

Notebook - Maratona de Programação

Tiago de Souza Fernandes

C	Conteúdo			2.18 Find-bridges	
1	Geometria	2		2.19 Ford	19
_	1.1 2D	$\frac{-}{2}$	3	Misc	13
	1.2 Inter-Retangulos	$\overline{4}$			13
	1.3 Minkowski-Sum	4		3.2 Rand	
	1.4 Simetria-central	4		3.3 Trie-bits	
	1.5 Half-Plane-Intersect	4		3.4 Bitwise	
	1.6 3D	4		3.5 Safe-Map	
	1.7 Polygon-Diameter	5		3.6 Ordered-Set	
	1.8 Convex-Hull	5		3.7 All-Subsets	
	1.9 Inside-polygon	5			
	1.10 Intersect-polygon	5	4	Strings	15
	1.11 MinDistPair	5		4.1 Manacher	15
	1.12 Rotating-Callipers	6		4.2 Suffix-array	15
	1.13 Tetrahedron-Distance3D	6		4.3 Edit-distance	16
	1.14 Heron	7		4.4 Z-Func	16
	1.15 Sort-by-Angle	7		4.5 Pal-int	16
	1.16 NumIntersectionLine	7		4.6 Trie	16
	1.17 Uniao-segmentos	7		4.7 LCS	16
				4.8 Hash	17
2		8		4.9 LCSubseq	17
	2.1 Dijkstra	8		4.10 KMP	
	2.2 Topological-sort	8		4.11 Suffix-array-radix	17
	2.3 DFS	8			
	2.4 Kosaraju	8	5	ED	18
	2.5 Kahn	8		5.1 BIT-kth	
	2.6 Floyd-Warshall	8		9.2	
	2.7 HLD-Vertice	8		5.3 Minqueue	
	2.8 Dinic	9		5.4 CHT	
	2.9 Kruskal	9		5.5 Trie	
	2.10 HLD-Aresta	10		5.6 Mo	
	2.11 Prim	10		5.7 BIT-2D	
	2.12 BFS	11		5.8 BIT-bigger-k	20
	2.13 2SAT	11		5.9 BIT	
	2.14 Hungarian	11		5.10 Delta-Encoding	
	2.15 LCA	12		5.11 Union-Find	
	2.16 BFS-01	12		5.12 Mergesorttree	
	2.17 Centroid	12		5.13 Sparse-Table	21

6	DP	22
	6.1	Partition-Problem
	6.2	LIS
	6.3	Mochila
	6.4	Largest-KSubmatrix
	6.5	Dp-digitos
	6.6	Unbounded-Knapsack
7	Algo	oritmos 23
	7.1	Iterative-BS
	7.2	Meet-in-the-middle
8	Mat	ch 23
Ū	8.1	FFT-simple
	8.2	Double-gcd
	8.3	Pollard-Rho
	8.4	Next-Permutation
	8.5	Linear-Diophantine-Equation
	8.6	Raiz-primitiva
	8.7	Mobius
	8.8	Crt
	8.9	Miller-Habin
	8.10	Mulmod
	8.11	Totient
	8.12	Crivo
	8.13	Verif-primo
	8.14	Exponenciacao-matriz
	8.15	Bigmod
	8.16	Simpson's-formula
	8.17	Lagrange-interpolation
	8.18	Factorization-sqrt
	8.19	Kamenetsky
	8.20	FFT-tourist
	8.21	Inverso-Mult
	8.22	Modular-Exponentiaion 29

1 Geometria

1.1 2D

```
7.0
                                                                 return atan2(v.x, v.y);
                                                          71 }
                                                          72 ld order_angle(point a, point b){ // from a to b ccw
1 #define PI acos(-1)
                                                                 (a in front of b)
2 #define vp vector<point>
                                                                 ld aux = angle(a,b)*180/PI;
                                                                 return ((a^b) <=0 ? aux:360-aux);
4 // typedef int cod;
                                                          7.4
                                                          75 }
5 // bool eq(cod a, cod b){ return (a==b); }
                                                          76 bool angle_less(point a1, point b1, point a2, point
6 typedef ld cod;
                                                                b2){ // ang(a1,b1) <= ang(a2,b2)
7 bool eq(cod a, cod b){ return abs(a - b) <= EPS; }</pre>
                                                                 point p1((a1*b1), abs((a1^b1)));
                                                                 point p2((a2*b2), abs((a2^b2)));
                                                          78
9 struct point{
     cod x, y;
                                                          7.9
                                                                 return (p1^p2) <= 0;
1.0
                                                          80 }
      int id;
11
      point(cod x=0, cod y=0): x(x), y(y){}
                                                          81
12
                                                          82 ld area(vp &p){ // (points sorted)
                                                                ld ret = 0;
1.4
                                                                 for(int i=2;i<(int)p.size();i++)</pre>
      point operator+(const point &o) const{
                                                          84
1.5
                                                                   ret += (p[i]-p[0])^(p[i-1]-p[0]);
                                                          85
          return {x+o.x, y+o.y};
16
                                                                 return abs(ret/2);
                                                          86
17
                                                          87 }
      point operator - (const point &o) const{
                                                          88 ld areaT(point &a, point &b, point &c){
         return {x-o.x, y-o.y};
19
                                                                return abs((b-a)^(c-a))/2.0;
                                                          8.9
20
                                                          90 }
      point operator*(cod t) const{
          return {x*t, y*t};
                                                          91
22
                                                          92 point center(vp &A){
23
      point operator/(cod t) const{
                                                          93
                                                                point c = point();
24
                                                                 int len = A.size();
          return {x/t, y/t};
                                                          94
                                                          95
                                                                 for(int i=0;i<len;i++)</pre>
26
                                                                    c=c+A[i];
      cod operator*(const point &o) const{ // dot
                                                          96
27
                                                          97
                                                                 return c/len;
          return x * o.x + y * o.y;
                                                          98 }
29
      cod operator^(const point &o) const{ // cross
                                                          99
                                                          100 point forca_mod(point p, ld m){
3.1
          return x * o.y - y * o.x;
                                                               ld cm = norm(p);
32
                                                         102
                                                                 if(cm<EPS) return point();</pre>
33
      bool operator < (const point &o) const{</pre>
                                                         103
                                                                 return point(p.x*m/cm,p.y*m/cm);
          if(!eq(x, o.x)) return x < o.x;
34
                                                         104 }
          return y < o.y;</pre>
                                                          105
36
      bool operator == (const point &o) const{
                                                         106
                                                         107 ///////////
38
         return eq(x, o.x) and eq(y, o.y);
                                                         108 // Line //
39
                                                         109 ///////////
40
                                                         110
41 }:
                                                         111 struct line{
43 ld norm(point a){ // Modulo
                                                                point p1, p2;
                                                                 cod a, b, c; // ax+by+c = 0;
44
      return sqrt(a*a);
                                                         113
                                                         114
                                                                 // y-y1 = ((y2-y1)/(x2-x1))(x-x1)
45
                                                         115
                                                                 line(point p1=0, point p2=0): p1(p1), p2(p2){
46 bool nulo(point a){
                                                                   a = p1.y-p2.y;
      return (eq(a.x, 0) and eq(a.y, 0));
                                                         116
                                                                     b = p2.x-p1.x;
48
                                                                     c = -(a*p1.x + b*p1.y);
                                                         118
                                                         119
int ccw(point a, point b, point e){ //-1=dir; 0=
      collinear; 1=esq;
cod tmp = (b-a)^(e-a); // from a to b
                                                                 line(cod a=0, cod b=0, cod c=0): a(a), b(b), c(c)
                                                          120
                                                                     if(b==0){}
      return (tmp > EPS) - (tmp < -EPS);</pre>
52
53 }
                                                         122
                                                                        p1 = point(1, -c/a);
                                                                         p1 = point(0, -c/a);
54 point rotccw(point p, ld a){
    // a = PI*a/180; // graus
                                                                     }else{
                                                                         p1 = point(1, (-c-a*1)/b);
56
      return point((p.x*cos(a)-p.y*sin(a)), (p.y*cos(a))125
                                                                         p2 = point(0, -c/b);
      +p.x*sin(a)));
57 }
_{58} point rot90cw(point a) { return point(a.y, -a.x); }; _{128}
59 point rot90ccw(point a) { return point(-a.y, a.x); };129
                                                                 cod eval(point p){
                                                         130
                                                         131
                                                                     return a*p.x+b*p.y+c;
61 ld proj(point a, point b){ // a sobre b
                                                         132
      return a*b/norm(b);
                                                                 bool inside(point p){
63 }
                                                         133
                                                                     return eq(eval(p), 0);
64 ld angle(point a, point b){ // em radianos
                                                         134
     ld ang = a*b / norm(a) / norm(b);
                                                         135
6.5
                                                         136
                                                                 point normal(){
      return acos(max(min(ang, (ld)1), (ld)-1));
```

