

# Apache OpenWhisk Package Specification

## Version 0.9, Working Draft 03, Revision 1

### Notational Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119](#).  
The OpenWhisk Package Specification is licensed under [The Apache License, Version 2.0](#).

### Introduction

Apache OpenWhisk™ is an open source, distributed Serverless computing project. Specifically, it is able to execute application logic (*Actions*) in response to events (*Triggers*) from external sources (*Feeds*) governed by simple conditional logic (*Rules*) around the event data.

It provides a programming model for registering and managing *Actions*, *Triggers* and *Rules* supported by a REST-based Command Line Interface (CLI) along with tooling to support packaging and catalog services.

The project includes a catalog of built-in system and utility *Actions* and *Feeds*, along with a robust set of samples that demonstrate how to integrate OpenWhisk with various external service providers (e.g., GitHub, Slack, etc.) along with several platform and run-time Software Development Kits (SDKs).

The code for the Actions, along with any support services implementing *Feeds*, are packaged according to this specification to be compatible with the OpenWhisk catalog and its tooling. It also serves as a means for architects and developers to model OpenWhisk package Actions as part of full, event-driven services and applications providing the necessary information for artifact and data type validation along with package management operations.

### Compatibility

This specification is intended to be compatible with the following specifications:

- *OpenWhisk API which is defined as an OpenAPI document:*
  - <https://github.com/apache/openwhisk/blob/master/core/controller/src/main/resources/apiv1swagger.json>
  -
- *OpenAPI Specification when defining REST APIs and parameters:*
  - <https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md>

## 37 Revision History

Version	Date	Notes
0.8.1	2016-11-03	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Initial public point draft</li> </ul>
0.8.2	2016-12-12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Begin adding use cases, examples to all sections</li> </ul>
0.8.3	2017-02-02	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add more use cases, examples</li> <li>Add description of \$ (dollar) notation</li> </ul>
0.8.4	2017-04-18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Support JSON parameter type;</li> <li>Clarify use of Parameter single-line grammar and inferred types.</li> <li>Add support for API Gateway mappings.</li> <li>Add support for Web Actions</li> </ul>
0.8.5	2017-04-21	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add support for “dependencies”, that is allow automatic deployment of other OpenWhisk packages (from GitHub) that the current package declares as a dependency.</li> </ul>
0.8.6	2017-07-25	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clarified requirements for \$ dollar notation.</li> <li>Updated conceptual Manifest/Deployment File processing images.</li> </ul>
0.8.7	2017-08-24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added explicit Application entity and grammar.</li> <li>Added API listing to Package entity.</li> <li>Cleaned up pseudo-grammar which contained various uses of credentials in places not intended.</li> <li>Fixed Polygon Tracking example (indentation incorrect).</li> </ul>
0.8.8	2017-08-29	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Created a simplified API entity (i.e., “api”) grammar that allows multiple sets of named APIs for the same basepath.</li> <li>Acknowledge PHP as supported runtime (kind).</li> <li>Added “sequences” entity as a convenient way to declare action sequences in the manifest. Updated supported runtime values.</li> </ul>
0.8.9, 0.8.9.1	2017-09-22 2017-09-29	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clarified “version” key requirements for Package (required) and Action (optional); removed from shared entity schema.</li> <li>Made “license” key optional for package.</li> <li>keyword “package” (singular) and “packages” (plural) both allowed.</li> <li>Adjusted use case examples to reflect these changes.</li> <li>Rework of schema use cases into full, step-by-step examples.</li> <li>Spellcheck, fixed bugs, update examples to match web-based version.</li> </ul>
0.8.9.1	2017-10-06	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added grammar and example for concatenating string values on input parameters using environment variables.</li> </ul>
0.9.0, 0.9.1	2017-11-23, 2017-11-30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identified new user scenarios including: clean, refresh, sync, pre/post processing</li> <li>Clarified “runtime” field on Action is equivalent to “kind” parameter used on the Apache OpenWhisk CLI for Actions.</li> <li>Added “project” key as an synonym name for “application.” key, moving application to become deprecated. Project name made required.</li> <li>Support “public” (i.e., publish) key on Package.</li> <li>Documented support for the “raw-http” annotation under Action.</li> <li>Documented support for the “final” annotation under Action.</li> <li>Documented support for the “main” field under Action.</li> <li>Dollar Notation section becomes Interpolation / updates: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supported beyond Parameter values</li> <li>Package names can be interpolated</li> <li>Annotations values can be interpolated</li> <li>Multiple replacements supported in same value</li> </ul> </li> <li>Usage scenarios 6-8 added, i.e., Clean, Project Sync, Tool chain support.</li> </ul>
0.9.2	2018-02-05	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fixed and clarified the allowed values for “web-export” on Action.</li> <li>Clarified use of “final” on Action.</li> </ul>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added support (planned) for “web-custom-options” and “require-whisk-auth.” flags on Actions (annotations)</li> <li>• Deprecate ‘application’ and ‘package’ completely (no longer supported).</li> </ul>
0.9.2.2	2018-04-04	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Allow “web” key as an overload for “web-export” key for to indicate Web Actions.</li> <li>• Added Web Sequences, specify a sequence is a Web Action.</li> <li>• Added support for Conductor Actions, to align with OpenWhisk CLI support.</li> <li>• Added “docker” and “native” binary support under Action.</li> <li>• Added in-line “code” support under Action.</li> <li>• Support \$\$, double-dollar notation for string literals on parameter values.</li> <li>• Added support for “default” package (allowing all entities to be assigned directly under the user’s default namespace), that is not requiring a package name to be created.</li> </ul>
0.9.3	2018-06-01	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added comprehensive list of schema keys and values that support interpolation (from environment).</li> <li>• Made “code” a deprecated field for Action.</li> <li>• Fix web   web-export grammar under Action schema.</li> <li>• Promote Web Action to its own top-level section.</li> <li>• Correct “plain” Credential properties.</li> </ul>

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## 103 Programming model

### 104 OpenWhisk Entities

105 OpenWhisk uses the following entities to describe its programming model:

#### 106 Action

107 A stateless, relatively short-running function (*on the order of seconds or even milliseconds*)  
108 invoked as an event handler.

#### 109 Trigger

110 The name for a class of events. Triggers represent the events (and their data) themselves without  
111 any concept of how they were generated.

#### 112 Rule

113 A mapping from a Trigger to an Action which may contain simple conditional logic. OpenWhisk  
114 evaluates incoming events (that belong to a Trigger) and invokes the assigned Action (event  
115 handler).

#### 116 Event Source

117 An Event Source is the descriptor (edge) for an Event Producer (or provider). It describes the  
118 Event Format(s) produced, as well as any configuration and subscription capabilities.

#### 119 Feed

120 A Feed is an optional service that represents and controls the stream which all belong to a  
121 Trigger. A feed provides operations called **feed actions** which handle creating, deleting, pausing,  
122 and resuming the stream of events. The feed action typically interacts with external services  
123 which produce the events

#### 124 Package

125 A named, shared collection of Actions and Feeds. The goal of this specification is to describe  
126 OpenWhisk packages and their component entities and resources to enable an open-ecosystem.

127  
128 *Packages are designed to be first-class entities within the OpenWhisk platform to be used by*  
129 *tooling such as catalogs (repositories), associated package managers, installers, etc.*

130  
131 *Note: Not all actions must belong to packages, but can exist under a namespace.*

### 132 Composition

#### 133 Action Sequence

134 An Action that is a sequenced composition of 2 or more existing Actions. The Action Sequence  
135 can be viewed as a named pipe where OpenWhisk can automatically take the output of a first

Action ‘A’ in a declared sequence and provides it as input to the next Action ‘B’ in the sequence and so on until the sequence completes.

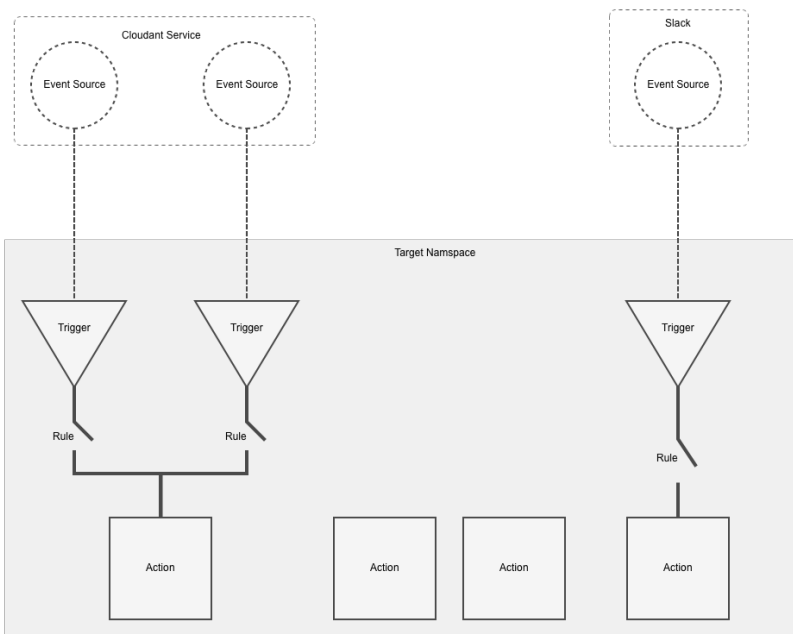
*Note: This composition technique allows the reuse of existing action implementations treating them as “building blocks” for other Actions.*

## Cardinality

### Trigger to Action

With the appropriate set of Rules, it's possible for a single Trigger (event) to invoke multiple Actions, or for an Action to be invoked as a response to events from multiple Triggers.

## Conceptual representation



## Package processing

This document defines two file artifacts that are used to deploy Packages to a target OpenWhisk platform; these include:

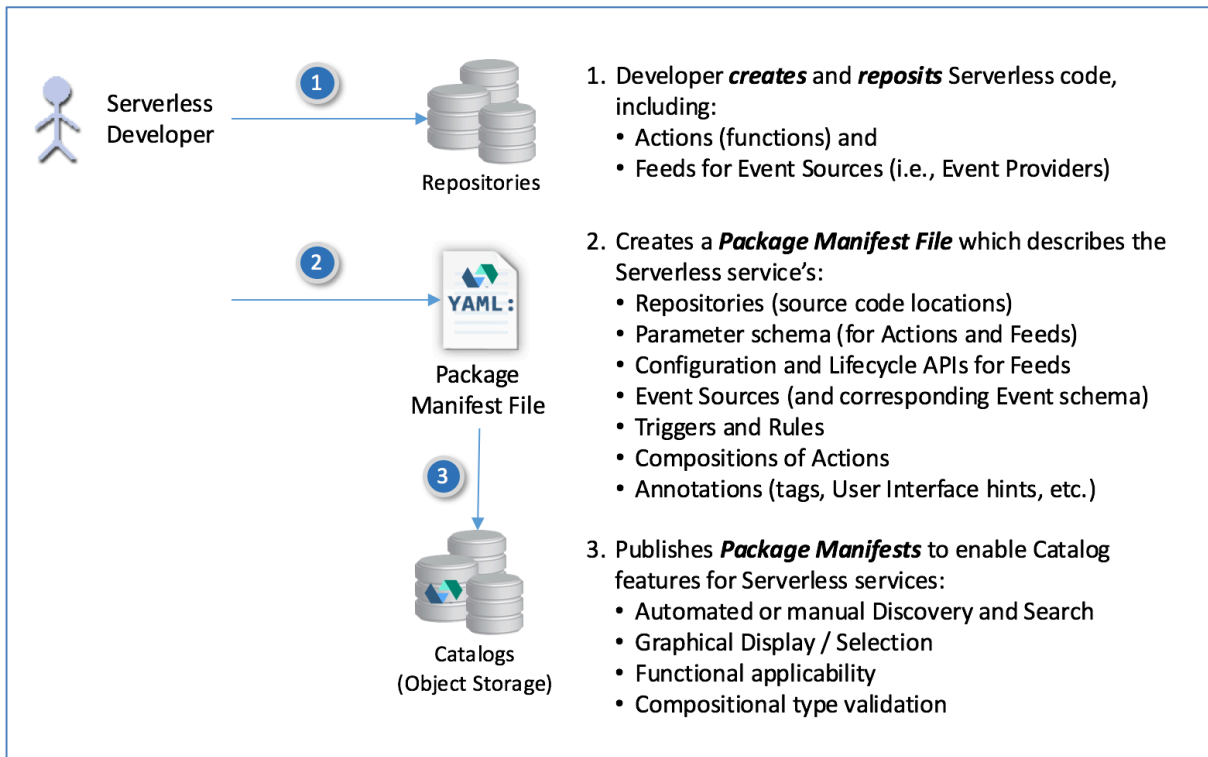
- **Package Manifest file:** Contains the Package definition along with any included Action, Trigger or Rule definitions that comprise the package. This file includes the schema of input and output data to each entity for validation purposes.
- **Deployment file** (optional): Contains the values and bindings used configure a Package to a target OpenWhisk platform provider’s environment and supply input parameter values for Packages, Actions and Triggers. This can include Namespace bindings, security and policy information.

## Notes

- Deployment files are optional. Deployment can be fully accomplished with simply a Manifest File.

158 **Conceptual Package creation and publishing**

159 The following diagram illustrates how a developer would create OpenWhisk code artifacts and  
160 associate a Package Manifest file that describes them for deployment and reuse.

