



BOWL ROUND 2

1. This country was granted independence by the 1960 Zurich and London Agreement. Dimitrios Ioannides overthrew its president, Archbishop Makarios III, in 1974, resulting in a Turkish invasion to keep this island from reuniting with Greece. For 10 points, name this still-divided country in the eastern Mediterranean.

ANSWER: Republic of Cyprus

003-12-64-02101

2. Dwight Eisenhower accused one leader of this organization of leaving a “legacy of ashes.” It was investigated in the Senate by the Church Committee after a Seymour Hirsch article about its “family jewels.” It was established by the National Security Act in 1947. Under Allen Dulles, it participated in the overthrow of Mohammad Mosaddegh in Iran. For 10 points, name this civilian intelligence agency.

ANSWER: Central Intelligence Agency [or CIA]

121-12-64-02102

3. This leader released many of his country's criminals from prison and shipped them off to America in the Mariel Boatlift. An American plan to assassinate this man with an exploding cigar failed. In 1959, this man overthrew Fulgencio Batista with the help of Che Guevara and his brother Raul. For 10 points, name this longtime Communist dictator of Cuba.

ANSWER: Fidel Castro

080-12-64-02103

4. This man composed an operetta in which the Viceroy of Peru poses as rebel leader El Capitan. In 1889, he was commissioned to compose a piece for an awards ceremony for *The Washington Post*. This man composed “Semper Fidelis,” which became the official march of the United States Marine Corps. For 10 points, name this American composer of “The Stars and Stripes Forever,” a man known as the “March King.”

ANSWER: John Philip Sousa

052-12-64-02104

5. This monarch wrote the *Daemonologie*, approving witch-hunting, and met with Puritans during the Hampton Court Conference. During this man’s reign, Guy Fawkes planned the unsuccessful Gunpowder Plot. The only son of Mary, Queen of Scots, this man ruled Scotland for over thirty years before taking the English throne. For 10 points, name this first Stuart king of England, the successor to Elizabeth I.

ANSWER: James I [or James VI of Scotland]

052-12-64-02105

6. When this man took the throne, he killed his father’s murderous general, Joab. This king had 700 wives and welcomed the mysterious Queen of Sheba to his kingdom. During his reign, the temple in Jerusalem was constructed. This monarch correctly identified the true mother of a baby by ordering it to be cut in half. For 10 points, name this biblical king, a son of David noted for his divine wisdom.

ANSWER: Solomon

052-12-64-02106

7. In the wake of the Laeken Declaration, this organization created a commission to draft a constitution. The failure of that effort resulted in the passage of the Treaty of Lisbon, which amended this organization's earlier Treaties of Rome and Maastricht. For 10 points, name this organization made up of 27 countries whose currency has been used since 2002 in Germany and France.

ANSWER: **European Union** [or **EU**]

023-12-64-02107

8. This psychologist identified individuals whom we recognize but with whom we do not interact as "familiar strangers," and the phrase "six degrees of separation" stems from his small world experiment. He also led an experiment in which experimenters, teachers, and learners all fulfilled specific roles. For 10 points, identify this psychologist who explored obedience to authority by having individuals administer electric shocks.

ANSWER: Stanley **Milgram**

189-12-64-02108

9. Joseph Zito helped save people during this incident, which came one year after the Uprising of the 20,000. Max Steuer defended Max Blanck after this event in a trial that also included Kate Alterman's repeated testimonies. Occurring in the Asch Building, this event led to many workers jumping from the 9th floor. For 10 points, name this 1911 disaster in New York City that burned down a garment workers' factory.

ANSWER: **Triangle** Shirtwaist Factory fire of 1911

192-12-64-02109

10. This politician was criticized for a speech in which he said if you do not make an effort to be smart, "you get stuck in Iraq." This man is married to the widow of the heir of the H.J. Heinz Company. Despite winning three Purple Hearts in the Vietnam War, he was targeted in one election by the group Swift Boat Veterans for Truth. For 10 points, name this Massachusetts senator who lost the 2004 presidential election to George W. Bush.

