

be reasonable, to be successful

ለተጨማሪ ፈተናዎች በቴሌግራም ቻናላችን ይከታተሉን /https//t.me/z\_campus \ ይከታተሉ !

## PART I: TRUE OR FALSE (0.5 MARK EACH)

1 Entrepreneurship is environmentally determined. 27 Entrepreneurship has nothing to do with gender and both men and woman can be an

3. Wealth of an entrepreneur refers to groups who receive benefits from entrepreneurs.

4F Entrepreneurship plays a more significant role for developed countries than developing.

5.1 Entrepreneurs inspire, encourage and lead others to undertake the given duties in time.

Number of employees and invested capital are a common yardstick to classify as micro and

small businesses. On implementation stage of innovation the innovator carefully identifying the product or service features, design as well as the resources that will be needed.

Some people turn to an entrepreneurial career because nothing is open to them.

97 In brainstorming method of generating business ideas no criticism is allowed by anyone in

10 Federal governments cannot be sources of new business ideas.

## PART II: MULTIPLE CHOICES (1.5 MARKS EACH)

11. A favourable set of circumstances that creates a need for a new product, service or business refers: Feasibility

(A) Opportunity

C. Environment

B. Leadership

D. Feasibility

12. An ability to consider the business as a whole is concerned with the skill of:

A. Decision making

(C.) Strategy

B. Planning

D. Financial

13. Of the following alternatives one is odd:

A. Motivation Skill 7-

C. Delegation Skill 674

B. Leadership Skill

(D) Financial skill on

14. An ability to see past, the firm's offerings and their features, and satisfy the customer's needs and why the customer finds them attractive refers to:

A. Communication Skill

Marketing Skill

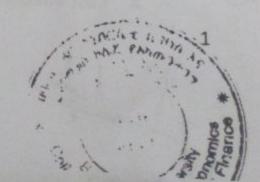
B. Leadership Skill

DA Project Management Skill

15. The tendency to generate ideas, alternatives, or possibilities that may be useful in solving problems, communicating with others, and entertaining ourselves and others refers:

A. Entrepreneurship

B. Invention



| B. Social responsibility   | A. Cost-effectiveness  |
|--|--|
| ve the following benefits, except;                                     |  |
|  | Rollievin  |
| (E) All of these   |  |
|  | A. Blindly following the rules   |
|  | following can be a   |
|  | C. Suppliers   |
| (E.) None  | B. Investors \( \gamma \)  |
|  | A. Employees   |
| of entrepreneur's wealth, except;                                      | 24) All of the following are beneficiaries of entrep   |
| E. None of the above   | innovative ideas.  |
| 120  |  |
| © No criticism is allowed  | A. Freewheeling is encouraged  |
| o. middan y analysis   | B. reasibility analysis  |
|  | 0  |
| ans to pursue it is;   | opportunity the firm is pursuing and how it plans to pursue it is;   |
| roducing potential investors with the business                         | (22) The document that does the best job of introducing  |
| D. Opportunity evaluation 4  | Opportunity identification 2   |
| C. Opportunity development 3   | & Environmental scanning 1   |
|  | 100  |
| product, service or process  | D. The replication of an already existing product, service   |
| process. ex-   | C. The expansion of a product, service or process.   |
| or process In water  |  |
| and factors in to a new formulation.                                   | 20. One of the four types of innovation is aviities is it incomes in to  |
| 5  | 6  |
| C. Synthesis   | A. Innovation  |
| Conthonic  | problem and opportunities is   |
| new idea and to identify new and different ways of looking at a        | ility to come up with  |
| (B) Leadership skills  | ×  |
| C. Financial skills <sup>X</sup>                                       | 18. One of the following is office since since the following is office since s |
|  | entrepreneurs  |
| IUUOASIOU MEIE IIIGIII   | D. In the ancient periods, creativity and  |
| viewed fro   | 13   |
| -  | B. In the late 20 C, a person with mineral person with the late 20 C, a pe |
| 18th C, entrepreneurship was associated with assuming pusitiess risks. | A in the   |
| history of entrepreneurship?   | B. Business identification bout the his  |
| D. Exploitation of Opportunity   | 1.   |
| portunity  | 16. Of the following one is initial stage in the commercial C. Op  |
|  | 0  |
| (m) Circumst   | The state of the s |

| C. Better profitability ~   | E. None of these        |
|---|-------------------------|
| D. Reputation  PART III: SHORT ANSWER (1 MARK)  27. A document helping as a road map for starting | & running a business is |
| ANSWER SHEET  |                         |
| NAME_ALL  | = (2613°)               |
| ID  | - 12610                 |
| SELT IN   |                         |
| TEACHER'S NAME  | 7.5                     |
| PART I: TRUE/FALSE (0.5 MARK EACH)  | 5 rue                   |
| 1 True 2 True 3 True  | 10 Free True            |
| 1 True 2 True 3 True  6 Faire 7 Faire 8 True  | 9 1100                  |
| PART II: CHOICE (1.5 MARKS EACH)  |                         |
| 1 12 13 1   | 14 15                   |
| 11 18 0   | 19 B 20 A               |
| 21 A 22 A 23 D  | 24 E 25 E               |
| 21  | 22.5                    |
| 26 <u>6</u> E   | J o                     |
| PART III: SHORT ANSWER (1 MARK)  27. 08900000000000000000000000000000000000                       |                         |