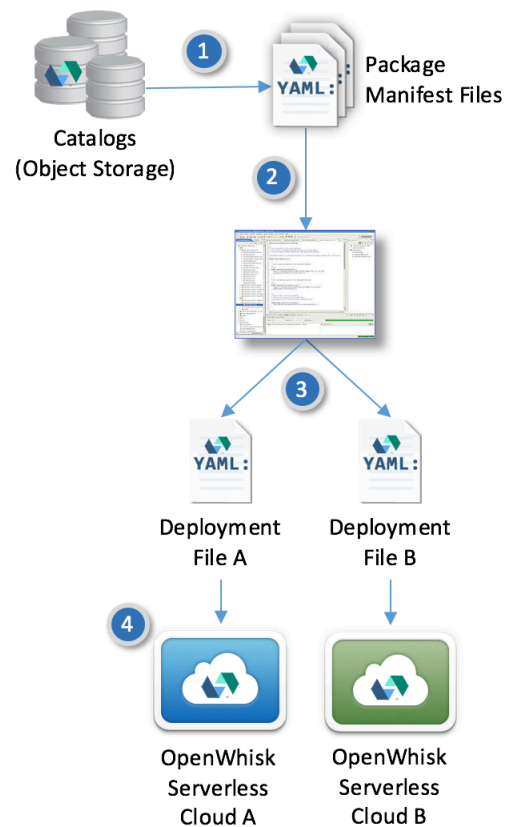


162 **Conceptual tooling integration and deployment**

163 The following diagram illustrates how Package manifests can be leveraged by developer tooling to  
164 integrate OpenWhisk Serverless functions.



1. Developer *searches* and *discovers* OpenWhisk packages described by the **Package Manifest** in one or more Catalogs, that can:
  - Help analyze, augment and annotate application information and data.
  - Add value added functionality to a base application or workflow.
2. Imports Open **Package Manifest Files** and related code and artifacts into development tooling, including:
  - Project and Application (source code) Repositories
  - Integrated Development Environments (IDEs)
  - Cloud-based design, workflow and application workspaces.
3. Creates OpenWhisk **Deployment Files** for one or more target OpenWhisk enabled Clouds, with
  - Parameter values for desired target environment
  - Appropriate Credentials and configurations for chosen Event Sources and Feeds.
4. Deploys **Packages** (i.e., Actions, Triggers, Feeds, etc.) to OpenWhisk enabled Clouds, using,
  - **Package Manifest** and **Deployment File(s)**.



## Namespacing

Every OpenWhisk entity (i.e., Actions, Feeds, Triggers), including packages, belongs in a *namespace*.

The fully qualified name of any entity has the format:

```
/<namespaceName>[/<packageName>]/<entityName>
```

The namespace is typically provided at bind-time by the user deploying the package to their chosen OpenWhisk platform provider.

## Requirements

- The “/whisk.system” namespace is reserved for entities that are distributed with the OpenWhisk system.

## Entity Names

The names of all entities, including actions, triggers, rules, packages, and namespaces, are a sequence of characters that follow the following format:

- The first character SHALL be an alphanumeric character, a digit, or an underscore.
- The subsequent characters MAY be alphanumeric, digits, spaces, or any of the following:

- 181       \_, @, ., -
- 182       • The last character SHALL NOT be a space.
- 183       • The maximum name length of any entity name is 256 characters (i.e., ENTITY\_NAME\_MAX\_LENGTH =
- 184       256).

185 Valid entity names are described with the following regular expression (Java metacharacter

186 syntax):

```
"\A([\w][\w][\w@.-]{0,{ENTITY_NAME_MAX_LENGTH - 2}}[\w@.-])\z"
```

## 187 Definitions

### 188 *Activation*

189 An invocation or “run” of an action results in an activation record that is identified by a unique

190 activation ID. The term Activation is short-hand for the creation of this record and its

191 information.

### 192 *Repository*

193 A location that provides storage for sets of files, as well as the history of changes made to those

194 files.

### 195 *Project*

196 A description of a software application which enables management of its design,

197 implementation, source control, monitoring and testing.

### 198 *Application*

199 A computer program designed to perform a group of coordinated functions, tasks, or activities

200 to achieve some result or user benefit.

### 201 *[Cloud] Service*

202 Any resource, including a functional task, that is provided over the Internet. This includes

203 delivery models such as *Platform as a Service* (PaaS), *Infrastructure as a Service* (IaaS), as well

204 as *Serverless*.

## 205 Specification

206 This specification utilizes the [YAML language](#), a superset of JSON, which supports key features

207 for packaging descriptors and configuration information such as built-in data types, complex data

208 types, anchors (relational information), files, comments and can embed other data formats such

209 as JSON and XML easily.

## 210 YAML Types

211 Many of the types we use in this profile are *built-in* types from the [YAML 1.2 specification](#) (i.e.,

212 those identified by the “tag:yaml.org,2002” version tag).

213

The following table declares the valid YAML type URIs and aliases that SHALL be used when defining parameters or properties within an OpenWhisk package manifest:

Type Name	Type URI	Notes
string	tag:yaml.org,2002:str (default)	Default type if no type provided
integer	tag:yaml.org,2002:int	Signed. Includes large integers (i.e., long type)
float	tag:yaml.org,2002:float	Signed. Includes large floating point values (i.e., double type)
boolean	tag:yaml.org,2002:bool	This specification uses lowercase 'true' and lowercase 'false'
timestamp	tag:yaml.org,2002:timestamp	ISO 8601 compatible timestamp. See <a href="#">YAML-TS-1.1</a>
null	tag:yaml.org,2002:null	Different meaning than an empty string, map, list, etc.

### Requirements

- The 'string' type SHALL be the default type when not specified on a parameter or property declaration.
- All 'boolean' values SHALL be lowercased (i.e., 'true' or 'false').

### OpenWhisk Types

In addition to the YAML built-in types, OpenWhisk supports the types listed in the table below. A complete description of each of these types is provided below.

Type Name	Description	Notes
version	string comprised of a version number of the format <MAJOR>.<MINOR>.<PATCH>[-<BUILD>] or keywords acknowledged in this specification.	Aligns with Maven format principles, but is a simplification of Maven spec. considerations. Note: found in modern tooling (i.e., "package@version" or "package:version" format).  Note: the keyword "latest" is also used as a valid version in this specification.
string256	long length strings (e.g., descriptions)	A string type limited to 256 characters.
string64	medium length strings (e.g., abstracts, hover text)	A string type limited to 64 characters.
string16	short length strings (e.g., small form-factor list displays)	A string type limited to 16 characters.
json	The parameter value represents a JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) data object.	The deploy tool will validate the corresponding parameter value against JSON schema.  Note: The implied schema for JSON is the JSON Schema (see <a href="http://json-schema.org/">http://json-schema.org/</a> ).
scalar-unit	Convenience type for declaring common scalars that have an associated unit. For example, "10 msec.", "2 Gb", etc.)	Currently, the following scalar-unit subtypes are supported: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>scalar-unit.size</li><li>scalar-unit.time</li></ul> See description below for details.

schema	The parameter itself is an OpenAPI Specification v2.0 <b>Schema Object</b> (in YAML format) with self-defining schema.	The schema declaration follows the <a href="https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md#schemaObject">OpenAPI v2.0</a> specification for Schema Objects (YAML format).  Specifically, see <a href="https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md#schemaObject">https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md#schemaObject</a>
object	The parameter itself is an object with the associated defined Parameters (schemas).	Parameters of this type would include a declaration of its constituting Parameter schema.

225

## 226 *scalar-unit types*

227 Scalar-unit types can be used to define scalar values along with a unit from the list of recognized  
228 units (a subset of GNU units) provided below.

### 229 *Grammar*

```
<scalar> <unit>
```

230 In the above grammar, the pseudo values that appear in angle brackets have the following meaning:

- 231 • scalar: is a required scalar value (e.g., integer).
- 232 • unit: is a required unit value. The unit value MUST be type-compatible with the scalar value.

### 233 *Example*

```
inputs:
  max_storage_size:
    type: scalar-unit.size
    default: 10 GB
  archive_period:
    type: scalar-unit.time
    default: 30 d
```

### 234 *Requirements*

- 235 • Whitespace: any number of spaces (including zero or none) SHALL be allowed between the scalar  
236 value and the unit value.
- 237 • It SHALL be considered an error if either the scalar or unit portion is missing on a property or  
238 attribute declaration derived from any scalar-unit type.
- 239 • The case (lower, upper) of the Unit's value is considered significant and SHALL be preserved. For  
240 example, the Unit value "kB" is not the same as "KB" or "kb".

### 241 *Recognized units for sizes (i.e., scalar-unit.size)*

Unit	Description
B	byte
kB	kilobyte (1000 bytes)
MB	megabyte (1000000 bytes)
GB	gigabyte (1000000000 bytes)

Unit	Description
TB	terabyte (1000000000000 bytes)

242 *Example*

```
inputs:
  memory_size:
    type: scalar-unit.size
    value: 256 MB
```

243 *Recognized units for times (i.e., scalar-unit.time)*

Unit	Description
d	days
h	hours
m	minutes
s	seconds
ms	milliseconds
us	microseconds

244 *Example*

```
inputs:
  max_execution_time:
    type: scalar-unit.time
    value: 600 s
```

245 *Object type example*

246 The Object type allows for complex objects to be declared as parameters with an optional  
 247 validateable schema.

```
inputs:
  person:
    type: object
    parameters:
      <Parameter schema>
```

248 **Schema**

249 This section defines all the essential schema used to describe OpenWhisk packages and  
 250 programming model entities within a manifest.

251 *General Requirements*

- 252 • All key and field names in this specification SHALL be case sensitive.

253 *map schema*

254 The Map schema is used to define maps of key values within OpenWhisk entities.

255 *Single-line grammar*

```
{ <key_1>: <value_1>, ..., <key_n>: <value_n> }
```

256 *Multi-line grammar*

```
# Where 'key_n' is a type <string> and 'value_n' is type <any>.
<key_1>: <value_1>
...
<key_n>: <value_n>
```

257 *Examples*

258 *Single-line*

```
alert_levels: { "high": "red", "medium": "yellow", "low": green }
```

259 *Multi-line*

```
alert_levels:
  "high": "red"
  "medium": "yellow"
  "low": green
```

260

261 *Parameter schema*

262 The Parameter schema is used to define input and/or output data to be used by OpenWhisk  
263 entities for the purposes of validation.

264 *Fields*

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
type	no	<any>	string	Optional valid type name or the parameter's value for validation purposes. By default, the type is <b>string</b> .
description	no	string <sup>256</sup>	N/A	Optional description of the Parameter.
value	no	<any>	N/A	The optional user supplied value for the parameter. Note: this is not the default value, but an explicit declaration which allows simple usage of the Manifest file without a Deployment file.
required	no	boolean	true	Optional indicator to declare the parameter as required (i.e., <b>true</b> ) or optional (i.e., <b>false</b> ).
default	no	<any>	N/A	Optional default value for the optional parameters. This value <b>MUST</b> be type compatible with the value declared on the parameter's <b>type</b> field.
status	no	string	supported	Optional status of the parameter (e.g., <b>deprecated</b> , <b>experimental</b> ). By default a parameter is without a declared status is considered supported.

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
schema	no	<schema>	N/A	The optional schema if the 'type' key has the value 'schema'. The value would include a <b>Schema Object</b> (in YAML) as defined by the <a href="#">OpenAPI Specification v2.0</a> . This object is based upon the <a href="#">JSON Schema Specification</a> .
properties	no	<list of parameter>	N/A	The optional properties if the 'type' key has the value 'object'. Its value is a listing of Parameter schema from this specification.

## Requirements

- The "schema" key's value MUST be compatible with the value provided on both the "type" and "value" keys; otherwise, it is considered an error.

## Notes

- The "type" key acknowledges some popular schema (e.g., JSON) to use when validating the value of the parameter. In the future additional (schema) types may be added for convenience.

## Grammar

### Single-line

```
<parameterName>: <YAML type> | scalar-unit | json
```

- Where <YAML type> is inferred to be a YAML type as shown in the YAML Types section above (e.g., string, integer, float, boolean, etc.).
- If you wish the parser to validate against a different schema, then the multi-line grammar MUST be used where the value would be supplied on the keyname "value" and the type (e.g., 'json') and/or schema (e.g., OpenAPI) can be supplied.

### Multi-line

```
<parameterName>:
  type: <any>
  description: <string>
  required: <boolean>
  default: <any>
  status: <string>
  schema: <OpenAPI Schema Object>
```

## Status values

Status Value	Description
supported (default)	Indicates the parameter is supported. This is the implied default status value for all parameters.
experimental	Indicates the parameter MAY be removed or changed in future versions.
deprecated	Indicates the parameter is no longer supported in the current version and MAY be ignored.

## Shared Entity Schema

The Entity Schema contains fields that are common (shared) to all OpenWhisk entities (e.g., Actions, Triggers, Rules, etc.).

### Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
description	no	string256	N/A	The optional description for the Entity.
displayName	no	string16	N/A	This is the optional name that will be displayed on small form-factor devices.
annotations	no	map of <string>	N/A	The optional annotations for the Entity.

### Grammar

```
description: <string256>
displayName: <string16>
annotations: <map of <string>>
```

### Requirements

- Non-required fields MAY be stored as “annotations” within the OpenWhisk framework after they have been used for processing.
- “description” string values SHALL be limited to 256 characters.
- “displayName” string values SHALL be limited to 16 characters.
- “annotations” MAY be ignored by target consumers of the Manifest file as they are considered data non-essential to the deployment of management of OpenWhisk entities themselves.
  - Target consumers MAY preserve (persist) these values, but are not required to.
- For any OpenWhisk Entity, the maximum size of all “annotations” (values) SHALL be 256 characters.

### Notes

- Several, non-normative “annotation” keynames and allowed values (principally for User Interface (UI) design and tooling information) may be defined in this specification for optional usage.