ANSWER: John Forbes **Kerry**

052-12-64-02110



1. One side in this conflict was motivated by *The Lictors Bring to Brutus the Bodies of his Sons*. Several people stretch their hands toward the center of a large room in one painting about it. A list of names is held by a man in a bathtub in another painting about this conflict. For 10 points, David's (da-VEED's) *The Tennis Court Oath* and *The Death of Marat* portray events from what revolution?

ANSWER: **French Revolution**

BONUS: Another allegory for the events of the French Revolution is what David painting showing three brothers raising swords?

ANSWER: **Oath of the Horatii** [or *Le Serment de Horaces*]

020-12-64-02101

2. The final ruler of this dynasty, Di Xin, committed suicide after the victory of Jiang Ziya at the Battle of Muye. This dynasty had its first capital at Zhengzhou, which was moved to Anyang. Artifacts from this dynasty include oracle bones, which provide the earliest known Chinese writing. For 10 points, name this early Chinese dynasty succeeded by the Zhou.

ANSWER: **Shang** Dynasty

BONUS: What mythical dynasty preceded the Shang?

ANSWER: **Xia** Dynasty

014-12-64-02102

3. This country's capital contains an ancient, non-rusting iron pillar. 68 million years ago, lava-spewing in this country's Western Ghats created the namesake "traps" on its Deccan Plateau. This country's Telugu people live north of Chennai, which in 1996 changed its name from Madras. For 10 points, name this nation that controls the south of Kashmir and the Taj Mahal.

ANSWER: Republic of **India** [or **Bharat** Ganarayja]

BONUS: Igneous rock from a million-year-long eruption created other traps in what Russian region east of the Ural Mountains?

ANSWER: **Siberia**

104-12-64-02103

4. After the police shooting of Marc Duggan, this city saw riots in August 2011. Its public transit suffered coordinated suicide bombing incidents in 2005, known as the 7/7 bombings. In June 2012, WikiLeaks founder Julian Assange was granted asylum in this city's Ecuadorian embassy. Barclays was recently fined for fixing an interest rate named for this city. For 10 points, name this city, host of the 2012 Summer Olympics.

ANSWER: **London**

BONUS: London is also the site of many events that are part of what 2012 celebration of the sixtieth anniversary of Queen Elizabeth II's reign?

ANSWER: **Diamond Jubilee**

020-12-64-02104

5. At the end of this musical's first act, a girl wakes up from a dream caused by her consumption of smelling salts peddled by Ali Hakim. At an auction in this show, Curly outbids Jud for Laurey's basket. This musical ends during a wedding during which the title territory's statehood is celebrated. For 10 points, name this musical by Rodgers and Hammerstein set in a namesake Great Plains state.

ANSWER: Oklahoma!

BONUS: This child actress, who starred in *Bright Eyes* and *Little Miss Marker*, was proposed as a possible candidate to play Laurey in a production of *Oklahoma*.

ANSWER: Shirley Temple Black

117-12-64-02105

6. This country fought the Sand War against its western neighbor. Colonial residents of this country were known as *pieds-noirs* (pee-ay NWAH). This country's first president was Ahmed Ben Bella, a leader of the FLN, which used extreme terrorist tactics in its successful war of independence. For 10 points, name this North African country that, in 1962, gained independence from France.

ANSWER: People's Democratic Republic of Algeria [or Al-Jumhuriyyah al-Jaza'iriyah al-Dimuqratiyyah al-Sha'biyyah]

BONUS: "Pieds-noirs" is a French term literally meaning what?

ANSWER: "black feet"

014-12-64-02106

7. These two people benefited from seeing Photo 51. This team used Erwin Chargaff's assertion that purine and pyrimidine concentrations are equivalent to formulate pairing rules. Maurice Wilkins gave these two men X-ray diffraction evidence to support their claim that sugar and phosphate made up the backbone of the genetic material. For 10 points, name this team who discovered the double helix structure of DNA.

ANSWER: James Dewey Watson and Francis Crick [or Crick and Watson]

BONUS: Which female biologist conducted the X-ray diffraction tests at King's College, but was unable to win the Nobel Prize because of her premature death from ovarian cancer?

