# OpenDSS Training Workshop

## Basics and Scripting

Andres Ovalle, PhD
EPRI Knoxville, TN

August 22, 2022

# Instructor

## Andres Ovalle

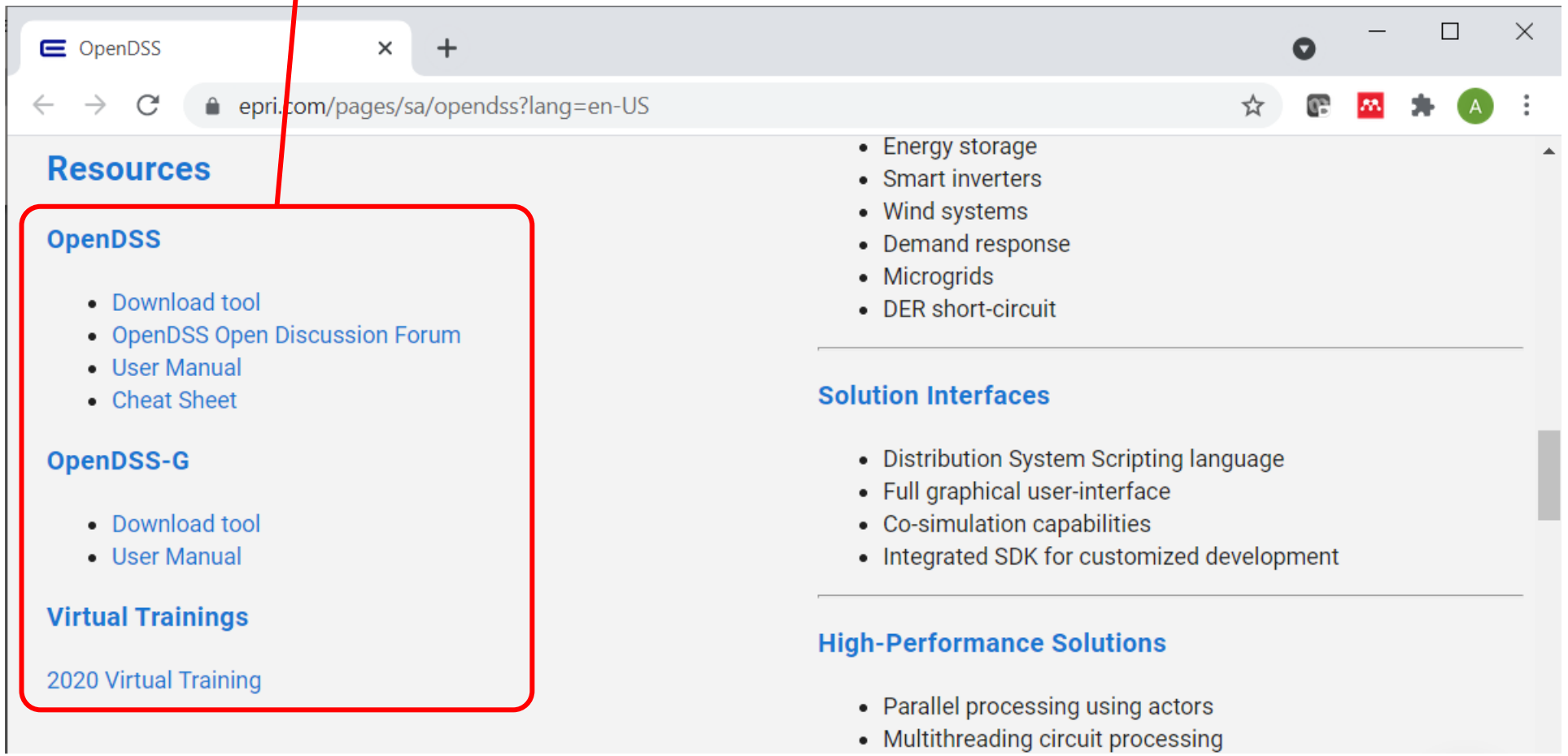
Andres Ovalle is an Engineer/Scientist III with the Power System Studies team at the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI). His current research activities focus on modeling of power systems, system protection in distribution and transmission, and impacts geomagnetic disturbance related harmonics on power systems. Mr. Ovalle joined EPRI in 2018. Prior to joining EPRI, Mr. Ovalle was with the French National Railways Company (SNCF) and the Grenoble Electrical Engineering Laboratory (G2E-lab) for approximately 2 years where he worked as a postdoctoral research engineer in the use of energy storage for the support of electrified railways. Mr. Ovalle received the B.S.E.E. degree from the Universidad de Los Andes, Bogota, Colombia, in 2011, the M.E.E. degree from the Universidad de Los Andes in 2013, and the Ph.D. in Electrical Engineering from the Université de Grenoble Alpes, Grenoble, France, in 2016.