67

69

68 ld angle_vec(point v){

// return 180/PI*atan2(v.x, v.y); // graus

```
point p1 = rotccw(c-p,-theta);
           return point(a, b);
137
                                                           204
138
                                                           205
                                                                       point p2 = rotccw(c-p,theta);
                                                                       p1 = p1*(sqrt(d1*d1-r*r)/d1)+p;
139
                                                           206
       bool inside_seg(point p){
                                                           207
                                                                       p2 = p2*(sqrt(d1*d1-r*r)/d1)+p;
140
141
           return (inside(p) and
                                                            208
                                                                       return {p1,p2};
                    min(p1.x, p2.x) \le p.x  and p.x \le max(p1.209)
142
                                                           210 }:
                    min(p1.y, p2.y) \le p.y and p.y \le max(p1.211)
       y, p2.y));
                                                           212 // minimum circle cover O(n) amortizado
                                                           213 circle min_circle_cover(vector<point> v){
144
                                                                   random_shuffle(v.begin(), v.end());
145
                                                           214
146 }:
                                                           215
                                                                   circle ans;
                                                                   int n = v.size();
147
                                                           216
      inter_line(line 11, line 12){
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<n;i++) if(!ans.inside(v[i])){</pre>
                                                           217
148 Vp
       ld det = l1.a*l2.b - l1.b*l2.a;
                                                                       ans = circle(v[i]);
149
                                                           218
                                                                       for(int j=0;j<i;j++) if(!ans.inside(v[j])){</pre>
       if(det==0) return {};
150
                                                           219
       ld x = (l1.b*l2.c - l1.c*l2.b)/det;
                                                           220
                                                                            ans = circle(v[i], v[j]);
       1d y = (11.c*12.a - 11.a*12.c)/det;
                                                                            for(int k=0;k<j;k++) if(!ans.inside(v[k])</pre>
                                                           221
       return {point(x, y)};
                                                                   ) {
154
                                                                                ans = circle(v[i], v[j], v[k]);
                                                           222
                                                                            }
                                                           223
156 point inter_seg(line l1, line l2){
                                                                       }
                                                           224
       point ans = inter_line(11, 12);
                                                                   }
                                                           225
       if(ans.x==INF or !11.inside_seg(ans) or !12.
                                                           226
                                                                   return ans;
       inside_seg(ans))
                                                           227
           return point(INF, INF);
                                                           228
160
       return ans;
                                                           229
161 }
                                                           230 circle incircle( point p1, point p2, point p3){
                                                                   ld m1=norm(p2-p3);
162
                                                           231
163 ld dseg(point p, point a, point b){ // point - seg
                                                                   ld m2=norm(p1-p3);
       if(((p-a)*(b-a)) < EPS) return norm(p-a);
                                                           233
                                                                   1d m3 = norm(p1 - p2);
164
       if(((p-b)*(a-b)) < EPS) return norm(p-b);
                                                                   point c = (p1*m1+p2*m2+p3*m3)*(1/(m1+m2+m3));
165
                                                           234
       return abs((p-a)^(b-a))/norm(b-a);
                                                                   1d s = 0.5*(m1+m2+m3);
166
167 }
                                                           236
                                                                   1d r = sqrt(s*(s-m1)*(s-m2)*(s-m3))/s;
                                                                   return circle(c, r);
                                                           237
168
169 ld dline(point p, line l){ // point - line
                                                           238 }
       return abs(1.eval(p))/sqrt(1.a*1.a + 1.b*1.b);
170
171 }
                                                           240 circle circumcircle(point a, point b, point c) {
                                                                   circle ans;
172
                                                           241
173 line mediatrix(point a, point b){
                                                                   point u = point((b-a).y, -(b-a).x);
                                                           242
174
       point d = (b-a)*2;
                                                           243
                                                                   point v = point((c-a).y, -(c-a).x);
                                                                   point n = (c-b)*0.5;
       return line(d.x, d.y, a*a - b*b);
175
                                                           244
                                                                   1d t = (u^n)/(v^u);
176
                                                           245
                                                           246
                                                                   ans.c = ((a+c)*0.5) + (v*t);
178 line perpendicular(line 1, point p){ // passes
                                                                   ans.r = norm(ans.c-a);
                                                           247
       through p
                                                            248
                                                                   return ans;
       return line(1.b, -1.a, -1.b*p.x + 1.a*p.y);
                                                           249 }
179
                                                            250
                                                           251 vp inter_circle_line(circle C, line L){
181
                                                           252
                                                                   point ab = L.p2 - L.p1, p = L.p1 + ab * ((C.c-L.
182
183 ////////////
                                                                   p1)*(ab) / (ab*ab));
184 // Circle //
                                                                   1d s = (L.p2-L.p1)^(C.c-L.p1), h2 = C.r*C.r - s*s
                                                           253
185 ///////////
                                                                    / (ab*ab);
                                                                   if (h2 < 0) return {};
186
                                                           254
187 struct circle {
                                                                   if (h2 == 0) return {p};
       point c; cod r;
                                                                   point h = (ab/norm(ab)) * sqrt(h2);
188
                                                           256
       circle() : c(0, 0), r(0){}
                                                                   return {p - h, p + h};
                                                           257
189
       circle(const point o) : c(o), r(0){}
                                                           258
       circle(const point a, const point b){
                                                           259
           c = (a+b)/2;
                                                           260 vp inter_circle(circle C1, circle C2){
                                                                   if(C1.c == C2.c) { assert(C1.r != C2.r); return
           r = norm(a-c);
                                                           261
                                                                   {}; }
194
       circle(const point a, const point b, const point 262
                                                                   point vec = C2.c - C1.c;
                                                                   1d d2 = vec*vec, sum = C1.r+C2.r, dif = C1.r-C2.r
                                                           263
           c = inter_line(mediatrix(a, b), mediatrix(b,
       cc));
                                                                   1d p = (d2 + C1.r*C1.r - C2.r*C2.r)/(d2*2), h2 =
                                                           264
           r = norm(a-c);
                                                                   C1.r*C1.r - p*p*d2;
                                                                   if (sum*sum < d2 or dif*dif > d2) return {};
198
       bool inside(const point &a) const{
                                                                   point mid = C1.c + vec*p, per = point(-vec.y, vec
                                                            266
199
           return norm(a - c) <= r;
                                                                   .x) * sqrt(max((ld)0, h2) / d2);
200
                                                                   if(eq(per.x, 0) and eq(per.y, 0)) return {mid};
                                                           267
201
       pair < point , point > getTangentPoint(point p) {
                                                           268
                                                                   return {mid + per, mid - per};
202
203
           1d d1 = norm(p-c), theta = asin(r/d1);
                                                           269 }
```

```
1.2 Inter-Retangulos
                                                                         bool bad = 0;
                                                                         for(int k=0; k<n; k++)</pre>
                                                          10
                                                                             if(v[k].eval(crs) < -EPS){
_{\rm 1} bool doOverlap(point l1, point r1, point l2, point r2 ^{\rm 11}
                                                                                 bad = 1:
                                                                                  break;
2 {
      if (11.x>r2.x or 12.x>r1.x or 11.y<r2.y or 12.y< 14
      r1.y)
                                                                         if(!bad) ret.push_back(crs);
                                                          16
          return false;
                                                          17
      return true;
                                                                 }
                                                          18
6 }
                                                                 return ret:
                                                          19
  1.3 Minkowski-Sum
                                                          20 }
                                                            1.6 \quad 3D
1 vp mk(const vp &a,const vp &b){
      int i = 0, j = 0;
      for(int k = 0; k < (int)a.size(); k++)if(a[k]<a[i 1 // typedef int cod;</pre>
                                                           2 // bool eq(cod a, cod b){ return (a==b); }
      for(int k = 0; k < (int)b.size(); k++)if(b[k] < b[j 4 #define vp vector < point > ]
                                                           5 typedef ld cod;
                                                           6 bool eq(cod a, cod b){ return fabs(a - b) <= EPS; }</pre>
                                                           8 struct point
      vp c;
      c.reserve(a.size() + b.size());
                                                                 cod x, y, z;
      for(int k = 0; k < int(a.size()+b.size()); k++){</pre>
1.0
                                                                 point(cod x=0, cod y=0, cod z=0): x(x), y(y), z(z)
          point pt{a[i] + b[j]};
                                                                 ){}
          if((int)c.size() >= 2 and !ccw(c[c.size()-2],
12
       c.back(), pt))
                                                                 point operator+(const point &o) const{
                                                          13
              c.pop_back();
13
                                                                     return {x+o.x, y+o.y, z+o.z};
          c pb(pt);
14
                                                          1.5
15
          int q = i+1, w = j+1;
                                                                 point operator - (const point &o) const{
                                                          16
          if(q == int(a.size())) q = 0;
16
                                                          17
                                                                     return {x-o.x, y-o.y, z-o.z};
          if(w == int(b.size())) w = 0;
1.7
          if(ccw(c.back(), a[i]+b[w], a[q]+b[j]) < 0) i^{18}
                                                                 point operator*(cod t) const{
                                                                    return {x*t, y*t, z*t};
                                                          2.0
19
          else j = w;
                                                          21
20
                                                                 point operator/(cod t) const{
                                                          22
21
                                                                     return \{x/t, y/t, z/t\};
      if(!ccw(c[0], c[(int)c.size()-1], c[(int)c.size()^{23}]
                                                                 bool operator == (const point &o) const{
                                                          2.5
           c.pop_back();
                                                                     return eq(x, o.x) and eq(y, o.y) and eq(z, o.
      if(!ccw(c.back(), c[0], c[1])){
24
                                                                 z):
          c[0]=c.back();
                                                          27
          c.pop_back();
26
                                                          28
                                                                 cod operator*(const point &o) const{ // dot
27
                                                                     return x*o.x + y*o.y + z*o.z;
                                                          29
      c.shrink_to_fit();
28
                                                          30
29
                                                                 point operator^(const point &o) const{ // cross
                                                          3.1
      return c;
                                                          3.2
                                                                     return point(y*o.z - z*o.y,
31
                                                                                  z*0.x - x*0.z,
                                                          3.3
                                                          34
                                                                                   x*o.y - y*o.x);
  1.4 Simetria-central
                                                          35
                                                          36 };
bool simetric(vector<point> &a){ //ordered
                                                          37
     int n = a.size();
                                                          38 ld dist(point a, point b){
      c = center(a);
                                                          39
                                                                 return sqrt((a-b)*(a-b));
      if(n&1) return false;
                                                          40 }
      for (int i=0; i< n/2; i++)
                                                          41 bool nulo(point a){
          if(!collinear(a[i], a[i+n/2], c))
                                                                 return (eq(a.x, 0) and eq(a.y, 0) and eq(a.z, 0))
              return false;
      return true:
                                                          43
9 }
                                                          44
                                                          45 ld norm(point a){ // Modulo
  1.5 Half-Plane-Intersect
                                                          46
                                                                return sqrt(a*a);
                                                          47 }
1 // Half plane intersect O(n3)
                                                          48 ld proj(point a, point b){ // a sobre b
vp half_plane_intersect(vector<line> &v){
                                                          49
                                                                 return (a*b)/norm(b);
      vp ret;
                                                          50 }
      int n = v.size();
                                                          51 ld angle(point a, point b){ // em radianos
      for(int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
                                                          52
                                                                 return acos((a*b) / norm(a) / norm(b));
          for(int j=i+1; j<n; j++){
                                                          53 }
              point crs = inter(v[i], v[j]);
               if(crs.x == INF) continue;
                                                          55 cod triple(point a, point b, point c){
```

```
return dot(a, b^c); // Area do paralelepipedo
                                                                         U.pop_back();
56
                                                          1.4
57 }
                                                          15
                                                                     U.push_back(p);
5.8
                                                          16
59
                                                                 L.pop_back();
  struct plane{
                                                                 L.insert(L.end(), U.begin(), U.end()-1);
      point p1, p2, p3;
                                                                 return L:
61
                                                          19
      plane(point p1=0, point p2=0, point p3=0): p1(p1)_{20}}
       , p2(p2), p3(p3){}
                                                             1.9 Inside-polygon
      point aux = (p1-p3)^(p2-p3);
64
      cod a = aux.x, b = aux.y, c = aux.z;
                                                           _{1} bool insideT(point a, point b, point c, point e){
65
66
       cod d = -a*p1.x - b*p1.y - c*p1.z;
                                                                 int x = ccw(a, b, e);
67
      // ax+by+cz+d = 0;
                                                                 int y = ccw(b, c, e);
68 };
                                                                 int z = ccw(c, a, e);
69
                                                                 // if(!x or !y or !z) return false; // bordo
70 cod dist(plane pl, point p){
                                                                 return !((x==1 \text{ or } y==1 \text{ or } z==1) \text{ and } (x==-1 \text{ or } y
      return fabs(pl.a*p.x + pl.b*p.y + pl.c*p.z + pl.d
                                                                 ==-1 or z==-1));
      ) / sqrt(pl.a*pl.a + pl.b*pl.b + pl.c*pl.c);
                                                         7 }
73
                                                           9 bool inside(vp &vet, point e){ // ccw
74 point rotate(point v, point k, ld theta){
                                                                int 1=2, r=(int)vet.size()-1;
                                                          10
      // Rotaciona o vetor v theta graus em torno do
                                                                 int res=r;
      eixo k
                                                                 while(l<r){
                                                          12
      // theta *= PI/180; // graus
                                                                     int mid = (1+r)/2;
                                                          13
      return rotated = (v*cos(theta)) +
                                                                     if(ccw(vet[0], vet[mid], e) == 1)
                                                          14
                        ((k^v)*sin(theta)) +
                                                                         1 = mid + 1;
                                                          15
                        (k*(k*v))*(1-cos(theta));
79
                                                          16
                                                                     else{
80 }
                                                                         r=mid:
                                                          17
                                                                         res=mid:
                                                          18
  1.7 Polygon-Diameter
                                                                     }
                                                          19
                                                                 }
                                                          20
double diameter(const vector<point> &p) {
                                                          21
      vector < point > h = convexHull(p);
                                                                 return insideT(vet[0], vet[res-1], vet[res], e);
                                                          22
      int m = h.size();
                                                          23 }
      if (m == 1)
                                                             1.10 Intersect-polygon
          return 0;
      if (m == 2)
          return dist(h[0], h[1]);
                                                           1 bool intersect(vector<point> A, vector<point> B) //
      int k = 1;
                                                                 Ordered ccw
      while (area(h[m - 1], h[0], h[(k + 1) \% m]) >
      area(h[m - 1], h[0], h[k]))
                                                                 for(auto a: A)
                                                           3
          ++k;
                                                                     if(inside(B, a))
       double res = 0;
                                                                         return true:
       for (int i = 0, j = k; i <= k && j < m; i++) {
                                                                 for(auto b: B)
          res = max(res, dist(h[i], h[j]));
13
                                                                     if(inside(A, b))
          while (j < m && area(h[i], h[(i + 1) % m], h
                                                                         return true;
14
       [(j + 1) \% m]) > area(h[i], h[(i + 1) \% m], h[j]) 9
                                                                 if(inside(B, center(A)))
      ) {
               res = max(res, dist(h[i], h[(j + 1) % m])_{11}
                                                                     return true:
      ):
               ++ j;
                                                                 return false:
                                                          14 }
          }
      }
18
                                                             1.11 MinDistPair
      return res;
19
                                                           1 11 MinDistPair(vp &vet){
  1.8 Convex-Hull
                                                                 int n = vet.size();
                                                           2
                                                                 sort(vet.begin(), vet.end());
vp convex_hull(const vp &points)
                                                                 set < point > s;
      vp P(points);
                                                                 11 best_dist = LLINF;
3
       sort(P.begin(), P.end());
                                                                 int j = 0;
      vp L, U;
                                                                 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
      for(auto p: P){
                                                                     int d = ceil(sqrt(best_dist));
          while(L.size()>=2 and ccw(L[L.size()-2], L.
                                                                     while (j < n \text{ and } vet[i].x-vet[j].x >= d){
                                                          1.0
      back(), p)!=1)
                                                          11
                                                                          s.erase(point(vet[j].y, vet[j].x));
              L.pop_back();
                                                          12
                                                                          j++;
                                                                     }
          L.push_back(p);
                                                          13
      reverse(P.begin(), P.end());
                                                                     auto it1 = s.lower_bound({vet[i].y - d, vet[i]})
                                                                 ].x});
      for(auto p: P){
          while(U.size()>=2 and ccw(U[U.size()-2], U.
                                                                     auto it2 = s.upper_bound({vet[i].y + d, vet[i
13
      back(), p)!=1)
                                                                 ].x});
```

```
ld d = ve*v[i];
                                                          2.0
18
          for(auto it=it1; it!=it2; it++){
                                                          21
                                                                     //se ponto coplanar com um dos lados do
               11 dx = vet[i].x - it->y;
                                                                 prisma (va^vb eh nulo),
19
               11 dy = vet[i].y - it->x;
                                                                     //ele esta dentro do prisma (poderia
               if(best_dist > dx*dx + dy*dy){
                                                                  desconsiderar pois distancia
                   best_dist = dx*dx + dy*dy;
                                                                     //vai ser a msm da distancia do ponto ao
22
                                                          23
                   // vet[i] e inv(it)
                                                                  segmento)
                                                                     if(!nulo(va^vb)) and (v[(i+2)\%3]*ve>d)^ (p*ve)
24
                                                           24
          }
                                                                 >d)) return LLINF;
                                                           25
           s.insert(point(vet[i].y, vet[i].x));
                                                           26
                                                          27
                                                                 //se ponto for coplanar ao triangulo (e dentro do
29
      return best_dist;
                                                                  triangulo)
                                                                 //vai retornar zero corretamente
                                                                 return fabs(misto(p-v[0], v1, v2)/norm(n));
                                                          29
  1.12 Rotating-Callipers
                                                          30 }
                                                          31
                                                          32 ld dist_pt_seg(point p, vp li){
1 int N;
                                                                 return norm((li[1]-li[0])^(p-li[0]))/norm(li[1]-
                                                                 li[0]);
3 int sum(int i, int x){
                                                          34 }
      if (i+x>N-1) return (i+x-N);
                                                          35
      return i+x;
                                                          36 ld dist_line(vp l1, vp l2){
6 }
                                                                 point n = (11[1]-11[0])^(12[1]-12[0]);
                                                          37
                                                                 if(nulo(n)) //retas paralelas - dist ponto a reta
                                                          38
8 ld rotating_callipers(vp &vet){
                                                                      return dist_pt_seg(12[0],11);
                                                          3.9
      N = vet.size();
                                                           40
      1d ans = 0;
10
                                                                 point o1o2 = 12[0]-11[0];
                                                           41
      // 2 triangulos (p1, p3, p4) (p1, p2, p3);
                                                                 return fabs((o1o2*n)/norm(n));
      for(int i=0;i<N;i++){ // p1</pre>
                                                           43 }
           int p2 = sum(i, 1); // p2
13
                                                           44 // retas paralelas e intersecao nao nula
           int p4 = sum(i, 3); // p4
14
                                                           45 ld dist_seg(vp l1, vp l2){
           for(int j=sum(i, 2); j!=i; j=sum(j, 1)){ // p3
15
               if(j==p2) p2 = sum(p2, 1);
1.6
                                                                 assert(12.size() == 2);
               while(sum(p2, 1)!=j and areaT(vet[p2],
                                                                 assert(11.size() == 2);
      vet[i], vet[j]) < areaT(vet[sum(p2, 1)], vet[i],</pre>
      vet[j]))
                                                                 //pontos extremos do segmento
                                                           5.0
                   p2 = sum(p2, 1);
18
                                                           51
                                                                 ld ans = LLINF;
               while(sum(p4, 1)!=i and areaT(vet[p4],
                                                          52
                                                                 for(int i=0;i<2;i++)
      vet[i], vet[j]) < areaT(vet[sum(p4, 1)], vet[i],</pre>
                                                                     for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
                                                           5.3
      vet[j]))
                                                           54
                                                                          ans = min(ans, norm(11[i]-12[j]));
                   p4 = sum(p4, 1);
21
                                                                 //verificando distancia de ponto extremo com
               ans = max(ans, area(vet[i], vet[p2], vet[
                                                                 ponto interno dos segs
      j], vet[p4]));
                                                                 for(int t=0;t<2;t++){
                                                           57
          }
23
                                                           58
                                                                      for(int i=0;i<2;i++){
24
                                                                          bool c=true:
                                                          5.9
2.5
                                                                          for (int k=0; k<2; k++) {
      return ans:
                                                                              point va = 11[i]-12[k];
                                                          6.1
                                                                              point vb = 12[!k]-12[k];
                                                                              ld ang = atan2(norm((vb^va)), vb*va);
                                                          63
  1.13 Tetrahedron-Distance3D
                                                                              if(ang>PI/2) c = false;
                                                          64
                                                                          }
                                                                          if(c)
                                                           66
1 bool nulo(point a){
                                                                              ans = min(ans, dist_pt_seg(11[i],12));
      return (eq(a.x, 0) and eq(a.y, 0) and eq(a.z, 0)) 67
                                                           6.8
                                                                     swap(11,12);
3 }
                                                           69
                                                          70
5 ld misto(point p1, point p2, point p3){
                                                          7.1
                                                                 //ponto interno com ponto interno dos segmentos
      return (p1^p2)*p3;
                                                                 point v1 = 11[1]-11[0], v2 = 12[1]-12[0];
7 }
                                                          7.3
                                                                 point n = v1^v2;
                                                          7.4
                                                          75
                                                                 if(!nulo(n)){
9 ld dist_pt_face(point p, vp v){
                                                                     bool ok = true:
                                                          76
      assert(v.size()==3);
                                                          7.7
                                                                      for(int t=0;t<2;t++){</pre>
                                                                          point n2 = v2^n;
      point v1 = v[1]-v[0];
                                                          78
12
      point v2 = v[2]-v[0];
                                                          79
                                                                          point o1o2 = 12[0]-11[0];
13
                                                                          ld escalar = (o1o2*n2)/(v1*n2);
      point n = (v1^v2);
                                                          80
14
                                                          81
                                                                          if(escalar < 0 or escalar > 1) ok = false;
                                                                          swap(11,12);
      for(int i=0;i<3;i++){
                                                          82
16
                                                                          swap(v1,v2);
                                                          83
          point va = p-v[i];
          point vb = v[(i+1)%3]-v[i];
18
                                                          8.5
                                                                      if(ok) ans = min(ans,dist_line(11,12));
          point ve = vb^n;
19
```

```
}
                                                             2 {
86
                                                                   int lim = 1e6;
                                                             3
                                                                   Segtree st(lim+100);
88
       return ans;
                                                             4
89 }
                                                                   int n, m, y, x, 1, r;
                                                                   cin >> n >> m;
91 ld ver(vector < vp > & vet) {
       ld ans = LLINF;
                                                                   int open=-1, close=INF; // open -> check -> close
92
       // vertice - face
                                                                   vector< pair<int, pii> > sweep;
93
                                                             g
       for(int k=0; k<2; k++)
94
                                                            10
           for(int pt=0;pt<4;pt++)</pre>
                                                                   11 \text{ ans} = 0;
95
               for(int i=0;i<4;i++){
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<n;i++){ // horizontal</pre>
96
                                                            12
97
                    vp v;
                                                            13
                                                                        cin >> y >> 1 >> r;
                                                                        sweep.pb({1, {open, y}});
98
                    for(int j=0;j<4;j++){
                                                            14
                        if(i!=j) v.pb(vet[!k][j]);
                                                                        sweep.pb({r, {close, y}});
                    ans = min(ans, dist_pt_face(vet[k][pt 17
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<m;i++){ // vertical</pre>
       ], v));
                                                                        cin >> x >> 1 >> r;
                                                                        sweep.pb({x, {1, r}});
       // edge - edge
                                                                   sort(sweep.begin(), sweep.end());
104
                                                            21
       for(int i1=0;i1<4;i1++)</pre>
           for(int j1=0; j1<i1; j1++)
                                                                   // set<int> on;
106
                                                            23
               for(int i2=0;i2<4;i2++)
                                                                   for(auto s: sweep){
                                                            24
                    for(int j2=0; j2<i2; j2++)
                                                                       if(s.ss.ff == open) {
                                                                            st.update(s.ss.ss, 1);
                        ans = min(ans, dist_seg({vet[0][ 26
       i1], vet[0][j1]},
                                                                            // on.insert(s.ss.ss);
                                                  {vet[1][ 28
       i2], vet[1][j2]}));
                                                                        else if(s.ss.ff==close){
                                                            29
                                                            30
                                                                            st.update(s.ss.ss, -1);
111
       return ans:
                                                                            // on.erase(s.ss.ss);
                                                            3.1
113 }
                                                            32
                                                                        elsef
                                                            3.3
   1.14 Heron
                                                                            ans += st.query(s.ss.ff, s.ss.ss);
                                                            34
                                                                            // auto it1 = on.lower_bound(s.ss.ff);
                                                                            // auto it2 = on.upper_bound(s.ss.ss);
                                                            36
 1 ld heron(int a, int b, int c){
                                                                            // for(auto it = it1; it!=it2; it++){
                                                            37
      1d s = (a+b+c)/2.0;
                                                                                   intersection -> (s.ff, it);
                                                                            11
                                                            3.8
       return sqrtl(s*(s-a)*(s-b)*(s-c));
                                                                            // }
                                                            39
 4 }
                                                                        }
                                                            40
                                                            41
 6 ld heron(int a, int b, int c, int d){
                                                            42
       1d s = (a+b+c+d)/2.0;
                                                                   cout << ans << endl;</pre>
                                                            43
       return sqrtl((s-a)*(s-b)*(s-c)*(s-d));
                                                            44
                                                            45
                                                            46
                                                                   return 0;
   1.15 Sort-by-Angle
                                                            47 }
 int quarter(point a)
                                                               1.17 Uniao-segmentos
       if (a.x>0 \text{ and } a.y>=0) return 0;
       if(a.x<=0 and a.y>0) return 1;
       if(a.x<0 and a.y<=0) return 2;
                                                             int length_union(const vector<pii> &a){
       return 3;
                                                                   int n = a.size();
 7 }
                                                                   vector < pair < int , bool >> x(n*2);
                                                                   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){</pre>
                                                                        x[i*2] = {a[i].ff, false};
 9 point c;
10 bool comp(point a, point b) //ccw
                                                                        x[i*2+1] = {a[i].ss, true};
                                                             6
12
       a=a-c; b=b-c;
       int qa = quarter(a);
                                                                   sort(x.begin(), x.end());
13
                                                             9
       int qb = quarter(b);
14
                                                            10
       if(qa==qb)
15
                                                                   int result=0;
                                                                   int c=0;
           return (a^b)>0;
                                                            12
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<2*n;i++){</pre>
1.7
       else
                                                            1.3
                                                                       if(i and c and x[i].ff>x[i-1].ff)
18
          return qa < qb;
                                                            14
19 }
                                                                            result += x[i].ff-x[i-1].ff;
                                                            1.5
20
                                                            16
21 c = center(A);
                                                            17
                                                                        if(x[i].ss) c--;
22 sort(A.begin(), A.end(), comp);
                                                                        else c++;
                                                            18
                                                            19
   1.16 NumIntersectionLine
                                                                   return result;
                                                            2.0
                                                            21 }
```

