

Before you start:

- Try not to read ahead.
- Do one task at a time. The trick is to learn to work incrementally.
- Make sure you only test for **correct inputs**. there is no need to test for invalid inputs for this kata

## String Calculator

- 1) Create a simple String calculator with a method `int Add(string numbers)`
  - a) The method can take 0, 1 or 2 numbers, and will return their sum (for an empty string it will return 0) for example "" or "1" or "1,2"
  - b) Start with the simplest test case of an empty string and move to 1 and two numbers
  - c) Remember to solve things as simply as possible so that you force yourself to write tests you did not think about
  - d) Remember to refactor after each passing test
- 2) Allow the Add method to handle an unknown amount of numbers
- 3) Allow the Add method to handle new lines between numbers (instead of commas).
  - a) the following input is ok: "1\n2,3" (will equal 6)
  - b) the following input is NOT ok: "1,\n" (not need to prove it - just clarifying)
- 4) Support different delimiters
  - a) to change a delimiter, the beginning of the string will contain a separate line that looks like this: "[delimiter]\n[numbers...]" for example "//;\n1;2" should return three where the default delimiter is ',' .
  - b) the first line is optional. all existing scenarios should still be supported
- 5) Calling Add with a negative number will throw an exception "negatives not allowed" - and the negative that was passed. if there are multiple negatives, show all of them in the exception message

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**Stop here if you are a beginner.** Continue if you can finish the steps so far in less than 30 minutes.

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- 6) Numbers bigger than 1000 should be ignored, so adding  $2 + 1001 = 2$
- 7) Delimiters can be of any length with the following format: `//[delimiter]\n` for example: `//[***]\n1***2***3` should return 6
- 8) Allow multiple delimiters like this: `//[delim1][delim2]\n` for example `//[*][%]\n1*2%3` should return 6.
- 9) make sure you can also handle multiple delimiters with length longer than one char