# Installation and Startup

# OpenDSS in EPRI.com

Plenty of resources to start with at EPRI.com

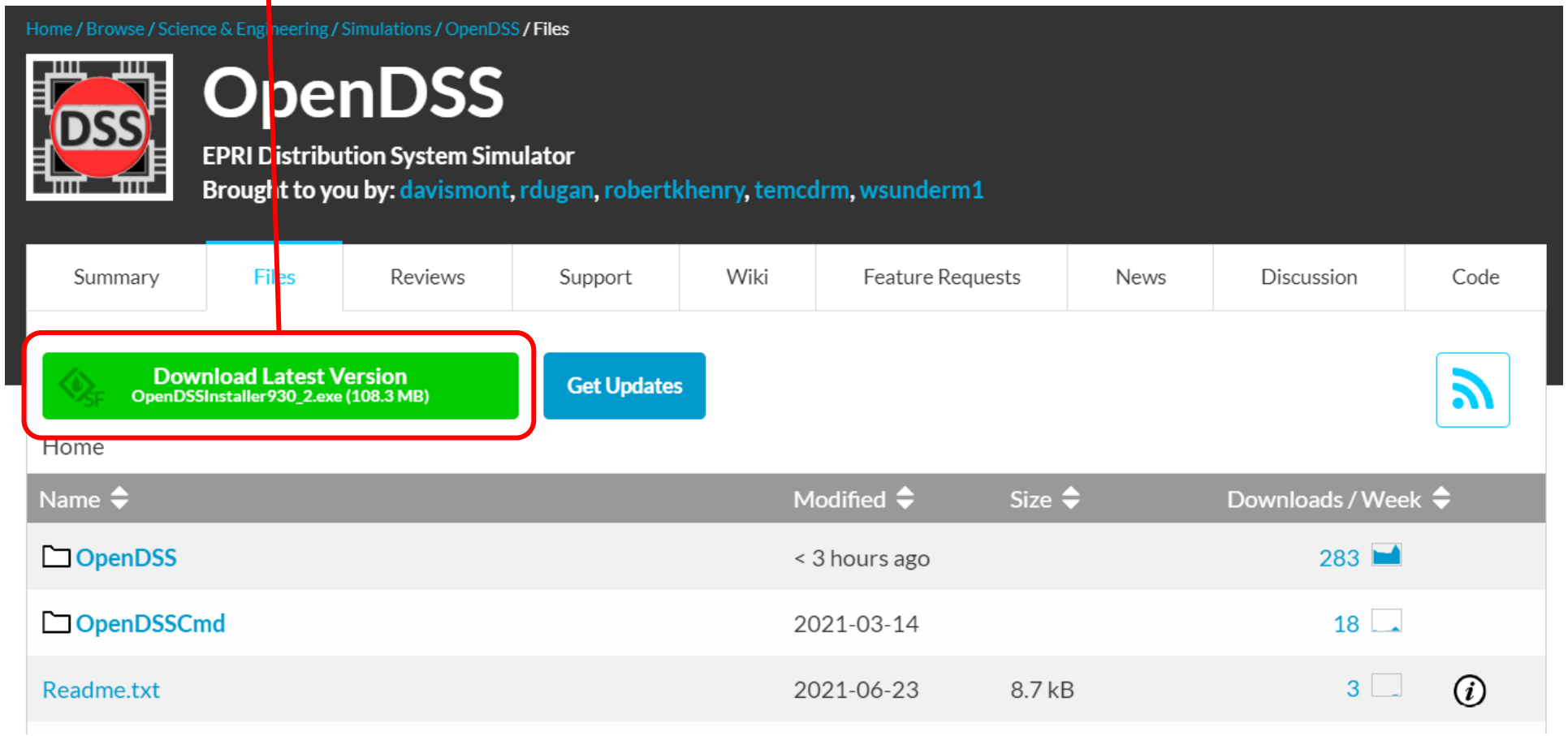
https://www.epri.com/pages/sa/opendss?lang=en-US