## Action entity

The Action entity schema contains the necessary information to deploy an OpenWhisk function and define its deployment configurations, inputs and outputs.

### Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
version	no	version	N/A	The optional user-controlled version for the Action.
function	yes	string	N/A	Required source location (path inclusive) of the Action code either <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Relative to the Package manifest file.</li><li>Relative to the specified Repository.</li></ul>



Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
code	no	string	N/A	This optional field is now replaced by the “function” field.
runtime	maybe	string	N/A	The required runtime name (and optional version) that the Action code requires for an execution environment.  <i>Note May be optional if tooling is allowed to make assumptions about file extensions or infer from functional code..</i>
inputs	no	list of <a href="#">parameter</a>	N/A	The optional ordered list inputs to the Action.
outputs	no	list of <a href="#">parameter</a>	N/A	The optional outputs from the Action.
limits	no	map of <a href="#">limit keys and values</a>	N/A	Optional map of limit keys and their values.  <i>See section “<a href="#">Valid limit keys</a>” below for a listing of recognized keys and values.</i>
feed	no	boolean	false	Optional indicator that the Action supports the required parameters (and operations) to be run as a Feed Action.
web   web-export	no	<boolean>   yes   no   raw	false	The optional flag (annotation) that makes the action accessible to REST calls <i>without</i> authentication.  <i>For details on all types of Web Actions, see: <a href="https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhisk/blob/master/docs/webactions.md">https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhisk/blob/master/docs/webactions.md</a></i>
raw-http	no	boolean	false	The optional flag (annotation) to indicate if a Web Action is able to consume the raw contents within the body of an HTTP request.  <b>Note:</b> this option is ONLY valid if “web” or “web-export” field is set to ‘true’.
docker	no	string	N/A	The optional key that references a Docker image (e.g., openwhisk/skeleton).
native	no	boolean	false	The optional key (flag) that indicates the Action is should use the Docker skeleton image for OpenWhisk (i.e., short-form for docker: openwhisk/skeleton).
final	no	boolean	false	The optional flag (annotation) which makes all of the action parameters that are already defined immutable.  <b>Note:</b> this option is ONLY valid if “web” or “web-export” is set to ‘true’.
web-custom-options	no	boolean	false	The optional flag (annotation) enables a web action to respond to OPTIONS requests with customized headers, otherwise a <a href="#">default CORS response</a> applies.

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
require-whisk-auth	no	boolean	false	The optional flag (annotation) protects the web action so that it is only accessible to an authenticated subject.
main	no	string	N/A	The optional name of the function to be aliased as a function named “main”.  <i><b>Note:</b> by convention, Action functions are required to be called “main”; this field allows existing functions not named “main” to be aliased and accessed as if they were named “main”.</i>

## Requirements

- The Action name (i.e., <actionName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- The Action entity schema includes all general [Entity Schema](#) fields in addition to any fields declared above.
- Supplying a runtime name without a version indicates that OpenWhisk SHOULD use the most current version.
- Supplying a runtime *major version* without a *minor version* (et al.) indicates OpenWhisk SHOULD use the most current *minor version*.
- Unrecognized limit keys (and their values) SHALL be ignored.
- Invalid values for known limit keys SHALL result in an error.
- If the Feed is a Feed Action (i.e., the feed key’s value is set to true), it MUST support the following parameters:
  - lifecycleEvent:** one of 'CREATE', 'DELETE', 'PAUSE', or 'UNPAUSE'
    - These operation names MAY be supplied in lowercase (i.e., ‘create’, ‘delete’, ‘pause’, etc.).
  - triggerName:** the fully-qualified name of the trigger which contains events produced from this feed.
  - authKey:** the Basic auth. credentials of the OpenWhisk user who owns the trigger.
- The keyname ‘kind’ is currently supported as a synonym for the key named ‘runtime’; in the future it MAY be deprecated.
- When a code is specified, runtime SHALL be a required field.

## Notes

- Input and output parameters are implemented as JSON Objects within the OpenWhisk framework.
- The maximum code size for an Action currently must be less than 48 MB.
- The maximum payload size for an Action (i.e., POST content length or size) currently must be less than 1 MB.
- The maximum parameter size for an Action currently must be less than 1 MB.
- if no value for runtime is supplied, the value ‘language:default’ will be assumed.

## Grammar

```
# Note: the optional [.<type>] grammar is used for naming Web Actions.
<actionName>[.<type>]:
  <Entity schema>
  version: <version>
```

```

function: <string>
runtime: <name>[@<[range of ]version>]
inputs:
  <list of parameter>
outputs:
  <list of parameter>
limits:
  <list of limit key-values>
feed: <boolean>
web | web-export: <boolean> | yes | no | raw

```

### 329 *Example*

```

my_awesome_action:
  version: 1.0
  description: An awesome action written for node.js
  function: src/js/action.js
  runtime: nodejs@>0.12<6.0
  inputs:
    not_awesome_input_value:
      description: Some input string that is boring
      type: string
  outputs:
    awesome_output_value:
      description: Impressive output string
      type: string
  limits:
    memorySize: 512 kB
    logSize: 5 MB

```

### 330 *Valid Runtime names*

331 The following runtime values are currently supported by the OpenWhisk platform.

332

333 Each of these runtimes also include additional built-in packages (or libraries) that have been  
 334 determined be useful for Actions surveyed and tested by the OpenWhisk platform.

335

336 These packages may vary by OpenWhisk release; examples of supported runtimes as of this  
 337 specification version include:

338

Runtime value	OpenWhisk kind	Docker image name	Description
nodejs	nodejs	nodejsaction:latest	Latest NodeJS runtime
nodejs@6	nodejs:6	nodejs6action:latest	Latest NodeJS 6 runtime
java, java@8	java	java8action:latest	Latest Java language runtime
python, python@2	python:2	python2action:latest	Latest Python 2 language runtime
python@3	python:3	python3action:latest	Latest Python 3 language runtime
swift, swift@2	swift	swiftaction:latest	Latest Swift 2 language runtime

Runtime value	OpenWhisk kind	Docker image name	Description
swift@3	swift:3	swift3action:latest	Latest Swift 3 language runtime
swift@3.1.1	swift:3.1.1	action-swift-v3.1.1:latest	Latest Swift 3.1.1 language runtime
php	php:7.1	action-php-v7.1:latest	Latest PHP language runtime
language:default	N/A	N/A	Permit the OpenWhisk platform to select the correct default language runtime.

### Recognized File extensions

Although it is best practice to provide a runtime value when declaring an Action, it is not required. In those cases, that a runtime is not provided, the package tooling will attempt to derive the correct runtime based upon the the file extension for the Action's function (source code file). The following file extensions are recognized and will be run on the latest version of corresponding Runtime listed below:

File extension	Runtime used	Description
.js	nodejs	Latest Node.js runtime.
.java	java	Latest Java language runtime.
.py	python	Latest Python language runtime.
.swift	swift	Latest Swift language runtime.
.php	php	Latest PHP language runtime.

### Valid Limit keys

Limit Keyname	Allowed values	Default value	Valid Range	Description
timeout	scalar-unit.time	60000 ms	[100 ms, 300000 ms]	The per-invocation Action timeout. Default unit is assumed to be milliseconds (ms).
memorySize	scalar-unit.size	256 MB	[128 MB, 512 MB]	The per-Action memory. Default unit is assumed to be in megabytes (MB).
logSize	scalar-unit.size	10 MB	[0 MB, 10 MB]	The action log size. Default unit is assumed to be in megabytes (MB).
concurrentActivations	integer	1000	See description	The maximum number of concurrent Action activations allowed (per-namespace).  <i>Note: This value is not changeable via APIs at this time.</i>
userInvocationRate	integer	5000	See description	The maximum number of Action invocations allowed per user, per minute.  <i>Note: This value is not changeable via APIs at this time.</i>

Limit Keyname	Allowed values	Default value	Valid Range	Description
codeSize	scalar-unit.size	48 MB	See description	The maximum size of the Action code. <i>Note: This value is not changeable via APIs at this time.</i>
parameterSize	scalar-unit.size	1 MB	See description	The maximum size <i>Note: This value is not changeable via APIs at this time.</i>

### Notes

The default values and ranges for limit configurations reflect the defaults for the OpenWhisk platform (open source code). These values may be changed over time to reflect the open source community consensus.

### Web (Web-export)

The following values are recognized values for the 'web' (or 'web-export') key:

Value	Alias	Description
true	yes	A value of <b>true</b> (or <b>yes</b> ) enables an Action to be accessible via REST interface without the need for credentials.
false	no	A value of <b>false</b> (or <b>no</b> ) disables an Action as an accessible REST.
raw	N/A	Implies a value of <b>true</b> and indicates that the Web Action is able to consume "raw" contents within the body of an HTTP request. Specifically, this means that the <code>__ow_body</code> content is encoded in Base64 when the request <b>Content-Type</b> is binary.

### Notes

- The default **Content-Type** for an HTTP response is `application/json`, and the body can be any allowed JSON value. If your action produces JSON output, then the HTTP header "**Content-Type**" can be omitted.
- The alias "web" is also support for the full annotation key of "web-export". If a manifest has an Action that contains both a "web" and "web-export" key, the values supplied for the 'web' key takes precedence.
- `<boolean>` is either 'true' | 'false' string values where 'false' is equivalent to 'no' and 'true' is equivalent to 'yes'.
- If "code" and "function" are both specified, then it is considered an error.

### Web Actions

OpenWhisk can turn any Action into a "web action" causing it to return HTTP content without use of an API Gateway. Simply supply a supported "type" extension to indicate which content type is to be returned and identified in the HTTP header (e.g., `.json`, `.html`, `.text` or `.http`).

Return values from the Action's function are used to construct the HTTP response. The following response parameters are supported in the response object.

- **headers:** a JSON object where the keys are header-names and the values are string values for those headers (default is no headers).
- **code:** a valid HTTP status code (default is 200 OK).
- **body:** a string which is either plain text or a base64 encoded string (for binary data).

## Trigger entity

The Trigger entity schema contains the necessary information to describe the stream of events that it represents. For more information, see the document “[Creating Triggers and Rules](#)”.

## Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
feed	no	string	N/A	The optional name of the Feed associated with the Trigger.
credential	no	Credential	N/A	The optional credential used to access the feed service.
inputs	no	list of parameter	N/A	The optional ordered list inputs to the feed.
events	no	list of Event	N/A	The optional list of valid Event schema the trigger supports. OpenWhisk would validate incoming Event data for conformance against any Event schema declared under this key.  <i><b>Note:</b> This feature is <u>not supported at this time</u>. This is viewed as a possible feature that may be implemented along with configurable options for handling of invalid events.</i>

## Requirements

- The Trigger name (i.e., <triggerName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- The Trigger entity schema includes all general [Entity Schema](#) fields in addition to any fields declared above.

## Notes

- The 'events' key name is not supported at this time.
- The Trigger entity within the OpenWhisk programming model is considered outside the scope of the Package (although there are discussions about changing this in the future). This means that Trigger and API information will not be returned when using the OpenWhisk Package API:
  - `wsk package list <package name>`
- However, it may be obtained using the Trigger API:
  - `wsk trigger list -v`

## Grammar

```
<triggerName>:  
  <Entity schema>  
  feed: <feed name>
```

```
credential: <Credential>
inputs:
  <list of parameter>
```

### Example

```
triggers:
  everyhour:
    feed: /whisk.system/alarms/alarm
```

### Rule entity

The Rule entity schema contains the information necessary to associates one trigger with one action, with every firing of the trigger causing the corresponding action to be invoked with the trigger event as input. For more information see the document “[Creating Triggers and Rules](#)”.

### Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
trigger	yes	string	N/A	Required name of the Trigger the Rule applies to.
action	yes	string	N/A	Required name of the Action the Rule applies to.
rule	no	regex	true	The optional regular expression that determines if the Action is fired.  Note: In this version of the specification, only the expression “true” is currently supported.

### Requirements

- The Rule name (i.e., <ruleName>) MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- The Rule entity schema includes all general [Entity Schema](#) fields in addition to any fields declared above.

### Requirements

- OpenWhisk only supports a value of 'true' for the 'rule' key's value at this time.

### Grammar

```
<ruleName>:
  description: <string>
  trigger: <string>
  action: <string>
  rule: <regex>
```

### Example

```
my_rule:
  description: Enable events for my Action
  trigger: my_trigger
  action: my_action
```

## Feed entity

The OpenWhisk Feed entity schema contains the information necessary to describe a configurable service (that may work with an existing network accessible service) to produce events on its behalf thereby acting as an Event Source.

At this time, the Package Manifest simply provides the information to describe a Feed (service), its Action, lifecycle operations (along with their parameters) and the associated service it works with. In the future, we intend to allow more granular ability to manage Feeds directly using their operations.

## Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
location	no	string	N/A	The URL for the Feed service which can be used by the OpenWhisk platform for registration and configuration.
credential	no	string	N/A	Contains either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• A credential string.</li><li>• The optional name of a credential (e.g., token) that must be used to access the Feed service. Note: this would be defined elsewhere, perhaps as an input parameter to the Package.</li></ul>
operations	no	list of operations	N/A	The list of operations (i.e., APIs) the Feed supports on the URL provided described, by default, using the <a href="#">OpenAPI (f.k.a. "Swagger") specification schema</a> .
operation_type	no	openwhisk   openapi@<version>	openwhisk	The specification format for the operation definitions.
action	no	string	N/A	The optional name of the Action if this is a Feed Action, that is, the Feed service implementation is an OpenWhisk Action.

