## It Depends:

Modeling and Forecasting in the Time of a Pandemic

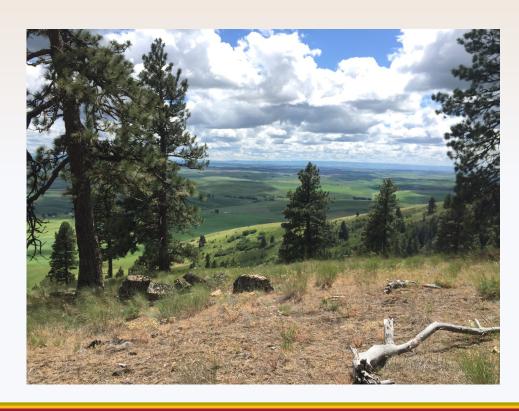
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#### Who Am I?

- PhD in Epidemiology from UNC Chapel Hill
- Postdoc at Network Dynamics and Simulation Science Lab, Virginia Tech
- Now an Associate Professor at the Paul G. Allen School for Global Health at Washington State University





## **What Went Right**



## **Modeling as a Tool**

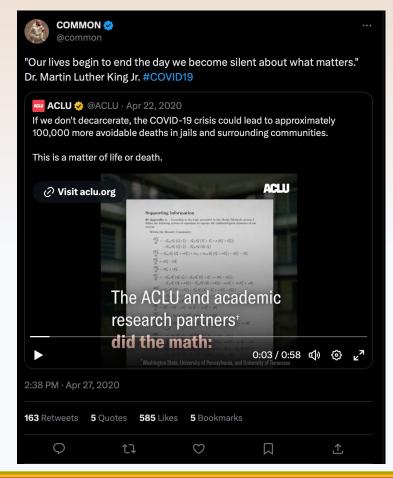
- Modeling entered mainstream public awareness as an important public health tool
- Way more people knew what R<sub>0</sub> meant than beforehand
- Models and forecasts were both in high demand and widespread use in decisionmaking, thresholds, etc.





### **Distributed Modeling**

- The decentralized nature of the response to the pandemic, and the multifaceted impacts of it, meant there was a need – and the use – of modeling in a number of roles outside the usual national or state level modeling efforts
- Working with NGOs, universities (about themselves), large employers, etc.
- Adding some rigor, at least structurally, to what might have been guesswork







## Forecasts Everywhere!

- Georgia Tech COVID-19 Event Risk Tool
  - Personally used this along with other forecasts, models of vaccine rollout, etc. for everything from toy soldiers to federal court cases
- This is much closer to helping inform decision making at a very granular level than a lot modeling in the past





## What Went (More) Right



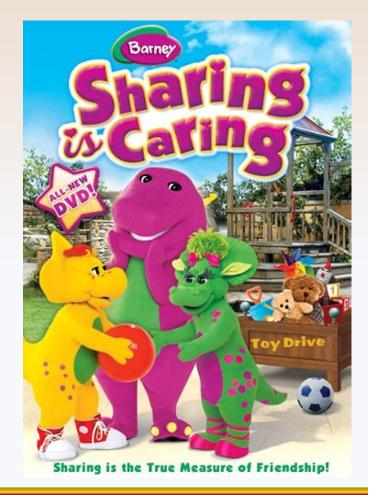
#### **Preprints**

- Epidemiology is, generally, not a field terribly concerned about being scooped
- Nevertheless, modeling work often has an "expiration date"
  - "Should we cancel football this year" is obviously only a salient question for a little while
- This frequently does not align with publication timelines
  - Especially not in a pandemic, where the overworked people making the models are the overworked people reviewing the models
- Preprints are especially helpful for smaller groups, who don't have the professional "weight" to ensure their findings are disseminated in conference calls, etc.
  - Also makes sure that the people on those calls aren't the only ones who can access them



