

BOWL ROUND 6

1. This ruler employed the bloodthirsty general Joab and was condemned by Nathan. He was plotted against by his rebellious son, Absalom, and he had a deep friendship with Jonathan. He was skilled at playing the harp, which he used to comfort King Saul. He had an affair with Bathsheba which produced his successor, Solomon. For 10 points, name this Biblical king who killed the Philistine Goliath.

ANSWER: David

052-13-87-06101

2. This man called for hereditary ownership of leet-men and leet-women in his *Fundamental Constitutions* of Carolina. He discussed primary and secondary qualities in a book that described the mind as a blank slate. For 10 points, name this philosopher who wrote *An Essay Concerning Human Understanding* and influenced the American Revolution with his *Second Treatise on Government*.

ANSWER: John Locke

023-13-87-06102

3. In 1939, more than a thousand people living under this arrangement in Missouri went on strike. The Gudger, Ricketts, and Wood families made their living in this way in the book *Let Us Now Praise Famous Men*. This system replaced Sherman's proposal of "forty acres and a mule" for freedmen. For 10 points, name this agricultural arrangement in which a tenant paid a landlord part of his produce.

ANSWER: **sharecropping** [or word forms; or **tenant farming**]

190-13-87-06103

4. Franz Xaver Sussmayr completed this composer's unfinished *Requiem* in D Minor. This composer served at the court of Joseph II, where his father had been Kapellmeister. His A-major eleventh piano sonata concludes with a rondo marked "Alla Turca." For 10 points, name this Austrian composer of forty-one symphonies, the last of which is known as the "Jupiter."

ANSWER: Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

014-13-87-06104

5. The Quadruple Alliance was formed to support a queen of this name, whose ascension was opposed by Juan Prim and the Carlists. The first queen of this name faced the Morisco rebellions and married the king of Aragon, unifying the crown with her domain of Castile and creating Spain. For 10 points, give this name of two Spanish monarchs, the first of whom was married to Ferdinand II.

ANSWER: **Isabella**

030-13-87-06105

6. With a German, this scientist names a method that splits the wavefunction into electronic and nuclear components. This scientist cited lines from the Bhagavad Gita, "I am become death, the destroyer of worlds," in reference to the successful Trinity test. For 10 points, name this American physicist who worked on the Manhattan Project and is known as the "father of the atomic bomb."

ANSWER: Julius Robert Oppenheimer

7. Freed slaves were given plots of land in the Port Royal experiment in this state. A senator from this state attacked the man who delivered the speech "The Crime Against Kansas" with a cane. Robert Anderson moved troops from Sullivan Island to a fort here, which in April 1861 was attacked by P.G.T. Beauregard. For 10 points, name this first state to secede, the home of Fort Sumter.

ANSWER: South Carolina

121-13-87-06107

8. This company operated the Tamla label, which released the Marvelettes' "Please Mr. Postman." Another album released by this company included "Inner City Blues" and "What's Going On?" The songwriting team Holland, Dozier, and Holland wrote "Stop! In the Name of Love" for this Detroit-based company. For 10 points, name this record company that produced albums by Marvin Gaye and The Supremes.

ANSWER: Motown

121-13-87-06108

9. A ruler of this city went to the oasis of Tayma to worship the moon-god Sin. A Wonder of the Ancient World was built here to please the homesick Amyitis. This city was home to the Ishtar Gate, and it legendarily fell during the feast of Belshazzar. Nabonidus, could not prevent its conquest by Cyrus the Great. For 10 points, name this city-state where Nebuchadnezzar built the Hanging Gardens.

ANSWER: **Babylon**

052-13-87-06109

10. This artist created a film of John Giorno sleeping for five hours and an eight-hour film of the Empire State Building. He used silkscreening to produce the *Death and Disaster* series, and he depicted a banana on an album cover for The Velvet Underground. He also created multicolored portraits of Mao Zedong and Marilyn Monroe. For 10 points, name this Pop Art painter of Campbell's soup cans.

ANSWER: Andy Warhol [or Andrew Warhola]



1. This city was the target of the League of Cambrai. A leader of this city, Enrico Dandolo, persuaded the Fourth Crusade to capture Constantinople. Ottoman attempts to end this city's influence in the Eastern Mediterranean resulted in the Battle of Lepanto. Marco Polo was a merchant from this city. For 10 points, name this Italian city on the Adriatic that is famed for its canals.