## Requirements

- The Feed name (i.e., <feedName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- The Feed entity schema includes all general [Entity Schema](#) fields in addition to any fields declared above.
- If the action field is set, the corresponding Action definition and function (code) MUST be a valid Feed Action.
- The location and credential SHOULD be supplied if the Feed is not a Feed action using a Deployment File.
- Operation names in manifests MAY be lower or upper cased (e.g., "create" or "CREATE").

## Grammar

```
<feedName>:  
  location: <string>  
  credential: <string>  
  operations:
```



```
<list of operations>
action: <string>
```

#### Example

The following example shows the mandatory operations for Feed Actions.

```
my_feed:
  description: A simple event feed
  location: https://my.company.com/services/eventHub
  # Reference to a credential defined elsewhere in manifest
  credential: my_credential
  operations:
    # Note: operation names in manifests MAY be lower or upper cased.
    create | CREATE:
      inputs:
        <parameters>
    delete | DELETE:
      inputs:
        <parameters>
    pause | PAUSE:
      inputs:
        <parameters>
    unpause | UNPAUSE:
      inputs:
        <parameters>
    # Additional, optional operations
    ...
```

#### Discussion

For a description of types of Feeds and why they exist, please see:

- <https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhisk/blob/master/docs/feeds.md>.

#### Feed Actions

OpenWhisk supports an open API, where any user can expose an event producer service as a **feed** in a **package**. This section describes architectural and implementation options for providing your own feed.

#### Feed actions and Lifecycle Operations

The *feed action* is a normal OpenWhisk *action*, but it should accept the following parameters:

- **lifecycleEvent**: one of 'CREATE', 'DELETE', 'PAUSE', or 'UNPAUSE'
- **triggerName**: the fully-qualified name of the trigger which contains events produced from this feed.
- **authKey**: the Basic auth. credentials of the OpenWhisk user who owns the trigger just mentioned

The feed action can also accept any other parameters it needs to manage the feed. For example, the Cloudbant changes feed action expects to receive parameters including 'dbname', 'username', etc.

## 444 *Sequence entity*

445 Actions can be composed into sequences to, in effect, form a new Action. The Sequence entity  
446 allows for a simple, convenient way to describe them in the Package Manifest.

## 447 *Fields*

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
actions	yes	list of Action	N/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>The required list of two or more actions</li></ul>
web	no	<boolean>   yes   no   raw	false	<p>The optional flag (annotation) that makes the action accessible to REST calls <i>without</i> authentication.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>For details on all Action annotations, see: <a href="https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhisk/blob/master/docs/annotations.md">https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhisk/blob/master/docs/annotations.md</a></li></ul>

## 448 *Web*

449 The following values are recognized values for the 'web' key:

Value	Alias	Description
true	yes	A value of <b>true</b> (or <b>yes</b> ) enables an Action to be accessible via REST interface without the need for credentials.
false	no	A value of <b>false</b> (or <b>no</b> ) disables an Action as an accessible REST.
raw	N/A	Implies a value of <b>true</b> and indicates that the Web Action is able to consume "raw" contents within the body of an HTTP request. Specifically, this means that the <code>__ow_body</code> content is encoded in Base64 when the request <b>Content-Type</b> is binary.

## 450 *Requirements*

- 451 The comma separated list of Actions on the actions key SHALL imply the order of the sequence (from  
452 left, to right).
- 453 There MUST be two (2) or more actions declared in the sequence.
- 454 Annotations MAY be ignored by target consumers of the Manifest file as they are considered data  
455 non-essential to the deployment of management of OpenWhisk entities themselves.
- 456 <boolean> is either 'true' | 'false' string values where 'false' is equivalent to 'no' and 'true' is  
457 equivalent to 'yes'.

## 458 *Notes*

- 459 The sequences key exists for convenience; however, it is just one possible instance of a composition  
460 of Actions. The composition entity is provided for not only describing sequences, but also for other  
461 (future) compositions and additional information needed to compose them. For example, the  
462 composition entity allows for more complex mappings of input and output parameters between  
463 Actions.

## 464 *Grammar*

```
sequences:  
  <sequence name>:
```

```
<Entity schema>
actions: <ordered list of action names>
...
```

#### 465 *Example*

```
sequences:
  newbot:
    actions: oauth/login, newbot-setup, newbot-greeting
```

#### 466 *API entity*

467 This entity allows manifests to link Actions to be made available as HTTP-based API endpoints  
468 as supported by the API Gateway service of OpenWhisk.

469 This entity declaration is intended to provide grammar for the experimental API (*see*  
470 <https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhisk/blob/master/docs/apigateway.md> and shown  
471 using a "book club" example:

#### 472 *CLI Example*

```
$ wsk api create -n "Book Club" /club /books get getBooks
$ wsk api create /club /books post postBooks
$ wsk api create /club /books put putBooks
$ wsk api create /club /books delete deleteBooks
```

473 the above would translate to the following grammars in the pkg. spec. to a new-top level  
474 keyname "apis" in the manifest:

#### 475 *Grammar*

```
apis:
  <API name>:                # descriptive name
  description: <string>      # optional, description
  <basepath>:                 # shared basepath
  <path>:
    <action name>: get | post | put | delete
    ...
  ...
```

#### 476 *Note*

- 477
- There can be more than one set of named <path> actions under the same <basepath>.

#### 478 *Example*

479 A somewhat simplified grammar is also supported that allows single-line definition of Actions  
480 (names) along with their HTTP verbs.

481

```
apis:
  book-club:
```

```
club:
  books:
    getBooks: get
    postBooks: post
    putBooks: put
    deleteBooks: delete
  members:
    listMembers: get
```

## Requirements

- The API entity's name (i.e., <API Name>) MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.

## Notes

- The API entity within the OpenWhisk programming model is considered outside the scope of the Package. This means that API information will not be returned when using the OpenWhisk Package API:
  - `wsk package list <package name>`
- However, it may be obtained using the Trigger API:
  - `wsk api list -v`

## Package entity

The Package entity schema is used to define an OpenWhisk package within a manifest.

## Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
version	yes	version	N/A	The required user-controlled version for the Package.
license	no	string	N/A	The required value that indicates the type of license the Package is governed by.  The value is required to be a valid Linux-SPDX value. See <a href="https://spdx.org/licenses/">https://spdx.org/licenses/</a> .
credential	no	string	N/A	The optional Credential used for all entities within the Package. The value is either: Contains either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A credential string.</li> <li>The optional name of a credential (e.g., token) that is defined elsewhere.</li> </ul>
dependencies	no	list of Dependency	N/A	The optional list of external OpenWhisk packages the manifest needs deployed before it can be deployed.
repositories	no	list of Repository	N/A	The optional list of external repositories that contain functions and other artifacts that can be found by tooling.
actions	no	list of Action	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Action entity definitions.
sequences	no	list of Sequence	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Sequence entity definitions.

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
triggers	no	list of Trigger	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Trigger entity definitions.
rules	no	list of Rule	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Rule entity definitions.
feeds	no	list of Feed	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Feed entity definitions.
apis	no	list of API	N/A	Optional list of API entity definitions.
compositions ( <i>Not yet supported</i> )	no	list of Composition	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Composition entity definitions.
public	no	boolean	false	Optional indicator to deploy the package as a “public” package (requiring no access credentials).

## Requirements

- The Package name MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- The Package entity schema includes all general [Entity Schema](#) fields in addition to any fields declared above.
- A valid Package license value MUST be one of the [Linux SPDX](#) license values; for example: Apache-2.0 or GPL-2.0+, or the value ‘unlicensed’.
- Multiple (mixed) licenses MAY be described using using [NPM SPDX license syntax](#).
- A valid Package entity MUST have one or more valid Actions defined.
- The key “default” is a reserved Package name that indicates that the entities (e.g., Actions, Rules, etc.) should be registered under the user’s default namespace.

## Notes

- Currently, the ‘version’ value is not stored in Apache OpenWhisk, but there are plans to support it in the future.
- Currently, the ‘license’ value is not stored in Apache OpenWhisk, but there are plans to support it in the future.
- The Trigger and API entities within the OpenWhisk programming model are considered outside the scope of the Package. This means that Trigger and API information will not be returned when using the OpenWhisk Package API:
  - `wsk package list <package name>`
- However, their information may be retrieved using respectively:
  - `wsk trigger list -v`
  - `wsk api list -v`

## Grammar

```

<packageName>:
  <Entity schema>
  version: <version>
  license: <string>
  repositories: <list of Repository>
  actions: <list of Action>

```

```
sequences: <list of Sequence>
triggers: <list of Trigger>
rules: <list of Rule>
feeds: <list of Feed>
apis: <list of API>
compositions: <list of Composition> # Not yet supported
```

## 517 *Example*

```
my_whisk_package:
  description: A complete package for my awesome action to be deployed
  version: 1.2.0
  license: Apache-2.0
  actions:
    my_awesome_action:
      <Action schema>
  triggers:
    trigger_for_awesome_action:
      <Trigger schema>
  rules:
    rule_for_awesome_action:
      <Rule schema>
```

## 518 *Interpolation of values using Environment Variables*

### 519 *Dollar Notation (\$) schema for values*

520 In a Manifest or Deployment file, certain values may be set from the local execution  
521 environment by using dollar (\$) notation to denote names of local environment variables which  
522 supply value, or portions of values, to be inserted at execution time.

### 523 *Syntax*

```
<some_key>: ${local_environment_variable_name}
```

## 524 *Example*

```
...
inputs:
  userName: $DEFAULT_USERNAME
```

## 525 *Requirements*

- 526 Processors or tooling that encounter (\$) Dollar notation and are unable to locate the value in the  
527 execution environment SHOULD resolve the value to be the default value for the type (e.g., an empty  
528 string ("") for type 'string').
- 529 A value binding provided on the 'value' key takes precedence over a value binding on the 'default'  
530 key.
- 531 Multiple interpolations SHOULD be supported on parameter values.
- 532 String literals MAY be declared using double-dollar notation (\$\$).
- 533

## Notes

- Processors or tooling that encounter (\$) Dollar notation for values should attempt to locate the corresponding named variables set into the local execution environment (e.g., where the tool was invoked) and assign its value to the named input parameter for the OpenWhisk entity.
- This specification does not currently consider using this notation for other than simple data types (i.e., we support this mechanism for values such as strings, integers, floats, etc.) at this time.

## Using environment variables in a string concatenation

If you wish to use the value of an environment variable as part of a string parameter's value, wskdeploy supports a modified Dollar notation in conjunction with curly brackets to indicate a string concatenation.

## Example

```
...
inputs:
  company_email: ${MY_EMAIL_SHORTNAME}.middleearth.travel
```

Where

- if the value "MY\_EMAIL\_SHORTNAME" was set in the execution environment of wskdeploy to "frodo", the parameter 'company\_email' would be set (bound) to "frodo.middleearth.travel".

## Composition entity (Not yet supported)

The Composition entity schema contains information to declare compositions of OpenWhisk Actions. Currently, this includes Action Sequences where Actions can be composed of two or more existing Actions.

## Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
type	no	string	sequence	The optional type of Action composition. <i>Note: currently only 'sequence' is supported.</i>
inputs	no	list of parameter	N/A	The optional list of parameters for the Action composition (e.g., Action Sequence).
outputs	no	list of parameter	N/A	The optional outputs from the Entity.
sequence	no	ordered list of Action (names)	N/A	The optional expression that describes the connections between the Actions that comprise the Action sequence composition.

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
parameterMappings	no	TBD	N/A	<p>The optional expression that describes the mappings of parameter (names and values) between the outputs of one Action to the inputs of another Action.</p> <p>Note: Currently, mappings are not supported and JSON objects are passed between each Action in a sequence. At this time, it is assumed that the Actions in a sequence are designed to work together with no output to input mappings being performed by the OpenWhisk platform.</p>

## 554 Requirements

- 555 • The Composition name (i.e., <compositionName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- 556 • The Composition entity schema includes all general [Entity Schema](#) fields in addition to any fields
- 557 declared above.

## 558 Grammar

```

<compositionName>:
  <Entity schema> # Common to all OpenWhisk Entities
  type: <string>
  inputs:
    <list of parameter>
  outputs:
    <list of parameter>
  sequence:
    actions: <ordered list of action names>
  parameterMappings:
    # TBD. This is a future use case.

```

## 559 Example: multi-line sequence

```

my_action_sequence:
  type: sequence
  sequence:
    actions: action_1, action_2, action_3
  inputs:
    simple_input_string: string
  outputs:
    annotated_output_string: string

```

## 560 Extended Schema

### 561 Dependencies

562 The dependencies section allows you to declare other OpenWhisk packages that your application  
563 or project (manifest) are dependent on. A Dependency is used to declare these other packages  
564 which deployment tools can use to automate installation of these pre-requisites.



565 *Fields*

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
location	yes	string	N/A	The required location of the dependent package.
version	yes	version	N/A	The required version of the dependent package.
inputs	no	list of parameter	N/A	The optional Inputs to the dependent package.

566 *Requirements*

- 567
  - No additional requirements.

568 *Notes*

- 569
  - The <package\_name> is a local alias for the actual package name as described in the referenced package. The referenced package would have its own Manifest file that would include its actual Package name (and the one that would be used by the wskdeploy tool to replace the local alias).
  - The 'version' parameter is currently used to specify a branch in GitHub and defaults to "master", this behavior may change in upcoming releases of the specification.
  - The experimental key name 'name' is only valid when the deprecated 'package' keyword has been used instead of the favored key 'packages'. If it is used within the 'packages' structure, it will cause a warning and be ignored as it is redundant to the <packageName>.
- 575
- 576

577 *Grammar*

```
<package name>:
  <Entity schema>
  location: <GitHub URL> |
  version: 1.0.1
  inputs:
    <list of parameter>
```

578 *Example*

```
dependencies:
  status_update:
    location: github.com/myrepo/statusupdate
    version: 1.0
  database pkg:
    location: /whisk.system/couchdb
    inputs:
      dbname: MyAppDB
```

579

580 *Repository*

581 A repository defines a named external repository which contains (Action) code or other artifacts  
582 package processors can access during deployment.