# OpenDSS in SourceForge.net

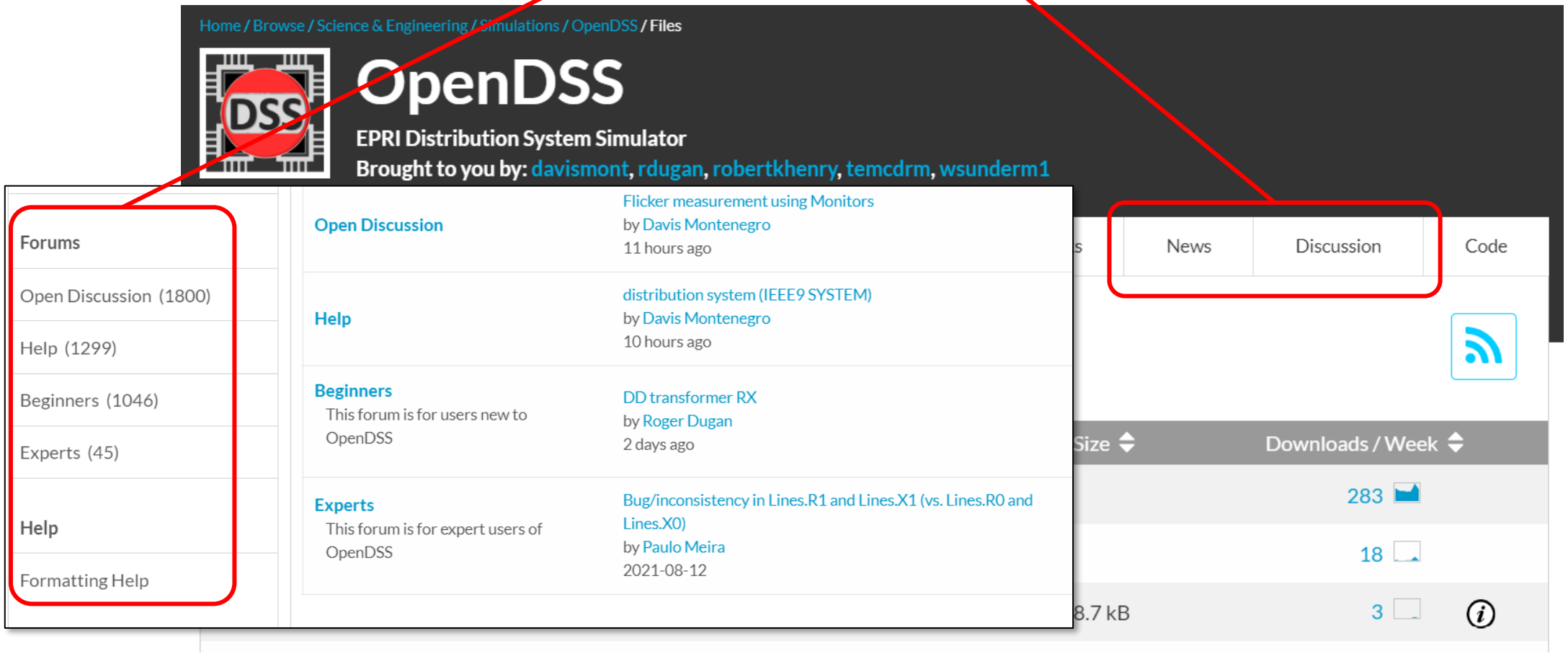
You can get the latest installer of OpenDSS from

