Machine Learning & **Gynecological Oncology**

Erkin Otles 4/18/18

Intro to Machine Learning

AKA Artificial Intelligence AKA Predictive Analytics



Do the math...



Find the cats...





Find the cheapest fare...

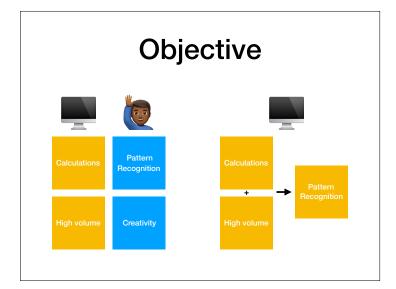
То	Fare
Brussels, Belgium (BRU)	\$1,459
Venice, Italy (VCE)	\$1,519
Seoul-Incheon, South Korea (ICN)	\$1,782
Dublin, Ireland (DUB)	\$1,759
London-Heathrow, United Kingdom (LHR)	\$1,849
Beijing, China (PEK)	\$1,536
Seoul-Incheon, South Korea (ICN)	\$1,672
Shanghai, China (PVG)	\$1,622
Paris-Charles de Gaulle, France (CDG)	\$1,679
Amsterdam, Netherlands (AMS)	\$1,159
Shanghai, China (PVG)	\$1,962
Tokyo-Haneda, JP (HND)	\$2,009
Zurich, Switzerland (ZRH)	\$1,609
Paris-Charles de Gaulle, France (CDG)	\$1,049
Hong Kong, Hong Kong (HKG)	\$1,182
Seoul-Incheon, South Korea (ICN)	\$1,153
Shanghai, China (PVG)	\$1,906
	Brusset, Belgium (BRU) Werice, Bis (VCE) Seoul-Indexes, South Korea (ICN) Dublin, Lenter (DUB) Dublin, Lenter (DUB) Dublin, Lenter (DUB) Belling, China (PEC) Seoul-Indexes, South Korea (ICN) Seoul-Indexes, South Korea (ICN) Seoul-Indexes, South Korea (ICN) Seoul-Indexes, South Korea (ICN) Partir-Chatters de Gaulle, France (ICN) Swargha, China (PVG) Takyo-Heneda, JP (HND) Zaufe, Saturitardia (PMB) Partir-Chatters de Gaulle, France (ICN) Partir-Chatters de Gaulle, France (ICN) Seoul-Indexes de Gaulle, France (ICN) Seoul-Indexes (ICN)



Cross a duck and an otter...























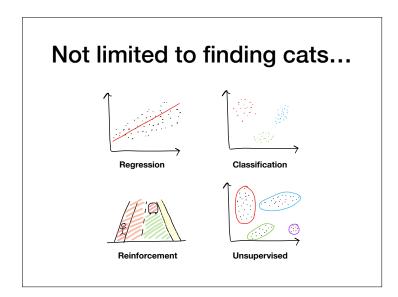


Not Cat Not Cat

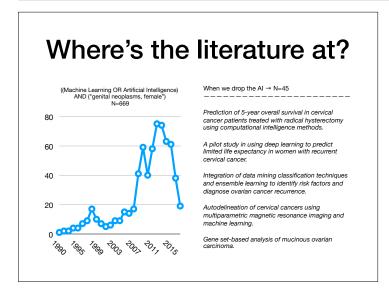


Cycles through data till it finds the least wrong mathematical relationship (model)

There are procedures to ensure the model is not overly specific

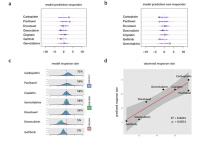


How does this relate to Gyn Onc?



Highly-accurate metabolic detection of early-stage ovarian cancer ▲ Control Patient 80 Serum metabolome mass spectrometry on early-stage 70 ovarian cancer (EOC) patients and controls. Patient A Thousands of metabolites → 16 diagnostic (FA metabolism) 50 Potential for eventual diagnostic 40 or screening tests SVM Metabolic Score Gaul, D. A. et al. Highly-accurate metabolomic detection of early-stage ovarian cancer. Sci. Rep. 5, 16351; doi: 10.1038/srep16351 (2015). http://www.nature.com/articles/srep16351.pdf

Prediction of optimal cancer drug therapies



Learn personalized drug responses from gene expression profiles (NCI-60)

Accurately predicts responsiveness (NCI-DREAM)

Ovarian cancer: predictions consistent with current lit.

Huang C, Mezencev R, McDonald JF, Vannberg F (2017) Open source machine-learning algorithms for the prediction of optimal cancer drug therapies. PLOS ONE 12(1): e0168690.

http://journals.pios.org/piosone/article/file/dic-10.1371/journal.pone.01889068type=printable

Puff piece: IBM Watson for cervical cancer

Natural language processing to provide oncologists with ranked, evidence-based treatment options for cancer.

WFO recommendations compared to practice at Gachon University.

80.8% were concordant (299/370)



Lim S, Lee KB. Use of a cognitive computing system for treatment of cervical cancer. J Gynecol Oncol. 2017 Sep;28(5):e67. https://doi.org/10.3802/igo.2017.28.e67f

Final thoughts

Always ask "how generalizable is this model?"

The devil is in the data: garbage in → garbage out

How will these models be useful in clinical practice?

Potentially promising toolset - with a ton of hype. We need approach it critically.

Appendix

