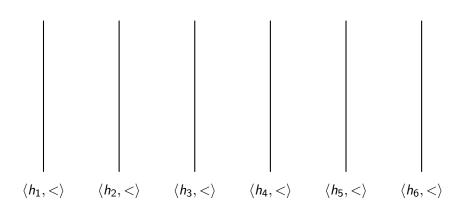
Logics of Action, Ability, Knowledge and Obligation

John F. Horty Eric Pacuit

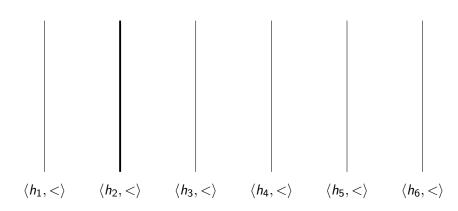
Department of Philosophy University of Maryland

pacuit.org/esslli2019/epstit

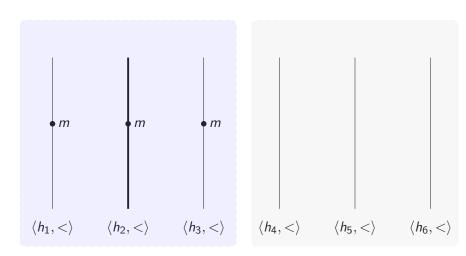
August 6, 2019



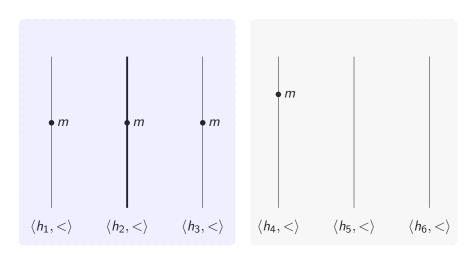
Each history is a linearly ordered set of moments



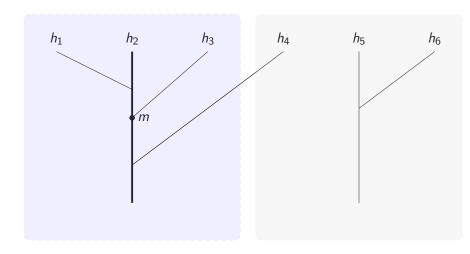
Each history is a linearly ordered set of moments



A moment m partitions the set of histories

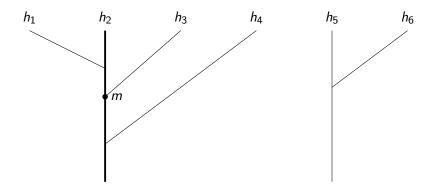


h and h' are equivalent given m when the initial segments up to m are the same



h and h' are equivalent given m when the initial segments up to m are the same

Historic Necessity



The historic necessity modality (\square) quantifies over the histories that are equivalent given a moment m

Historic Necessity

$$\mathcal{M}, m/h \models \Box A \text{ iff } \mathcal{M}, m/h' \models A \text{ for all } h' \in H^m$$

The logic of historic necessity is **S5**:

- Prop propositional tautologies
 - $\mathsf{K} \qquad \Box (\mathsf{A} \supset \mathsf{B}) \supset (\Box \mathsf{A} \supset \Box \mathsf{B})$
 - T $\Box A \supset A$
 - 4 $\Box A \supset \Box \Box A$
 - 5 $\neg \Box A \supset \Box \neg \Box A$
 - Nec from A infer $\square A$
 - MP from A and $A \supset B$ infer B

Historic Necessity

$$\mathcal{M}, m/h \models \Box A \text{ iff } \mathcal{M}, m/h' \models A \text{ for all } h' \in H^m$$

The logic of historic necessity is **S5**:

Prop propositional tautologies
$$K \qquad \Box (A \supset B) \supset (\Box A \supset \Box B)$$

$$T \qquad \Box A \supset A$$

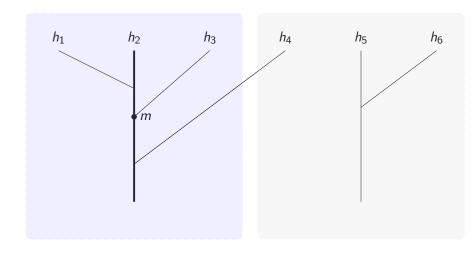
$$4 \qquad \Box A \supset \Box \Box A$$

5
$$\neg \Box A \supset \Box \neg \Box A$$

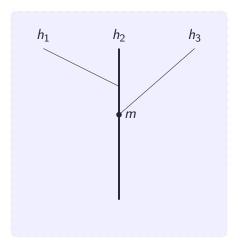
Nec from
$$A$$
 infer $\square A$

MP from A and
$$A \supset B$$
 infer B

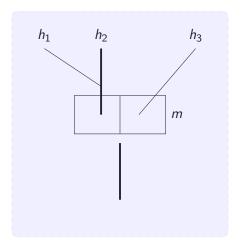
S5 is sound and strongly complete with respect to relational structures in which the relation is an equivalence relation



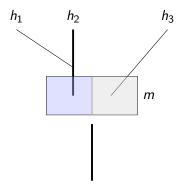
h and h' are equivalent given m when the initial segments up to m are the same



Choices at *m* is a partition that *refines* the historic necessity partition



Choices at *m* is a partition that *refines* the historic necessity partition



The modality $[\alpha \ \textit{cstit}: \ \cdot]$ quantifies over histories in a choice cell

cstit

$$\mathcal{M}, m/h \models [\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : A] \ \text{iff} \ \mathcal{M}, m/h' \models A \ \text{for all} \ h' \in \textit{Choice}_{\alpha}^{m}(h)$$

The logic of *cstit* is **S5**:

```
Prop propositional tautologies

K [\alpha \ cstit: (A \supset B)] \supset ([\alpha \ cstit: A] \supset [\alpha \ cstit: B])

T [\alpha \ cstit: A] \supset A

4 [\alpha \ cstit: A] \supset [\alpha \ cstit: [\alpha \ cstit: A]]

5 \neg [\alpha \ cstit: A] \supset [\alpha \ cstit: \neg [\alpha \ cstit: A]]

Nec from A infer [\alpha \ cstit: A]

MP from A and A \supset B infer B
```

Deliberative stit

 $\mathcal{M}, m/h \models [\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : A] \ \text{iff} \ \mathcal{M}, m/h' \models A \ \text{for all} \ h' \in \textit{Choice}_{\alpha}^{m}(h)$

 $\mathcal{M}, m/h \models [\alpha \; dstit : A] \; \text{iff} \; \mathcal{M}, m/h' \models A \; \text{for all} \; h' \in Choice_{\alpha}^{m}(h)$ and there is $h'' \in H_{m} \; \text{such that} \; \mathcal{M}, m/h'' \not\models A$

Deliberative stit

$$\mathcal{M}, m/h \models [\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : A] \ \text{iff} \ \mathcal{M}, m/h' \models A \ \text{for all} \ h' \in \textit{Choice}_{\alpha}^m(h)$$

 $\mathcal{M}, m/h \models [\alpha \; dstit : A] \; \text{iff} \; \mathcal{M}, m/h' \models A \; \text{for all} \; h' \in Choice_{\alpha}^{m}(h)$ and there is $h'' \in H_{m}$ such that $\mathcal{M}, m/h'' \not\models A$

$$[\alpha \; \textit{dstit} : A] \leftrightarrow ([\alpha \; \textit{cstit} : A] \land \Diamond \neg A)$$

$$[\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : A] \leftrightarrow ([\alpha \ \textit{dstit} : A] \lor \Box A)$$

Historic Necessity and cstit

Since the choice partition *refines* the historic necessity partition, the following is valid

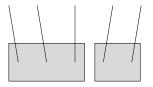
$$\Box A \supset [\alpha \ cstit : A]$$

Historic Necessity and cstit

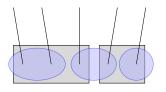
Since the choice partition *refines* the historic necessity partition, the following is valid

$$\Box A \supset [\alpha \ cstit : A]$$

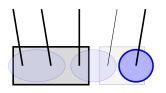
(For all relations R, R', if $R \subseteq R'$, then $[R']A \supset [R]A$ is valid)



Are there logical connections between the *cstit* modality for different agents?