https://sourceforge.net/projects/electricdss/files/

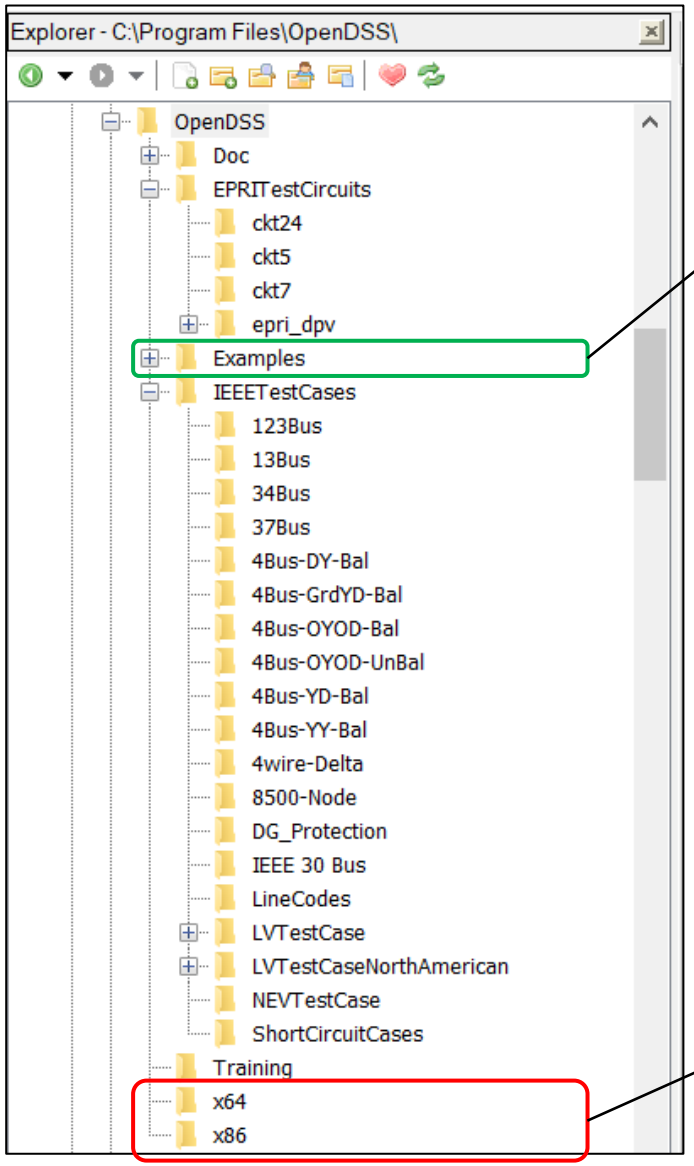


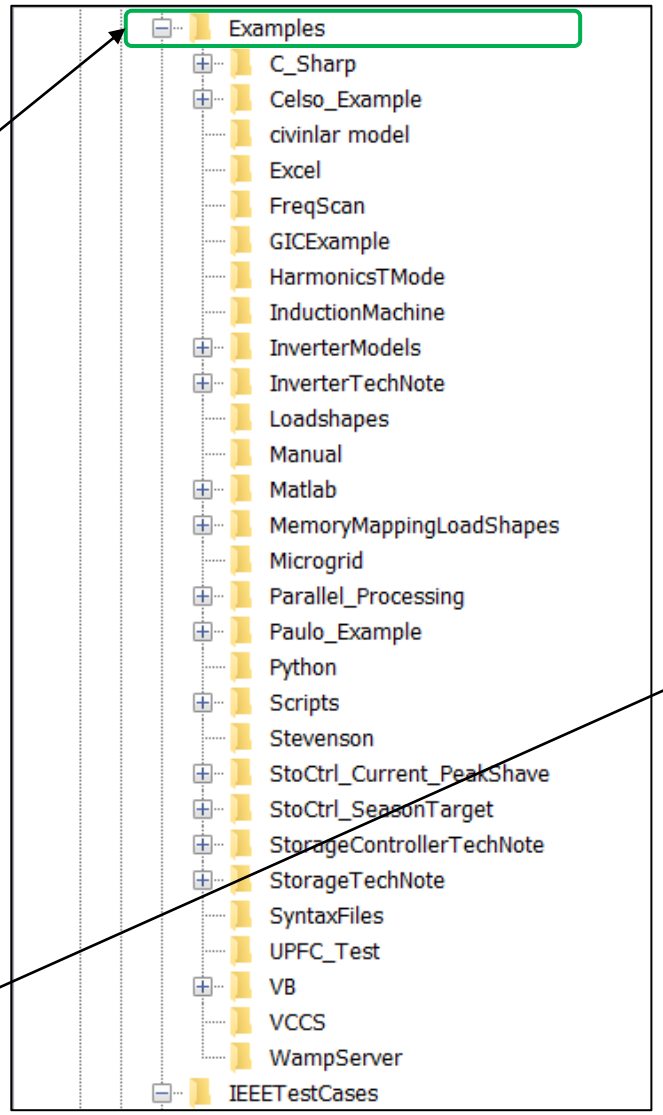
# OpenDSS in SourceForge.net

The *News* and forums in the *Discussion* tab are one of the best resources to get your questions answered