ANSWER: Rosalind Franklin

190-12-64-02107

8. The owner of one of these institutions in Alton, Illinois, was murdered by a pro-slavery mob in 1837. Another was managed by a man who declared "I will not retreat a single inch - AND I WILL BE HEARD." Another of these institutions was used to "supply the war" against Spain in 1898 by the rival of Joseph Pulitzer. For 10 points, name these types of publications owned by Garrison and Hearst.

ANSWER: newspapers [prompt on publications; prompt on periodicals]

BONUS: Inspired by Garrison's *The Liberator*, Frederick Douglass published this anti-slavery newspaper.

ANSWER: The North Star

020-12-64-02108



COLONIAL COMMODITIES

Which resource was...

1. dumped in the Boston Harbor in 1773?

ANSWER: tea

2. introduced to the Jamestown colony by John Rolfe?

ANSWER: tobacco

3. taxed by Grenville in 1764, one year before the Stamp Act?

ANSWER: sugar

4. known as "Carolina Gold" and harvested for consumption on plantations by African slaves?

ANSWER: rice

5. produced by distilleries that fermented molasses?

ANSWER: rum

6. a dye collected from plants cultivated on Carolina plantations?

ANSWER: indigo

7. initially imported from the Baltic countries, but then harvested in the colonies for British shipbuilding?

ANSWER: timber [or wood; or lumber]

8. likened by William Penn to 'British gold,' and was heavily harvested off the Grand Banks of Newfoundland?

ANSWER: cod [prompt on fish]

020-12-64-0210-1

REVOLUTIONARY WAR HEROES

Who...

1. Led his troops through a harsh winter at Valley Forge?

ANSWER: George **Washington**

2. Commanded the victors at Saratoga?

ANSWER: Horatio **Gates**

3. According to folklore, took her husband's place firing a cannon after he fell?

ANSWER: **Molly Pitcher**

4. Rode on Washington's boat across the Delaware, and later was the fifth U.S. President?

ANSWER: James **Monroe**

5. Announced "I have not yet begun to fight!" while commanding the *Bonhomme Richard*?

ANSWER: John Paul **Jones**

6. Oversaw the "noble train of artillery" and served as Washington's first Secretary of War?

ANSWER: Henry **Knox**

7. Led guerrilla raids in South Carolina and was known as the "Swamp Fox"?

ANSWER: Francis **Marion**

8. Was Washington's second-in-command at Yorktown and thus officially received the British surrender?

ANSWER: Benjamin **Lincoln**

003-12-64-0210-1

KING COAL

Name these things related to the US coal industry in the nineteenth century:

1. State that was the largest producer of coal, much of which was processed in Pittsburgh

ANSWER: **Pennsylvania**

2. Type of "hard" coal contrasted with bituminous coal

ANSWER: **anthracite**

3. President who dealt with the 1902 Coal Strike

ANSWER: **Theodore Roosevelt** [or **Teddy Roosevelt**; prompt on **Roosevelt**]

4. Secret society of Irish-American coal miners

ANSWER: the **Molly Maguires**

5. Coal product burned as fuel in blast furnaces

ANSWER: **coke**

6. Detective agency that infiltrated unions during mining strikes

ANSWER: **Pinkerton** Detective Agency

7. Labor union that organized the 1902 miners' strike

ANSWER: the **United Mine Workers** [or the **UMW**]

8. Female co-founder of the IWW who organized miners' strikes

ANSWER: Mary Harris "Mother" **Jones**

080-12-64-0210-1



1. This president banned William Trotter from the White House for criticizing his segregation of government offices. He signed the Underwood Tariff, part of his (+) "New Freedom" platform. Before being elected, this man served as the president of Princeton. This man suffered a stroke that crippled him during his final years as President, with the result that the United States never (*) joined the League of Nations he proposed. For 10 points, name this Democrat, who served as president during the 1910s.

ANSWER: Woodrow Wilson

080-12-64-02101

2. In one of this author's novels, Dr. Obed Bat rides a donkey. He created a hero who teams with Duncan Heyward, arrives at Fort William Henry, and wields a weapon known as (+) "Kildeer." In one of his novels, the villainous Magua kidnaps the daughters of Colonel Munro and battles with Uncas and Hawkeye, also known as (*) Natty Bumppo. For 10 points, name this American author who wrote the *Leatherstocking Tales*, including *The Last of the Mohicans*.