ANSWER: Most Serene Republic of Venice

BONUS: What title was given to the rulers of the Republic of Venice?

ANSWER: **doge** [or **doxe**; prompt on "duke"]

185-13-87-06101

2. This state was sued by a neighbor for its upstream consumption of water from the ACF River basins. Michelle Nunn, the daughter of a former senator from here, is seeking the Democratic nomination for Senate from this state, which is currently governed by Nathan Deal. For 10 points, name this state that is represented by civil rights veteran John Lewis and was once governed by Jimmy Carter.

ANSWER: Georgia

BONUS: Name the U.S. Senator from Florida who announced Florida's lawsuit against Georgia regarding

water rights, a Republican who defeated Charlie Christ for the Republican nomination in 2010.

ANSWER: Marco Rubio

030-13-87-06102

3. In this state, Samuel Slater adopted Richard Arkwright's techniques to build a textile mill. A group of accused Antinomians settled on Aquidneck Island in this future state. Prior to the Revolutionary War, settlers here attacked the *Gaspee*. Roger Williams and Anne Hutchinson resided on land purchased here from the Narragansett tribe. For 10 points, name this home to Providence Plantations.

ANSWER: **Rhode Island** and Providence Plantations

BONUS: In 1842, a civil war in Rhode Island known as Dorr's Rebellion erupted over a controversial plan

to expand what right?

ANSWER: **voting** [or **suffrage**]

232-13-87-06103

4. This country took a step backwards in literary freedom in the 1966 Daniel trial, which marked the end of "The Thaw." In this country, the "Secret Speech" denounced the "cult of personality" that led to the imprisonment of artists. Later, this country instituted near-total free speech under "glasnost." For 10 points, name this country which relaxed cenorship under Mikhail Gorbachev.

ANSWER: the <u>Soviet Union</u> [or <u>U.S.S.R</u>; or <u>Union of Soviet Socialist Republics</u>; or <u>Sovuz Sovetskikh</u> <u>Sotsialisticheskikh Respublik</u>; or <u>Sovetsky Soyuz</u>; or <u>S.S.S.R.</u>; prompt on <u>Russia</u>]

BONUS: Name the ally of Stalin and longtime Foreign Minister who was also denounced in the 1950s, years after he lent his name to a "pact" with Joachim Ribbentrop and an improvised explosive "cocktail."

ANSWER: Vyacheslav Mikhaylovich Molotov [or Vyacheslav Mikhaylovich Skryabin]

5. Leander Perez tried to keep this party alive after its Presidential strategy failed. Its Birmingham convention nominated Fielding Wright for Vice-President in the election where it carried Louisiana, Alabama, Mississippi, and South Carolina. For 10 points, name this party which nominated Strom Thurmond for President in 1948 in opposition to the civil rights stance of the mainstream Democrats.

ANSWER: **Dixiecrat**s [or **States' Rights** Democratic Party]

BONUS: The Dixiecrats were joined on the 1948 ticket by the third incarnation of what party, which nominated Henry Wallace for President and was the most recent "fourth party" to exceed two percent of the vote?

ANSWER: **Progressive** Party

019-13-87-06105

6. Shortly after this conflict, Godfrey of Bouillon (bwee-YON) was crowned king of Jerusalem. The victors of this conflict set up namesake states in Edessa and Antioch. The main trigger behind this conflict was Alexius I's request for military support against the Seljuks. For 10 points, name this crusade launched in 1096 that was the original attempt to recapture Jerusalem from the Muslims.

ANSWER: **First** Crusade [prompt on **Crusade**s]

BONUS: The Crusade was called for by what Pope at the Council of Clermont?

ANSWER: <u>Urban II</u> [prompt on <u>Urban</u>]

186-13-87-06106

7. In *Sidereus Nuncius*, this scientist described his observations of four moons orbiting Jupiter. This man presented arguments in the form of a debate between Simplicio and Salviati in his *Dialogue Concerning the Two Chief World Systems*. For 10 points, identify this Florentine whose support of Copernicus's heliocentrism got him in trouble with the Church.

ANSWER: Galileo Galilei

BONUS: A possibly apocryphal story relates how Galileo dropped two balls of differing weights from what landmark in his hometown?