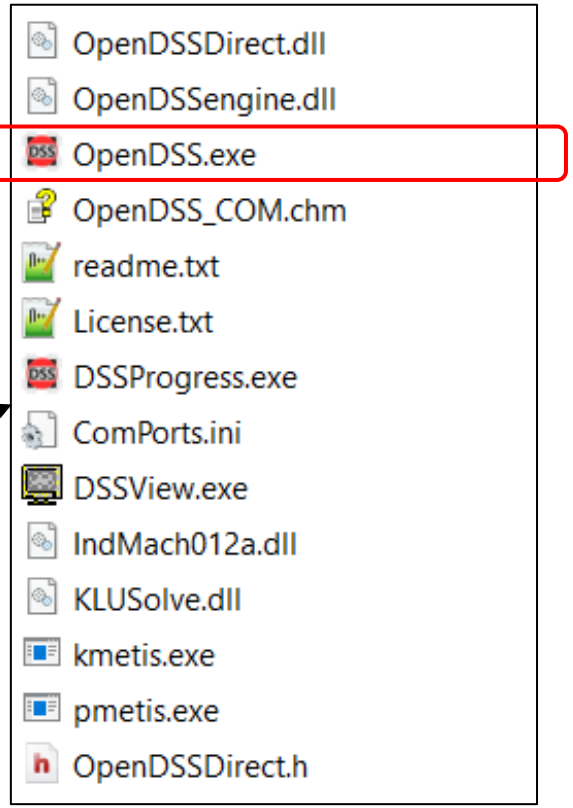


# OpenDSS Files in Installation folder



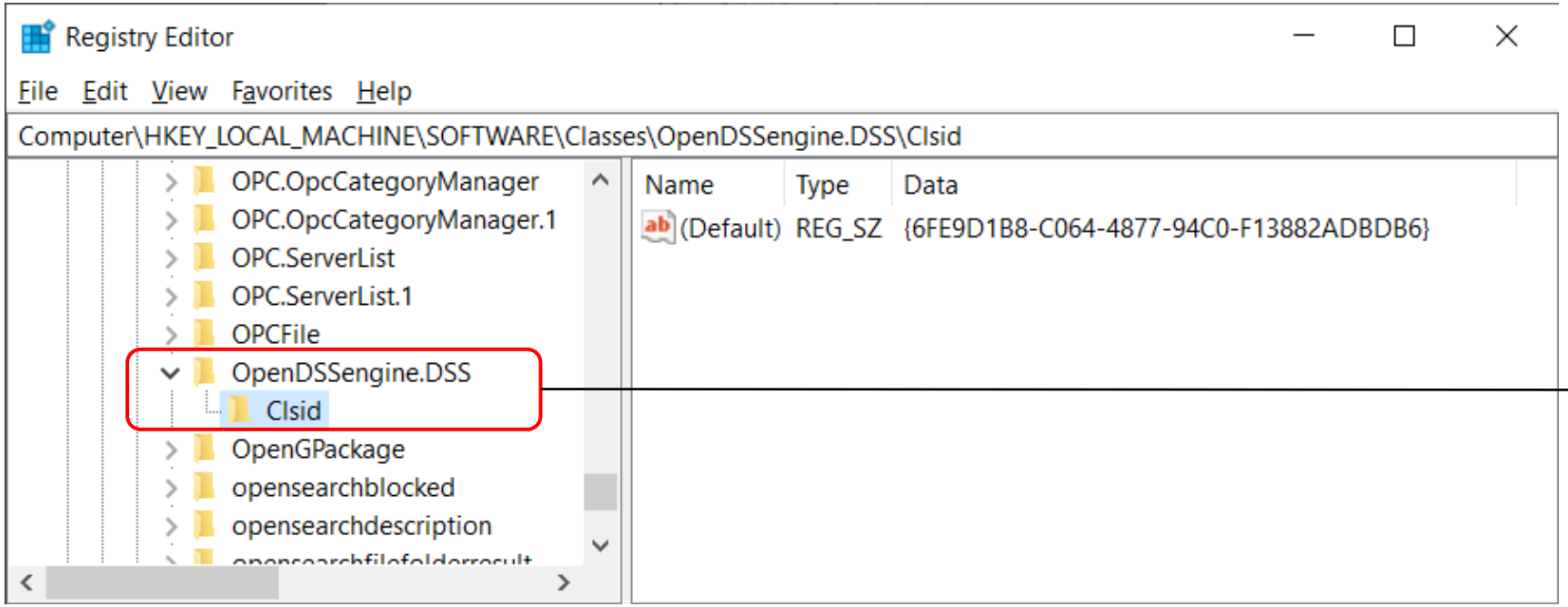




Main OpenDSS program files



# COM Server Registration

The installer automatically registers the OpenDSS COM server in the Windows Registry Entry