583 *Fields*

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
description	no	string256	N/A	Optional description for the Repository.
url	yes	string	N/A	Required URL for the Repository.
credential	no	Credential	N/A	Optional name of a Credential defined in the Package that can be used to access the Repository.

584

585 *Requirements*

- 586
  - The Repository name (i.e., <repositoryName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.

587
  - Description string values SHALL be limited to 256 characters.

588 *Grammar*

589 *Single-line (no credential)*

```
<repositoryName>: <repository_address>
```

590 *Multi-line*

```
<repositoryName>:  
  description: <string256>  
  url: <string>  
  credential: <Credential>
```

591 *Example*

```
my_code_repo:  
  description: My project's code repository in GitHub  
  url: https://github.com/openwhisk/openwhisk-package-rss
```

592

593 *Credential*

594 A Credential is used to define credentials used to access network accessible resources. Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
protocol	no	string	N/A	Optional protocol name used to indicate the authorization protocol to be used with the Credential's token and other values.
tokenType	yes	string	password	Required token type used to indicate the type (format) of the token string within the supported types allowed by the protocol.
token	yes	string	N/A	Required token used as a credential for authorization or access to a networked resource.  <i>Note: This string would be base64 encoded where necessary by protocol.</i>
description	no	string256	N/A	Optional description for the Credential.

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
keys	no	map of string	N/A	Optional list of protocol-specific keys or assertions.

### Requirements

- The Credential name (i.e., <credentialName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- Description string values SHALL be limited to 256 characters.

### Valid protocol values

Protocol Value	Valid Token Type Values	Description
plain	N/A	Basic (plain text) username-password (no standard).
http	basic_auth	HTTP Basic Authentication Protocol.
xauth	X-Auth-Token	HTTP Extended Authentication Protocol (base-64 encoded Tokens).
oauth	bearer	Oauth 2.0 Protocol
ssh	identifier	SSH Keypair protocol (e.g., as used in OpenStack)

### Grammar

```
Credential:
  type: Object
  properties:
    protocol:
      type: string
      required: false
    tokenType:
      type: string
      default: password
    token:
      type: string
    keys:
      type: map
      required: false
      entry_schema:
        type: string
    user:
      type: string
      required: false
```

### Notes

- The use of transparent user names (IDs) or passwords are not considered best practice.

604 *Examples*

605 *Plain username-password (no standardized protocol)*

```
inputs:
  my_credential:
    type: Credential
    properties:
      protocol: http
      token_type: plain
      token: myusername:mypassword
```

606 *HTTP Basic access authentication*

```
inputs:
  my_credential:
    type: Credential
    description: Basic auth. where <username>:<password> are a single string
    properties:
      protocol: http
      token_type: basic_auth
      token: myusername:mypassword
```

607 *X-Auth-Token*

```
inputs:
  my_credential:
    type: Credential
    description: X-Auth-Token, encoded in Base64
    properties:
      protocol: xauth
      token_type: X-Auth-Token
      token: 604bbe45ac7143a79e14f3158df67091
```

608 *OAuth bearer token*

```
inputs:
  my_credential:
    type: Credential
    properties:
      protocol: oauth2
      token_type: bearer
      token: 8ao9nE2DEjr1zCsicWMpBC
```

609 *SSH Keypair*

```
inputs:
  my_ssh_keypair:
    type: Credential
    properties:
      protocol: ssh
      token_type: identifier
      # token is a reference (ID) to an existing keypair (already installed)
      token: <keypair_id>
```

610

## Project Artifacts

The manifest and Deployment files are comprised of the following entities:

### Package Manifest File

The Package Manifest file is the primary OpenWhisk Entity used to describe an OpenWhisk Package and all necessary **schema** and **file** information needed for deployment. It contains the [Package entity schema](#) described above.

### Deployment File

The Deployment file is used in conjunction with a corresponding Package Manifest file to provide configuration information (e.g., input parameters, authorization credentials, etc.) needed to deploy, configure and run an OpenWhisk Package for a target Cloud environment.

### Project

An optional, top-level key that describes a set of related Packages that together comprise a higher-order project (or application) that incorporates one or more packages with external services.

### Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
version	no	version	N/A	The optional user-controlled version for the Application.
name	yes	string256	N/A	The optional name of the application. Note: This key is only valid in the singular 'package' grammar.
namespace	no	string	N/A	The optional namespace for the application (and default namespace for its packages where not specified).
credential	no	string	N/A	The optional credential for the application (and default credential for its packages where not specified).
package	maybe	package (singular)	N/A	The required package definition when the key name 'packages' (plural) is not present.
packages	maybe	list of package (plural)	N/A	The required list of <u>one or more</u> package definitions when the key name 'package' (singular) is not present.

### Grammar (singular)

```
project:
  version: <version>
  name: <string256>
  namespace: <string>
  credential: <string>
```

```
package:
  <package definition>
```

## 628 *Grammar (plural)*

```
project:
  version: <version>
  name: <string256>
  namespace: <string>
  credential: <string>
  packages:
    <list of package definitions>
```

## 629 *Requirements*

- 630 • The keys under the project (or application) key (e.g., name, namespace, credential and
- 631 packages) are only used in a manifest or deployment file if the optional application key is used.
- 632 • Either the key name 'package' (singular) or the key name 'packages' (plural) MUST be provided but
- 633 not both.
- 634     o If the 'package' key name is provided, its value must be a valid package definition.
- 635     o If the 'packages' key name is provided, its value must be one or more valid package
- 636 definitions.

## 637 *Notes*

- 638 • Currently, the OpenWhisk platform does not recognize the Project (or Application) entity as part of
- 639 the programming model; it exists as a higher order grouping concept only in this specification.
- 640 Therefore, there is no data stored within OpenWhisk for the Application entity.
- 641 • The keyword 'package' and its singular grammar for declaring packages MAY be deprecated in
- 642 future versions of the specification.
- 643 • The keyword 'application' MAY be deprecated in future versions of the specification.

## 644 *Example using the "project" keyword*

```
project:
  name: greetings
  namespace: /mycompany/greetings/
  credential: 1234-5678-90abcdef-0000
  packages:
    helloworld:
      inputs:
        city: Boston
      actions:
        hello:
          inputs: # input bindings
            personName: Paul
  ...
```

## 645 *Example using the synonymous "application" keyword*

```
application:
```

```
name: greetings
namespace: /mycompany/greetings/
credential: 1234-5678-90abcdef-0000
packages:
  helloworld:
    inputs:
      city: Boston
    actions:
      hello:
        inputs: # input bindings
          personName: Paul
  ...
```

646 *Example Notes*

- 647
- 648
- 649
- 650
- 651
- A common use would be to associate a namespace (i.e., a target namespace binding) or credential to an application and all included packages automatically inherit that namespace (if applied at that level) unless otherwise provided (similar to style inheritance in CSS).
  - The project (or application) name would be treated as metadata, perhaps stored in the annotations for the contained entities.

## Normative References

Tag	Description
RFC2119	S. Bradner, <i>Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels</i> <a href="http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt">http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt</a> , IETF RFC 2119, March 1997.
YAML-1.2	YAML, Version 1.2, 3rd Edition, Patched at 2009-10-01, Oren Ben-Kiki, Clark Evans, Ingy döt Net <a href="http://www.yaml.org/spec/1.2/spec.html">http://www.yaml.org/spec/1.2/spec.html</a>
YAML-TS-1.1	Timestamp Language-Independent Type for YAML Version 1.1, Working Draft 2005-01-18, <a href="http://yaml.org/type/timestamp.html">http://yaml.org/type/timestamp.html</a>
SemVer	A simple set of rules and requirements that dictate how version numbers are assigned and incremented <a href="http://semver.org/">http://semver.org/</a>
OpenAPI-2.0	The OpenAPI (f.k.a. “Swagger”) specification for defining REST APIs as JSON. <a href="https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md">https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md</a>
Linux-SPDX	Linux Foundation, SPDX License list <a href="https://spdx.org/licenses/">https://spdx.org/licenses/</a>
NPM-SPDX-Syntax	Node Package Manager (NPM) SPDX License Expression Syntax <a href="https://www.npmjs.com/package/spdx">https://www.npmjs.com/package/spdx</a>

## Non-normative References

Tag	Description
OpenWhisk-API	OpenWhisk REST API which is defined as an OpenAPI document. <a href="https://raw.githubusercontent.com/openwhisk/openwhisk/master/core/controller/src/main/resources/whiskswagger.json">https://raw.githubusercontent.com/openwhisk/openwhisk/master/core/controller/src/main/resources/whiskswagger.json</a>
GNU-units	Size-type units are based upon a subset of those defined by GNU at <a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/parted/manual/html_node/unit.html">http://www.gnu.org/software/parted/manual/html_node/unit.html</a>
RFC 6838	Mime Type definitions in compliance with <a href="#">RFC 6838</a> .
RFC 7231	HTTP 1.1. status codes are described in compliance with <a href="#">RFC 7231</a> .
IANA-Status-Codes	HTTP Status codes as defined in the <a href="#">IANA Status Code Registry</a> .
JSON Schema Specification	The built-in parameter type “json” references this specification. <a href="http://json-schema.org/">http://json-schema.org/</a>



## Scenarios and Use cases

### Usage Scenarios

#### *User background*

The following assumptions about the users referenced in the usage scenarios:

- Experienced developer; knows Java, Node, SQL, REST principles and basic DevOps processes; uses IDEs to develop code locally.
- Limited exposure to Serverless, but interested in trying new technologies that might improve productivity.

#### *Scenario 1: Clone and Create*

Deploy an OpenWhisk app (project, set of entities, package, ...) discovered on github. The developer...

1. discovers an interesting git repo containing an OpenWhisk app (project, set of entities, package, ...)
2. clones the repo to local disk.
3. He pushes (deploys) it into one of his OpenWhisk namespaces
4. He checks out the app's behavior using OpenWhisk CLI or OpenWhisk UI

#### *Notes*

- while this scenario allows to use the manifest file as a "black box" the manifest format can influence the user experience of a developer trying to read it and understand what it does

#### *Scenario 2: Pushing Updates with versioning*

Change a cloned repo that he previously pushed into one of his namespaces. The developer...

1. changes the local repo by editing code and adding and changing entity specifications using local tools (editors, IDEs, ...).
2. bumps version number for package.
3. pushes his updates into the namespace so that the existing entities are changed accordingly.

#### *Scenario 3: Start New Repo with Manifest*

Start a new OpenWhisk app (project, set of entities) from scratch. The developer...

1. code files for the actions (e.g. *action1.js*, *action2.js*, *action3.js*)
2. creates a *LICENSE.txt* file

- 688 3. Creates a **Manifest File** that specifies the set of OpenWhisk entities and their relations  
689 (e.g. *manifest.yml*). It also references the LICENSE.txt file.  
690 4. initializes and uploads the set of files as a new git repo.  
691

692 *Notes:*

- 693 • Creating the initial manifest file should be supported by providing an empty template  
694 with syntax examples and other helpful comments

695 *Scenario 4: Export into Repository*

696 Share an existing OpenWhisk app (project, set of entities) with others  
697 so that they can deploy and change it for their purposes. The developer...

- 698 1. exports a defined set of entities (a whole namespace?) into a set of files that includes code  
699 files, and generated manifest, LICENSE.txt and README files.  
700 2. initializes and uploads the set of files as a new git repo.  
701 Example: `git init ...` etc.

702 *Scenario 5: Discovery and Import from object store*

703 Discover an OpenWhisk package (manifest) co-located with data in an Object storage service.

704 This package would include a description of the Actions, Triggers, Rules and Event Sources (or  
705 Feeds) necessary to interact with data it is associated with directly from the Object storage  
706 repository; thus allowing anyone with access to the data an immediate way to interact and use the  
707 data via the OpenWhisk Serverless platform.

708 *Scenario 6: Clean*

709 The user has deployed entities in a namespace. He/she wants to delete all entities, regardless of  
710 how they were deployed (wsk, wskdeploy, etc..), in order to start from a clean slate.

711 *Scenario 7: Project Sync*

712 *Sync remote project from local*

713 The user has already started a project (manifest) and deployed it. They have modified the  
714 manifest by adding, removing or updating existing entities and wants to re-deploy the project.  
715 The local addition, deletion or update of these affected entities should be reflected in the remote  
716 OpenWhisk platform.

717 *Sync local project from remote*

718 The user has already deployed a project (manifest) and to a remote OpenWhisk platform. They  
719 have modified (i.e., added, updated or deleted entities) in the remotely deployed project (perhaps  
720 using the remote platforms UI or the command line interface (CLI). The remote addition,

721 deletion or update of these affected entities should be reflected in the remote OpenWhisk  
722 platform.  
723

724 *Clean deployed (non-shared) entities*

725 The user has already started a project (manifest) and deployed it in a shared namespace. They  
726 want to clean the deployed entities from a given project, while leaving the entities belonging to  
727 the other projects untouched.

728 *Create (refresh) project from remote*

729 The user has deployed entities in a namespace in an ad hoc manner (e.g. by using a UI or the wsk  
730 command line interface or CLI). They want to create a local project (manifest) from the entities  
731 already deployed. A tool/command should help him/her in accomplishing this task.