## **Sharing**

- Modelers can be (paradoxically) both really open to sharing and really not
- The COVID-19 pandemic saw, in my mind, an increased amount of sharing of models, results, etc.
  - The original models for the WSU response were built off other university models that were open
- Data is still often held a little tight to the vest
- Tools like GitHub and Shiny are massive here





## **What Went Wrong**



## "The Boys Will Be Home By Christmas"

- A forecast can, either by methodological error or design – or deciding to ignore the source of methodological errors – give politically favorable forecast
- Usually this was "The worst is over" in one form or another
- This had very serious ramifications for stakeholder trust in modeling as a tool more broadly



#### **Missed Forecasts**

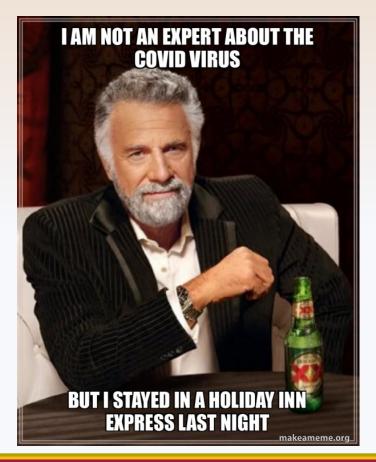
- We are, to be frank, only so-so at forecasting epidemics right now
  - This is the subject of a considerable amount of introspection
- Some of the errors of previous pandemics were not repeated
  - Many fewer very long-term forecasts
  - Use of ensemble modeling for national scale and scenario models
  - Greater hesitance by some modeling teams to make leaps
- Arguably, early forecasts were overly optimistic
  - Without good evidence on extensive asymptomatic spread, SARS-CoV-2 seems containable
- Other settings with a complete absence of data
  - What's the mixing rate of students and alumni while tailgating at a football game?





### **Epidemic Chauvinism**

- In the face of an increasingly crowded field of "experts" on the pandemic, epidemiology and public health (maybe rightly) had a bit of a "stay in your lane" impulse
- The problem is modeling isn't our lane
- There are many infectious disease epidemiologists who aren't well trained in modeling
  - In the U.S., modeling isn't necessarily a widely taught
- There are many modelers who aren't found in epidemiology departments
  - Including me, and both my postdoctoral mentor and the modeling expert on my dissertation committee...





### Where Do We Go From Here



# **Building Relationships Before We Need Them**

- "Who do we call?" was a huge problem
  - Both for people in need of modelers, and modelers in need of data
- It's really hard to do this during a pandemic
- This seems obvious, but it's also really daunting if we're not going to assume a central response to the next pandemic
  - It's not just your state it's your local hospital systems, schools, employers, etc.





## **Sustained Funding**

- How this normally works goes something like this:
  - A modeler is working on something else, and an emerging epidemic occurs
  - There's a period of very intense work that is essentially uncompensated, supported by understanding program officers
  - CDC contracts, NSF RAPID grants, supplements, etc. help plug the gap
  - There's a wave of funding that the modelers do their best to sock away
  - The emergency passes and funding dries up well before the work is done
- This obviously isn't sustainable, and the CDC Center for Forecasting and Outbreak Analytics is partially meant to resolve this



## A Modeling Literate Public Health Workforce

- Modeling should (in my opinion) not be a niche discipline within infectious diseases in terms of training
- Modeling literacy is a basic skill in epidemiology
- This is not just an academic public health problem
  - Can your county epidemiologist identify where modeling might helpful?
  - How about hospital administrators or infection control teams?
- If we do continue to follow the decentralized modeling paradigm we saw for COVID-19, we need both more modelers and more modeling literate public health practitioners at all levels of public health



## **Thank You and Funding**

- Contact Information:
  - Eric.Lofgren@wsu.edu
  - Twitter: @GermsAndNumbers
- Funding:
  - NIH R35GM147013 and CDC U01CK000673
- We're hiring!
  - Actively recruiting at least one postdoc and graduate students
  - Staff position in data management to work on some very cool global health projects
  - Interested in helping lead and develop an undergraduate program in public health? Come talk to me



Lofgren Lab

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