1 int main()

2 Grafos

2.1 Dijkstra

```
1 // Dijkstra - Shortest Path
3 vector < vii > g(MAX+1, vii());
4 vi d(MAX+1, INF);
5 priority_queue < pii, vii, greater <pii>> fila;
void dijkstra(int k){
      d[k]=0;
      fila.push({0, k});
g
10
      while(!fila.empty()){
11
          int w=fila.top().ff, u=fila.top().ss;
12
           fila.pop();
          if(w>d[u]) continue;
14
           for(auto [v, w]: g[u]){
16
              if(d[v]>d[u]+w){
17
                   d[v]=d[u]+w;
                   fila.push({d[v], v});
19
               }
20
          }
21
      }
22
23 }
```

2.2 Topological-sort

```
vector < vi > grafo(MAX, vi());
2 int grau[MAX]; // Quantas arestas chegam no indice i 7
4 vi topological_sort(int n){
      vi resp;
      for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
           if(!grau[i])
               resp.push_back(i);
      int k=0;
10
      while(k < (int)resp.size()){</pre>
           int u = resp[k];
12
13
           k++:
           for(auto v: grafo[u]){
14
               grau[v]--;
15
               if(!grau[v])
16
                   resp.pb(v);
           }
1.8
19
20
      if((int)resp.size() < n)</pre>
21
```

2.3 DFS

return resp;

23

24

25 }

cout << "impossivel\n";</pre>

2.4 Kosaraju

```
6 void dfs(int u){
      vis[u] = 1;
       for(auto v: g[u]) if(!vis[v]) dfs(v);
       S.push(u);
10 }
12 void scc(int u, int c){
      vis[u] = 1; comp[u] = c;
13
14
       for(auto v: gi[u]) if(!vis[v]) scc(v, c);
15 }
17 void kosaraju(){
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++) vis[i] = 0;
18
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++) if(!vis[i]) dfs(i);</pre>
19
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++) vis[i] = 0;
20
21
       while(S.size()){
           int u = S.top();
22
           S.pop();
           if(!vis[u]) scc(u, u);
24
25
26 }
  2.5 Kahn
```

```
1 vi g[MAX];
2 int in[MAX], cor[MAX];
3 void kahn(int n) {
      int label = 1;
4
      priority_queue<int, vector<int>, greater<int>> pq
      ; // trocar por queue para O(n)
      for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
          if(in[i] == 0) {
               pq.push(i);
1.0
11
12
      while(pq.size()) {
           int u = pq.top(); pq.pop();
13
           cor[u] = label++;
14
           for(auto prox : g[u]) {
15
16
               in[prox] --;
               if(in[prox] == 0) {
1.7
18
                   pq.push(prox);
19
20
           }
      }
21
22 }
```

