```
clear; close all; clc;
%% Question 1%%
% Feature pairs (1,2)
% Load dataset X and ys
load fisheriris
% Choose setosa and versicolor
inds = ~strcmp(species, 'virginica');
X = meas(inds, 1:2);
y = species(inds);
% Feature Pairs (1,2), (1,3), (1,4), (2,3), (2,4), (3,4)
feature pairs = [1, 2; 1, 3; 1, 4; 2, 3; 2, 4; 3, 4];
% For each feature pairs
for i = 1:size(feature pairs, 1)
    % Choose one pair
    X = meas(inds, feature pairs(i, :));
    % Train SVM model
    SVMModel = fitcsvm(X, y);
    % Get SVs
           = SVMModel.SupportVectors;
    beta
           = SVMModel.Beta; % Linear predictor coefficients
            = SVMModel.Bias; % Bias term
    % Plot
    figure
    gscatter(X(:, 1), X(:, 2), y)
    plot(sv(:, 1), sv(:, 2), 'ko', 'MarkerSize', 10)
    X1 = linspace(min(X(:,1)), max(X(:,1)), 100);
    X2 = -(beta(1)/beta(2)*X1)-b/beta(2);
    plot(X1, X2, '-')
    m = 1/sqrt(beta(1)^2 + beta(2)^2); % Margin half-width
    X1margin low = X1+beta(1)*m^2;
    X2margin low = X2+beta(2)*m^2;
    X1margin high = X1-beta(1)*m^2;
    X2margin_high = X2-beta(2)*m^2;
    plot(X1margin high, X2margin high, 'b--')
    plot(X1margin low, X2margin low, 'r--')
    legend('versicolor', 'setosa', 'Support Vector')
    title("Features " + int2str(feature_pairs(i, 1)) + " & " + int2str 🗸
(feature_pairs(i, 2)) + ...
          " - Number of SVs = " + int2str(length(sv)))
    hold off
end
clear; close all; clc;
%% Question 2 - Cross-Validate SVM %%
```

```
% Load dataset
load fisheriris
% Choose setosa and versicolor
inds = ~strcmp(species, 'virginica');
% Use all 4 features
X = meas(inds,:);
y = species(inds);
Y= categorical(species(inds)); % Convert species to categorical for coloring
SVMModel = fitcsvm(X,y,'Standardize',true,'KernelFunction','RBF',...
    'KernelScale', 'auto');
% 10-Fold Cross-Validation
CVSVMModel1 = crossval(SVMModel,'Kfold',10,'Leaveout','off');
classLoss = kfoldLoss(CVSVMModel1);
% Leave-One-Out Cross-Validation (LOOCV)
CVSVMModel2
                  = crossval(SVMModel, 'Leaveout', 'on');
leave one out cv = kfoldLoss(CVSVMModel2);
% Initialize arrays to store cross-validation results
results = [];
% Loop through each feature individually
for i = 1:4
    % Select a single feature
    X \text{ single} = X(:, i);
    % Train SVM model with a single feature
    SVMModel = fitcsvm(X_single, y, 'Standardize', true, 'KernelFunction', 'RBF', &
'KernelScale', 'auto');
    % 10-Fold Cross-Validation
    CVSVMModel1 = crossval(SVMModel, 'Kfold', 10);
    classLoss 10fold = kfoldLoss(CVSVMModel1);
    % Leave-One-Out Cross-Validation (LOOCV)
    CVSVMModel2 = crossval(SVMModel, 'Leaveout', 'on');
    classLoss LOOCV = kfoldLoss(CVSVMModel2);
    % Store the results
    results = [results; {['Feature ', num2str(i)], classLoss 10fold, \( \mathbf{L} \)
classLoss LOOCV}];
end
% Display results
resultsTable = cell2table(results, 'VariableNames', {'Feature', '10FoldError', \( \n' \)
'LOOCVError'});
disp(resultsTable);
y categorical = categorical(y);
```

```
% Loop through each feature individually
for i = 1:4
    % Select a single feature
    X \text{ single} = X(:, i);
    % Train SVM model with a single feature
    SVMModel = fitcsvm(X single, y, 'Standardize', true, 'KernelFunction', 'RBF', &
'KernelScale', 'auto');
    % Create a range of values for plotting decision boundaries
    x \min = \min(X \text{ single}) - 1;
    x max = max(X single) + 1;
    x range = linspace(x min, x max, 100)';
    % Predict scores over the range to find the decision boundary
    [~, scores] = predict(SVMModel, x range);
    % Plot the data and the decision boundary
    figure
    gscatter(X single, zeros(size(X single)), y categorical, 'rb', 'xo');
    hold on
    % plot(x range, scores(:, 2), 'k-', 'LineWidth', 2); % Decision boundary
    plot(x range, zeros(size(x range)), 'k--'); % Decision line at score 0
    title(['Decision Boundary for Feature ', num2str(i)])
    xlabel(['Feature ', num2str(i)])
    ylabel('Decision Score')
    legend('Setosa', 'Versicolor', 'Decision Boundary', 'Location', 'Best')
    hold off
end
clear; clc; close all;
%% Question 3 Multiclass SVM %%
% Load data
load fisheriris
% Choose features 1 and 2
X = meas(:, 1:2);
Y = species;
SVMModels
            = cell(3,1);
classes = unique(Y);
rng(1); % For reproducibility
for j = 1:numel(classes)
                    = strcmp(Y, classes(j)); % Create binary classes for each ▶
    indx
classifier
    SVMModels{j} = fitcsvm(X,indx,'ClassNames',[false true],'Standardize', \( \mathcal{L} \)
false,...