ANSWER: James Fenimore Cooper

052-12-64-02102

3. This man's father intended for him to marry the princess of Savoy. He initially refused to appoint Stephen Langton to an archbishopric, causing the pope to put his land under (+) interdict. He allied with Philip II of France to overthrow the government of William Longchamp, who ruled England while that brother was fighting a (*) crusade. For 10 points, name this English king and brother of Richard the Lionheart.

ANSWER: King John [or John Lackland; or Jean Sans Terre]

121-12-64-02103

4. Jimmy Carter filled this position with a man who resigned after meeting with the PLO. In addition to Andrew Young, it has been held by Adlai Stevenson, who declared he would wait "until Hell freezes over" during the (+) Cuban Missile Crisis. Before becoming Secretary of State, Madeleine Albright took this post under Bill Clinton. In 2005, George W. Bush appointed John (*) Bolton to it. For 10 points, name this position, which leads the U.S. delegation to an international organization.

ANSWER: United States Ambassador to the United Nations [or United States Ambassador to the UN; or United States Permanent Representative to the United Nations]

080-12-64-02104

5. This event was investigated by the Rogers Commission, which found that warnings by engineers at Morton Thiokol were disregarded. Richard Feynman demonstrated the cause of this event using only a (+) glass of ice water. This event caused the death of Christa McAuliffe, the first person selected to participate in the (*) "Teacher in Space" program. For 10 points, name this January 28, 1986 event in which a space shuttle exploded shortly after liftoff.

ANSWER: Challenger disaster [or Challenger explosion; or other obvious equivalents mentioning the Challenger; or explosion of flight STS-51L]

003-12-64-02105

6. In one of this artist's paintings, a man pulls aside a curtain and points to a boy standing near a chopped-up tree with an axe. Besides *Parson Weems' Fable*, this man painted a work depicting older (+) women in front of a piece of art showing Washington crossing the Delaware. His most famous painting used his sister Nan and his (*) dentist as models. That painting by this artist shows a rural couple, with the man holding a pitchfork. For 10 points, name this painter of *American Gothic*.

ANSWER: Grant **Wood**

052-12-64-02106

7. While shabbily dressed at a Gridiron Dinner, this woman parodied her own purported extravagance by singing "Second-Hand Clothes." She advised President George W. Bush to support federal funding of stem cell research. This woman was criticized over her consultation of an (+) astrologer regarding her husband's appointments. She was also criticized for the simplicity of her "Just Say (*) No" anti-drug campaign. For 10 points, name this one-time movie star who served as First Lady from 1981 to 1989.

ANSWER: Nancy Davis **Reagan** [or Nancy **Davis**; or Anne Frances **Robbins**; prompt on **Reagan**]

080-12-64-02107

8. Cardinal Richelieu was allied to a Queen of France from this dynasty, which also included Popes Clement VII and Leo X. This family, the target of the (+) Pazzi Conspiracy and of Savonarola, patronized artists like Botticelli and Brunelleschi, and later became Grand Dukes of (*) Tuscany. For 10 points, name this Florence-based banking family of the Italian Renaissance, which included Cosimo and Lorenzo the Magnificent.

ANSWER: the de' **Medici** family

191-12-64-02108



At the beginning of this man's rule, he participated in “collective leadership” with Aleksey Kosygin. Succeeded by (+) Yuri Andropov, he propagated a namesake doctrine affirming the right to intervene in other socialist countries, and his country invaded Afghanistan in (*) 1979. For 10 points, name this Soviet leader who succeeded Khrushchev.

ANSWER: Leonid Brezhnev

014-12-64-0210-1

One prominent politician in this country who sought to promote economic reform in the 1970s was Edward Gierek, and the Sejm (SAME) parliament outlawed one organization in this country which formed during a strike in the (+) Gdansk shipyards. This country was home to the Lech Walesa-led (*) Solidarity movement, which opposed Soviet control in this nation. For 10 points, identify this European nation whose September 1939 invasion by Nazi forces effectively ushered in World War II and later led to an uprising in its capital of Warsaw.

ANSWER: Republic of Poland [or Rzeczpospolita Polska]

189-12-64-0210-1