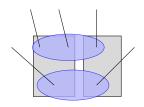


Are there logical connections between the *cstit* modality for different agents?



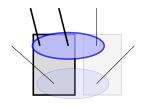
Are there logical connections between the *cstit* modality for different agents?

Independence of agents



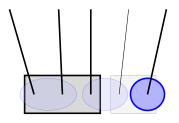
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Independence of agents



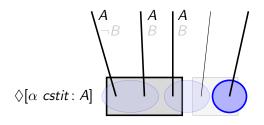
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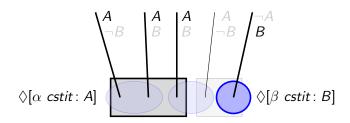
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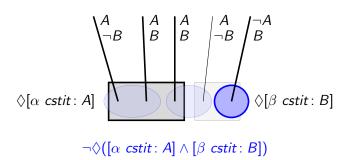
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Independence of agents



Are there logical connections between the *cstit* modality for different agents?

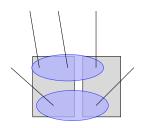
Independence of agents



Are there logical connections between the *cstit* modality for different agents?

Independence of agents:

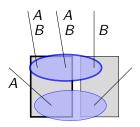
$$\bigwedge_{\alpha} \Diamond [\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : A_{\alpha}] \supset \Diamond (\bigwedge_{\alpha \in \textit{Agt}} [\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : A_{\alpha}])$$



Are there logical connections between the *cstit* modality for different agents?

Independence of agents:

 $\bigwedge_{\alpha} \Diamond [\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : A_{\alpha}] \supset \Diamond (\bigwedge_{\alpha \in \textit{Agt}} [\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : A_{\alpha}])$

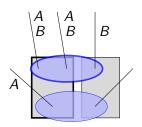


 $\Diamond[\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : A] \land \Diamond[\beta \ \textit{cstit} : B]$

Are there logical connections between the *cstit* modality for different agents?

Independence of agents:

$$\bigwedge_{\alpha} \Diamond [\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : A_{\alpha}] \supset \Diamond (\bigwedge_{\alpha \in \textit{Agt}} [\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : A_{\alpha}])$$



 $\Diamond[\alpha \ cstit : A] \land \Diamond[\beta \ cstit : B] \supset \Diamond([\alpha \ cstit : A] \land [\beta \ cstit : B])$

Sound and Complete Axiomatization

- **▶ S5** for □
- ▶ **S5** for $[\alpha \ cstit : \cdot]$
- ▶ $\Box A \supset [\alpha \ cstit : A]$
- ▶ Modus Ponens and Necessitation for □

M. Xu. *Axioms for deliberative STIT*. Journal of Philosophical Logic, Volume 27(5), pp. 505 - 552, 1998.

M. Xu. On the Basic Logic of STIT with a Single Agent. Journal of Symbolic Logic, 60(2), pp. 459 - 483, 1995.

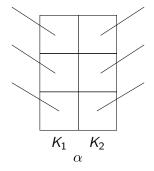
Alternative Axiomatization

P. Balbiani, A. Herzig and N. Troquard. *Alternative axiomatics and complexity of deliberative STIT theories*. Journal of Philosophical Logic, 37:4, 387 - 406, 2008.

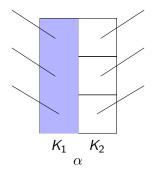
H. Wansing. *Tableaux for multi-agent deliberative-STIT logic.* in Advances in Modal Logic, Volume 6, 503 - 520, 2006.