        'KernelFunction', 'linear', 'BoxConstraint', 1);
end
% Examine scatter plot of the data
figure
```

```
gscatter(X(:,1),X(:,2),Y);
hold on
h = gca;
lims = [h.XLim h.YLim]; % Extract the x and y axis limits
title('{\bf Scatter Diagram of Iris Measurements}');
xlabel('Sepal Length (cm)');
ylabel('Sepal Width (cm)');
legend('Location','Northwest');
hold off
d = 0.02;
[x1Grid, x2Grid] = meshgrid(min(X(:,1)):d:max(X(:,1)), ...
    min(X(:,2)):d:max(X(:,2)));
xGrid = [x1Grid(:), x2Grid(:)];
N = size(xGrid, 1);
Scores = zeros(N, numel(classes));
for j = 1:numel(classes)
    [~,score] = predict(SVMModels{j},xGrid);
    Scores(:,j) = score(:,2); % Second column contains positive-class scores
end
[~,maxScore] = max(Scores,[],2);
h(1:3) = gscatter(xGrid(:,1),xGrid(:,2),maxScore,...
    [0.1 0.5 0.5; 0.5 0.1 0.5; 0.5 0.5 0.1]);
h(4:6) = gscatter(X(:,1),X(:,2),Y);
for j = 1:numel(classes)
    sv = SVMModels{j}.SupportVectors;
    h(6+j) = plot(sv(:,1), sv(:,2), 'ko', 'MarkerSize', 8, 'LineWidth', 1.5, \checkmark
'DisplayName', 'Support Vectors');
title('{\bf Iris Classification Regions}');
xlabel('Sepal Length (cm)');
ylabel('Sepal Width (cm)');
legend(h,{'setosa region','versicolor region','virginica region',...
    'observed setosa','observed versicolor','observed virginica','Support≰
Vectors'},...
    'Location','Northwest');
axis tight
hold off
clear; clc; close all;
%% Question 4 %% Optimize an SVM classifier
% Generate data
rng('default') % For reproducibility
grnpop = mvnrnd([1,0], eye(2),10);
redpop = mvnrnd([0,1], eye(2), 10);
```

```
% View the base points
figure;
plot(grnpop(:,1),grnpop(:,2),'go')
plot(redpop(:,1), redpop(:,2), 'ro')
hold off
% Generate 100 data points
redpts = zeros(100,2);
grnpts = redpts;
for i = 1:100
    grnpts(i,:) = mvnrnd(grnpop(randi(10),:), eye(2)*0.02);
    redpts(i,:) = mvnrnd(redpop(randi(10),:), eye(2)*0.02);
end
% View the data points
figure
plot(grnpts(:,1),grnpts(:,2),'go')
hold on
plot(redpts(:,1),redpts(:,2),'ro')
hold off
% Prepare data for classification
cdata = [grnpts;redpts];
grp = ones(200,1);
grp(101:200) = -1;
% Prepare cross validation
c = cvpartition(200, 'KFold', 10);
% Optimize fit
opts = struct('CVPartition',c,'AcquisitionFunctionName', ...
    'expected-improvement-plus');
Mdl = fitcsvm(cdata,grp,'KernelFunction','rbf', ...
    'OptimizeHyperparameters', 'auto', 'HyperparameterOptimizationOptions', opts);
```