ANSWER: Leaning Tower of Pisa

233-13-87-06107

8. The Loews Hotel in this city was the first International Style skyscraper in the US. The first American zoo opened in this city in 1874, in Fairmount Park, in preparation for the Centennial Exposition of 1876. For 10 points, name this home of Independence Hall, the city where the Declaration of Independence and U.S. Constitution were written.

ANSWER: Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

BONUS: In 1985, an entire Philadelphia city block was destroyed when police in a standoff with the black radical MOVE organization engaged in what tactic, widely considered an extreme response?

ANSWER: dropped a **bomb** on the building from a helicopter [or equivalents]



NAPOLEON'S FINAL DEFEAT

Napoleon's final defeat...

1. Occurred at what battle in June 1815?

ANSWER: Battle of Waterloo

2. Came at the hands of what English duke and his Prussian allies?

ANSWER: Arthur <u>Wellesley</u> [or the Duke of <u>Wellington</u>]

3. Was nearly coincident with what 1814 to 1815 conference?

ANSWER: Congress of Vienna

4. Was fought in which modern-day country?

ANSWER: Kingdom of **Belgium**

5. Caused the emperor to be exiled to what island in the South Atlantic for the rest of his life?

ANSWER: Saint Helena

6. Came at the end of what period of time between Napoleon's first and second exiles, from March 20 to July 8?

ANSWER: the **Hundred Days** [or les **Cents Jours**; or War of the **Seventh Coalition**]

7. Led to a war in which Italian city, which then joined with Sicily to form the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies?

ANSWER: Kingdom of Naples [or Napoli]

8. Was forced due to the arrival of which Prussian general, who also beat Napoleon at Leipzig?

ANSWER: Gebhard Leberecht von Blucher

THE GULF WAR

The Gulf War of 1991...

1. Was fought against what Ba'ath Party leader of Iraq?

ANSWER: Saddam **Hussein**

2. Occurred during what U.S. President's term?

ANSWER: George <u>Herbert Walker Bush</u> [or George <u>Bush</u>, <u>Sr.</u>; or <u>Bush 41</u>; or <u>the first Bush</u>; or anything that correctly distinguishes him from his son; prompt on **Bush**]

3. Began with Iraq's invasion of what Persian Gulf country?

ANSWER: Kuwait

4. Had what American codename after it became an offensive operation?

ANSWER: Operation **Desert Storm**

5. Led to the repression of what ethnic group of northern Iraq and eastern Turkey?

ANSWER: **Kurd**ish people [or **Kurd**s]

6. Is sometimes called the second Persian Gulf War, after what decade-long border war?

ANSWER: <u>Iran-Iraq</u> War [or <u>Iraq-Iran</u> War; or the war between <u>Iraq</u> and <u>Iran</u>]

7. Led Iraq's Highway 80 to be given what nickname after thousands of retreating Iraqi tanks were destroyed?

ANSWER: **Highway of Death**

8. Involved American coalition forces led by what general at the head of United States Central Command?

ANSWER: Herbert Norman Schwartzkopf, Jr.

THE AUSTRIAN SUCCESSION

The Austrian ruler during the War of the Austrian Succession...

1. Was what woman?

ANSWER: Maria Theresa [or Maria Theresia]

2. Was the mother of what queen executed during the French Revolution?

ANSWER: Marie-Antoinette Josephe Jeanne [or Maria Antonia Josepha Joanna]

3. Was a member of what dynastic house?

ANSWER: **Hapsburg**s [or **Habsburg**s]

4. Later led her country into what war that lasted from 1756 to 1763?

ANSWER: **Seven Years'** War

5. Could have come to power peacefully thanks to what agreement set up by her father?

ANSWER: **Pragmatic Sanction** of 1713 6. Lost what valuable territory to Prussia?

ANSWER: Silesia [or Schlesien; or Slaszk; or Sleszko]

7. Was the daughter of what king?

ANSWER: Charles VI of the Holy Roman Empire [or Charles III of Hungary; prompt on Charles III]

8. Was succeeded by what son who abolished serfdom and the death penalty?

ANSWER: **Joseph II** [prompt on **Joseph**]



1. This player was the first draft pick made after Jerry Buss bought his team. While in college, he led Michigan State to the 1979 national championship against (+) Indiana State. With Guggenheim Partners and Stan Kasten, he owns the Los Angeles Dodgers. He returned to the NBA in 1992 to play in the All-Star Game, winning the game's MVP award. He abruptly (*) retired in 1991 after contracting HIV. For 10 points, name this Lakers point guard who had a rivalry with Larry Bird. ANSWER: Earvin "Magic" Johnson, Jr.

