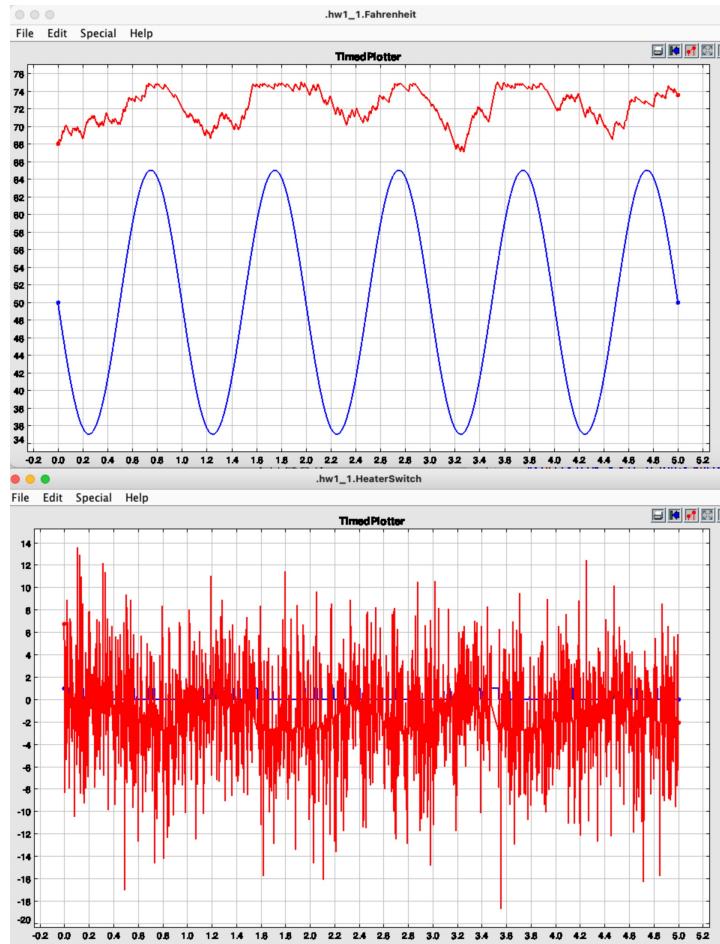
# Part 2: Temperature Sensors are noisy!

- ▶ Temperature noises have been added
- ▶ hw2.xml



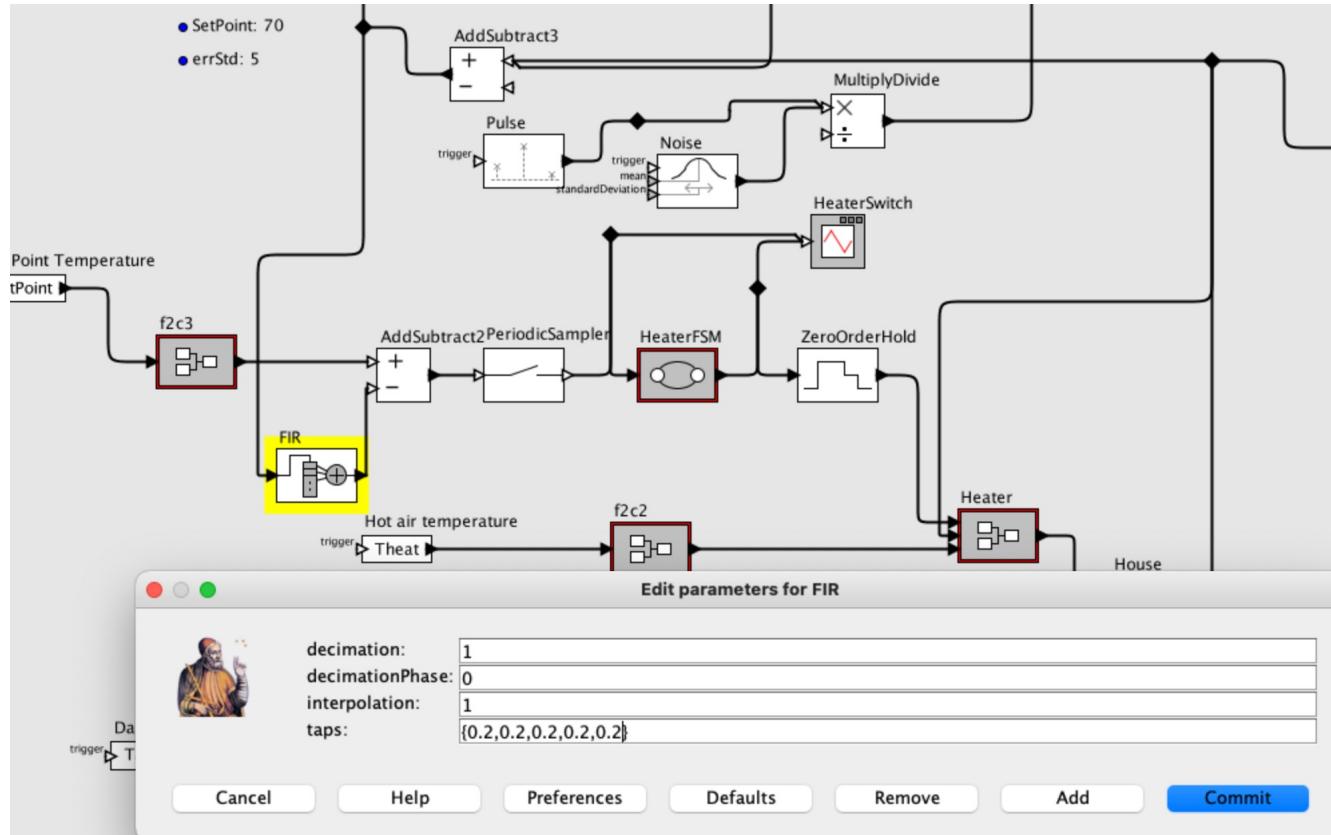
# Part 2: Temperature Sensors are noisy! (cont'd)