 $[\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : [\beta \ \textit{cstit} : A]]$

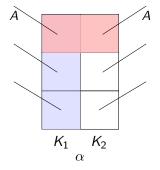
[α cstit: [β cstit: A]]



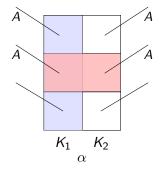
[α cstit: [β cstit: A]]



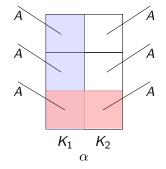
[α cstit: [β cstit: A]]



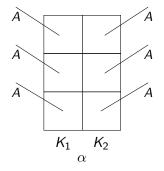
[α cstit: [β cstit: A]]



$[\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : [\beta \ \textit{cstit} : A]]$



$[\alpha \ \mathit{cstit} \colon [\beta \ \mathit{cstit} \colon A]] \equiv \Box A$



$$\Diamond A \to \langle \alpha \ \textit{cstit} : \bigwedge_{\beta \in \textit{Agt}, \beta \neq \alpha} \langle \beta \ \textit{cstit} : A \rangle \rangle$$

where
$$\langle \alpha \; \textit{cstit} : \textit{A} \rangle \; \equiv \; \neg [\alpha \; \textit{cstit} : \neg \textit{A}]$$

- 1. $\Diamond A \supset \langle \alpha \ cstit : \langle \beta \ cstit : A \rangle \rangle$
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
- 9. $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land \lozenge[\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \lozenge([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])$

Some (non-)theorems

- $\blacktriangleright \ \ \forall \ (\Diamond \varphi \land \Diamond \psi) \supset \Diamond (\varphi \land \psi)$
- $\blacktriangleright \vdash_{\mathsf{K}} (\Box \varphi \land \Box \psi) \supset \Box (\varphi \land \psi)$
- $\blacktriangleright \vdash_{\mathsf{K}} (\Diamond \varphi \wedge \Box \psi) \supset \Diamond (\varphi \wedge \psi)$
- $\blacktriangleright \vdash_{\mathsf{S5}} (\Diamond \varphi \land \Diamond \psi) \supset \Diamond (\Diamond \varphi \land \psi)$

- 1. $\Diamond A \supset \langle \alpha \ cstit : \langle \beta \ cstit : A \rangle \rangle$
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- 4. $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset (\langle \alpha \ cstit : [\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : [\alpha \ cstit : A]])$
- 5.
- 6.
- 7
- 8.
- 9. $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land \lozenge[\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \lozenge([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])$

Some (non-)theorems

- $\blacktriangleright \vdash_{\mathsf{K}} (\Diamond \varphi \wedge \Box \psi) \supset \Diamond (\varphi \wedge \psi)$
- $\blacktriangleright \vdash_{\mathsf{K}} (\langle \alpha \ \textit{cstit} : \ \varphi \rangle \land [\alpha \ \textit{cstit} : \psi]) \supset \langle \alpha \ \textit{cstit} : (\varphi \land \psi) \rangle$

```
1. \Diamond A \supset \langle \alpha \ cstit : \langle \beta \ cstit : A \rangle \rangle
```

- **2.** $\Diamond[\beta \ cstit : B] \supset \langle \alpha \ cstit : \langle \beta \ cstit : [\beta \ cstit : B] \rangle \rangle$
- 3. $\Diamond[\beta \ \textit{cstit} : B] \supset \langle \alpha \ \textit{cstit} : [\beta \ \textit{cstit} : B] \rangle$
- 4. $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset (\langle \alpha \ cstit : [\beta \ cstit : B] \rangle \land [\alpha \ cstit : [\alpha \ cstit : A]])$
- 5. $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \langle \alpha \ cstit : ([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \rangle$
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
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- **2**. $\Diamond[\beta \ cstit : B] \supset \langle \alpha \ cstit : \langle \beta \ cstit : [\beta \ cstit : B] \rangle \rangle$
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- 4. $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset (\langle \alpha \ cstit : [\beta \ cstit : B]) \land [\alpha \ cstit : [\alpha \ cstit : A]])$
- 5. $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \frac{\langle \alpha \ cstit : \langle ([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \rangle}{\langle \alpha \ cstit : A] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A] \land$
- 6. $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset {\lozenge ([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])}$
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- **4.** $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset (\langle \alpha \ cstit : [\beta \ cstit : B]) \land [\alpha \ cstit : [\alpha \ cstit : A]])$
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- **6.** $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \lozenge([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])$
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- **6.** $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \lozenge([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])$
- 7. $\lozenge(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \frac{\lozenge\lozenge}{\lozenge\lozenge}([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])$
- 9. $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land \lozenge[\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \lozenge([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])$

