



JC1 H2 Mathematics (9758)

Term 4 Revision Topical Quick Check

Chapter 10 Integration Techniques

1 HCI Promo 9758/2022/Q8

(a) Find $\int 3t \tan^{-1}(3t) dt$. [4]

(b) Using the substitution $u = x^2 + 1$, show that $\int_0^{\sqrt{7}} x^3 (x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$ can be expressed as

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_a^b u^{\frac{4}{3}} - u^{\frac{1}{3}} du,$$

where a and b are constants to be determined.

Hence find the exact value of $\int_0^{\sqrt{7}} x^3 (x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$. [5]

2 EJC Promo 9758/2022/Q6

(a) Find $\int x e^{3x^2+1} dx$. [1]

(b) Find $\int \sin^2(5x) dx$. [3]

(c) Find $\int \frac{x}{4x^2 - 4x + 17} dx$. [5]

3 MI PU2 P1 Promo 9758/2022/Q4

(i) Find $\int \cos 2x \sin x dx$. [3]

(ii) Find $\int \frac{e^{\sin^{-1} 2x}}{\sqrt{1-4x^2}} dx$. [2]

(iii) Find $\int \frac{5}{x^2 + 6x + 13} dx$. [3]

Answer Key

| No. | Year | JC | Answers |
|-----|------|-----|---|
| 1 | 2022 | HCI | (a) $\frac{3}{2}t^2 \tan^{-1}(3t) - \frac{1}{2}t + \frac{1}{6} \tan^{-1}(3t) + C$ (b) $\frac{1209}{56}$ |
| 2 | 2022 | EJC | (a) $\frac{1}{6}e^{3x^2+1} + c$ (b) $\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{20}\sin 10x + c$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}\ln(4x^2 - 4x + 17) + \frac{1}{16}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-1}{4}\right) + c$ |
| 3 | 2022 | MI | (i) $-\frac{2}{3}\cos^3 x + \cos x + C$ $\left(\text{or } -\frac{1}{6}\cos 3x + \frac{1}{2}\cos x + c\right)$ (ii) $\frac{1}{2}e^{\sin^{-1} 2x} + c$ (iii) $\frac{5}{2}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x+3}{2}\right) + c$ |