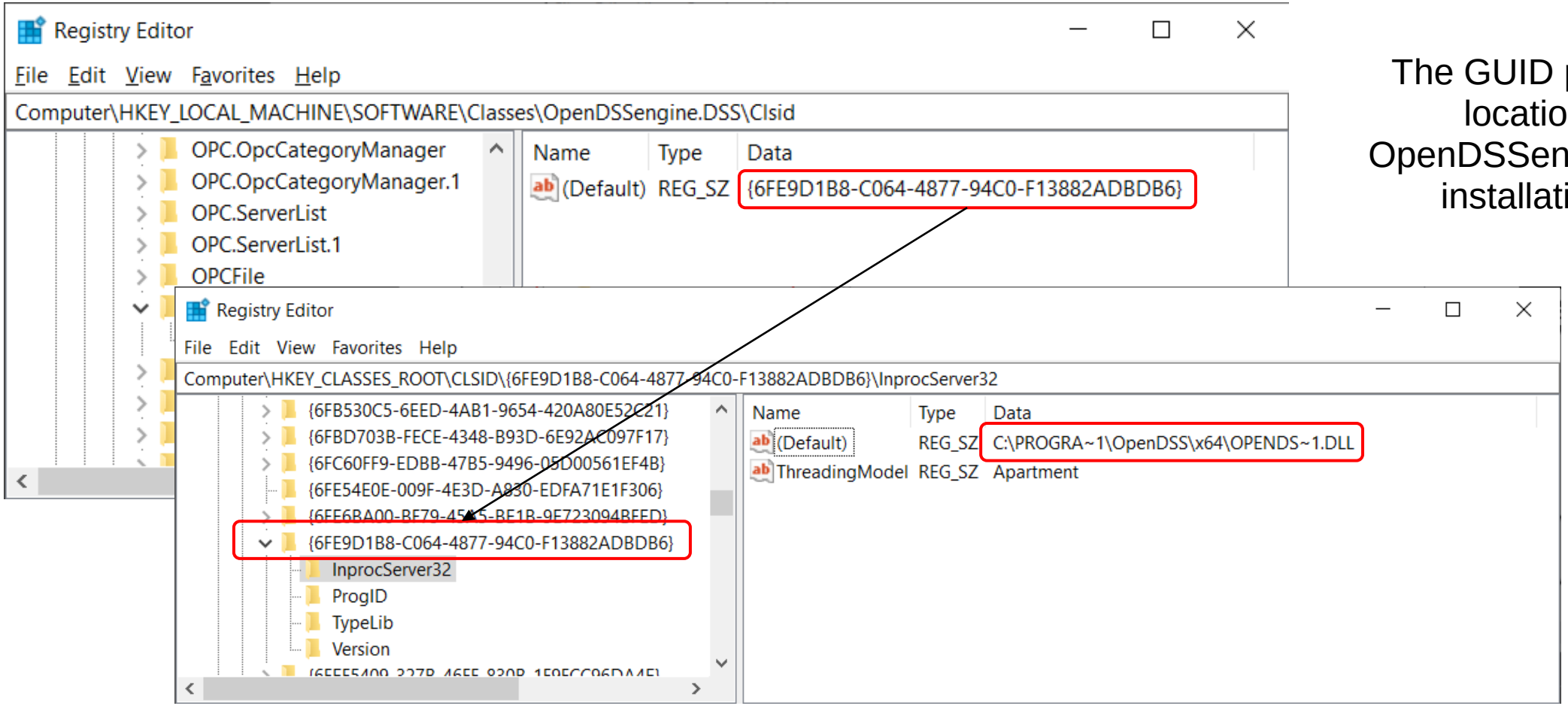



The COM Server shows up as OpenDSSEngine.DSS in the **Windows Registry**

The OpenDSS COM server is now available to any COM client/program on the computer

# COM Server Registration

The installer automatically registers the OpenDSS COM server in the Windows Registry Entry