2.6 Floyd-Warshall

2.7 HLD-Vertice

```
1 struct Hld {
2    Segtree st;
3    int n;
4    vector<vi>5    vi pos, sz, peso, pai, h, v;
6    int t;
```

```
16
      Hld(int n){
                                                            17
                                                                       11 \text{ ans} = 0;
          this -> n = n;
                                                            18
           st = Segtree(n);
                                                                        for(; px[s] < (int)g[s].size(); px[s]++) {</pre>
1.0
                                                            1.9
           g.assign(n, vi());
                                                                            int e = g[s][ px[s] ];
           pos.assign(n, 0);sz.assign(n, 0);
                                                                            auto &v = edge[e], &rev = edge[e^1];
12
                                                            21
           peso.assign(n, 0);pai.assign(n, 0);
                                                                            if(lvl[v.to] != lvl[s]+1 || v.flow >= v.
13
           h.assign(n, 0); v.assign(n, 0);
1.4
                                                                   cap)
                                                                                                      // v.cap - v.flow
15
                                                                    < lim
16
       void build_hld(int k, int p = -1, int f = 1){
                                                                            11 tmp = run(v.to, sink,min(minE, v.cap-v
17
18
           v[pos[k] = t++] = peso[k]; sz[k] = 1;
                                                                    .flow));
           for(auto &i: g[k]) if(i!=p){
                                                                            v.flow += tmp, rev.flow -= tmp;
19
                                                                            ans += tmp, minE -= tmp;
               pai[i] = k;
20
                                                            26
               h[i] = (i==g[k][0] ? h[k]:i);
21
                                                            27
                                                                            if(minE == 0) break;
               build_hld(i, k, f); sz[k]+=sz[i];
22
                                                            28
                                                                        return ans;
               if(sz[i]>sz[g[k][0]] or g[k][0]==p) swap(30
24
       i, g[k][0]);
                                                                   bool bfs(int source, int sink) {
25
           }
                                                                       qt = 0;
                                                                        qu[qt++] = source;
           if(p*f == -1) build_hld(h[k] = k, -1, t = 0); 33
26
                                                                        lvl[source] = 1;
27
                                                                        vis[source] = ++pass;
       void build(int root = 0){
28
                                                            3.5
           t = 0;
                                                                        for(int i = 0; i < qt; i++) {</pre>
           build_hld(root);
                                                                            int u = qu[i];
3.0
                                                            3.7
                                                                            px[u] = 0;
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++) st.seg[i+n]=v[i];</pre>
3.1
                                                            38
                                                                            if(u == sink) return true;
32
           st.build();
                                                            3.9
                                                                            for(auto& ed : g[u]) {
33
                                                            40
       11 query_path(int a, int b){
                                                                                auto v = edge[ed];
34
                                                            41
           if(pos[a] < pos[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
                                                                                if(v.flow >= v.cap || vis[v.to] ==
3.5
                                                                   pass)
36
                                                                                     continue; // v.cap - v.flow < lim</pre>
           if(h[a]==h[b]) return st.query(pos[b], pos[a 43
3.7
                                                                                vis[v.to] = pass;
           return st.query(pos[h[a]], pos[a]) +
                                                                                lvl[v.to] = lvl[u]+1;
                                                                                qu[qt++] = v.to;
       query_path(pai[h[a]], b);
                                                            46
                                                                       }
       void update_path(int a, int b, int x){
40
                                                            48
           if(pos[a] < pos[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
                                                                       return false;
41
           if(h[a]==h[b]) return (void)st.update(pos[b], 51
                                                                   11 flow(int source, int sink) {
43
        pos[a], x);
                                                                        reset_flow();
          st.update(pos[h[a]], pos[a], x); update_path(53
                                                                       11 \text{ ans} = 0;
44
                                                                        //for(lim = (1LL << 62); lim >= 1; lim /= 2)
      pai[h[a]], b, x);
                                                            54
45
                                                            5.5
                                                                        while(bfs(source, sink))
       11 query_subtree(int a){
                                                                            ans += run(source, sink, LLINF);
46
                                                            56
           return st.query(pos[a], pos[a]+sz[a]-1);
                                                                        return ans;
47
                                                            57
48
                                                            58
       void update_subtree(int a, int x){
                                                                   void addEdge(int u, int v, ll c, ll rc) {
           st.update(pos[a], pos[a]+sz[a]-1, x);
                                                                       Edge e = \{u, v, 0, c\};
50
                                                            6.0
51
                                                            61
                                                                        edge.pb(e);
       int lca(int a, int b){
                                                                        g[u].push_back(ne++);
52
                                                            62
           if(pos[a]<pos[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
53
                                                            63
           return (h[a] == h[b] ? b:lca(pai[h[a]], b));
                                                                        e = {v, u, 0, rc};
                                                                        edge.pb(e);
5.5
                                                            6.5
56 };
                                                                        g[v].push_back(ne++);
                                                            66
                                                            67
  2.8 Dinic
                                                                   void reset_flow() {
                                                            68
                                                                       for(int i = 0; i < ne; i++)</pre>
                                                                           edge[i].flow = 0;
1 const int N = 300;
                                                            70
                                                                        memset(lvl, 0, sizeof(lvl));
                                                                        memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
                                                            7.2
s struct Dinic {
                                                            7.3
                                                                        memset(qu, 0, sizeof(qu));
      struct Edge{
                                                            74
                                                                        memset(px, 0, sizeof(px));
           int from, to; ll flow, cap;
                                                                        qt = 0; pass = 0;
                                                            7.5
      };
                                                            76
      vector < Edge > edge;
                                                            77 };
9
       vector < int > g[N];
                                                               2.9 Kruskal
10
      int ne = 0;
       int lvl[N], vis[N], pass;
                                                             1 // Uses DSU .join() and .find()
      int qu[N], px[N], qt;
                                                             2 struct Edge {
       ll run(int s, int sink, ll minE) {
                                                                  int u, v, weight;
14
          if(s == sink) return minE;
                                                                   bool operator < (Edge const& other) {</pre>
15
```

```
return weight < other.weight;</pre>
                                                           47
                                                           48
                                                                  11 query_subtree(int a){
7 };
                                                                      if(sz[a]==1) return 0;
                                                           49
                                                           50
                                                                      return st.query(pos[a]+1, pos[a]+sz[a]-1);
9 int n;
                                                           51
10 DSU dsu(n):
                                                                  void update_subtree(int a, int x){
                                                           52
vector < Edge > edges, result;
                                                                      if(sz[a]==1) return;
12 int cost = 0:
                                                                      {\tt st.update(pos[a]+1, pos[a]+sz[a]-1, x);}\\
                                                           5.4
                                                           55
14 sort(edges.begin(), edges.end());
                                                                  int lca(int a, int b){
                                                           56
                                                                      if(pos[a] < pos[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
1.5
                                                           5.7
16 for(auto e : edges) {
                                                           58
                                                                       return (h[a] == h[b] ? b:lca(pai[h[a]], b));
     if (dsu.find(e.u) != dsu.find(e.v)) {
                                                           5.9
                                                           60 };
           cost += e.weight;
           result.push_back(e); // vector com as arestas
                                                                     Prim
                                                              2.11
       da MST
           dsu.join(e.u, e.v);
2.1
                                                            1 // Prim Algorithm
22 }
                                                            2 #define MAXN 10100
                                                            3 #define INFINITO 999999999
  2.10 HLD-Aresta
                                                           5 int n, m;
1 struct Hld {
                                                            6 int distancia[MAXN];
      Segtree st;
                                                            7 int processado[MAXN]:
      int n;
                                                            8 vector < pii > vizinhos [MAXN];
      vector < vii > g;
      vi pos, sz, sobe, pai, h, v;
                                                           10 int Prim()
      int t;
                                                           11 {
                                                                  for(int i = 2;i <= n;i++) distancia[i] = INFINITO</pre>
                                                           12
      Hld(int n){
          this -> n = n;
                                                           13
                                                                  distancia[1] = 0:
          st = Segtree(n);
10
                                                           14
           g.assign(n, vii());
                                                                  priority_queue < pii, vector < pii > , greater < pii > >
                                                           15
          pos.assign(n, 0);sz.assign(n, 0);
                                                                  fila:
           sobe.assign(n, 0);pai.assign(n, 0);
                                                                  fila.push( pii(distancia[1], 1) );
          h.assign(n, 0); v.assign(n, 0);
14
                                                                  while(1){
15
                                                                      int davez = -1;
16
                                                           19
      void build_hld(int k, int p = -1, int f = 1){
17
                                                           20
          v[pos[k] = t++] = sobe[k]; sz[k] = 1;
                                                                      while(!fila.empty()){
           for(auto &i: g[k]) if(i.ff != p){
                                                                           int atual = fila.top().second;
19
                                                           22
               sobe[i.ff] = i.ss; pai[i.ff] = k;
                                                                           fila.pop();
               h[i.ff] = (i==g[k][0] ? h[k]:i.ff);
                                                           24
               build_hld(i.ff, k, f); sz[k]+=sz[i.ff];
                                                                           if(!processado[atual]){
                                                           2.5
                                                                               davez = atual:
               if(sz[i.ff]>sz[g[k][0].ff] or g[k][0].ff 27
                                                                               break;
24
      ==p) swap(i, g[k][0]);
          }
                                                                      }
          if(p*f == -1) build_hld(h[k] = k, -1, t = 0); 30
                                                                      if(davez == -1)
27
      void build(int root = 0){
                                                                           break:
28
                                                           32
          t = 0;
          build hld(root):
                                                                      processado[davez] = true:
30
                                                           34
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++) st.seg[i+n]=v[i];</pre>
31
           st.build():
                                                                      for(int i = 0; i < (int) vizinhos[davez].size()</pre>
32
33
                                                                  :i++){
      11 query_path(int a, int b){
                                                                           int dist = vizinhos[davez][i].first;
34
          if(a==b) return 0;
                                                                           int atual = vizinhos[davez][i].second;
35
                                                           38
          if(pos[a]<pos[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
                                                                          if( distancia[atual] > dist && !
37
          if(h[a]==h[b]) return st.query(pos[b]+1, pos[
                                                                  processado[atual])
38
      a]);
          return st.query(pos[h[a]], pos[a]) +
                                                                               distancia[atual] = dist;
                                                           42
      query_path(pai[h[a]], b);
                                                                               fila.push( pii(distancia[atual],
                                                                  atual));
40
      void update_path(int a, int b, int x){
41
          if(a==b) return;
                                                           45
                                                                      }
42
          if(pos[a]<pos[b]) swap(a, b);</pre>
43
          if(h[a]==h[b]) return (void)st.update(pos[b
                                                                  int custo_arvore = 0;
45
                                                           48
                                                                  for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
      ]+1, pos[a], x);
                                                                      custo_arvore += distancia[i];
           st.update(pos[h[a]], pos[a], x); update_path(50
46
      pai[h[a]], b, x);
```

```
return custo arvore:
5.2
53 }
                                                            13 void dfst(int u, int e) {
                                                                   cor[u] = e;
5.4
                                                            14
                                                                   for(int v : gt[u]) if(!cor[v]) dfst(v, e);
55 int main(){
                                                            15
                                                            16 }
      cin >> n >> m;
57
                                                            17
                                                            18 void kosaraju(int n) {
                                                                  for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++) if(!vis[i]) dfs(i);
      for(int i = 1:i <= m:i++){
5.9
                                                            1.9
                                                                   for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++) for(int j : g[i])</pre>
60
                                                            20
           int x, y, tempo;
                                                            21
                                                                       gt[j].push_back(i);
           cin >> x >> y >> tempo;
                                                                   int e = 0; reverse(S.begin(), S.end());
                                                            22
62
63
                                                            23
                                                                   for(int u : S) if(!cor[u]) dfst(u, ++e);
                                                            24 }
64
           vizinhos[x].pb( pii(tempo, y) );
           vizinhos[y].pb( pii(tempo, x) );
                                                            26 // antes de chamar essa funcao, colocar as arestas do
66
                                                                    grafo
67
       cout << Prim() << endl;</pre>
                                                            27 bool solve(int n, vi &res) {
                                                                   kosaraju(2*n); // MAX > 2*N
6.9
                                                            28
       return 0;
                                                                   vi r:
71 }
                                                            3.0
                                                                    forn(i, n) {
                                                            31
  2.12 BFS
                                                                        int t = val(i, true), f = val(i, false);
                                                            32
                                                                        if(cor[t] == cor[f]) {
                                                            33
                                                                            return false;
                                                            34
1 queue < int > q;
                                                            3.5
vector < bool > used(n);
                                                            36
                                                                        else {
3 vi d(n), p(n);
                                                                            if(cor[t] > cor[f])
                                                            3.7
                                                                               r.pb(1);
                                                            38
5 void bfs(int x){
                                                            39
                                                                            else
      q.push(x);
                                                                                r.pb(0);
                                                            40
      used[x] = true;
                                                                        }
                                                            41
      p[x] = -1;
                                                            42
9
       while(!q.empty()){
                                                                   swap(r, res);
                                                            43
          int u = q.front();
10
                                                            44
                                                                   return true;
           q.pop();
                                                            45 }
           for(int v: adj[u]) {
12
               if(!used[v]){
13
                                                               2.14 Hungarian
14
                   used[v] = true;
                    q.push(v);
15
                                                            1 template < typename T> struct hungarian {
16
                    d[v] = d[u] + 1;
                                                                  int n, m;
                    p[v] = u;
                                                                   vector < vector < T>> a:
                                                             3
               }
                                                                   vector <T> u, v;
           }
19
                                                             5
                                                                   vector < int > p, way;
       }
20
                                                                   T inf;
                                                             6
21 }
                                                                   \label{eq:hungarian} \mbox{ hungarian(int $n_{-}$, int $m_{-}$) : $n(n_{-})$, $m(m_{-})$, $u(m+1)$,}
                                                             8
23 // Restore
                                                                    v(m+1), p(m+1), way(m+1) {
24 if(!used[u])
                                                                        a = vector < vector < T >> (n, vector < T > (m));
                                                             q
       cout << "No path!";</pre>
                                                            1.0
                                                                        inf = numeric_limits <T>::max();
26 else{
                                                            11
      vi path;
27
                                                                   pair < T , vector < int >> assignment() {
                                                            12
       for(int v = u; v != -1; v = p[v])
28
                                                                       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
                                                            13
         path.push_back(v);
29
                                                                            p[0] = i;
                                                            14
      reverse(path.begin(), path.end());
                                                                            int j0 = 0;
                                                            15
       cout << "Path: ";
3.1
                                                                            vector < T > minv(m+1, inf);
                                                            16
      for (int v : path)
32
                                                            17
                                                                            vector < int > used(m+1, 0);
           cout << v << " ";
33
                                                                            do {
                                                            18
34 }
                                                                                 used[j0] = true;
                                                            19
                                                                                 int i0 = p[j0], j1 = -1;
  2.13 2SAT
                                                                                 T delta = inf;
                                                            21
                                                                                 for (int j = 1; j \le m; j++) if (!
vector<int> g[MAX], gt[MAX], S; int vis[MAX], cor[MAX
                                                                   used[j]) {
     ];
                                                                                     T cur = a[i0-1][j-1] - u[i0] - v[
                                                                   j];
                                                                                     if (cur < minv[j]) minv[j] = cur,</pre>
3 int val(int n, bool tvalue) {
                                                            24
       if(tvalue) return 2*n;
                                                                     way[j] = j0;
       return 2*n +1;
                                                                                     if (minv[j] < delta) delta = minv</pre>
6 }
                                                                    [j], j1 = j;
8 void dfs(int u) {
                                                                                 for (int j = 0; j \le m; j++)
      vis[u] = 1; for(int v : g[u]) if(!vis[v]) dfs(v); 28
                                                                                     if (used[j]) u[p[j]] += delta, v[
      S.push_back(u);
                                                                   j] -= delta;
10
11 }
                                                                                     else minv[j] -= delta;
```

```
j0 = j1;
                                                                      RMQ = rmq < int > (vector < int > (dep, dep + 2*n - 1));
3.0
                                                           47
31
               } while (p[j0] != 0);
                                                           48
                                                                  int lca(int a, int b) {
32
               do {
                                                           49
                   int j1 = way[j0];
                                                           5.0
                                                                      a = pos[a], b = pos[b];
                   p[j0] = p[j1];
                                                           51
                                                                      return v[RMQ.query(min(a, b), max(a, b))];
                   j0 = j1;
35
                                                           52
               } while (j0);
                                                                  int dist(int a, int b) {
                                                                      return dep[pos[a]] + dep[pos[b]] - 2*dep[pos[
3.7
           vector < int > ans(m);
                                                                  lca(a, b)]];
38
           for (int j = 1; j \le n; j++) ans[p[j]-1] = j 55
40
           return make_pair(-v[0], ans);
                                                             2.16 BFS-01
      }
41
42 };
                                                           vector < int > d(n, INF);
  2.15 LCA
                                                           2 deque < int > q;
1 template < typename T> struct rmq {
                                                           4 void bfs(int x){
      vector <T> v:
                                                                 d[x] = 0:
                                                           5
      int n; static const int b = 30;
                                                                  q.push_front(x);
      vector < int > mask, t;
                                                                  while(!q.empty()){
                                                                      int u = q.front();
      int op(int x, int y) { return v[x] < v[y] ? x : y_0
                                                                      q.pop_front();
      ; }
                                                                      for(auto e: grafo[u]){
                                                           10
      int msb(int x) { return __builtin_clz(1) -
                                                                          int v = edge.ff;
      __builtin_clz(x); }
                                                                          int w = edge.ss;
                                                           12
      rma() {}
                                                                          if(d[v] > d[u] + w){
                                                           13
      rmq(const vector < T > & v_) : v(v_), n(v.size()),
                                                                              d[v] = d[u] + w;
      mask(n), t(n)
                                                                              if(w == 1)
         for (int i = 0, at = 0; i < n; mask[i++] = at 16
                                                                                  q.push_back(v);
       |= 1) {
                                                                              else
               at = (at << 1) &((1 << b) -1);
                                                                                   q.push_front(v);
               while (at and op(i, i-msb(at&-at)) == i)
12
                                                                          }
      at ^= at&-at;
                                                                      }
                                                           20
          }
                                                                  }
          for (int i = 0; i < n/b; i++) t[i] = b*i+b-1-22 }
14
      msb(mask[b*i+b-1]);
          for (int j = 1; (1<<j) <= n/b; j++) for (int
                                                             2.17
                                                                     Centroid
       i = 0; i+(1 << j) <= n/b; i++)
              t[n/b*j+i] = op(t[n/b*(j-1)+i], t[n/b*(j-1)+i])
                                                            int sz[MAX];
       -1)+i+(1<<(j-1))]);
                                                            2 bool erased[MAX];
      int small(int r, int sz = b) { return r-msb(mask[ ^3 vi grafo[MAX];
18
      r]&((1 << sz) -1)); }
                                                            5 void dfs(int u, int p=-1){
19
      T query(int 1, int r) {
                                                                 sz[u] = 1:
           if (r-l+1 <= b) return small(r, r-l+1);</pre>
20
                                                                  for(int v: grafo[u]) if(v!=p and !erased[v]){
21
           int ans = op(small(l+b-1), small(r));
                                                                      dfs(v, u);
           int x = 1/b+1, y = r/b-1;
                                                                      sz[u] += sz[v];
23
           if (x <= y) {
                                                           10
               int j = msb(y-x+1);
24
               ans = op(ans, op(t[n/b*j+x], t[n/b*j+y
25
                                                           12
       -(1<<j)+1]));
                                                           int centroid(int u, int p=-1, int size=-1){
26
                                                                  if(size == -1) size = sz[u];
                                                           14
27
           return ans;
                                                                  for(int v: grafo[u])
                                                           15
      }
28
                                                                      if(v!=p and !erased[v] and sz[v]>size/2)
                                                           16
29 };
                                                                         return centroid(v, u, size);
                                                           1.7
30
                                                           18
                                                                  return u;
31 namespace lca {
                                                           19 }
      vector < int > g[MAX];
                                                           20
33
      int v[2*MAX], pos[MAX], dep[2*MAX];
                                                           _{21} pii centroids(int u=1){ // idx 1  
      int t;
34
                                                                  dfs(u);
                                                           22
35
      rmq < int > RMQ;
                                                                  int c1=centroid(u), c2=c1;
