Simple Datagram Server & Client:

- ·listener.c & talker.c
- **listener** sits on a machine waiting for an incoming packet on port 4950.
- talker sends a packet to that port, on the specified m achine, that contains whatever the user enters on the command line.

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• The server (listener.c) code
(skeleton):
•#include .....
#define MYPORT 4950 /* the port
     users will be connecting to */
•#define MAXBUFLEN 100
main()
• {
int sockfd;
struct sockaddr_in my_addr;
      /* my address information */
```

struct sockaddr in their addr;

•int addr_len, numbytes;

char buf[MAXBUFLEN];

• sockfd = socket(AF_INET,

/* connector's address information */

SOCK_DGRAM, 0);

- my_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
- my_addr.sin_port = MYPORT;
- bind(sockfd, &my_addr, sizeof(struct sockaddr));

- printf("packet is %d bytes long\n", numbytes);
- **buf**[**numbytes**] = $' \setminus 0'$;
- •printf("packet contains "%s", buf);

- •close(sockfd);
- } /* End Datagram Server */

The Client (talker.c) code (skeleton):

- •#include
- •#define ServPORT 4950
- •/* the port clients will be connecting to */
- main(int argc, char *argv[])
- {
- int sockfd;
- •struct sockaddr_in their_addr;
- •/* Server's address information */
- struct hostent *he;
- int numbytes;
- he = gethostbyname(argv[1])

- •their_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
- •their_addr.sin_port = ServPORT;
- •their_addr.sin_addr = he->h_addr;
- •numbytes = sendto(sockfd, argv[2],
 strlen(argv[2]), 0, &their_addr,
 sizeof(struct sockaddr));
- printf("sent %d bytes to %s\n", numbytes, their_addr.sin_addr);
- •close(sockfd);
- return 0;
- }/* End Datagram Client */