```
TheRecieverCode.ino
  This program uses the ArduinoBLE library to set-up an Arduino Nano 33 BLE
  as a peripheral device and specifies a service and a characteristic. Depending
  of the value of the specified characteristic, one of two actuators is controlled,
  indexing up and down.
  This program also uses the NanoBLEFlashPrefs library to save the position of the
  actuators late in the pages of flash space of the Arudino Nano to make small
  space of non-volitle memory so that the actuators do not initialize at a position
  that they are not at when the device is powered on and off.
  The circuit:
  - Arduino Nano 33 BLE.
  - 2 Actuonix linear actuators
 THIS IS FOR REVEICER ARDUINO (ACTUATOR)
 this receives a byte of data named gesture (should be only transmitted when the 'gesture' is differnt from the last one)
*/
#include <ArduinoBLE.h>
#include <Servo.h>
#include <NanoBLEFlashPrefs.h>
Servo Servol;
Servo Servo2;
#define PIN_SERVO (5) // change to 5 for it to work
#define PIN_SERVO2 (6) // change to 6 to make work
const char* deviceServiceUuid = "19b10000-e8f2-537e-4f6c-d104768a1214";
const char* deviceServiceCharacteristicUuid = "19b10001-e8f2-537e-4f6c-d104768a1214";
int d = 5;
int i = 50;
float i2 = 50; //dropper post static
float i3 = 40; //dropper post activation dist
int VRy = 0;
int gesture = 0;
int lilges = 0;
//struct for flash storage method (stores i, or position of actuator 1)
typedef struct positionStruct {
 uint8_t actuatorpos; // 0-255 avalibile, 1 byte
 } positionprefs;
positionprefs prefs;
NanoBLEFlashPrefs myFlashPrefs;
BLEService gestureService(deviceServiceUuid);
BLEByteCharacteristic gestureCharacteristic(deviceServiceCharacteristicUuid, BLERead | BLEWrite);
void setup() {
  Servol.attach(PIN_SERVO);
  Servo2.attach(PIN SERVO2);
  Serial.begin(9600);
  delay(5000);
  Serial.println("Read record...");
  int rc = myFlashPrefs.readPrefs(&prefs, sizeof(prefs));
  if (rc == FDS SUCCESS)
    Serial.println("Preferences found: ");
    Serial.println(prefs.actuatorpos);
    i = prefs.actuatorpos;
  else
    Serial.print("No preferences found. Return code: ");
    Serial.print(rc);
    Serial.print(", ");
    Serial.println(myFlashPrefs.errorString(rc));
  if (!BLE.begin()) {
    Serial.println("- Starting Bluetooth® Low Energy module failed!");
    while (1);
  BLE.setLocalName("Arduino Nano 33 BLE (Peripheral)");
  BLE.setAdvertisedService(gestureService);
  gestureService.addCharacteristic(gestureCharacteristic);
  BLE.addService(gestureService);
  gestureCharacteristic.writeValue(-1);
  BLE.advertise();
  Serial.println("Nano 33 BLE (Peripheral Device)");
  Serial.println(" ");
  myFlashPrefs.garbageCollection();
void loop() {
  BLEDevice central = BLE.central();
  Serial.println("- Discovering central device...");
  delay(500);
  if (central) {
    Serial.println("* Connected to central device!");
    Serial.print("* Device MAC address: ");
    Serial.println(central.address());
    Serial.println(" ");
    while (central.connected()) {
      if (gestureCharacteristic.written()) {
        gesture = gestureCharacteristic.value();
        writeGesture(gesture);
    Serial.println("* Disconnected to central device!");
void SetStrokePerc(float strokePercentage)
  if ( strokePercentage >= 1.0 && strokePercentage <= 99.0 ) // clamps stroke percentage 1-99 so no actuator strain
    int usec = 1000 + strokePercentage * ( 2000 - 1000 ) / 100.0 ;
    Servol.writeMicroseconds( usec );
}
void SetStrokePerc2(float strokePercentage2)
  if ( strokePercentage2 >= 1.0 && strokePercentage2 <= 99.0 ) // clamps stroke percentage 1-99 so no actuator strain
    int usec2 = 1000 + strokePercentage2 * ( 2000 - 1000 ) / 100.0 ;
    Servo2.writeMicroseconds( usec2 );
void writeGesture(int gesture) {
  Serial.println(" - Characteristic <gesture type> has changed!");
  if (i > 100) { //limits i vals so we dont have i=300 etc.
   i = 100;
  if (i < 0) {</pre>
   i = 0;
  if (gesture == 0) // if joystick is in the downshift position(ie, p = 0)
    i -= d; // subtracts d from stroke percentage of actuator
    SetStrokePerc(i);// sets to the new stroke percentage
    delay(100);// delay so you get a shift and not just continuous motion
  if (gesture == 2) // if the joystick is below its mapped value of 55, then the actuator position is increased by d
    i += d; // adds d from stroke percentage of actuator
    SetStrokePerc(i); // sets to the new stroke percentage
    delay(100); // delay so you get a shift and not just continuous motion
  if (gesture == 3)
    if (lilges == 0)
    SetStrokePerc2(i3);
    Serial.print("i3");
    lilges = 1;
    else if (lilges == 1)
    SetStrokePerc2(i2); // needs to be writing to the other actuator - move one way
    Serial.print("i2");
    lilges = 0;
  SetStrokePerc(i);
  Serial.print("i=");
  Serial.print(i);
  prefs.actuatorpos = i;
  Serial.println("Write ActuatorPos...");
  myFlashPrefs.deletePrefs();
 myFlashPrefs.writePrefs(&prefs, sizeof(prefs));
```