

Methods of Applied Mathematics - Part 1 [SEMT30006]

Exercise Sheet 5 – Map bifurcations, period doubling, and chaos

1. Consider the two-dimensional map

$$\begin{aligned}x_{n+1} &= x_n^2 - cy_n \\y_{n+1} &= \frac{1}{2}(x_n - y_n)\end{aligned}$$

- (a) Find the fixed points of the map.
- (b) Determine the stability of the fixed points and conjecture the bifurcation(s) that occur(s) as their stability changes.

2. Sketch or graph the sawtooth map

$$x_{n+1} = \begin{cases} 2x_n & \text{for } 0 \leq x_n < 1/2 \\ 2x_n - 1 & \text{for } 1/2 < x_n \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

Either by hand or computer, investigate its dynamics with cobweb diagrams.

- (a) Show there is a period two orbit with an iterate at $x = 1/3$, and find the other iterate.
- (b) Show there is a period three orbit with an iterate at $x = 1/7$, and find the other iterates.
- (c) Show that the orbits from (a)-(b) are unstable.
- (d) Argue why this map cannot have any stable periodic orbits, and conjecture what kind of dynamics you will see from a typical initial point.

3. Take a look at the webpage

<http://www.complexity-explorables.org/flongs/logistic/>
which will help you explore the **logistic map**

$$x_{n+1} = rx_n(1 - x_n)$$

Using the interactive figure in panel 3 on the site, can you find a period 2 orbit, and a period 4 orbit?

As you do this, try to work out the following and check them against the simulation:

- (a) Find any fixed points (period one orbits) and the values of r for which they: (i) exist, (ii) are stable.
- (b) Find any period two orbits and the values of r for which they: (i) exist, (ii) are stable.
- (c) Find any period four orbits and the values of r for which they: (i) exist, (ii) are stable.
- (d) Sketch or simulate (e.g. in Matlab) a cobweb diagram showing a stable period one, two, or three orbit, for different suitable example values of r .
- (e) Sketch a bifurcation diagram showing the change from (a) to (b), and identify the bifurcation that occurs.