732 *Add entities to project from local*

733 The user has already started a project (manifest) and are locally modifying files to add and/or  
734 remove OpenWhisk entities (e.g., actions). They want to include these files into the deployment  
735 manifest. A tool/command could help him/her to do this automatically.

736 ***Scenario 8: Tool Chain Support (pre-processor / post-processor) “plugins”***

737 Support tool chain pipelines for pre/post processing deploy/undeploy commands. Also need to  
738 consider Inputs/Outputs (parameters) these “tools” may need for configuration.

## Guided examples

This packaging specification grammar places an emphasis on simplicity for the casual developer who may wish to hand-code a Manifest File; however, it also provides a robust optional schema that can be advantaged when integrating with larger application projects using design and development tooling such as IDEs.

This guide will use examples to incrementally show how to use the OpenWhisk Packaging Specification to author increasingly more interesting Package Manifest and Deployment files taking full advantage of the specification's schema.

*Please note that the Apache 'wskdeploy' utility will be used to demonstrate output results.*

## Package Examples

### Example 1: Minimal valid Package Manifest

This use case shows a minimal valid package manifest file.

including:

- shows how to declare a Package named 'hello\_world\_package'.

### Manifest Files

*Example 1: Minimum valid Package manifest file*

```
package:
  name: hello_world_package
  version: 1.0
  license: Apache-2.0
```

### Notes

- Currently, the 'version' and 'license' key values are not stored in Apache OpenWhisk, but there are plans to support it in the future.

## Actions Examples

### Example 1: The "Hello world" Action

As with most language introductions, in this first example we encode a simple "hello world" action, written in JavaScript, using an OpenWhisk Package Manifest YAML file.

It shows how to:

- declare a single Action named 'hello\_world' within the 'hello\_world\_package' Package.
- associate the JavaScript function's source code, stored in the file 'src/hello.js', to the 'hello\_world' Action.

## 770 **Manifest File**

771 *Example: "Hello world" using a NodeJS (JavaScript) action*

```
package:
  name: hello_world_package
  version: 1.0
  license: Apache-2.0
  actions:
    hello_world:
      function: src/hello.js
```

772

773 where "hello.js", within the package-relative subdirectory named 'src', contains the following  
774 JavaScript code:

```
function main(params) {
  msg = "Hello, " + params.name + " from " + params.place;
  return { greeting: msg };
}
```

## 775 **Deploying**

```
$ ./wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest_hello_world.yaml
```

## 776 **Invoking**

```
$ wsk action invoke hello_world_package/hello_world --blocking
```

## 777 **Result**

778 The invocation should return an 'ok' with a response that includes this result:

```
"result": {
  "greeting": "Hello, undefined from undefined"
},
```

779 The output parameter 'greeting' contains "*undefined*" values for the 'name' and 'place' input  
780 parameters as they were not provided in the manifest.

## 781 **Discussion**

782 This "hello world" example represents the minimum valid Manifest file which includes only the  
783 required parts of the Package and Action descriptors.

784

785 In the above example,

- 786 • The Package and its Action were deployed to the user's default namespace using the 'package' name.
  - 787 • `/<default namespace>/hello_world_package/hello_world`
- 788 • The NodeJS default runtime (i.e., `runtime: nodejs`) was automatically selected based upon the '.js'  
789 extension on the Action function's source file 'hello.js'.

## Example 2: Adding fixed Input values to an Action

This example builds upon the [previous “hello world” example](#) and shows how fixed values can be supplied to the input parameters of an Action.

It shows how to:

- declare input parameters on the action ‘hello\_world’ using a single-line grammar.
- add ‘name’ and ‘place’ as input parameters with the fixed values “Sam” and “the Shire” respectively.

### Manifest File

*Example: “Hello world” with fixed input values for ‘name’ and ‘place’*

```
package:
  name: hello_world_package
  version: 1.0
  license: Apache-2.0
  actions:
    hello_world_fixed_parms:
      function: src/hello.js
      inputs:
        name: Sam
        place: the Shire
```

### Deployment

```
$ ./wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest_hello_world_fixed_parms.yaml
```

### Invoking

```
$ wsk action invoke hello_world_package/hello_world_fixed_parms --blocking
```

### Result

The invocation should return an 'ok' with a response that includes this result:

```
"result": {
  "greeting": "Hello, Sam from the Shire"
},
```

### Discussion

In this example:

- The value for the ‘name’ input parameter would be set to “Sam”.
- The value for the ‘place’ input parameter would be set to “the Shire”.
- The wskdeploy utility would infer that both ‘name’ and ‘place’ input parameters to be of type ‘string’.

## Example 3: “Hello world” with typed input and output parameters

This example shows the “Hello world” example with typed input and output Parameters.

811  
812 It shows how to:

- 813 • declare input and output parameters on the action 'hello\_world' using a simple, single-line
- 814 grammar.
- 815 • add two input parameters, 'name' and 'place', both of type 'string' to the 'hello\_world' action.
- 816 • add an 'integer' parameter, 'age', to the action.
- 817 • add a 'float' parameter, 'height', to the action.
- 818 • add two output parameters, 'greeting' and 'details', both of type 'string', to the action.

## 819 **Manifest File**

820 *Example: "Hello world" with typed input and output parameter declarations*

```
package:
  name: hello_world_package
  ... # Package keys omitted for brevity
  actions:
    hello_world_typed_parms:
      function: src/hello_plus.js
      inputs:
        name: string
        place: string
        children: integer
        height: float
      outputs:
        greeting: string
        details: string
```

821 where the function 'hello\_plus.js', within the package-relative subdirectory named 'src', is  
822 updated to use the new parameters:

```
function main(params) {
  msg = "Hello, " + params.name + " from " + params.place;
  family = "You have " + params.children + " children ";
  stats = "and are " + params.height + " m. tall.";
  return { greeting: msg, details: family + stats };
}
```

## 823 **Deployment**

```
$ ./wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest_hello_world_typed_parms.yaml
```

## 824 **Invoking**

```
$ wsk action invoke hello_world_package/hello_world_typed_parms --blocking
```

## 825 **Result**

826 The invocation should return an 'ok' with a response that includes this result:

```
"result": {
```

```
"details": "You have 0 children and are 0 m. tall.",
"greeting": "Hello, from "
},
```

## 827 **Discussion**

828 In this example:

- 829 • The default value for the 'string' type is the empty string (i.e., ""); it was assigned to the 'name' and  
830 'place' input parameters.
- 831 • The default value for the 'integer' type is zero (0); it was assigned to the 'age' input parameter.
- 832 • The default value for the 'float' type is zero (0.0f); it was assigned to the 'height' input parameter.

## 833 **Example 4: “Hello world” with advanced parameters**

834 This example builds on the previous [“Hello world” with typed input and output parameters](#)  
835 example with more robust input and output parameter declarations by using a multi-line format  
836 for declaration.

837  
838 This example:

- 839 • shows how to declare input and output parameters on the action 'hello\_world' using a multi-line  
840 grammar.

## 841 **Manifest file**

842 If we want to do more than declare the type (i.e., 'string', 'integer', 'float', etc.) of the input  
843 parameter, we can use specifications the multi-line grammar for Parameters.

## 844 **Example: input and output parameters with advanced fields**

```
package:
  name: hello_world_package
  ... # Package keys omitted for brevity
actions:
  hello_world_advanced_parms:
    function: src/hello.js
    inputs:
      name:
        type: string
        description: name of person
        default: unknown person
      place:
        type: string
        description: location of person
        value: the Shire
      children:
        type: integer
        description: Number of children
        default: 0
      height:
        type: float
        description: height in meters
        default: 0.0
```



```
outputs:
  greeting:
    type: string
    description: greeting string
  details:
    type: string
    description: detailed information about the person
```

## 845 **Deployment**

```
$ ./wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest_hello_world_advanced_parms.yaml
```

## 846 **Invoking**

```
$ wsk action invoke hello_world_package/hello_world_advanced_parms --blocking
```

847 Invoking the action would result in the following response:

```
"result":
  "details": "You have 0 children and are 0 m. tall.",
  "greeting": "Hello, unknown person from the Shire"
},
```

## 848 **Discussion**

- 849 • Describing the input and output parameter types, descriptions, defaults and other data:
  - 850 ○ enables tooling to validate values users may input and prompt for missing values using the
  - 851 descriptions provided.
  - 852 ○ allows verification that outputs of an Action are compatible with the expected inputs of another
  - 853 Action so that they can be composed in a sequence.
- 854 • The 'name' input parameter was assigned the 'default' key's value "unknown person".
- 855 • The 'place' input parameter was assigned the 'value' key's value "the Shire".

## 856 **Example 5: Adding a Trigger and Rule to “hello world”**

857 This example will demonstrate how to define a Trigger that is compatible with the basic  
858 ‘hello\_world’ Action and associate it using a Rule.

## 859 **Manifest File**

860 *Example: “Hello world” Action with a compatible Trigger and Rule*

```
package:
  name: hello_world_package
  ... # Package keys omitted for brevity
actions:
  hello_world_triggerrule:
    function: src/hello_plus.js
    inputs:
      name: string
      place: string
```

```

    children: integer
    height: float
  outputs:
    greeting: string
    details: string

  triggers:
    meetPerson:
      inputs:
        name: Sam
        place: the Shire
        children: 13
        height: 1.2

  rules:
    myPersonRule:
      trigger: meetPerson
      action: hello_world_triggerrule

```

## 861 **Deployment**

862 without the Deployment file:

```
$ wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest_hello_world_triggerrule.yaml
```

## 863 **Invoking**

864 First, let's try "invoking" the 'hello\_world\_triggerrule' Action directly without the Trigger.

```
$ wsk action invoke hello_world_package/hello_world_triggerrule --blocking
```

865 Invoking the action would result in the following response:

```

"result": {
  "details": "You have 0 children and are 0 m. tall.",
  "greeting": "Hello, from "
},

```

866 As you can see, the results verify that the default values (i.e., empty strings and zeros) for the input  
 867 parameters on the 'hello\_world\_triggerrule' Action were used to compose the 'greeting' and  
 868 'details' output parameters. This result is expected since we did not bind any values or provide  
 869 any defaults when we defined the 'hello\_world\_triggerrule' Action in the manifest file.

## 870 **Triggering**

871 Instead of invoking the Action, here try "firing" the 'meetPerson' Trigger:

```
$ wsk trigger fire meetPerson
```

## 872 **Result**

873 which results in an Activation ID:

```
ok: triggered /_/meetPerson with id a8e9246777a7499b85c4790280318404
```

874 The 'meetPerson' Trigger is associated with 'hello\_world\_triggerrule' Action the via the  
875 'meetPersonRule' Rule. We can verify that firing the Trigger indeed cause the Rule to be activated  
876 which in turn causes the Action to be invoked:

```
$ wsk activation list

d03ee729428d4f31bd7f61d8d3ecc043 hello_world_triggerrule
3e10a54cb6914b37a8abca53596dcc9 meetPersonRule
5ff4804336254bfba045ceaa1eeb4182 meetPerson
```

877 we can then use the 'hello\_world\_triggerrule' Action's Activation ID to see the result:

```
$ wsk activation get d03ee729428d4f31bd7f61d8d3ecc043
```

878 to view the actual results from the action:

```
"result": {
  "details": "You have 13 children and are 1.2 m. tall.",
  "greeting": "Hello, Sam from the Shire"
}
```

879 which verifies that the parameters bindings of the values (i.e., "Sam" (name), "the Shire" (place),  
880 '13' (age) and '1.2' (height)) on the Trigger were passed to the Action's corresponding input  
881 parameters correctly.

## 882 Discussion

- 883 • Firing the 'meetPerson' Trigger correctly causes a series of non-blocking "activations" of the associated  
884 'meetPersonRule' Rule and subsequently the 'hello\_world\_triggerrule' Action.
- 885 • The Trigger's parameter bindings were correctly passed to the corresponding input parameters on the  
886 'hello\_world\_triggerrule' Action when "firing" the Trigger.

## 887 Example 6: Using a Deployment file to bind Trigger parameters

888 This example builds on the previous Trigger-Rule example and will demonstrate how to use a  
889 Deployment File to bind values for a Trigger's input parameters when applied against a  
890 compatible Manifest File

### 891 Manifest File

892 Let's use a variant of the Manifest file from the previous example; however, we will leave the  
893 parameters on the 'meetPerson' Trigger unbound and having only Type declarations for  
894 each.

895 *Example: "Hello world" Action, Trigger and Rule with no Parameter bindings*

```
package:
  name: hello_world_package
  ... # Package keys omitted for brevity
actions:
  hello_world_triggerrule:
    function: src/hello_plus.js
    runtime: nodejs
    inputs:
```

```

    name: string
    place: string
    children: integer
    height: float
  outputs:
    greeting: string
    details: string

  triggers:
    meetPerson:
      inputs:
        name: string
        place: string
        children: integer
        height: float

  rules:
    meetPersonRule:
      trigger: meetPerson
      action: hello_world_triggerrule

```

## 896 *Deployment File*

897 Let's create a Deployment file that is designed to be applied to the Manifest file (above) which will  
 898 contain the parameter bindings (i.e., the values) for the 'meetPerson' Trigger.