                                                           23
36
                                                                  for(int v: grafo[c1]) if(2*sz[v]==sz[u]) c2=v;
                                                           2.4
      void dfs(int i, int d = 0, int p = -1) {
                                                           25
                                                                  return {c1, c2};
          v[t] = i, pos[i] = t, dep[t++] = d;
38
                                                           26 }
           for (int j : g[i]) if (j != p) {
40
               dfs(j, d+1, i);
                                                             2.18
                                                                     Find-bridges
41
               v[t] = i, dep[t++] = d;
      }
43
                                                           1 int n;
       void build(int n, int root) {
                                                           vector < vi > adj(n+1, vi());
          t = 0;
45
           dfs(root);
                                                           4 vector < bool > visited;
46
```

```
5 vi tin, low;
                                                          4.1
6 int timer;
                                                          42
                                                                 int flow(int s, int t) {
                                                                     int mflow = 0, tempo = 1;
                                                          43
s void dfs(int v, int p=-1){
                                                                     while(int a = dfs(s, t, INF, tempo)) {
                                                          44
      visited[v] = true;
                                                          45
                                                                         mflow += a;
      tin[v] = low[v] = timer++;
                                                                         tempo++;
10
                                                          46
      for (int to: adj[v]){
                                                                     }
                                                          47
          if(to == p) continue;
                                                                     return mflow:
12
                                                          48
          if(visited[to])
13
                                                          49
              low[v] = min(low[v], tin[to]);
                                                         50 };
           elsef
15
16
               dfs(to, v);
                                                                 Misc
                                                            3
               low[v] = min(low[v], low[to]);
1.7
               if(low[to] > tin[v])
                                                                   Template
                                                            3.1
                  IS_BRIDGE(v, to);
19
          }
20
      }
21
                                                          1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
22 }
                                                          2 #define ff first
                                                          3 #define ss second
24 void find_bridges(){
                                                          4 #define ll long long
      timer = 0;
25
                                                          5 #define ld long double
      visited.assign(n, false);
26
                                                          6 #define pb push_back
      tin.assign(n, -1);
27
                                                          7 #define eb emplace_back
      low.assign(n, -1);
                                                          8 #define mp make_pair
      for (int i=0; i < n; i++)
29
                                                          9 #define mt make_tuple
3.0
          if(!visited[i])
                                                          10 #define pii pair<int, int>
              dfs(i):
31
                                                          11 #define vi vector<int>
32 }
                                                          12 #define vl vector<ll>
                                                          13 #define vii vector <pii>
  2.19 Ford
                                                          14 #define sws ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(
                                                                 NULL); cout.tie(NULL);
1 const int N = 2000010;
                                                          15 #define endl '\n'
                                                          16 #define teto(a, b) ((a+b-1)/(b))
s struct Ford {
                                                          #define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
      struct Edge {
                                                          18 #define forn(i, n) for(int i = 0; i < (int)n; i++)
          int to, f, c;
                                                          19 #define forne(i, a, b) for(int i = a; i <= b; i++)</pre>
                                                          20 #define dbg(msg, var) cerr << msg << " " << var <<
                                                                 endl;
      int vis[N];
      vector < int > adj[N];
9
                                                          22 using namespace std;
      vector < Edge > edges;
1.0
      int cur = 0;
                                                          _{24} const int MAX = 200010;
12
                                                          25 const int MOD = 1000000007;
      void addEdge(int a, int b, int cap, int rcap) { _{26} const int INF = 1e8;
1.3
1.4
          Edge e;
                                                          27 const ll LLINF = 0x3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f;
          e.to = b; e.c = cap; e.f = 0;
15
                                                          28 const ld EPS = 1e-7;
16
           edges.pb(e);
          adj[a].pb(cur++);
1.7
                                                          30 // End Template //
           e = Edge();
                                                            3.2 Rand
19
          e.to = a; e.c = rcap; e.f = 0;
20
           edges.pb(e);
21
                                                          nt19937 rng(chrono::steady_clock::now().
          adj[b].pb(cur++);
22
                                                                time_since_epoch().count());
                                                           2 uniform_int_distribution < int > distribution(1,n);
24
2.5
      int dfs(int s, int t, int f, int tempo) {
                                                           4 num = distribution(rng); // num no range [1, n]
          if(s == t)
26
                                                           5 shuffle(vec.begin(), vec.end(), rng); // shuffle
              return f:
          vis[s] = tempo;
                                                            3.3
                                                                   Trie-bits
29
           for(int e : adj[s]) {
30
              if(vis[edges[e] to] < tempo and (edges[e 1 struct Trie{</pre>
31
      ].c - edges[e].f) > 0) {
                  if(int a = dfs(edges[e].to, t, min(f, 3
                                                                int trie[MAX][10];
       edges[e].c-edges[e].f) , tempo)) {
                                                                bool finish[MAX];
                       edges[e].f += a;
                                                                int nxt = 1, len = 0;
                       edges[e^1].f -= a;
34
                                                                 void add(string &s){
                       return a;
                   }
                                                                    int node = 0;
               }
                                                          9
                                                                     for(auto c: s){
37
          }
                                                                         if(trie[node][c-'0'] == 0){
                                                          10
                                                                             node = trie[node][c-'0'] = nxt;
           return 0;
39
                                                                             nxt++;
40
                                                          12
```

```
lelse
                                                                   NOT -
                                                                                   ~a
                                                                                          // The result is 11111010
1.3
14
                   node = trie[node][c-'0'];
                                                                   (250)
           }
                                                                                  b<<1 // The result is 00010010
                                                                   Left shift -
1.5
                                                             g
16
           if(!finish[node]){
                                                                   Right shift - b >> 1 // The result is 00000100
               finish[node] = true;
                                                            10
               len++:
                                                                   (4)
18
           }
19
      }
                                                                   // Exchange two int variables
2.0
                                                            12
21
                                                            13
      bool find(string &s, bool remove){
                                                                        a ^= b;
22
                                                            14
           int idx = 0;
                                                                        b ^=a;
23
                                                            15
                                                                        a^=b;
24
           for(auto c: s)
                                                            16
               if(trie[idx][c-'0'] == 0)
2.5
                                                            17
                   return false;
                                                                   // Even or Odd
                                                            18
26
27
               else
                                                            19
                   idx = trie[idx][c-'0'];
                                                                        (x & 1)? printf("Odd"): printf("Even");
                                                            20
28
29
           if(remove and finish[idx]){
                                                            21
               finish[idx]=false;
                                                                   // Turn on the j-th bit
                                                            22
3.0
               len - -:
                                                            23
           }
                                                                       int S = 34; //(100010)
32
                                                            24
           return finish[idx];
                                                            25
                                                                       int j = 3;
33
      }
                                                            26
34
                                                            27
                                                                        S = S \mid (1 << i);
3.5
       bool find(string &s){
                                                            28
                                                                   // Turn off the j-th bit
           return find(s, 0);
                                                            29
3.7
                                                            30
38
                                                                        int S = 42; //(101010)
39
                                                            31
       void del(string &s){
                                                                       int j = 1;
                                                            32
40
           find(s, 1);
                                                            33
41
                                                                       S &= ~(1<<j)
42
                                                            3.4
43
                                                            35
                                                                        S == 40 //(101000)
       string best_xor(string s){
44
                                                            3.6
          int idx = 0;
                                                            37
45
46
           string ans;
                                                            38
                                                                   // Check the j-th element
           for(auto c: s){
47
                                                            39
               char other='1'; if(c=='1') other='0';
                                                                        int S = 42; //(101010)
                                                                       int j = 3;
49
                                                            4.1
               if(trie[idx][other-'0'] != 0){
50
                                                            42
                    idx = trie[idx][other-'0'];
                                                                        T = S & (1 << j); // T = 0
                                                            43
51
                    if(other == '1') ans.pb('1');
                                                            44
52
                    else ans.pb('0');
                                                                   // Least significant bit (lsb)
53
                                                            45
               }else{
54
                                                            46
                    idx = trie[idx][c-'0'];
                                                                        int lsb(int x){ return x&-x; }
55
                                                            47
                    if(c=='1') ans.pb('1');
56
                                                            48
                    else ans.pb('0');
                                                                   // Exchange o j-th element
57
                                                            49
               }
                                                            50
58
           }
                                                                        S ^= (1 << i)
59
                                                            5.1
                                                            52
                                                                   // Position of the first bit on
61
           return ans;
                                                            5.3
62
                                                            54
                                                                        T = (S & (-S))
63
                                                            55
                                                                       T -> 4 bit ligado //(1000)
64 }:
                                                            56
                                                            57
66 string sbits(ll n){
                                                                   // Most significant digit of N
                                                            5.8
67
       string ans;
                                                            5.9
                                                                        double K = log10(N);
       for(int i=0;i<64;i++)
68
                                                            60
          ans.pb(!!(n & 1LL<<i)+'0');
                                                                        K = K - floor(K);
69
                                                            61
                                                                        int X = pow(10, K);
       return ans;
                                                            62
70
71 }
                                                            63
                                                                   // Number of digits in N
                                                            64
  3.4 Bitwise
                                                            6.5
                                                            66
                                                                        X =floor(log10(N)) + 1;
1 // Bitwise
                                                                   // Power of two
      #pragma GCC target("popcnt")
                                                            68
       unsigned char a = 5, b = 9; // a = (00000101), b 69
3
                                                                        bool isPowerOfTwo(int x){ return x && (!(x&(x
       = (00001001)
                                                                   -1))); }
       AND -
                            // The result is 00000001
                                                            7.1
5
                      a&b
                                                                   // Turn off the first bit 1
                                                            72
       (1)
                                                                       m = m & (m-1);
6
       0R -
                      alb
                             // The result is 00001101
                                                            73
       (13)
                                                            74
                                                                   // Built - in functions
                       a^b
                             // The result is 00001100
                                                            7.5
       XOR -
                                                            7.6
       (12)
```

```
// Number of bits 1
                                                         17 // Binary
78
          __builtin_popcount()
                                                         18 for(int b=0;b<(1<<n);b++){
                                                                vi subset;
7.9
          __builtin_popcountl1()
                                                         19
80
                                                         2.0
                                                                for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
                                                                    if(b&(1<<i)) subset.pb(a[i]);</pre>
          // Number of leading zeros
                                                         21
          __builtin_clz()
                                                                subsets.pb(subset);
                                                         22
82
          __builtin_clzl1()
                                                         23 }
84
          // Number of trailing zeros
85
                                                                 Strings
          __builtin_ctz()
          __builtin_ctzl1()
87
                                                            4.1 Manacher
      // floor(log2(x))
89
          int flog2(int x){ return 32-1-_builtin_clz(x 1 // 0(n), d1 -> palindromo impar, d2 -> palindromo par
91
                                                                 (centro da direita)
                                                          void manacher(string &s, vi &d1, vi &d2) {
                                                                int n = s.size();
          int flog211(11 x){ return 64-1-
93
                                                                for(int i = 0, 1 = 0, r = -1; i < n; i++) {
      __builtin_clzll(x); }
                                                                    int k = (i > r) ? 1 : min(d1[l + r - i], r -
                                                                i + 1);
  3.5 Safe-Map
                                                                    while (0 <= i - k && i + k < n && s[i - k] ==
                                                                s[i + k]) {
struct custom_hash {
                                                                        k++;
      static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
          // http://xorshift.di.unimi.it/splitmix64.c
                                                                    d1[i] = k--;
                                                          9
          x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
                                                         10
                                                                    if(i + k > r) {
          x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
                                                                        l = i - k;
                                                         11
          x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
                                                                        r = i + k;
                                                         12
          return x ^ (x >> 31);
                                                                    }
                                                         14
                                                          15
      size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
                                                                for(int i = 0, l = 0, r = -1; i < n; i++) {
                                                         16
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM = chrono:: 17
                                                                   int k = (i > r) ? 0 : min(d2[1 + r - i + 1],
      steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
                                                                r - i + 1);
          return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
                                                                    while(0 <= i - k - 1 && i + k < n && s[i - k
1.3
                                                                -1] == s[i + k]) {
14 };
                                                                        k++;
                                                         20
unordered_map <long long, int, custom_hash > safe_map; _{21}
                                                                    d2[i] = k - -;
                                                                    if(i + k > r) {
                                                         22
  3.6 Ordered-Set
                                                                        1 = i - k - 1;
                                                                        r = i + k;
                                                         24
                                                                    }
                                                         25
#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
                                                                }
                                                         26
#include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
4 #include <ext/pb_ds/detail/standard_policies.hpp>
                                                            4.2 Suffix-array
6 using namespace __gnu_pbds; // or pb_ds;
                                                          vi suffix_array(string s){
8 template < typename T, typename B = null_type >
                                                               s.pb('$');
9 using ordered_set = tree<T, B, less<T>, rb_tree_tag,
                                                                int n = s.size();
      tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
10 // find_by_order / order_of_key
                                                                vi p(n), c(n);
                                                                vector < pair < char, int > > a(n);
  3.7 All-Subsets
                                                                for (int i=0; i< n; i++) a[i] = {s[i], i};
                                                                sort(a.begin(), a.end());
ı vi a. subset:
vector < vi > subsets;
                                                                for(int i=0;i<n;i++) p[i] = a[i].ss;
                                                         11
                                                                c[p[0]]=0;
4 // Iterative
                                                         12
                                                                for(int i=1;i<n;i++)</pre>
                                                                    c[p[i]] = c[p[i-1]] + (a[i].ff!=a[i-1].ff);
5 void search(int k){
                                                         13
      if(k==(int)a.size())
                                                         14
          subsets.pb(subset);
                                                         15
                                                                int k=0;
                                                                while((1<<k) < n){
      else{
                                                         16
                                                                    vector< pair<pii, int> > a(n);
          search(k+1);
                                                         17
1.0
          subset.pb(a[k]);
                                                         18
                                                                    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
                                                                        a[i] = \{\{c[i], c[(i+(1<< k))%n]\}, i\};
11
          search(k+1);
                                                         19
          subset.pop_back();
                                                                    sort(a.begin(), a.end());
                                                         20
1.3
                                                         2.1
14 }
                                                                    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) p[i] = a[i].ss;</pre>
                                                         22
15 search(0);
                                                                    c[p[0]]=0;
                                                         23
                                                                    for(int i=1;i<n;i++)</pre>
                                                         24
```

```
c[p[i]] = c[p[i-1]] + (a[i].ff!=a[i-1].ff 4.6 Trie
2.5
      );
          k++;
                                                          1 struct Trie{
      }
27
      return p;
                                                                 int trie[MAX][26];
29 }
                                                                 bool finish[MAX];
                                                                int nxt = 1, len = 0;
  4.3 Edit-distance
                                                                 void add(string &s){
                                                                     int node = 0;
1 int edit_distance(int a, int b, string& s, string& t) 8
                                                                     for(auto c: s){
                                                                         if(trie[node][c-'a'] == 0){
      // indexado em 0, transforma s em t
                                                                             node = trie[node][c-'a'] = nxt;
                                                          11
      if(a == -1) return b+1;
      if(b == -1) return a+1;
                                                                             nxt++;
                                                                         }else
                                                          13
      if(tab[a][b] != -1) return tab[a][b];
                                                                             node = trie[node][c-'a'];
      int ins = INF, del = INF, mod = INF;
                                                          1.5
                                                                     if(!finish[node]){
      ins = edit_distance(a-1, b, s, t) + 1;
                                                                         finish[node] = true;
      del = edit_distance(a, b-1, s, t) + 1;
                                                         17
                                                                         len++;
      mod = edit_distance(a-1, b-1, s, t) + (s[a] != t[^{18}]
1.0
                                                                     }
      b]);
                                                          20
11
      return tab[a][b] = min(ins, min(del, mod));
12
                                                                 bool find(string &s, bool remove){
13 }
                                                          23
                                                                     int idx = 0;
                                                                     for(auto c: s)
                                                          24
  4.4 Z-Func
                                                                         if(trie[idx][c-'a'] == 0)
                                                          25
                                                                             return false;
1 vi z_algo(const string &s)
      // returns vector for each idx where a prefix of 28
                                                                             idx = trie[idx][c-'a'];
      size i starts.
                                                                     if(remove and finish[idx]){
                                                          29
                                                                         finish[idx]=false;
      int n = s.size();
                                                          3.0
      int L = 0, R = 0;
                                                          31
                                                                         len --;
      vi z(n, 0);
                                                          32
      for(int i = 1; i < n; i++){</pre>
                                                                     return finish[idx];
                                                          33
          if(i <= R)
                                                          3.4
              z[i] = min(z[i-L], R - i + 1);
                                                          35
           while(z[i]+i < n and s[z[i]+i] == s[z[i]
                                                          36
                                                                 bool find(string &s){
      ])
                                                                     return find(s, 0);
                                                          37
               z[i]++;
                                                          38
          if(i+z[i]-1 > R){
11
                                                          39
              L = i;
                                                          40
                                                                 void del(string &s){
               R = i + z[i] - 1;
1.3
                                                          41
                                                                     find(s, 1);
          }
                                                          42
14
      }
15
                                                          43
      return z:
                                                          44 };
16
17 }
                                                            4.7 LCS
  4.5 Pal-int
                                                          string LCSubStr(string X, string Y)
1 bool ehpalindromo(ll n) {
                                                           2 {
     if(n<0)
                                                                 int m = X.size();
                                                          3
          return false;
                                                                 int n = Y.size();
      int divisor = 1;
                                                           6
                                                                 int result = 0, end;
      while(n/divisor >= 10)
                                                                 int len[2][n];
          divisor *= 10;
                                                                 int currRow = 0;
                                                                 for(int i=0;i<=m;i++){</pre>
      while(n != 0) {
                                                          10
          int leading = n / divisor;
                                                                    for(int j=0;j<=n;j++){
10
                                                          11
                                                                         if(i==0 || j==0)
           int trailing = n % 10;
11
                                                          12
                                                                             len[currRow][j] = 0;
                                                          13
          if(leading != trailing)
                                                          14
                                                                         else if(X[i-1] == Y[j-1]){
                                                                             len[currRow][j] = len[1-currRow][j-1]
              return false;
14
                                                          1.5
                                                                  + 1;
          n = (n \% divisor)/10;
                                                                             if(len[currRow][j] > result){
16
                                                          16
                                                                                 result = len[currRow][j];
                                                          17
           divisor = divisor/100;
                                                                                 end = i - 1;
                                                          18
      }
19
                                                          1.9
                                                                         }
20
                                                          20
21
      return true;
                                                          21
                                                                         else
```

