

# Methods of Applied Mathematics - Part 1

## Exercise Sheet 3: Bifurcations - Question 1

### 1 Question 1: $\dot{x} = (5 - x)(1 - ax)$ with $a > 0$

**Solution 1.** Goal: Find equilibria, their stability, identify the bifurcation at  $a = 1/5$ , and sketch the bifurcation diagram

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#### Finding Equilibria

**Step 1:** Set  $\dot{x} = 0$

$$(5 - x)(1 - ax) = 0$$

**Step 2:** Solve

Two equilibria:

$$x_1^* = 5 \quad \text{and} \quad x_2^* = \frac{1}{a}$$

Note:  $x_1^* = 5$  is independent of  $a$  (fixed), while  $x_2^* = 1/a$  moves as  $a$  varies. At  $a = 1/5$ , both equal 5.

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#### Stability Analysis

**Step 1: Compute  $f'(x)$  where  $f(x) = (5 - x)(1 - ax)$**

Expand:  $f(x) = 5 - 5ax - x + ax^2$

Derivative:

$$f'(x) = -5a - 1 + 2ax$$

**Step 2: Evaluate at  $x_1^* = 5$**

$$f'(5) = -5a - 1 + 2a(5) = -5a - 1 + 10a = -1 + 5a$$

Stability:

- $a < 1/5$ :  $f'(5) < 0 \Rightarrow$  Stable
- $a = 1/5$ :  $f'(5) = 0 \Rightarrow$  Neutral
- $a > 1/5$ :  $f'(5) > 0 \Rightarrow$  Unstable

### Step 3: Evaluate at $x_2^* = 1/a$

$$f'(1/a) = -5a - 1 + 2a(1/a) = -5a - 1 + 2 = 1 - 5a$$

Stability:

- $a < 1/5$ :  $f'(1/a) > 0 \Rightarrow$  Unstable
- $a = 1/5$ :  $f'(1/a) = 0 \Rightarrow$  Neutral
- $a > 1/5$ :  $f'(1/a) < 0 \Rightarrow$  Stable

### Step 4: Summary

Parameter	$x^* = 5$	$x^* = 1/a$
$a < 1/5$	Stable	Unstable
$a = 1/5$	Both at $x = 5$ , neutral	
$a > 1/5$	Unstable	Stable

The equilibria exchange stability as they pass through each other at  $a = 1/5$ .

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## Bifurcation Identification

### Step 1: Check Bifurcation Conditions at $a = 1/5$ , $x = 5$

- (B1) Equilibrium:  $f(5) = 0 \checkmark$
- (B2) Zero eigenvalue:  $f'(5) = -1 + 5(1/5) = 0 \checkmark$
- (B3)  $\partial f / \partial a = -(5 - x) \cdot x|_{x=5} = 0 \checkmark$

### Step 2: Check Genericity Conditions

- (G1)  $f''(x) = 2a|_{a=1/5} = 2/5 \neq 0 \checkmark$
- (G2)  $\partial f' / \partial a = -5 + 2x|_{x=5} = 5 \neq 0 \checkmark$

### Conclusion:

Transcritical bifurcation at  $a = 1/5$

One equilibrium is pinned at  $x = 5$ , the other passes through it, and they exchange stability.

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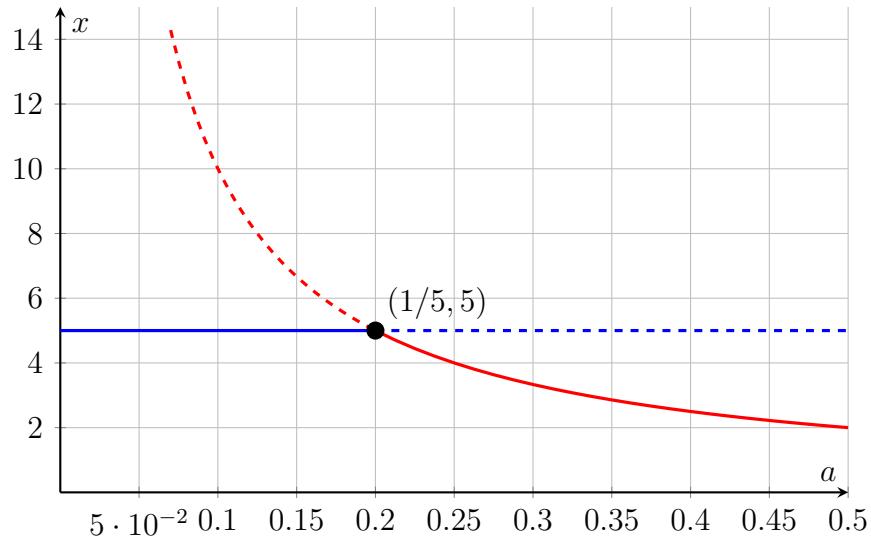
## Bifurcation Diagram

### Step 1: Identify branches

- Branch 1:  $x = 5$  (horizontal line)
  - Stable for  $a < 1/5$  (solid)
  - Unstable for  $a > 1/5$  (dashed)
- Branch 2:  $x = 1/a$  (hyperbola)
  - Unstable for  $a < 1/5$  (dashed)
  - Stable for  $a > 1/5$  (solid)

Bifurcation point:  $(a, x) = (1/5, 5)$

**Step 2: Sketch**



Solid = stable, dashed = unstable

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## Summary

- Equilibria:  $x^* = 5$  and  $x^* = 1/a$
- At  $a = 1/5$ : transcritical bifurcation where equilibria collide and exchange stability
- For  $a < 1/5$ :  $x = 5$  stable,  $x = 1/a$  unstable
- For  $a > 1/5$ :  $x = 5$  unstable,  $x = 1/a$  stable