Some (non-)theorems

 $\blacktriangleright \vdash_{\mathsf{S5}} (\Diamond \varphi \land \Diamond \psi) \supset \Diamond (\Diamond \varphi \land \psi)$

- **1**. $\Diamond A \supset \langle \alpha \ cstit : \langle \beta \ cstit : A \rangle \rangle$
- **2**. $\Diamond[\beta \ cstit : B] \supset \langle \alpha \ cstit : \langle \beta \ cstit : [\beta \ cstit : B] \rangle \rangle$
- 3. $\Diamond [\beta \ cstit : B] \supset \langle \alpha \ cstit : [\beta \ cstit : B] \rangle$
- **4.** $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset (\langle \alpha \ cstit : [\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]])$
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- 7. $\lozenge(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \lozenge\lozenge([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])$
- 8. $\Diamond(\Diamond[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \Diamond([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])$
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- 7. $\lozenge(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \lozenge\lozenge([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])$
- 8. $\Diamond(\Diamond[\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \Diamond([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])$
- 9. $(\lozenge[\beta \ cstit : B] \land \lozenge[\alpha \ cstit : A]) \supset \lozenge([\beta \ cstit : B] \land [\alpha \ cstit : A])$

Alternative Axiomatization

- **▶ S5** for □
- ▶ **S5** for [α *cstit*:·]
- $\triangleright \Box A \supset [\alpha \ cstit : A]$
- $\Diamond A \to \langle \alpha \ cstit : \bigwedge_{\beta \in Agt, \beta \neq \alpha} \langle \beta \ cstit : A \rangle \rangle$
- ▶ Modus Ponens and Necessitation for □

P. Balbiani, A. Herzig and N. Troquard. *Alternative axiomatics and complexity of deliberative STIT theories*. Journal of Philosophical Logic, 37:4, 387 - 406, 2008.

Another Axiomatization

- ▶ **S5** axioms for $[\alpha \ cstit: \cdot]$
- $\langle \alpha \ cstit : \langle \beta \ cstit : A \rangle \rangle \supset \langle \gamma \ cstit : \bigwedge_{\delta \in \mathcal{A} \setminus \{\gamma\}} \langle \delta \ cstit : A \rangle \rangle$ for all $\mathcal{A} \subseteq Agt$
- ▶ Modus Ponens and Necessitation for $[\alpha \ cstit : \cdot]$
- P. Balbiani, A. Herzig and N. Troquard. *Alternative axiomatics and complexity of deliberative STIT theories*. Journal of Philosophical Logic, 37:4, 387 406, 2008.

"Flat" Semantics

$$\mathcal{M} = \langle W, R, V \rangle$$
, where

- W ≠ ∅
- ▶ R is a function assigning to each $\alpha \in Agt$, $R_{\alpha} \subseteq W \times W$
- $V: At \rightarrow \wp(W)$.

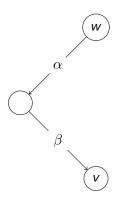
$$\mathcal{M}, w \models [\alpha]A$$
 iff for all $v \in W$, if $wR_{\alpha}v$, then $\mathcal{M}, v \models \varphi$.

Generalized Permutation

R satisfies the **general permutation property** iff for all $w, v \in W$ and for all $\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in Agt$, if $(w, v) \in R_{\alpha} \circ R_{\beta}$ then there is a $u \in W$ such that $(w, u) \in R_{\gamma}$ and $(u, v) \in R_{\delta}$ for all $\delta \in Agt \setminus \{\gamma\}$

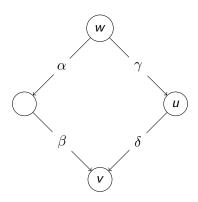
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"Flat" Semantics

- ▶ The logic of 2-agent stit is the **product** of **S5** (denoted **S5** \oplus **S5**, need to show that the Church-Rosser axiom $\langle \alpha \rangle [\beta] A \supset [\beta] \langle \alpha \rangle A$ is derivable)
- The satisfiability problem for stit with more than two agents is NEXPTIME-complete
- The satisfiability problem for stit with one agent is NP-complete
- ► The satisfiability problem for stit with more than two agents and group stit modalities is undecidable.

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Other Axiomatizations

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