22

len[currRow][j] = 0;

22 }

```
}
                                                                                   dp[i][j]=dp[i-1][j-1]+1;
23
                                                              12
                                                                               else
24
                                                                                   dp[i][j]=max(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][j-1]);
           currRow = 1 - currRow;
2.5
                                                              13
                                                                          }
26
                                                              14
                                                                     }
       if(result ==0)
28
                                                              16
           return string();
                                                                     // int len = dp[n][m];
                                                                     string ans="";
3.0
                                                              1.8
       return X.substr(end - result + 1, result);
31
                                                              19
32 }
                                                                     // recover string
                                                              20
                                                                      int i = n-1, j = m-1;
                                                              21
  4.8 Hash
                                                                     while (i \ge 0 \text{ and } j \ge 0) {
                                                                          if(x[i] == y[j]){
                                                              23
                                                                              ans.pb(x[i]);
                                                              24
1 struct Hash {
                                                                              i--; j--;
       vector < unordered_set <11>> h;
                                                                          }else if(dp[i][j+1]>dp[i+1][j])
                                                              26
       vector<ll> mods = {
3
                                                                              i - -;
       1000000009 \,, 1000000021 \,, 1000000033 \,, 1000000087 \,, 10000 \frac{28}{0}093 \,, 10000 \frac{6}{0} \frac{1}{0} \frac{8}{9} \frac{7}{2} \,, \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{9} 000000103 \,,
       1000000123,1000000181,1000000207,1000000223,100000000271,1000000289,1000000297,reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());
                                                              33
                                                              34
                                                                     return ans;
       11 p = 31;
                                                              35 }
       int num;
                                                                 4.10 KMP
       Hash(int qt) {
10
          srand(time(0));
                                                               vi pi(const string &s){
           num = qt;
           h.assign(num, unordered_set <11>());
                                                                     int n=s.size();
13
                                                               2
           random_shuffle(all(mods));
14
                                                                     vi p(n);
       }
                                                                      for(int i=1, j=0; i<n; i++){
15
                                                                          while (j>0 \text{ and } s[i]!=s[j]) j=p[j-1];
16
       ll compute_hash(string const& s, ll p, ll m) {
                                                                          if(s[j]==s[i]) j++;
           ll res = 0, p_pow = 1;
                                                                          p[i]=j;
18
19
                                                               8
           for(char c : s) {
20
                                                                     return p;
               res = (res + (c-'a'+1) * p_pow) \% m;
                                                              10 }
21
                p_pow = (p_pow * p) % m;
           }
                                                              vi kmp(const string &t, const string &s){
23
           return res:
                                                              13
                                                                     vi p = pi(s+', '), match;
                                                                     int n=t.size(), m=s.size();
25
                                                              14
                                                                      for(int i=0, j=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
       void add(string const& s) {
                                                                          while(j>0 and t[i]!=s[j]) j=p[j-1];
27
                                                              16
           forn(i, num) {
                                                                          if(t[i]==s[j]) j++;
28
               ll value = compute_hash(s, p, mods[i]);
                                                                          if(j==m) match.pb(i-j+1);
29
                h[i].insert(value);
3.0
                                                              1.9
           }
                                                                     return match;
                                                              20
      }
                                                              21 }
32
33
       bool query(string const& s) {
                                                                         Suffix-array-radix
34
           forn(i, num) {
35
                ll val = compute_hash(s, p, mods[i]);
                                                               void radix_sort(vector<pii>% rnk, vi% ind) {
                if(!h[i].count(val))
3.7
                                                                     auto counting_sort = [](vector<pii>& rnk, vi& ind
                                                               2
38
                    return false;
                                                                     ) {
           }
39
                                                                          int n = ind.size(), maxx = -1;
           return true;
40
                                                                          for(auto p : rnk) maxx = max(maxx, p.ff);
                                                               4
41
42 }:
                                                               6
                                                                          vi cnt(maxx+1, 0), pos(maxx+1), ind_new(n);
                                                               7
                                                                          for(auto p : rnk) cnt[p.ff]++;
  4.9 LCSubseq
                                                                          pos[0] = 0;
                                                               q
1 // Longest Common Subsequence
                                                              10
                                                                          for(int i = 1; i <= maxx; i++) {
                                                                              pos[i] = pos[i-1] + cnt[i-1];
2 string lcs(string x, string y){
       int n = x.size(), m = y.size();
                                                              12
       vector < vi > dp(n+1, vi(m+1, 0));
                                                              13
                                                              14
                                                                          for(auto idx : ind) {
       for (int i=0; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
                                                                              int val = rnk[idx].ff;
          for(int j=0;j<=m;j++){
                                                                               ind_new[pos[val]] = idx;
                                                              1.6
               if(!i or !j)
                                                                              pos[val]++;
                                                                          }
                    dp[i][j]=0;
                                                              18
                else if(x[i-1] == y[j-1])
                                                              19
```

```
swap(ind, ind_new);
                                                            1 struct FT {
20
21
                                                                  vector < int > bit; // indexado em 1
                                                                   int n;
       for(int i = 0; i < (int)rnk.size(); i++) swap(rnk 4</pre>
23
       [i].ff, rnk[i].ss);
                                                                   FT(int n) {
       counting_sort(rnk, ind);
                                                                       this -> n = n + 1;
24
       for(int i = 0; i < (int)rnk.size(); i++) swap(rnk</pre>
                                                                       bit.assign(n + 1, 0);
       [i].ff, rnk[i].ss);
       counting_sort(rnk, ind);
26
27 }
                                                                   int kth(int x){
                                                                       int resp = 0;
28
                                                            11
29 vi suffix_array(string s) {
                                                                       x --;
3.0
      int n = s.size();
                                                            13
                                                                       for(int i=26;i>=0;i--){
       vector < pii > rnk(n, mp(0, 0));
                                                                           if(resp + (1<<i) >= n) continue;
31
                                                            14
                                                                           if(bit[resp + (1 << i)] <= x){
32
       vi ind(n);
                                                            15
       forn(i, n) {
                                                                                x = bit[resp + (1 << i)];
33
                                                            16
           rnk[i].ff = (s[i] == '$') ? 0 : s[i]-'a'+1;
                                                                                resp += (1<<i);
       // manter '$' como 0
                                                            18
           ind[i] = i;
                                                                       }
36
                                                            20
                                                                       return resp + 1;
37
                                                            21
       for(int k = 1; k <= n; k = (k << 1)) {</pre>
38
                                                            22
          for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                                   void upd(int pos, int val){
39
                                                            23
               if(ind[i]+k >= n) {
                                                                       for(int i = pos; i < n; i += (i&-i))</pre>
                                                                           bit[i] += val;
                   rnk[ind[i]].ss = 0;
41
                                                            2.5
               }
                                                            26
42
                                                            27 };
43
               else {
                   rnk[ind[i]].ss = rnk[ind[i]+k].ff;
44
                                                                    Prefixsum2D
           }
46
           radix_sort(rnk, ind); // sort(all(rnk), cmp)
47
                                                             1 ll find_sum(vector < vi > & mat, int x1, int y1, int x2,
      pra n*log(n), cmp com rnk[i] < rnk[j]</pre>
                                                                   int y2){
48
                                                                  // superior-esq(x1,y1) (x2,y2)inferior-dir
           vector<pii> tmp = rnk;
                                                                   return mat[x2][y2]-mat[x2][y1-1]-mat[x1-1][y2]+
           tmp[ind[0]] = mp(1, 0); // rnk.ff comecar em
50
                                                                   mat[x1-1][y1-1];
       1 pois '$' eh o 0
                                                             4 }
           for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
5.1
52
               tmp[ind[i]].ff = tmp[ind[i-1]].ff;
                                                             6 int main(){
               if(rnk[ind[i]] != rnk[ind[i-1]]) {
53
                   tmp[ind[i]].ff++;
54
                                                                   for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
                                                                       for(int j=1;j<=n;j++)</pre>
           }
56
                                                                           mat[i][j]+=mat[i-1][j]+mat[i][j-1]-mat[i
57
           swap(rnk, tmp);
                                                                   -1][j-1];
58
       }
       return ind;
59
                                                            12 }
60 }
6.1
                                                              5.3 Minqueue
62 vi lcp_array(string s, vi sarray) {
       vi inv(s.size());
63
64
       for(int i = 0; i < (int)s.size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                            1 struct MinQ {
65
           inv[sarray[i]] = i;
                                                                  stack<pair<ll,ll>> in;
66
                                                                   stack<pair<11,11>> out;
       vi lcp(s.size());
67
       int k = 0;
68
                                                                   void add(ll val) {
       for(int i = 0; i < (int)s.size()-1; i++) {</pre>
69
                                                                       11 minimum = in.empty() ? val : min(val, in.
70
           int pi = inv[i];
                                                                   top().ss);
           if(pi-1 < 0) continue;
                                                                       in.push(mp(val, minimum));
           int j = sarray[pi-1];
72
73
           while(s[i+k] == s[j+k]) k++;
74
                                                            10
                                                                   11 pop() {
7.5
           lcp[pi] = k;
                                                                       if(out.empty()) {
                                                            11
           k = \max(k-1, 0);
7.6
                                                            12
                                                                           while(!in.empty()) {
                                                                                11 val = in.top().ff;
77
78
                                                                                in.pop();
79
       return vi(lcp.begin()+1, lcp.end()); // LCP(i, j) 15
                                                                                ll minimum = out.empty() ? val : min(
       = min(lcp[i], ..., lcp[j-1])
                                                                   val, out.top().ss);
80 }
                                                                                out.push({val, minimum});
                                                            17
                                                                       }
                                                            18
       ED
  5
                                                                       11 res = out.top().ff;
                                                            1.9
                                                            20
                                                                       out.pop();
  5.1 BIT-kth
                                                            21
                                                                       return res;
                                                            22
```

```
};
2.3
24
      ll minn() {
          11 minimum = LLINF;
                                                                 Node* root;
2.5
           if(in.empty() || out.empty())
26
                                                           10
                                                                 void dfs(Node* cur) {
               minimum = in.empty() ? (ll)out.top().ss : 11
       (11) in.top().ss;
                                                                  11 \text{ sz} = 1:
                                                           12
              minimum = min((11)in.top().ss, (11)out.
                                                                   for(auto prox : cur->children) {
29
                                                           1.4
      top().ss);
                                                                        dfs(prox.second);
                                                           15
                                                                        sz += (prox.second)->size;
30
                                                           16
          return minimum;
31
                                                           17
      }
                                                           18
33
                                                           19
                                                                   cur->size = sz;
      11 size() {
                                                           20
34
          return in.size() + out.size();
3.5
                                                           21
                                                                  void del(Node* cur, int dep, string &s) {
36
                                                           22
37 };
                                                           23
                                                                      if(dep >= 32)
                                                                           return:
                                                           24
  5.4 CHT
                                                                       Node* prox = cur->children[s[dep]];
                                                           26
                                                                       prox -> qt - -;
                                                           27
const ll is_query = -LLINF;
                                                           28
                                                                       del(prox, dep+1, s);
2 struct Line{
                                                           29
      11 m, b;
                                                                       if(prox -> qt == 0)
      mutable function < const Line *() > succ;
                                                                         cur -> children.erase(s[dep]);
                                                           3.1
      bool operator < (const Line& rhs) const{
                                                           32
          if(rhs.b != is_query) return m < rhs.m;</pre>
                                                           33
           const Line* s = succ();
                                                           34 public:
           if(!s) return 0;
                                                                 Trie() {
                                                           35
          11 x = rhs.m;
                                                                   root = new Node();
                                                           36
           return b - s \rightarrow b < (s \rightarrow m - m) * x;
10
                                                                    root -> qt = 1;
                                                           37
                                                           38
12 };
                                                            39
13 struct Cht : public multiset < Line > { // maintain max m 40
                                                                 void add(string s) {
      *x+b
                                                                    Node* cur = root;
                                                           41
      bool bad(iterator y){
14
           auto z = next(y);
15
                                                                    for(auto c : s) {
                                                           43
           if(y == begin()){
16
                                                                       if(cur->children.count(c) == 0) {
               if(z == end()) return 0;
17
                                                                           cur -> children[c] = new Node();
               return y->m == z->m && y->b <= z->b;
                                                           46
          }
19
                                                           47
                                                                        cur->children[c]->qt++;
           auto x = prev(y);
                                                                        cur = cur->children[c];
          if(z == end()) return y->m == x->m && y->b <=
21
                                                                 }
          return (1d)(x->b - y->b)*(z->m - y->m) >= (1d)
      (y->b-z->b)*(y->m-x->m);
                                                           52
                                                                 void del(string &s) {
                                                                     Node* cur = root:
      void insert_line(11 m, 11 b){ // min -> insert (-\frac{3}{54}
24
                                                                      del(cur, 0, s);
      m,-b) -> -eval()
          auto y = insert({ m, b });
2.5
          y->succ = [=]{ return next(y) == end() ? 0 : 57
26
                                                                 void size() {
      &*next(y); };
                                                                     this -> dfs(root);
                                                          58
          if(bad(y)){ erase(y); return; }
           while(next(y) != end() && bad(next(y))) erase
60 };
      (next(y));
29
          while(y != begin() && bad(prev(y))) erase(
                                                              5.6 Mo
      prev(y));
30
                                                            1 const int BLK = 600; // tamanho do bloco, algo entre
      11 eval(ll x){
                                                                 500 e 700 eh nice
          auto l = *lower_bound((Line) { x, is_query })
32
                                                            struct Query {
           return 1.m * x + 1.b;
33
                                                                  int 1, r, idx;
34
                                                                  Query(int 1, int r, int idx) {
35 };
                                                                      this -> 1 = 1;
                                                                       this -> r = r;
  5.5 Trie
                                                                       this->idx = idx;
                                                            8
1 class Trie {
                                                                  bool operator<(Query other) const {</pre>
                                                           10
2 private:
                                                                      if(1/BLK != other.1/BLK)
                                                           11
     struct Node {
                                                                          return 1/BLK < other.1/BLK;</pre>
                                                           12
        map < char , Node *> children;
                                                                       return (1/BLK & 1) ? r < other.r : r > other.
        int qt = 0;
5
                                                                  r;
        11 \text{ size} = 0;
                                                            14
```

```
15 };
                                                                       return val>o.val:
                                                             6
                                                             7 };
17 inline void add() {}
inline void remove() {} // implementar operacoes de
                                                             9 struct FT {
       acordo com o problema
                                                                   vector<int> bit; // indexado em 0
19
                                                            10
20 vector<int> mo(vector<Query>& queries) {
      vector < int > res(queries.size());
                                                            1.2
                                                                   FT(int n) {
       sort(queries.begin(), queries.end());
22
                                                            13
       resposta = 0;
                                                                       this -> n = n+1;
                                                            14
                                                                       bit.assign(n+1, 0);
24
                                                            15
25
       int 1 = 0, r = -1;
                                                            16
       for(Query q : queries) {
26
                                                            17
           while(1 > q.1) {
                                                                   int sum(int idx) {
                                                            18
                  1 --;
                                                                       int ret = 0;
28
                                                            19
                                                                       for (; idx > 0; idx -= idx & -idx)
                   add(1);
                                                            20
29
                                                                            ret += bit[idx];
30
                                                            21
           while(r < q.r) {
                                                            22
                                                                       return ret;
3.1
                   r++;
                                                            23
                   add(r);
33
                                                            24
                                                            25
                                                                   int sum(int 1, int r) {
34
                                                                       return sum(r) - sum(1 - 1);
35
           while(1 < q.1) {
                                                            26
                   remove(1);
                                                            27
36
                   1++;
                                                            28
           }
                                                                   void add(int idx, int delta) {
38
                                                            2.9
39
           while(r > q.r) {
                                                            3.0
                                                                       for (; idx < n; idx += idx & -idx)</pre>
                                                                            bit[idx] += delta;
40
                   remove(r);
                                                            31
                   r--;
41
                                                            32
                                                            33 };
          res[q.idx] = resposta; // adicionar resposta 34
43
                                                            35 vi solveQuery(vi arr, vi ql, vi qr, vi qk){
       de acordo com o problema
                                                                   // indexing [l, r] in 1
44
                                                            36
       return res; // ordernar o vetor pelo indice e
                                                            3.7
                                                                   int n = arr.size();
45
       responder queries na ordem
                                                            38
                                                                   int q = qk.size();
                                                                   node a[n+q];
46 }
                                                            39
  5.7 BIT-2D
                                                                   for(int i=0:i<n:i++){
                                                            4.1
                                                                       a[i].val = arr[i];
                                                            42
                                                            43
                                                                       a[i].pos = a[i].1 = 0;
1 // BIT 2D
                                                                       a[i].r = i+1;
                                                            44
                                                            45
3 int bit[MAX][MAX];
                                                            46
                                                                   for(int i=n;i<n+q;i++){</pre>
                                                            47
5 int sum(int x, int y)
                                                            48
                                                                       a[i].pos = i+1-n;
6 {
                                                                       a[i].val = qk[i-n];
                                                            49
      int resp=0;
                                                            50
                                                                       a[i].l = ql[i-n];
                                                                       a[i].r = qr[i-n];
                                                            5.1
      for (int i=x;i>0;i-=i&-i)
9
                                                            52
          for(int j=y; j>0; j-=j&-j)
                                                                   sort(a, a+n+q);
                                                            5.3
               resp += bit [i][j];
11
                                                            54
12
                                                                   FT ft(n);
                                                            55
13
       return resp;
                                                                   vi ans(q+1, 0);
                                                            56
14 }
                                                            57
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<n+q;i++){</pre>
                                                            5.8
void update(int x, int y, int delta)
                                                            5.9
                                                                       if(a[i].pos != 0)
17 -
                                                                            ans[a[i].pos] = ft.sum(a[i].1, a[i].r);
                                                            60
       for (int i = x; i < MAX; i += i & - i)</pre>
18
                                                            61
          for(int j=y;j<MAX;j+=j&-j)
19
                                                            62
                                                                            ft.add(a[i].r, 1);
               bit[i][j]+=delta;
                                                            63
21 }
                                                            64
                                                                   return ans;
                                                            65 }
23 int query(int x1, y1, x2, y2)
                                                            66 int main()
24
       return sum(x2,y2) - sum(x2,y1) - sum(x1,y2) + sum 68
                                                                   vi arr = { 7, 3, 9, 13, 5, 4 };
      (x1,y1);
26 }
                                                                   vi QueryL = { 1, 2 };
                                                            70
                                                            7 1
                                                                   vi QueryR = { 4, 6 };
  5.8 BIT-bigger-k
                                                            72
                                                            73
                                                                   vi QueryK = { 6, 8 };
                                                            74
1 struct node {
                                                                   solveQuery(arr, QueryL, QueryR, QueryK);
                                                            7.5
       int pos, 1, r, val;
       bool operator < (node &o) {</pre>
                                                            76
                                                            7.7
                                                                   return 0;
           if(val == o.val) return l > o.l;
```

```
78 }
                                                                     if(a!=b) {
                                                          2.3
                                                          24
                                                                        if(size[a]<size[b])</pre>
  5.9 BIT
                                                                              swap(a, b);
                                                          2.5
                                                          26
                                                                          parent[b]=a;
1 struct FT {
                                                                          size[a]+=size[b];
                                                          28
     vi bit; // indexado em 1
                                                                     }
      int n;
                                                          3.0
                                                          31 };
      FT(int n) {
          this -> n = n+1;
                                                             5.12
                                                                     Mergesorttree
          bit.assign(n+2, 0);
                                                           struct ST { // indexado em 0, 0(n * log^2(n) )
      int sum(int idx) {
1.0
                                                                int size:
           int ret = 0;
                                                                 vector <vl> v;
          for(++idx; idx > 0; idx -= idx & -idx)
                                                           4
              ret += bit[idx];
1.3
                                                                 vl f(vl a, vl& b) {
           return ret;
14
                                                                     vl res = a;
      }
15
                                                                      for(auto val : b) {
                                                                          res.pb(val);
      int sum(int 1, int r) { // [1, r]
1.7
                                                           9
          return sum(r) - sum(1 - 1);
                                                           10
                                                                      sort(all(res));
19
                                                                     return res;
20
                                                          12
21
      void add(int idx, int delta) {
                                                          13
         for(++idx; idx < n; idx += idx & -idx)
22
                                                          14
                                                                 void init(int n) {
              bit[idx] += delta;
23
                                                          15
                                                                     size = 1;
24
      }
                                                                     while(size < n) size *= 2;</pre>
                                                          16
25 };
                                                                      v.assign(2*size, v1());
                                                          17
                                                          18
  5.10 Delta-Encoding
                                                          19
                                                                 void build(vector<ll>& a, int x, int lx, int rx)
                                                          20
1 // Delta encoding
                                                                      if(rx-lx == 1) {
                                                          21
                                                                         if(lx < (int)a.size()) {</pre>
3 for(int i=0;i<q;i++){</pre>
                                                          22
                                                                              v[x].pb(a[lx]);
                                                          23
      int l,r,x;
      cin >> 1 >> r >> x;
                                                          24
                                                                         return;
                                                          25
      delta[1] += x;
                                                                     }
      delta[r+1] -= x;
                                                          26
                                                                     int m = (1x+rx)/2;
8 }
                                                          27
                                                          28
                                                                      build(a, 2*x +1, lx, m);
                                                                      build(a, 2*x +2, m, rx);
                                                          29
10 int atual = 0;
                                                                      v[x] = f(v[2*x +1], v[2*x + 2]);
                                                          30
                                                          3.1
12 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
     atual += delta[i];
                                                          32
                                                                 void build(vector<11>& a) {
                                                          33
      v[i] += atual;
14
                                                                     init(a.size());
                                                          3.4
                                                                     build(a, 0, 0, size);
                                                          35
  5.11 Union-Find
                                                          36
                                                          37
                                                          38
                                                                 ll greaterequal(int 1, int r, int k, int x, int
1 struct DSU {
                                                                 lx, int rx) {
     int n:
                                                                     if(r <= lx or l >= rx) return 0;
      vi parent, size;
                                                                      if(1 <= lx && rx <= r) {</pre>
                                                          40
                                                                         auto it = lower_bound(all(v[x]), k);
                                                          41
      DSU(int n) {
                                                                          return (v[x].end() - it);
                                                          42
          this -> n = n;
                                                                     }
                                                          43
          parent.assign(n+1, 0);
                                                                     int m = (1x + rx)/2;
                                                          44
          size.assign(n+1, 1);
                                                                     ll s1 = greaterequal(1, r, k, 2*x +1, lx, m);
                                                          45
                                                                      11 s2 = greaterequal(1, r, k, 2*x +2, m, rx);
                                                          46
          for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++)</pre>
10
                                                          47
11
              parent[i] = i;
                                                          48
                                                                     return s1 +s2;
12
                                                                 }
                                                          49
                                                          50
      int find(int v) {
14
                                                                 ll greaterequal(int 1, int r, int k) {
                                                          51
          if(v==parent[v])
15
                                                          52
                                                                     return greaterequal(1, r+1, k, 0, 0, size);
16
              return v;
                                                          53
           return parent[v]=find(parent[v]);
17
                                                          54 };
19
                                                             5.13
                                                                     Sparse-Table
      void join(int a, int b) {
         a = find(a);
21
          b = find(b);
                                                           int logv[MAX+1];
22
```

```
void make log() {
      logv[1] = 0; // pre-computar tabela de log
       for (int i = 2; i <= MAX; i++)
           logv[i] = logv[i/2] + 1;
6 }
7 struct Sparse {
                                                             6
       int n;
                                                             7 }
       vector < vi> st:
g
10
       Sparse(vi& v) {
          n = v.size();
13
           int k = logv[n];
14
           st.assign(n+1, vi(k+1, 0));
                                                            13
16
           forn(i, n) {
               st[i][0] = v[i];
17
                                                             15
18
                                                             16
19
           for(int j = 1; j <= k; j++) {</pre>
               for(int i = 0; i + (1 << j) <= n; i++) { 19
21
                   st[i][j] = f(st[i][j-1], st[i + (1 << 20)]
        (j-1))][j-1]);
               }
                                                             22
           }
       }
25
                                                             24
       int f(int a, int b) {
                                                             26
           return min(a, b);
                                                             27
28
                                                             28
29
3.0
                                                             29
       int query(int 1, int r) {
31
                                                             30
           int k = logv[r-l+1];
32
                                                             3.1
           return f(st[1][k], st[r - (1 << k) + 1][k]); 32
33
34
       }
35 }:
                                                             34
                                                             35 }
```

6 DP

6.1 Partition-Problem

```
1 // Partition Problem DP O(n2)
2 bool findPartition(vi &arr){
       int sum = 0;
       int n = arr.size();
       for (int i=0; i < n; i++)
            sum += arr[i]:
       if (sum &1) return false:
10
       bool part[sum/2+1][n+1];
13
       for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
           part[0][i] = true;
14
15
       for (int i=1; i <= sum/2; i++)
           part[i][0] = false;
17
18
19
       for (int i=1; i <= sum/2; i++) {</pre>
           for(int j=1;j<=n;j++){
20
                part[i][j] = part[i][j-1];
21
                if(i >= arr[j-1])
22
                     part[i][j] |= part[i - arr[j-1]][j
       -1];
24
25
       return part[sum / 2][n];
26
27 }
```

6.2 LIS

```
1 multiset < int > S;
2 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
      auto it = S.upper_bound(vet[i]); // low for inc
      if(it != S.end())
           S.erase(it);
      S.insert(vet[i]);
8 // size of the lis
9 int ans = S.size();
11 //////// see that later
12 // https://codeforces.com/blog/entry/13225?#comment
      -180208
14 vi LIS(const vi &elements) {
       auto compare = [&](int x, int y) {
           return elements[x] < elements[y];</pre>
       set < int, decltype(compare) > S(compare);
       vi previous( elements.size(), -1 );
       for(int i=0; i<int( elements.size() ); ++i){</pre>
           auto it = S.insert(i).first;
           if(it != S.begin())
               previous[i] = *prev(it);
           if(*it == i and next(it) != S.end())
               S.erase(next(it));
      vi answer:
       answer.push_back( *S.rbegin() );
      while ( previous[answer.back()] != -1 )
         answer.push_back( previous[answer.back()] );
       reverse( answer.begin(), answer.end() );
      return answer;
```