186-13-87-06101

2. An antagonist in this novel, Loker, falls of a cliff and repents when healed by Quakers. Supporting characters include Eva, who has a vision of heaven before dying. This novel begins with the Shelbys giving up Eliza, who tries to (+) flee to Canada. Its title character is beaten to death by Simon Legree's overseers. Apocryphally, Abraham (*) Lincoln referred to its author as "the little lady" who started the Civil War. For 10 points, name this Harriet Beecher Stowe novel about a kindly slave. ANSWER: *Uncle Tom's Cabin*; or Life Among the Lowly

052-13-87-06102

3. <u>Trajan sent Pliny the Younger a letter telling him that people of this type did not need to be sought out for punishment. An early ritual for this group of people was called the (+) agape (ah-GAP-ee), or love-feast, which was sometimes misrepresented as being an orgy. This group was blamed by Nero for the Great Fire of Rome, and was called cannibalistic because of the (*) Eucharist. For 10 points, name this group persecuted in the first century CE for belonging to a religious sect started by Jesus. ANSWER: Christians</u>

023-13-87-06103

4. In opposition to this legislation, the "Higher Law" speech was given by William Henry Seward. This bill gave Texas ten million dollars to pay off debt to Mexico, banned the (+) slave trade in Washington D.C., and admitted California as a (*) free state. For 10 points, name this agreement that created a harsher Fugitive Slave Act and was mediated by Frederick Douglass and Henry Clay. ANSWER: Compromise of 1850

227-13-87-06104

5. <u>June 16 is a holiday in this country, commemorating the 1976 massacre of high school students at Soweto. The Spear of the Nation was formed here after the (+) Sharpeville Massacre. This country's president P.W. Botha was succeeded by F.W. (*) de Klerk, who began to dismantle its system of apartheid. For 10 points, identify this country, home to Desmond Tutu and Nelson Mandela. ANSWER: Republic of South Africa</u>

233-13-87-06105

6. This monarch's desire to replace Whig ladies led to the Bedchamber crisis. This monarch was moved to the Isle of Wight during the heyday of Chartism. Benjamin (+) Disraeli made this monarch the Empress of India. The Crystal Palace or Great Exhibition was organized by this (*) queen's husband, Prince Albert. For 10 points, name this longest serving British monarch, who names a nineteenth-century era.

ANSWER: Queen Victoria

7. The first ruler of this government began the systematic persecution of the Kirishitans. It was founded by the last of the "three great unifiers." This government's power began to erode after the arrival of the (+) Black Ships of Matthew Perry, roughly 250 years after its founder won the Battle of (*) Sekigahara. For 10 points, name this last shogunate of Japan, which was deposed in the Meiji Restoration.

ANSWER: <u>Tokugawa</u> Shogunate [or <u>Edo</u> period; or <u>Tokugawa</u> bakufu; or <u>Edo</u> bakufu]

153-13-87-06107

8. <u>Job Shattuk and Luke Day were involved in this uprising, which was defeated at Petersham and Sheffield. An armory in (+)</u> Springfield was the main target of rebels in this event, which used mob gatherings to shut down courts. This uprising was sparked by aggressive debt collection and showed weaknesses in the (*) Articles of Confederation. For 10 points, name this 1786 to 1787 rebellion in Massachusetts.

ANSWER: Shays's Rebellion



This is a tossup provided for breaking ties or replacing a flubbed or erroneous question at any point in the packet. The power marks are provided so that it may be scored according to fourth quarter rules if it is replacing a fourth quarter question. The power marks should be ignored if this tossup is used to replace a first or second quarter question.

These people could manage a "peculium" and often worked on latifundia. Eunus was one of them who claimed to breathe fire and led a revolt in (+) Sicily. Marcus Crassus was elected consul after defeating a group of them. Six thousand of these people were crucified on the Appian Way after their revolt led by (*) Spartacus failed. For 10 points, name these unfree people of the ancient world.

ANSWER: Roman slaves

121-13-87-0610-1

BONUS: In 1993, Kim Campbell was elected as the first and to date only female Prime Minister of what

country?

ANSWER: Canada