## 899 *Example: Deployment file that binds parameters to the 'meetPerson' Trigger*

```

application:
  package:
    hello_world_package:
      triggers:
        meetPerson:
          inputs:
            name: Elrond
            place: Rivendell
            children: 3
            height: 1.88

```

900  
 901 As you can see, the package name 'hello\_world\_package' and the trigger name 'meetPerson' both  
 902 match the names in the corresponding Manifest file.  
 903

## 904 *Deploying*

905 Provide the Manifest file and the Deployment file to the wskdeploy utility:

```
$ wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest_hello_world_triggerrule_unbound.yaml  
-d docs/examples/deployment_hello_world_triggerrule_bindings.yaml
```

## 906 *Triggering*

907 Fire the 'meetPerson' Trigger:

```
$ wsk trigger fire meetPerson
```

## 908 *Result*

909 Find the activation ID for the "hello\_world\_triggerrule" Action that firing the Trigger initiated and  
910 get the results from the activation record:

```
$ wsk activation list  
  
3a7c92468b4e4170bc92468b4eb170f1 hello_world_triggerrule  
afb2c02bb686484cb2c02bb686084cab meetPersonRule  
9dc9324c601a4ebf89324c601a1ebf4b meetPerson  
  
$ wsk activation get 3a7c92468b4e4170bc92468b4eb170f1  
  
"result": {  
  "details": "You have 3 children and are 1.88 m. tall.",  
  "greeting": "Hello, Elrond from Rivendell"  
}
```

## 911 *Discussion*

- 912
- The 'hello\_world\_triggerrule' Action and the 'meetPerson' Trigger in the Manifest file both had

913 input parameter declarations that had no values assigned to them (only Types).

  - The matching 'meetPerson' Trigger in the Deployment file had values bound its parameters.

914

  - The wskdeploy utility applied the parameter values (after checking for Type compatibility) from the

915 Deployment file to the matching (by name) parameters within the Manifest file.

916

## 917 *Github feed*

918 This example will install a feed to fire a trigger when there is activity in a specified GitHub  
919 repository.

## 920 *Manifest File*

```
git_webhook:  
  version: 1.0  
  license: Apache-2.0  
  feeds:  
    webhook_feed:  
      version: 1.0  
      function: github/webhook.js
```

```

runtime: nodejs@6
inputs:
  username:
    type: string
    description: github username
  repository:
    type: string
    description: url of github repository
  accessToken:
    type: string
    description: GitHub personal access token
  events:
    type: string
    description: the github event type

triggers:
  webhook_trigger:
    action: webhook_feed

```

## 921 **Deployment File**

```

packages:
  git_webhook:
    triggers:
      webhook_trigger:
        inputs:
          username: daisy
          repository: https://github.com/openwhisk/wsktool.git
          accessToken:
          events:push

```

922

## 923 **Advanced examples**

### 924 **Github feed advanced**

925 This use case uses the Github feed to create a trigger. When there is any push event, it will send a  
 926 notification email.

## 927 **Manifest File**

```

git_webhook:
  version: 1.0
  license: Apache-2.0
  action:
    emailNotifier:
      version: 1.0
      function: src/sendemail.js
      runtime: nodejs
    inputs:
      email: string
      title: string
  rules:

```

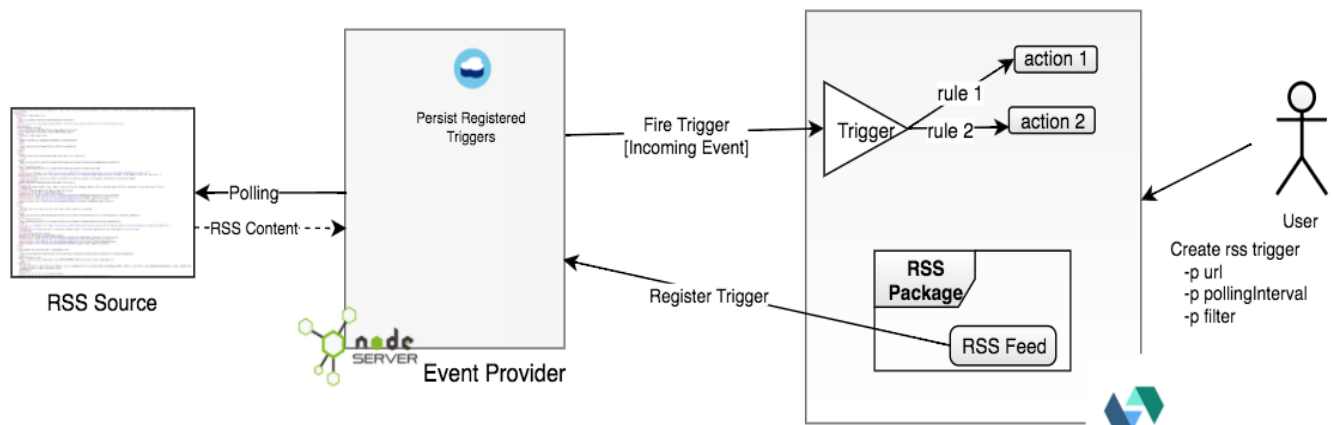
```
githubNotifier:
  trigger: webhook_trigger
  action: emailNotifier
```

## Deployment File

```
packages:
  git_webhook:
    feeds:
      webhook_feed:
        inputs:
          email: daisy@company.com
          title: Github Push Notification
```

## RSS Package

The RSS package provides RSS/ATOM feeds which can receive events when a new feed item is available. It also defines a trigger to listen to a specific RSS feed. It describes the OpenWhisk package reposted here: <https://github.com/openwhisk/openwhisk-package-rss>.



## Manifest File

with inline values (no Deployment File)

This example makes use of in-line “values” where the developer does not intend to use a separate Deployment file:

```
rss:
  version: 1.0
  license: Apache-2
  description: RSS Feed package
  inputs:
    provider_endpoint:
      value: http://localhost:8080/rss
      type: string
```

```

description: Feed provider endpoint

feeds:
  rss_feed:
    version: 1.0
    function: feeds/feed.js
    runtime: nodejs@6
    inputs:
      url:
        type: string
        description: url to RSS feed
        value: http://rss.nytimes.com/services/xml/rss/nyt/HomePage.xml
    pollingInterval:
      type: string
      description: Interval at which polling is performed
      value: 2h
    filter:
      type: string
      description: Comma separated list of keywords to filter on

triggers:
  rss_trigger:
    action: rss_feed

```

941

## 942 **Deployment File**

943 Alternatively, a Deployment File could have provided the same values (bindings) in this way:

```

packages:
  rss:
    inputs:
      provider_endpoint: http://localhost:8080/rss

    feeds:
      rss_feed:
        inputs:
          url: http://rss.nytimes.com/services/xml/rss/nyt/HomePage.xml
          pollingInterval: 2h

```

944

945 Using such a deployment file, allows for more flexibility and the resulting Manifest file would  
 946 not have needed any 'value' fields.

## 947 **Polygon Tracking**

948 This use case describes a microservice composition using Cloudant and a Push Notification  
 949 service to enable location tracking for a mobile application. The composition uses Cloudant to  
 950 store polygons that describe regions of interests, and the latest known location of a mobile user.  
 951 When either the polygon set or location set gets updated, we use the Cloudant Geo capabilities to  
 952 quickly determine if the new item satisfies a geo query like "is covered by" or "is contained in".  
 953 If so, a push notification is sent to the user.



```

application:
  name: PolygonTracking
  namespace: polytrack

packages:
  polytrack:

    triggers:
      pointUpdate:
        <feed>

      polygonUpdate:
        <feed>

    actions:
      superpush:
        inputs:
          appId: string
          appSecret: string

      pointGeoQuery:
        inputs:
          username: string
          password: string
          host: string
          dbName: string
          ddoc: string
          iName: string
          relation: string
        outputs:
          cloudantResp: json

      createPushParamsFromPointUpdate:
        <mapper>

      polygonGeoQuery:
        inputs:
          username: string
          password: string
          host: string
          dbName: string
          ddoc: string
          iName: string
          relation: string
        outputs:
          cloudantResp: json

      createPushParamsFromPolygonUpdate:
        <mapper>

Rules:
  whenPointUpdate:
    trigger:

```

```

        pointUpdate
        action:
            handlePointUpdate
    whenPointUpdate:
        trigger:
            polygonUpdate
        action:
            handlePolygonUpdate

    Composition:
        handlePolygonUpdate:
            sequence:
                createGeoQueryFromPolygonUpdate, polygonGeoQuery, createPushParamsFromPolygonUpdate, superpush

```

## 955 *Deployment File:*

```

application:
  name: PolygonTracking
  namespace: polytrack

packages:

  myCloudant:
    <bind to Cloudant at whisk.system/Cloudant>

  polytrack:
    credential: ABDCF
    inputs:
      PUSHAPPID=12345
      PUSHAPPSECRET=987654
      COVEREDBY='covered_by'
      COVERS='covers'
      DESIGNDOC='geodd'
      GEOIDX='geoidx'
      CLOUDANT_username=myname
      CLOUDANT_password=mypassword
      CLOUDANT_host=myhost.cloudant.com
      POLYDB=weatherpolygons
      USERLOCDB=userlocation

    triggers:
      pointUpdate:
        <feed>
        inputs:
          dbname: $USERLOCALDB
          includeDoc: true
      polygonUpdate:
        <feed>

```

```

    inputs:
      dbname: $USERLOCDB
      includeDoc: true

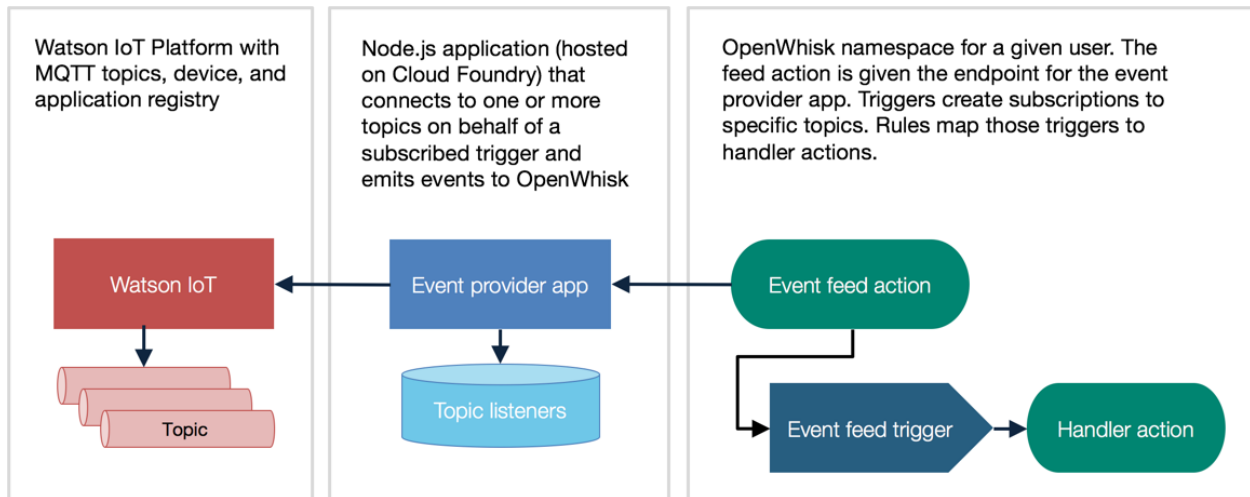
  actions:
    superpush:
      inputs:
        appId: $PUSHAPPID
        appSecret: $PUSHAPPSECRET
    pointGeoQuery:
      inputs:
        designDoc: $DESIGNDOC
        indexName: $GEOIDX
        relation: $COVEREDBY
        username: $CLOUDANT_username
        password: $CLOUDANT_password
        host: $CLOUDANT_host
        dbName: $POLYDB
    polygonGeoQuery:
      inputs:
        designDoc: $DESIGNDOC
        indexName: $GEOIDX
        relation: $COVERS
        username: $CLOUDANT_username
        password: $CLOUDANT_password
        host: $CLOUDANT_host
        dbName: $POLYDB

```

956

## 957 MQTT Package (tailored for Watson IoT)

958 The MQTT package that integrates with Watson IoT provides message topic feeds which can  
 959 receive events when a message is published. It also defines a trigger to listen to a specific MQTT  
 960 topic. It describes the OpenWhisk package repositied here: [https://github.com/krook/openwhisk-](https://github.com/krook/openwhisk-package-mqtt-watson)  
 961 package-mqtt-watson.  
 962



963  
964

## 965 **Manifest File**

966 *with inline values (no Deployment File)*

967 This example makes use of in-line “values” where the developer does not intend to use a separate  
968 Deployment file:

```
mqtt_watson:
  version: 1.0
  license: Apache-2
  description: MQTT Feed package for Watson IoT
  inputs:
    provider_endpoint:
      value: http://localhost:8080/mqtt-watson
      type: string
      description: Feed provider endpoint

  feeds:
    mqtt_watson_feed:
      version: 1.0
      function: feeds/feed-action.js
      runtime: nodejs@6
      inputs:
        url:
          type: string
          description: URL to Watson IoT MQTT feed
          value: ssl://a-123xyz.messaging.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com:8883
        topic:
          type: string
          description: Topic subscription
          value: iot-2/type/+/id/+/evt/+/fmt/json
        apiKey:
          type: string
          description: Watson IoT API key
          value: a-123xyz
        apiToken:
          type: string
```

```

    description: Watson IoT API token
    value: +-derpbog
  client:
    type: string
    description: Application client id
    value: a:12e45g:mqttapp

  triggers:
    mqtt_watson_trigger:
      action: mqtt_watson_feed

```

969

## 970 **Deployment File**

971 Alternatively, a Deployment File could have provided the same values (bindings) in this way:

```

packages:
  mqtt_watson:
    inputs:
      provider_endpoint: http://localhost:8080/mqtt-watson

  feeds:
    mqtt_watson_feed:
      inputs:
        url: ssl://a-123xyz.messaging.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com:8883
        topic: iot-2/type/+/id/+/evt/+/fmt/json
        apiKey: a-123xyz
        apiToken: +-derpbog
        client: a:12e45g:mqttapp

```

972

973 Using such a deployment file, allows for more flexibility and the resulting Manifest file would  
 974 not have needed any 'value' fields.