6.3 Mochila

```
int val[MAXN], peso[MAXN], dp[MAXN][MAXS];
3 int knapsack(int n, int m){ // n Objetos | Peso max
       for(int i=0;i<=n;i++){</pre>
          for(int j=0;j<=m;j++){
               if(i==0 or j==0)
 6
                    dp[i][j] = 0;
                else if(peso[i-1]<=j)</pre>
                    dp[i][j] = max(val[i-1]+dp[i-1][j-1]
       peso[i-1]], dp[i-1][j]);
               else
10
                    dp[i][j] = dp[i-1][j];
11
12
13
14
       return dp[n][m];
15 }
17
18 // space optimized
19
20 int val[MAX], wt[MAX], dp[MAX];
21 int knapsack(int n, int W){
       for(int i=0; i < n; i++)</pre>
22
           for(int j=W; j>=wt[i]; j--)
               dp[j] = max(dp[j], val[i] + dp[j-wt[i]]);
24
       return dp[W];
25
26 }
```

6.4 Largest-KSubmatrix

```
int n, m;
int a[MAX][MAX];
// Largest K such that exists a block K*K with equal
numbers
```

```
4 int largestKSubmatrix(){
                                                          2 int res = -1;
      int dp[n][m];
                                                          4 while(1<=r){
      memset(dp, 0, sizeof(dp));
                                                              int m = (1+r)/2;
      int result = 0;
                                                                if(!ver(m)){
      for(int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++){
                                                                    1 = m+1:
9
          for(int j = 0 ; j < m ; j++){
10
              if(!i or !j)
                                                                elsef
                                                          9
                  dp[i][j] = 1;
                                                                    res = m;
                                                         10
               else if(a[i][j] == a[i-1][j] and
                                                                    r = m-1;
                       a[i][j] == a[i][j-1] and
14
                                                         12
                       a[i][j] == a[i-1][j-1])
                                                         13 }
16
                   dp[i][j] = min(min(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][14 cout << res << endl;
      j-1]),
17
                                  dp[i-1][j-1]) + 1;
                                                          7.2 Meet-in-the-middle
              else dp[i][j] = 1;
18
                                                          _1 // Subsequence with the biggest sum%m value O(2^{(n/2)})
              result = max(result, dp[i][j]);
20
                                                                *n)
      }
22
                                                          3 int n, m, a[40];
23
      return result;
24
                                                          5 void comb(int 1, int r, vi &v){
25 }
                                                               int sz = r-l+1:
                                                                for(int i=0;i<(1<<sz);i++){
  6.5 Dp-digitos
                                                                    int sum = 0;
                                                                    for(int j=0;j<sz;j++)
1 // dp de quantidade de numeros <= r com ate qt
                                                                        if(i & (1<<j))
      digitos diferentes de 0
                                                                           sum = (sum + a[1+j])%m;
_2 ll dp(int idx, string& r, bool menor, int qt, vector< _{12}
      vector < vi>> & tab) {
      if(qt > 3) return 0;
                                                         14
      if(idx >= r.size()) {
                                                         15
                                                                sort(v.begin(), v.end());
          return 1;
                                                         16 }
                                                         17
      if(tab[idx][menor][qt] != -1)
                                                         18 int merge(vi &x, vi &y){
         return tab[idx][menor][qt];
                                                                int k=y.size()-1, ans=0;
                                                         19
                                                                for(auto v: x){
                                                         20
1.0
      11 res = 0;
                                                                    while (k>0 \text{ and } v+y[k]>=m)
                                                         21
      for(int i = 0; i <= 9; i++) {
                                                                       k - - ;
          if(menor or i <= r[idx]-'0') {</pre>
12
                                                                    ans = max(ans, v+y[k]);
              res += dp(idx+1, r, menor or i < (r[idx]-_{24}
      '0') , qt+(i>0), tab);
                                                         25
                                                                return ans;
          }
1.4
                                                         26 }
15
                                                         27
16
                                                         28
      return tab[idx][menor][qt] = res;
17
                                                         29 int main()
18 }
                                                         30 {sws;
                                                         3.1
  6.6 Unbounded-Knapsack
                                                         32
                                                                vi x, y;
                                                                cin >> n >> m;
                                                         33
                                                         34
1 int w, n;
                                                                for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
1 int c[MAX], v[MAX];
                                                         35
                                                                    cin >> a[i];
                                                         36
                                                         3.7
4 int unbounded_knapsack(){
                                                         38
                                                                comb(0, n/2, x);
      int dp[w+1];
                                                                comb(n/2 + 1, n-1, y);
                                                         39
      memset(dp, 0, sizeof dp);
                                                                cout << merge(x, y) << endl;</pre>
                                                         40
      for(int i=0;i<=w;i++)
         for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
                                                         42
                                                                return 0:
               if(c[j] <= i)
                   dp[i] = max(dp[i], dp[i-c[j]] + v[j])
11
                                                                 Math
      return dp[w];
13
                                                            8.1 FFT-simple
14 }
       Algoritmos
                                                          1 struct num{
                                                               ld a {0.0}, b {0.0};
                                                                num(){}
  7.1 Iterative-BS
                                                                \verb"num"(ld na) : a{na}{\{}\}
                                                                num(ld na, ld nb) : a{na}, b{nb} {}
1 int l=1, r=N;
                                                                const num operator+(const num &c) const{
```

```
8.3 Pollard-Rho
          return num(a + c.a, b + c.b);
8
      const num operator-(const num &c) const{
g
                                                         1 mt19937 rng((int) chrono::steady_clock::now().
1.0
        return num(a - c.a, b - c.b);
                                                              time_since_epoch().count());
      const num operator*(const num &c) const{
12
                                                           3 ll uniform(ll l, ll r){
          return num(a*c.a - b*c.b, a*c.b + b*c.a);
13
                                                           uniform_int_distribution <11> uid(1, r);
1.4
                                                                 return uid(rng);
                                                           5
      const num operator/(const int &c) const{
15
                                                           6 }
          return num(a/c, b/c);
16
17
                                                           8 ll mul(ll a, ll b, ll m) {
                                                           11 ret = a*b - 11(a*(long double)b/m+0.5)*m;
18 };
                                                          10
                                                                 return ret < 0 ? ret+m : ret;</pre>
20 void fft(vector<num> &a, bool invert){
                                                          11 }
      int n = a.size();
21
                                                          12
      for (int i=1, j=0; i < n; i++) {
22
                                                          13 ll expo(ll a, ll b, ll m) {
23
          int bit = n >> 1;
                                                          14 if (!b) return 1;
          for(; j&bit; bit>>=1)
24
                                                          15
                                                                 ll ans = expo(mul(a, a, m), b/2, m);
             j^=bit;
                                                                 return b%2 ? mul(a, ans, m) : ans;
                                                          16
           j^=bit;
26
                                                          17 }
          if(i<j)
27
                                                          18
              swap(a[i], a[j]);
                                                          19 bool prime(ll n) {
29
                                                               if (n < 2) return 0;
                                                          20
      for(int len = 2; len <= n; len <<= 1){
                                                                 if (n <= 3) return 1;
                                                          21
          ld ang = 2 * PI / len * (invert ? -1 : 1);
3.1
                                                                if (n % 2 == 0) return 0;
                                                        22
          num wlen(cos(ang), sin(ang));
32
                                                          2.3
          for(int i = 0; i < n; i += len) {</pre>
33
                                                                 11 d = n - 1;
                                                          24
              num w(1);
34
                                                                 int r = 0;
                                                          25
               for (int j=0; j<len/2; j++){</pre>
                                                                 while (d \% 2 == 0) \{
                                                          26
                  num u = a[i+j], v = a[i+j+len/2] * w; _{27}
36
                                                                     r++;
                   a[i+j] = u + v;
                                                                     d /= 2;
                                                        28
                   a[i+j+len/2] = u - v;
3.8
                                                          29
                   w = w * wlen;
39
                                                          30
               }
                                                                 for (int i : {2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775,
                                                          31
          }
41
                                                                 9780504, 795265022}) {
                                                                     if (i >= n) break;
42
                                                          3.2
      if(invert)
43
                                                                     ll x = expo(i, d, n);
                                                          33
44
        for(num &x: a)
                                                                     if (x == 1 or x == n - 1) continue;
                                                          3.4
           x = x/n;
45
                                                          35
46
                                                                     bool deu = 1;
                                                          36
47 }
                                                                     for (int j = 0; j < r - 1; j++) {
                                                          3.7
                                                                         x = mul(x, x, n);
                                                          38
49 vl multiply(vi const& a, vi const& b){
                                                                         if (x == n - 1) {
                                                          3.9
      vector < num > fa(a.begin(), a.end());
5.0
                                                                              deu = 0;
                                                         40
      vector < num > fb(b.begin(), b.end());
51
                                                          41
                                                                              break:
      int n = 1;
52
                                                          42
      while(n < int(a.size() + b.size()) )</pre>
5.3
                                                          43
                                                                     }
         n <<= 1;
                                                                     if (deu) return 0;
                                                          44
      fa.resize(n);
5.5
                                                          45
56
      fb.resize(n);
                                                          46
                                                                 return 1;
      fft(fa, false);
5.7
                                                          47 }
      fft(fb, false);
58
                                                          48
      for (int i=0; i < n; i++)
                                                          49 ll rho(ll n) {
          fa[i] = fa[i]*fb[i];
6.0
                                                                if (n == 1 or prime(n)) return n;
                                                          50
6.1
      fft(fa, true);
                                                                 if (n % 2 == 0) return 2;
                                                          5.1
      vl result(n);
62
                                                          5.2
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
63
                                                                 while (1) {
                                                          53
          result[i] = round(fa[i].a);
64
                                                                     11 x = 2, y = 2, ciclo = 2, i = 0, d = 1;
                                                          54
      while(result.back() == 0) result.pop_back();
65
                                                                     ll c = uniform(1, n-1);
      return result;
                                                          56
67 }
                                                          57
                                                                     while (d == 1) {
                                                                         if (++i == ciclo) ciclo *= 2, y = x;
                                                          5.8
 8.2 Double-gcd
                                                                         x = (mul(x, x, n) + c) \% n;
                                                          5.9
                                                          60
                                                                         if (x == y) break;
1 ld gcdf(ld a, ld b){
                                                          6.1
      if(a<b) return gcdf(b, a);</pre>
                                                          62
                                                          63
                                                                          d = \_gcd(abs(x-y), n);
                                                          64
      if(fabs(b) < EPS)
                                                          65
         return a;
                                                                     if (x != y) return d;
       else
                                                          66
          return (gcdf(b, a - floor(a/b)*b));
                                                          67
                                                          68 }
```

```
_{70} void fact(ll n, vector<ll>& v) {
                                                                             n /= i:
                                                          1.7
   if (n == 1) return;
                                                          18
                                                                     }
                                                                 }
      if (prime(n)) v.pb(n);
7.2
                                                          19
      else {
                                                          20
                                                                 return fat;
          11 d = rho(n);
                                                          21 }
          fact(d, v);
7.5
                                                          22
           fact(n / d, v);
                                                          23 // O(log(n) ^ 2)
                                                          24 bool raiz_prim(ll a, ll mod, ll phi, vl fat) {
7.7
78 }
                                                                 if(\_gcd(a, mod) != 1 or fexp(a, phi/2, mod) ==
                                                                 1) // phi de euler sempre eh PAR
  8.4 Next-Permutation
                                                                     return false;
                                                          26
                                                          27
                                                                 for(auto f : fat) {
                                                          28
vector < int > a = {1, 2, 3};
                                                                     if(fexp(a, phi/f, mod) == 1)
2 int n = a.size();
                                                                         return false;
                                                          3.0
                                                          31
      display(a, n);// 1,2,3; 1,3,2; 2,1,3; 3,1,2;
      2,3,1; 3,2,1;
                                                                 return true;
                                                          33
5 }while(next_permutation(a.begin(), a.begin() + n));
                                                          3.5
  8.5 Linear-Diophantine-Equation
                                                          36 // mods com raizes primitivas: 2, 4, p^k, 2*p^k, p eh
                                                                 primo impar, k inteiro --- O(n log^2(n))
1 // Linear Diophantine Equation
                                                          37 ll achar_raiz(ll mod, ll phi) {
2 int gcd(int a, int b, int &x, int &y)
                                                                if(mod == 2) return 1;
3 -{
                                                                 vl fat, elementos;
                                                          3.9
      if (a == 0)
4
                                                          40
                                                                 fat = fatorar(phi);
                                                          41
          x = 0; y = 1;
6
                                                                 for(11 i = 2; i <= mod -1; i++) {
                                                          42
          return b;
                                                                     if(raiz_prim(i, mod, phi, fat))
                                                          43
      }
                                                                         return i:
                                                          44
      int x1, y1;
                                                          45
1.0
      int d = gcd(b%a, a, x1, y1);
                                                          46
      x = y1 - (b / a) * x1;
                                                          47
                                                                 return -1; // retorna -1 se nao existe
      y = x1;
12
                                                          48 }
      return d:
1.3
                                                          49
14 }
                                                          50 vl todas_raizes(ll mod, ll phi, ll raiz) {
                                                                vl raizes:
                                                          5.1
16 bool find_any_solution(int a, int b, int c, int &x0,
                                                                 if(raiz == -1) return raizes;
      int &y0, int &g)
                                                                 11 r = raiz;
17 €
                                                                 for(11 i = 1; i <= phi-1; i++) {
                                                          54
      g = gcd(abs(a), abs(b), x0, y0);
18
                                                                     if(__gcd(i, phi) == 1) {
                                                          55
      if (c % g)
19
                                                                         raizes.pb(r);
                                                          56
20
          return false;
                                                          57
21
                                                          5.8
                                                                     r = (r * raiz) % mod;
      x0 *= c / g;
22
                                                          59
      y0 *= c / g;
                                                          60
      if (a < 0) x0 = -x0;
24
                                                          61
                                                                 return raizes;
      if (b < 0) y0 = -y0;
25
                                                          62 }
26
      return true;
27 }
                                                            8.7 Mobius
29 // All solutions
30 // x = x0 + k*b/g
31 // y = y0 - k*a/g
                                                          1 vi mobius(int n) {
                                                                // g(n) = sum{f(d)} => f(n) = sum{mu(d)*g(n/d)}
                                                                 vi mu(n+1);
                                                          3
                                                                 mu[1] = 1; mu[0] = 0;
  8.6 Raiz-primitiva
                                                           4
                                                                 for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
                                                           5
                                                                    for(int j = i + i; j <= n; j += i)
                                                          6
1 ll fexp(ll b, ll e, ll mod) {
                                                                         mu[j] -= mu[i];
      if(e == 0) return 1LL;
                                                          8
      11 \text{ res} = fexp(b, e/2LL, mod);
                                                          9
                                                                 return mu;
      res = (res*res)%mod;
                                                          10 }
      if(e%2LL)
          res = (res*b)%mod;
                                                            8.8 Crt
      return res%mod;
9 }
                                                          1 tuple < 11, 11, 11 > ext_gcd(11 a, 11 b) {
                                                                if (!a) return {b, 0, 1};
                                                          2
                                                                 auto [g, x, y] = ext_gcd(b%a, a);
vl fatorar(ll n) { // fatora em primos
      vl fat;
                                                          4
                                                                 return \{g, y - b/a*x, x\};
13
      for(int i = 2; i*i <= n; i++) {
                                                          5 }
          if(n\%i == 0) {
              fat.pb(i);
                                                           7 struct crt {
1.5
               while(n%i == 0)
                                                               11 a, m;
16
```

```
val = (val + val) % MOD;
10
       crt() : a(0), m(1) {}
                                                            12
                                                                       return (val + b) % MOD;
       crt(ll a_{-}, ll m_{-}) : a(a_{-}), m(m_{-}) \{ \}
11
                                                           13
       crt operator * (crt C) {
                                                           14 }
           auto [g, x, y] = ext_gcd(m, C.m);
           if ((a - C.a) % g) a = -1;
                                                              8.11 Totient
14
           if (a == -1 or C.a == -1) return crt(-1, 0);
          11 1cm = m/g*C.m;
16
                                                            _{1} // phi(p^k) = (p^(k-1))*(p-1) com p primo
           ll ans = a + (x*(C.a-a)/g \% (C.m/g))*m;
17
                                                            2 // O(sqrt(m))
           return crt((ans % lcm + lcm) % lcm, lcm);
                                                            3 11 phi(11 m){
19
                                                                  11 res = m;
20 };
                                                                  for(11 d=2; d*d<=m; d++) {</pre>
                                                                       if(m \% d == 0){
  8.9 Miller-Habin
                                                                           res = (res/d)*(d-1);
                                                                           while (m\%d == 0)
1 ll mul(ll a, ll b, ll m) {
                                                                               m /= d:
      return (a*b-l1(a*(long double)b/m+0.5)*m+m)%m;
                                                            10
3 }
                                                                  if(m > 1) {
                                                            12
5 ll expo(ll a, ll b, ll m) {
                                                                      res /= m;
                                                            13
      if (!b) return 1;
                                                            14
                                                                       res *= (m-1);
       ll ans = expo(mul(a, a, m), b/2, m);
                                                                  }
                                                           15
       return b%2 ? mul(a, ans, m) : ans;
                                                            16
                                                                  return res;
9 }
                                                           17 }
1.0
                                                           18