## ▶ Simulation results without filtering



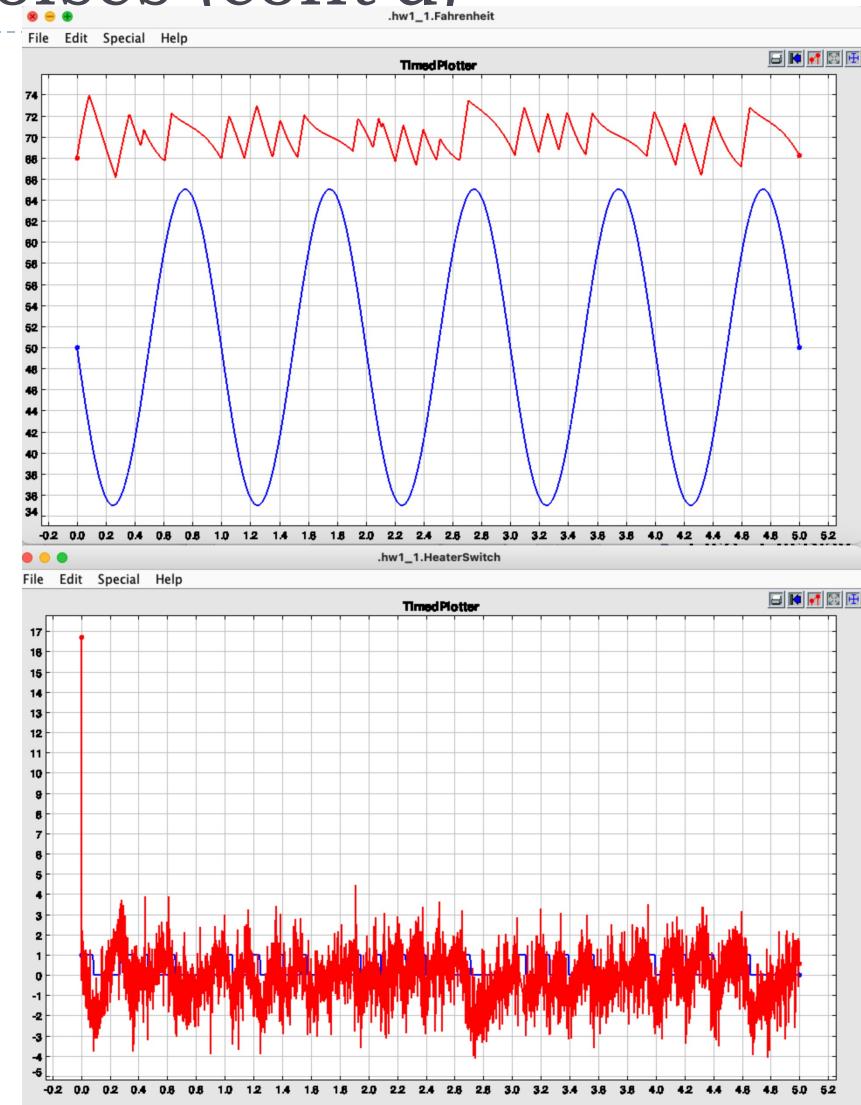
# Part 2: Filtering out noises

- ▶ A common solution is to user an FIR filter



# Part 2: Filtering out noises (cont'd)

- ▶ Simulation results with 5-tap FIR filter

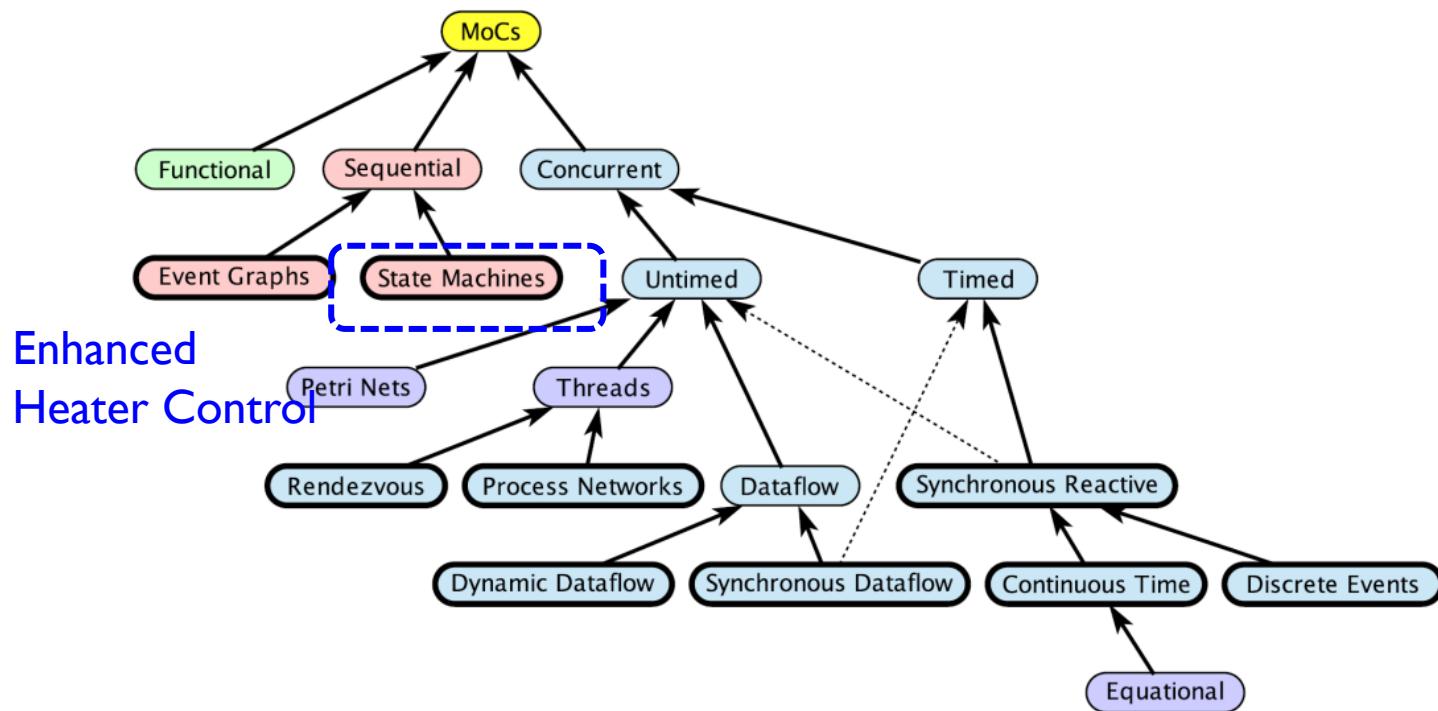


# Part 2: Your Tasks

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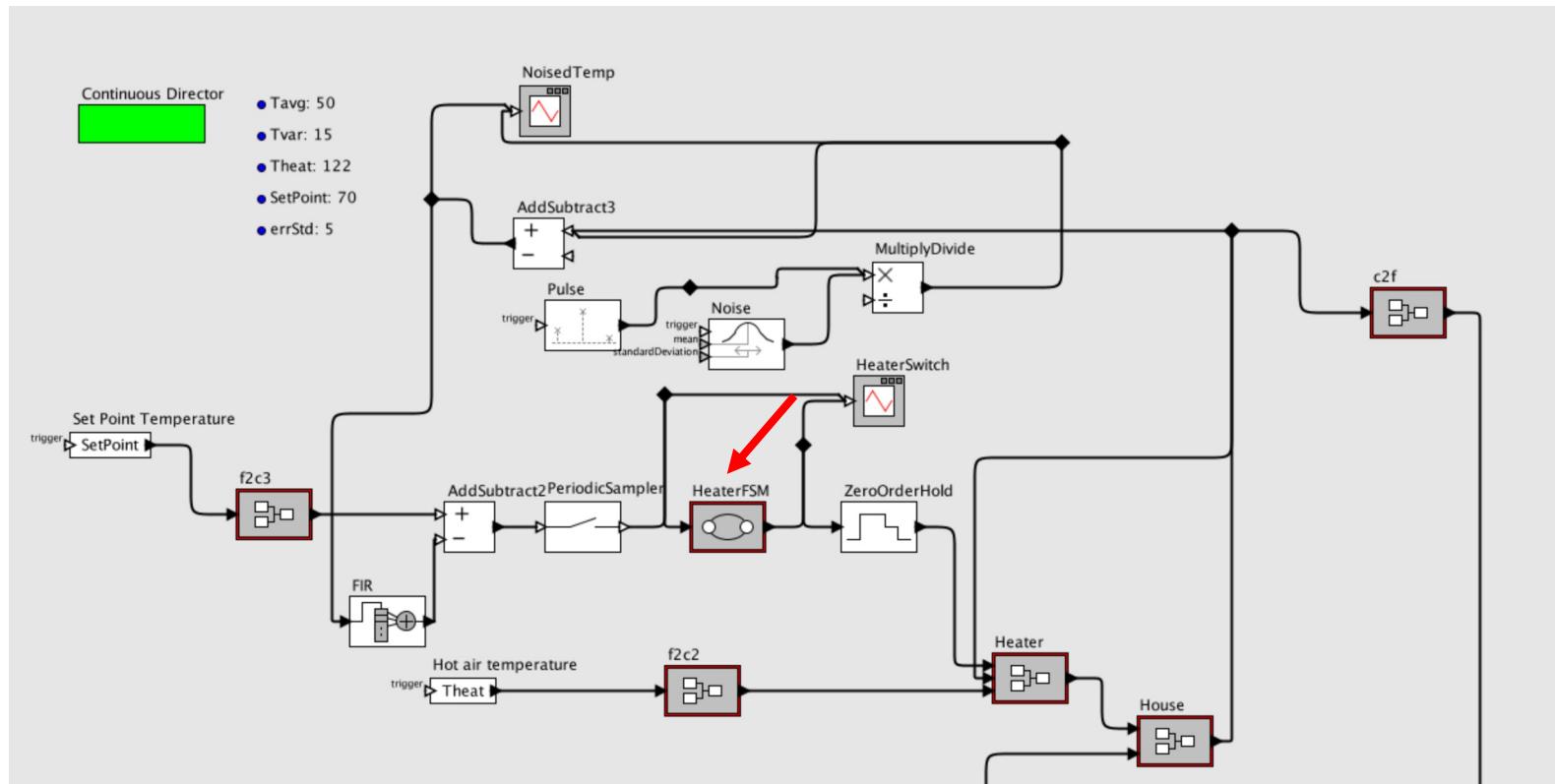
- ▶ Build your own SDF filter
  - ▶ Whatever filter you like to use
  - ▶ Replace the FIR filter in hw2.xml with your own composite actor
  - ▶ Include the SDF modeling in your report
  - ▶ Submit the export XML file of your actor
  
- ▶ Report the results
  - ▶ Simulation screenshots should be included in your report

# (Extra) Part 3: Noise Filtering



# Part 3: Enhanced Heater Controller

- ▶ Previously you only have on/off control
  - ▶ Enhance the heater controller with intermediate level
  - ▶ You may need to modify the topology of the top-level model



# Part 3: Your Tasks

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- ▶ Build your own ModalModel actor for Heater FSM
  - ▶ Replace the HeaterFSM actor in hw2.xml with your own composite actor
  - ▶ Include the FSM modeling in your report
  - ▶ Submit the export XML file of your actor
  
- ▶ Report the results
  - ▶ Simulation screenshots (that prove the enhanced control) should be included in your report

# Need Help?

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- ▶ Many, if not all, of you are not familiar with Ptolemy II
- ▶ You are welcomed to join (optional) Ptolemy II sessions (tentative schedules)
  - ▶ Please see Camino and sign up for one of the Ptolemy II office hours sessions if you wish to join