975

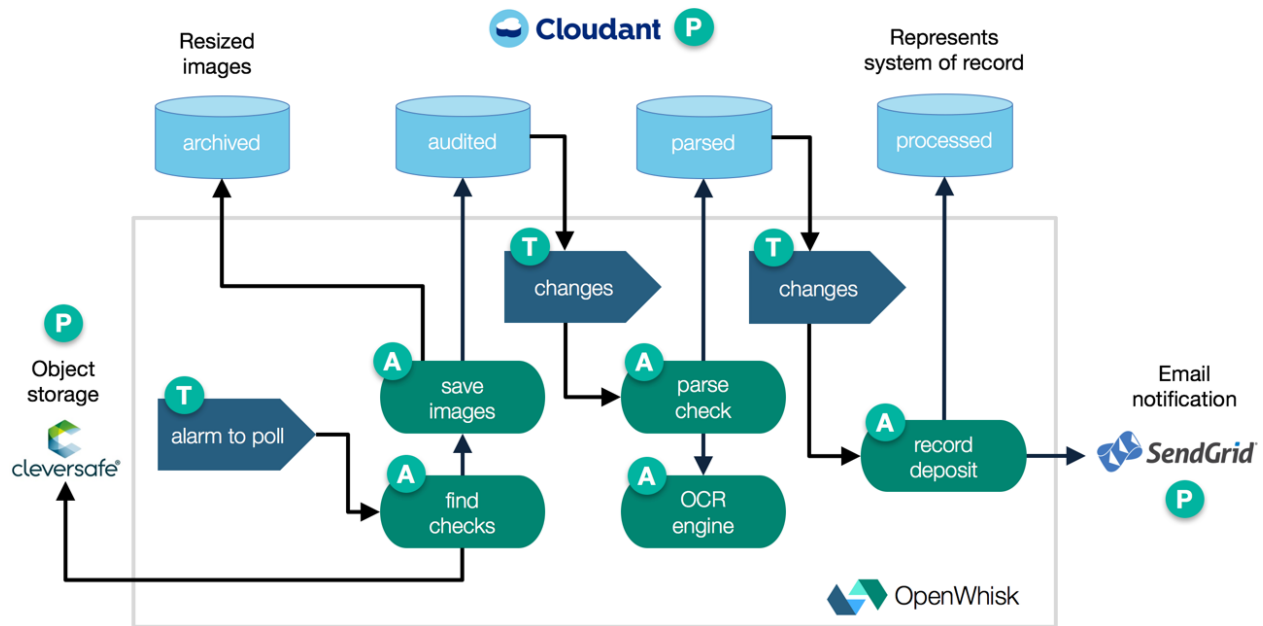
## 976 **Check deposit processing with optical character recognition**

977 This use case demonstrates an event-driven architecture that processes the deposit of checks to a  
 978 bank account using optical character recognition. It relies on Cloudant and SoftLayer Object  
 979 Storage. On premises, it could use CouchDB and OpenStack Swift. Other storage services could  
 980 include FileNet or Cleversafe. Tesseract provides the OCR library.

981

982 This application uses a set of actions and triggers linked by rules to process images that are  
 983 added to an object storage service. When new checks are detected a workflow downloads,  
 984 resizes, archives, and reads the checks then it invokes an external system to handle the  
 985 transaction.

986



987

988 **Manifest File:**

```

application:
  name: OpenChecks
  namespace: openchecks

packages:
  openchecks:

  triggers:
    poll-for-incoming-checks:
      inputs:
        cron: string
        maxTriggers: integer

    check-ready-to-scan:
      inputs:
        dbname: string
        includDocs: boolean

    check-ready-for-deposit:
      inputs:
        dbname: string
        includDocs: boolean

  actions:
    find-new-checks:
      inputs:
        CLOUDANT_USER: string
        CLOUDANT_PASS: string
        SWIFT_USER_ID: string
        SWIFT_PASSWORD: string
        SWIFT_PROJECT_ID: string
  
```

```
    SWIFT_REGION_NAME: string
    SWIFT_INCOMING_CONTAINER_NAME: string
    CURRENT_NAMESPACE: string

save-check-images:
  inputs:
    CLOUDANT_USER: string
    CLOUDANT_PASS: string
    CLOUDANT_ARCHIVED_DATABASE: string
    CLOUDANT_AUDITED_DATABASE: string
    SWIFT_USER_ID: string
    SWIFT_PASSWORD: string
    SWIFT_PROJECT_ID: string
    SWIFT_REGION_NAME: string
    SWIFT_INCOMING_CONTAINER_NAME: string

parse-check-data:
  inputs:
    CLOUDANT_USER: string
    CLOUDANT_PASS: string
    CLOUDANT_AUDITED_DATABASE: string
    CLOUDANT_PARSED_DATABASE: string
    CURRENT_NAMESPACE: string

record-check-deposit:
  inputs:
    CLOUDANT_USER: string
    CLOUDANT_PASS: string
    CLOUDANT_PARSED_DATABASE: string
    CLOUDANT_PROCESSED_DATABASE: string
    CURRENT_NAMESPACE: string
    SENDGRID_API_KEY: string
    SENDGRID_FROM_ADDRESS: string

parse-check-with-ocr:
  inputs:
    CLOUDANT_USER: string
    CLOUDANT_PASS: string
    CLOUDANT_AUDITED_DATABASE: string
    id: string
  outputs:
    result: JSON

rules:
  fetch-checks:
    trigger:
      poll-for-incoming-checks
    action:
      find-new-checks
  scan-checks:
    trigger:
      check-ready-to-scan
    action:
      parse-check-data
```

```
deposit-checks:
  trigger:
    check-ready-for-deposit
  action:
    record-check-deposit
```

989 **Deployment File:**

```
application:
  name: OpenChecks
  namespace: openchecks

packages:

  myCloudant:
    <bind to Cloudant at whisk.system/Cloudant>

  openchecks:
    credential: ABDCF
    inputs:
      XXX=YYY

  triggers:
    poll-for-incoming-checks:
      <feed>
      inputs:
        cron: */20 * * * * *
        maxTriggers: 90
```



```
check-ready-to-scan:
  <feed>
  inputs:
    dbname: audit
    includeDoc: true
check-ready-for-deposit:
  <feed>
  inputs:
    dbname: parsed
    includeDoc: true

actions:
  find-new-checks:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT_USER: 123abc
      CLOUDANT_PASS: 123abc
      SWIFT_USER_ID: 123abc
      SWIFT_PASSWORD: 123abc
      SWIFT_PROJECT_ID: 123abc
      SWIFT_REGION_NAME: northeast
      SWIFT_INCOMING_CONTAINER_NAME: incoming
      CURRENT_NAMESPACE: user_dev
  save-check-images:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT_USER: 123abc
      CLOUDANT_PASS: 123abc
      CLOUDANT_ARCHIVED_DATABASE: archived
      CLOUDANT_AUDITED_DATABASE: audited
      SWIFT_USER_ID: 123abc
      SWIFT_PASSWORD: 123abc
      SWIFT_PROJECT_ID: 123abc
      SWIFT_REGION_NAME: northeast
      SWIFT_INCOMING_CONTAINER_NAME: container_name
  parse-check-data:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT_USER: 123abc
      CLOUDANT_PASS: 123abc
      CLOUDANT_AUDITED_DATABASE: audited
      CLOUDANT_PARSED_DATABASE: parsed
      CURRENT_NAMESPACE: user_dev
  record-check-deposit:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT_USER: 123abc
      CLOUDANT_PASS: 123abc
      CLOUDANT_PARSED_DATABASE: parsed
      CLOUDANT_PROCESSED_DATABASE: processed
      CURRENT_NAMESPACE: user_dev
      SENDGRID_API_KEY: 123abc
      SENDGRID_FROM_ADDRESS: user@example.org
```

```
parse-check-with-ocr:  
  inputs:  
    CLOUDANT_USER: 123abc  
    CLOUDANT_PASS: 123abc  
    CLOUDANT_AUDITED_DATABASE: audited  
    id: 123abc
```

## Event Sources

OpenWhisk is designed to work with any Event Source, either directly via published APIs from the Event Source's service or indirectly through Feed services that act as an Event Source on behalf of a service. This section documents some of these Event Sources and/or Feeds using this specification's schema.

## Curated Feeds

The following Feeds are supported by the Apache OpenWhisk platform. They are considered "curated" since they are maintained alongside the Apache OpenWhisk open source code to guarantee compatibility. More information on curated feeds can be found here:

<https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhisk/blob/master/docs/feeds.md>.

## Alarms

The `/whisk.system/alarms` package can be used to fire a trigger at a specified frequency. This is useful for setting up recurring jobs or tasks, such as invoking a system backup action every hour.

## *Package Manifest*

The "alarms" Package Manifest would appear as follows:

```
# shared system package providing the alarms feed action
alarms:
  version: 1.0
  license: Apache-2
  description: Alarms and periodic utility

  actions:
    alarm:
      function: action/alarm.js
      description: Fire trigger when alarm occurs
      feed: true
      inputs:
        package_endpoint:
          type: string
          description: The alarm provider endpoint with port
        cron:
          type: string
          description: UNIX crontab syntax for firing trigger in
            Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).
          required: true
        trigger_payload:
          type: object
          description: The payload to pass to the Trigger, varies
          required: false
        maxTriggers:
          type: integer
          default: 1000
          required: false
```

```
feeds:
  location: TBD
  credential: TBD
  operations:
    CREATE:
      TBD
    DELETE:
      TBD
  action: alarm
```

1008  
1009

## 1010 **Cloudant**

1011 The `/whisk.system/cloudant` package enables you to work with a Cloudant database. It  
1012 includes the following actions and feeds.

### 1013 *Package Manifest*

1014 The “cloudant” Package Manifest would appear as follows:

TBD

## 1015 **Public Sources**

1016 The following examples are Event Sources that can provide event data to OpenWhisk. We  
1017 describe them here using this specification’s schema.

### 1018 **GitHub WebHook**

1019 Note: the GitHub WebHook is documented here: <https://developer.github.com/webhooks/>.

1020

1021 A sample description of the GitHub Event Source and its “create hook” API would appear as follows:

TBD

1022

## 1023 Other Considerations

### 1024 Tooling interaction

#### 1025 Using package manifest directly from GitHub

1026 GitHub is acknowledged as a popular repository for open source projects which may include  
1027 OpenWhisk Packages along with code for Actions and Feeds. It is envisioned that the  
1028 Package Manifest will commonly reference GitHub as a source for these artifacts; this  
1029 specification will consider Github as being covered by the general Catalog use case.

#### 1030 Using package manifest in archive (e.g., ZIP) file

1031 Compressed packaging, including popular ZIP tools, is a common occurrence for popular  
1032 distribution of code which we envision will work well with OpenWhisk Packages; however, at  
1033 this time, there is no formal description of its use or interaction. We leave this for future  
1034 consideration.

### 1035 Simplification of WebHook Integration

#### 1036 Using RESTify

1037 One possible instance of a lightweight framework to build REST APIs in Nodejs to export  
1038 WebHook functionality. See <https://www.npmjs.com/package/restify>  
1039 RESTify (over Express) provides help in the areas of versioning, error handling (retry, abort) and  
1040 content-negotiation. It also provides built in DTrace probes that identify application performance  
1041 problems.

### 1042 Enablement of Debugging for DevOps

#### 1043 Isolating and debugging “bad” Actions using (local) Docker

1044 Simulate Inputs at time of an Action failure/error condition, isolate it and run it in a “debug”  
1045 mode.

1046  
1047 Considerations include, but are not limited to:

- 1048 • Isolation on separate “debug” container
- 1049 • Recreates “inputs” at time of failure
- 1050 • Possibly recreates message queue state
- 1051 • Provides additional stacktrace output
- 1052 • Provides means to enable “debug” trace output
- 1053 • Connectivity to “other” debug tooling

#### 1054 Using software debugging (LLDB) frameworks

1055 This is a topic for future use cases and integrations. Specifically, working with LLDB  
1056 frameworks will be considered. See <http://lldb.llvm.org/>.

1057

## Named Errors

The following error types are supported by this specification:

Name	Error Type	Notes
CommandError	ERROR_COMMAND_FAILED	Only used in wskdeploy.go, RunCommand(), Which in turn is called by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Deploy</li><li>• DeployWithCredentials</li><li>• DeployProjectPathOnly</li><li>• DeployManifestPathOnly</li><li>• Undeploy</li><li>• UndeployWithCredentials</li><li>• UndeployProjectPathOnly</li><li>• UndeployManifestPathOnly</li></ul> which are all called directly by various integration tests (i.e., sec/tests/integration)
ErrorManifestFileNotFound	ERROR_MANIFEST_FILE_NOT_FOUND	Unable to locate the Manifest file at location provided.
YAMLFileReadError	ERROR_YAML_FILE_READ_ERROR	Unable to read the general YAML file (but file found at path provided).
YAMLFormatError	ROR_YAML_FORMAT_ERROR	YAML parser detected an error.
YAMLParserError	ERROR_YAML_PARSER_ERROR	The YAML Parser detected an error with more detailed line information.
WhiskClientError	ERROR_WHISK_CLIENT_ERROR	Error detected using the OpenWhisk Client (CLI)
WhiskClientInvalidConfigError	ERROR_WHISK_CLIENT_INVALID_CONFIG	One or more configuration values is missing or invalid: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Auth key</li><li>• API Host</li><li>• Namespace</li></ul>
ParameterTypeMismatchError	ERROR_YAML_PARAMETER_TYPE_MISMATCH	

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