11 bool prime(ll n) {
                                                           19 // modificacao do crivo, O(n*log(log(n)))
      if (n < 2) return 0;
12
                                                           20 vl phi_to_n(ll n){
      if (n <= 3) return 1;
13
                                                                  vector < bool > isprime(n+1, true);
                                                           21
      if (n % 2 == 0) return 0;
                                                                  vl tot(n+1);
                                                           22
15
                                                                  tot[0] = 0; tot[1] = 1;
                                                           23
16
      11 d = n - 1;
                                                           24
                                                                  for(ll i=1;i<=n; i++){</pre>
       int r = 0;
                                                           25
                                                                       tot[i] = i;
       while (d % 2 == 0) {
18
                                                           26
          r++;
                                                           27
           d /= 2;
20
                                                                  for(11 p=2;p<=n;p++){
21
                                                                       if(isprime[p]){
                                                            29
                                                            30
                                                                           tot[p] = p-1;
      // com esses primos, o teste funciona garantido
                                                                           for(11 i=p+p;i<=n;i+=p){</pre>
23
                                                           31
      para n <= 2^64
                                                                               isprime[i] = false;
                                                            32
       // funciona para n <= 3*10^24 com os primos ate
24
                                                                               tot[i] = (tot[i]/p)*(p-1);
       41
                                                            34
       for (int i : {2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775,
25
                                                                       }
                                                            35
       9780504, 1795265022}) {
                                                                  }
                                                           36
          if (i >= n) break;
26
                                                                  return tot;
                                                           37
           ll x = expo(i, d, n);
27
                                                           38 }
           if (x == 1 or x == n - 1) continue;
29
                                                              8.12 Crivo
           bool deu = 1;
           for (int j = 0; j < r - 1; j++) {
31
                                                            1 // Sieve of Eratosthenes
               x = mul(x, x, n);
32
               if (x == n - 1) {
33
                                                            3 vector < bool > primos (n+1, true);
                   deu = 0;
34
                   break:
                                                            5 primos[0]=primos[1]=false;
               }
36
37
                                                            7 for(int i=2;i<=n;i++)</pre>
           if (deu) return 0;
3.8
      }
                                                                  if(primos[i])
39
                                                                       for(int j=i+i; j<=n; j+=i)</pre>
                                                            9
      return 1;
                                                                           primos[j]=false;
  8.10 Mulmod
                                                              8.13
                                                                      Verif-primo
1 ll mulmod(ll a, ll b) {
                                                            1 // Prime verification sqrt(N)
      if(a == 0) {
          return OLL;
                                                            3 bool prime(ll x){
                                                                  if(x==2) return true;
      if(a\%2 == 0) {
                                                                  else if(x==1 or x%2==0) return false;
          11 \text{ val} = \text{mulmod}(a/2, b);
                                                                  for(11 i = 3; i * i <= x; i += 2)
                                                                       if(x%i==0)
          return (val + val) % MOD;
                                                                           return false;
       else {
                                                                  return true;
9
          ll val = mulmod((a-1)/2, b);
                                                           10 }
10
```

```
8.14 Exponenciacao-matriz
                                                           5 ld rsimpson(ld slr, ld fl, ld fr, ld fmid, ld l, ld r
                                                           6 {
1 struct Matrix {
                                                                 1d \ mid = (1+r)/2;
      vector < vl> m;
2
                                                                  ld fml = f((1+mid)/2), fmr = f((mid+r)/2);
      int r, c;
                                                                  ld slm = simpson(fl,fmid,fml,l,mid);
                                                           9
                                                                  ld smr = simpson(fmid,fr,fmr,mid,r);
                                                           10
      Matrix(vector < vl > mat) {
                                                                  if(fabsl(slr-slm-smr) < EPS) return slm+smr; //</pre>
          m = mat;
                                                                  aprox. good enough
          r = mat.size();
7
                                                                  return rsimpson(slm,fl,fmid,fml,l,mid)+rsimpson(
                                                           12
           c = mat[0].size();
                                                                  smr,fmid,fr,fmr,mid,r);
9
                                                           13 }
10
                                                           14
      Matrix(int row, int col, bool ident=false) {
                                                           15 ld integrate(ld l, ld r)
          r = row; c = col;
12
                                                           16 {
           m = vector < vl > (r, vl(c, 0));
13
                                                                  1d \ mid = (1+r)/2;
                                                           17
          if(ident) {
14
                                                                  1d fl = f(1), fr = f(r);
                                                           18
              for(int i = 0; i < min(r, c); i++) {</pre>
                                                                  ld fmid = f(mid);
                                                           1.9
16
                   m[i][i] = 1;
                                                                  return rsimpson(simpson(fl,fr,fmid,l,r),fl,fr,
17
                                                                  fmid,1,r);
           }
18
                                                           21 }
19
                                                             8.17 Lagrange-interpolation
21
      Matrix operator*(const Matrix &o) const {
          assert(c == o.r); // garantir que da pra
22
                                                            1 // Lagrange's interpolation (n+1 points)
      multiplicar
                                                           2 ld interpolate(vii d, ld x){
          vector<vl> res(r, vl(o.c, 0));
                                                                  1d y = 0;
          for(int i = 0; i < r; i++) {
                                                                  int n = d.size();
2.5
                                                                  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
               for(int j = 0; j < o.c; j++) {</pre>
                   for(int k = 0; k < c; k++) {
                                                                     ld yi = d[i].ss;
                                                                      for(int j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
                       res[i][j] = (res[i][j] + m[i][k]*
                                                                          if(j!=i)
      o.m[k][j]) % MOD;
                                                                             yi = yi*(x - d[j].ff)/(ld)(d[i].ff - d
                   }
29
                                                                  [i].ff);
               }
30
           }
3.1
                                                                      y += yi;
                                                           11
32
                                                                  }
                                                           12
           return Matrix(res);
3.3
                                                           13
                                                                  return y;
34
                                                           14 }
35 };
                                                           15
36
                                                          16 ld inv_interpolate(vii d, ld y){
37 Matrix fexp(Matrix b, int e, int n) {
                                                                  1d x = 0;
      if(e == 0) return Matrix(n, n, true); //
                                                           17
                                                                  int n = d.size();
                                                           18
      identidade
                                                                  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
                                                           19
      Matrix res = fexp(b, e/2, n);
      res = (res * res);
                                                          20
                                                                      ld xi = d[i].ff;
40
                                                                      for(int j=0; j < n; j++)
      if(e\%2) res = (res * b);
                                                           21
                                                           22
                                                                          if(j!=i)
42
                                                                              xi = xi*(y - d[j].ss)/(ld)(d[i].ss -
                                                           23
43
      return res;
                                                                  d[j].ss);
44 }
                                                           24
                                                           25
                                                                      x += xi;
  8.15
        Bigmod
                                                                  }
                                                           26
                                                           27
                                                                  return x;
1 ll mod(string a, ll p) {
      11 \text{ res} = 0, b = 1;
      reverse(all(a));
                                                             8.18 Factorization-sqrt
      for(auto c : a) {
                                                           1 // Factorization of a number in sqrt(n)
         ll tmp = (((ll)c-'0')*b) % p;
          res = (res + tmp) % p;
                                                           3 vi fact(ll n){
                                                                 vector < int > div;
9
           b = (b * 10) \% p;
                                                                  for(11 i = 2; i * i <= n; i + +)</pre>
                                                            5
10
                                                                      if(n%i==0){
                                                                          div.pb(i);
      return res;
                                                                          while (n\%i == 0)
13
                                                                              n/=i;
                                                           9
                                                           10
  8.16 Simpson's-formula
                                                                  if(n!=1) div.pb(n);
                                                                  return div;
1 inline ld simpson(ld fl, ld fr, ld fmid, ld l, ld r) \{ _{13} \}
      return (fl+fr+4*fmid)*(r-1)/6;
3 }
                                                             8.19 Kamenetsky
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
1 // Number of digits in n! O(1)
                                                            45
                                                            46
                                                                      if(i < (rev[i] >> shift))
3 #define Pi 3.14159265358979311599796346854
                                                                           swap(a[i], a[rev[i] >> shift]);
                                                            47
4 #define Eul 2.71828182845904509079559829842
                                                            48
                                                                   for(int k = 1; k < n; k <<= 1)
                                                            49
6 long long findDigits(int n)
                                                                       for(int i = 0; i < n; i += 2 * k)
                                                            50
                                                                            for (int j = 0; j < k; j++) {
                                                                                num z = a[i+j+k] * roots[j+k];
       double x:
                                                            5.2
                                                                                a[i+j+k] = a[i+j] - z;
                                                            53
       if (n < 0)
                                                                                a[i+j] = a[i+j] + z;
10
                                                            54
          return 0:
                                                            55
11
       if (n == 1)
                                                            56 }
13
          return 1;
                                                            58 vector < num > fa, fb;
14
       x = ((n * log10(n / euler) + log10(2 * Pi * n))
                                                           59 vi multiply(vi &a, vi &b){
1.5
      /2.0));
                                                                   int need = a.size() + b.size() - 1;
                                                            60
                                                            61
                                                                   int nbase = 0;
                                                                   while((1 << nbase) < need) nbase++;</pre>
       return floor(x) + 1;
1.7
                                                            62
18 }
                                                                   ensure base(nbase):
                                                                   int sz = 1 << nbase;</pre>
                                                           64
  8.20 FFT-tourist
                                                                   if(sz > (int) fa.size())
                                                            65
                                                            66
                                                                       fa.resize(sz):
                                                           67
1 struct num{
     ld x, y;
                                                                   for(int i = 0; i < sz; i++){</pre>
                                                           68
                                                                       int x = (i < (int) a.size() ? a[i] : 0);</pre>
      num() { x = y = 0; }
                                                           6.9
                                                            7.0
                                                                       int y = (i < (int) b.size() ? b[i] : 0);</pre>
      num(1d x, 1d y) : x(x), y(y) {}
                                                                       fa[i] = num(x, y);
5 };
                                                            7.1
                                                                   fft(fa, sz);
7 inline num operator+(num a, num b) { return num(a.x + 73
                                                                   num r(0, -0.25 / sz);
       b.x, a.y + b.y); }
                                                           7.4
                                                                   for(int i = 0; i <= (sz >> 1); i++){
s inline num operator-(num a, num b) { return num(a.x \mbox{-}\,^{75}
                                                                       int j = (sz - i) & (sz - 1);
       b.x, a.y - b.y); }
                                                            76
                                                                       num z = (fa[j] * fa[j] - conj(fa[i] * fa[i]))
9 inline num operator*(num a, num b) { return num(a.x * 77
       b.x - a.y * b.y, a.x * b.y + a.y * b.x); }
                                                                       if(i != j) {
inline num conj(num a) { return num(a.x, -a.y); }
                                                            78
                                                                           fa[j] = (fa[i] * fa[i] - conj(fa[j] * fa[
                                                                   j])) * r;
12 int base = 1:
13 vector < num > roots = {{0, 0}, {1, 0}};
                                                            80
                                                                       }
                                                                       fa[i] = z;
14 \text{ vi rev} = \{0, 1\};
                                                            81
                                                            82
                                                            83
                                                                   fft(fa, sz);
16 void ensure base(int nbase){
                                                                   vi res(need);
      if(nbase <= base)</pre>
                                                            84
                                                                   for(int i = 0; i < need; i++)</pre>
1.8
          return:
                                                            86
                                                                       res[i] = fa[i].x + 0.5;
19
                                                            87
20
      rev.resize(1 << nbase);</pre>
      for(int i = 0; i < (1 << nbase); i++)
                                                            88
                                                                   return res;
21
           rev[i] = (rev[i >> 1] >> 1) + ((i & 1) << ( 89 }
      nbase - 1));
                                                            91
                                                            92 vi multiply_mod(vi &a, vi &b, int m, int eq = 0){
      roots.resize(1 << nbase);</pre>
24
                                                                  int need = a.size() + b.size() - 1;
                                                            93
25
                                                                  int nbase = 0;
       while(base < nbase){</pre>
                                                            94
          ld angle = 2*PI / (1 << (base + 1));
                                                                   while((1 << nbase) < need) nbase++;</pre>
27
                                                                   ensure_base(nbase);
           for(int i = 1 << (base - 1); i < (1 << base); 96
28
                                                            97
                                                                   int sz = 1 << nbase;</pre>
       i++){
                                                                   if(sz > (int) fa.size())
               roots[i << 1] = roots[i];
                                                            98
29
                                                                      fa.resize(sz);
               ld angle_i = angle * (2 * i + 1 - (1 << 99
30
                                                           100
       base)):
               roots[(i << 1) + 1] = num(cos(angle_i),
                                                                   for(int i=0;i<(int)a.size();i++){</pre>
                                                                       int x = (a[i] % m + m) % m;
       sin(angle_i));
                                                                       fa[i] = num(x & ((1 << 15) - 1), x >> 15);
32
                                                           104
33
           base++;
                                                                   fill(fa.begin() + a.size(), fa.begin() + sz, num
3.4
                                                                   {0, 0});
35 }
                                                                   fft(fa, sz);
                                                                   if(sz > (int) fb.size())
37 void fft(vector<num> &a, int n = -1){
                                                                      fb.resize(sz);
                                                           108
38
      if(n == -1)
          n = a.size();
                                                           109
                                                                   if(eq)
39
                                                           110
                                                                       copy(fa.begin(), fa.begin() + sz, fb.begin())
40
       assert((n & (n-1)) == 0);
41
                                                                   elsef
                                                           111
       int zeros = __builtin_ctz(n);
                                                                       for(int i = 0; i < (int) b.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                           112
       ensure_base(zeros);
43
                                                           113
                                                                           int x = (b[i] % m + m) % m;
      int shift = base - zeros;
44
```

```
fb[i] = num(x & ((1 << 15) - 1), x >> 15)_{156} int main()
114
115
                                                           158
           fill(fb.begin() + b.size(), fb.begin() + sz, 159
116
       num {0, 0});
                                                                  vi fx{1, 2, 3}; // 1+2x+3x^2
           fft(fb, sz);
                                                                  vi gx{4, 5}; // 4+5x
117
                                                           162
                                                                  vi res;
118
       ld ratio = 0.25 / sz;
119
       num r2(0, -1);
                                                                  res = multiply(fx,gx); //4 + 13x + 22x^2 + 15x^3
                                                           164
120
121
       num r3(ratio, 0);
                                                           165
       num r4(0, -ratio);
                                                                  return 0;
                                                           166
122
       num r5(0, 1);
                                                           167
                                                           168 }
       for(int i=0;i<=(sz >> 1);i++) {
124
           int j = (sz - i) & (sz - 1);
125
                                                              8.21 Inverso-Mult
           num a1 = (fa[i] + conj(fa[j]));
126
           num a2 = (fa[i] - conj(fa[j])) * r2;
127
           num b1 = (fb[i] + conj(fb[j])) * r3;
                                                           1 // gcd(a, m) = 1 para existir solucao
           num b2 = (fb[i] - conj(fb[j])) * r4;
129
                                                           _{2} // ax + my = 1, ou a*x = 1 (mod m)
           if(i != j){
                                                            3 ll inv(ll a, ll m) { // com gcd
               num c1 = (fa[j] + conj(fa[i]));
131
                                                                  11 x, y;
                                                            4
               num c2 = (fa[j] - conj(fa[i])) * r2;
132
                                                            5
                                                                  gcd(a, m, x, y);
133
               num d1 = (fb[j] + conj(fb[i])) * r3;
                                                                  return (((x % m) +m) %m);
                                                            6
               num d2 = (fb[j] - conj(fb[i])) * r4;
134
                                                            7 }
                fa[i] = c1 * d1 + c2 * d2 * r5;
               fb[i] = c1 * d2 + c2 * d1;
136
                                                            9 ll inv(ll a, ll phim) { // com phi(m), se m for primo
137
                                                                   entao phi(m) = p-1
           fa[j] = a1 * b1 + a2 * b2 * r5;
138
                                                                  ll e = phim -1;
                                                            10
           fb[j] = a1 * b2 + a2 * b1;
139
                                                                  return fexp(a, e);
                                                            11
140
                                                            12 }
       fft(fa, sz);
141
       fft(fb, sz);
142
                                                              8.22
                                                                      Modular-Exponentiaion
       vi res(need);
143
       for (int i=0; i < need; i++) {</pre>
144
                                                            1 // Modular exponentiaion - (b^e)%mod in O(log e)
           11 aa = fa[i].x + 0.5;
           11 bb = fb[i].x + 0.5;
                                                            2 11 fexp(11 b, 11 e, 11 mod){
146
                                                                  ll res = 1;
           11 cc = fa[i].y + 0.5;
147
           res[i] = (aa + ((bb \% m) << 15) + ((cc \% m)
                                                                  b\% = mod;
148
                                                                  while(e){
       << 30)) % m;
                                                                      if(e&1LL)
149
                                                                          res=(res*b)%mod;
       return res;
150
                                                                       e=e>>1LL:
151 }
                                                                      b = (b * b) % mod;
                                                                  }
                                                            1.0
                                                                  return res;
154
                                                           11
                                                           12 }
155
```