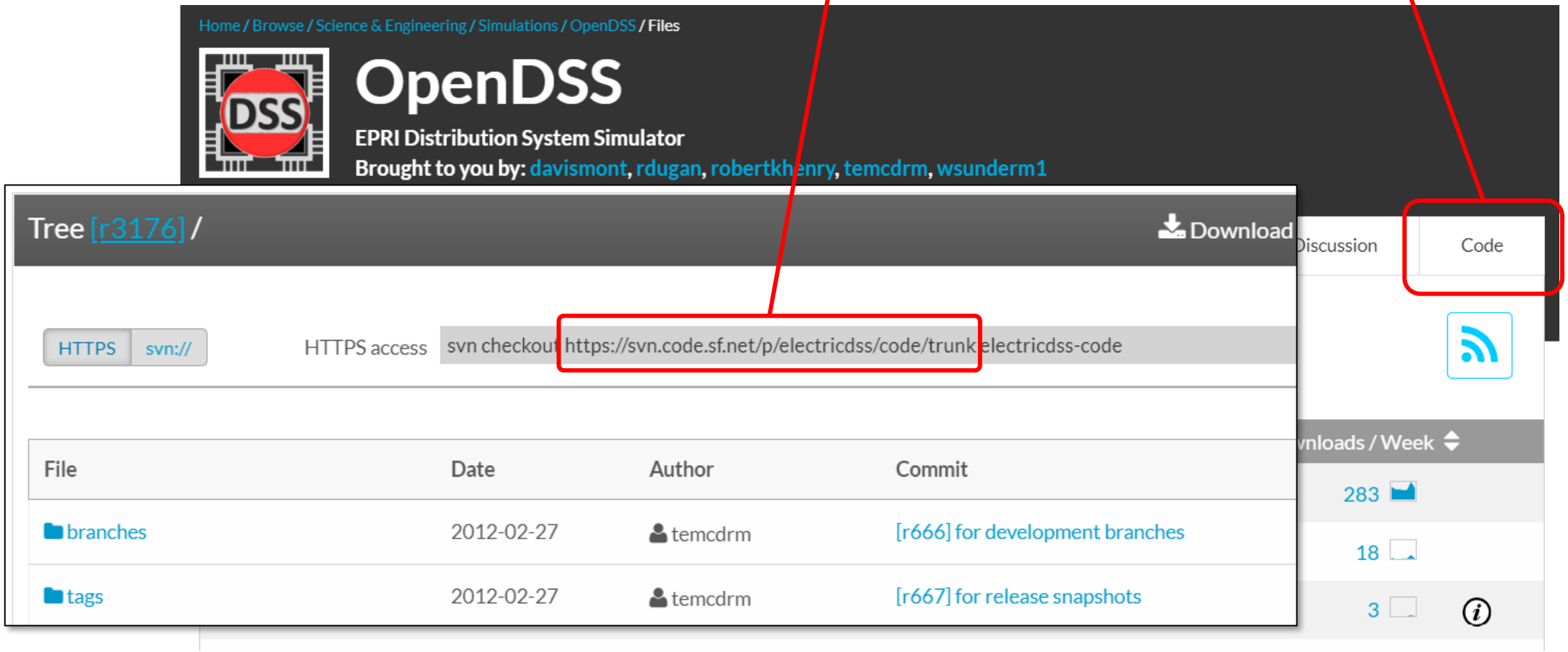

The GUID points to the location of the OpenDSSengine.dll in the installation folder

# Getting the Source Code

# OpenDSS in SourceForge.net

In the *Code* tab you can get the URL of the main repository or download a snapshot of the source code

https://svn.code.sf.net/p/electricdss/code/trunk



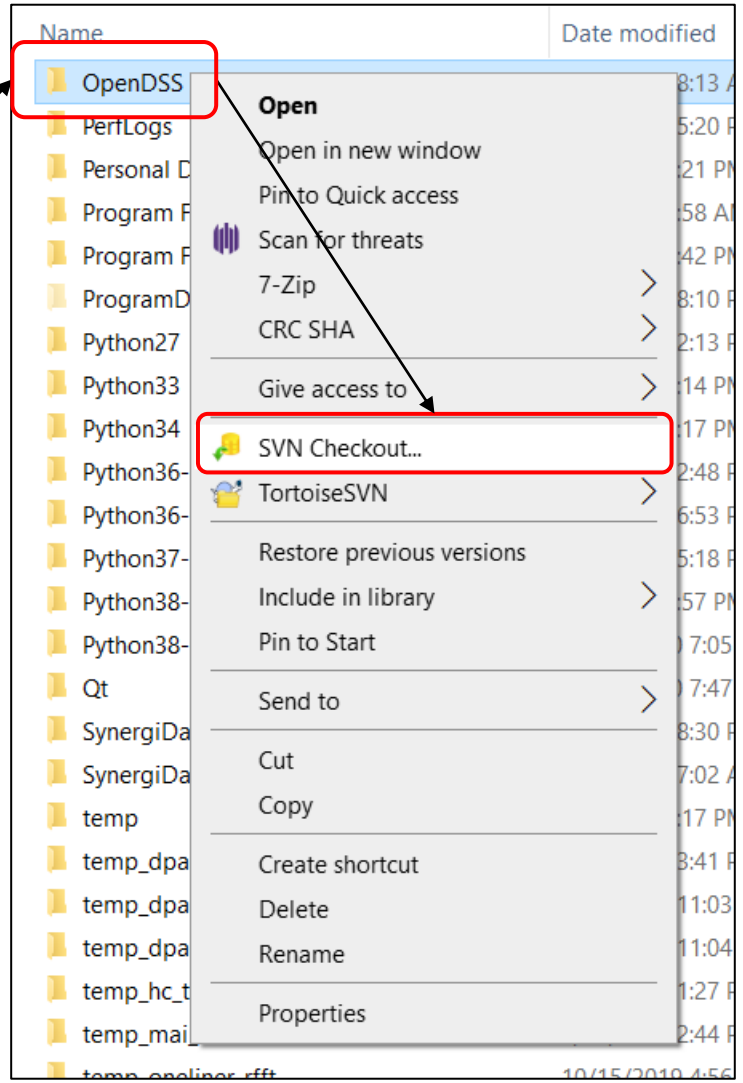
# Accessing the Source Code Repository with TortoiseSVN

- Install a **TortoiseSVN** client from https://tortoisesvn.net/downloads.html

- Grab the OpenDSS files from SourceForge:

1. Create a clean directory such as `C:\OpenDSS`
2. Right-click on it and choose *SVN Checkout…* from the menu
3. The repository URL is https://svn.code.sf.net/p/electricdss/code/trunk

Thereafter, to update a folder or file, right-click on the folder or file and select **SVN Update**



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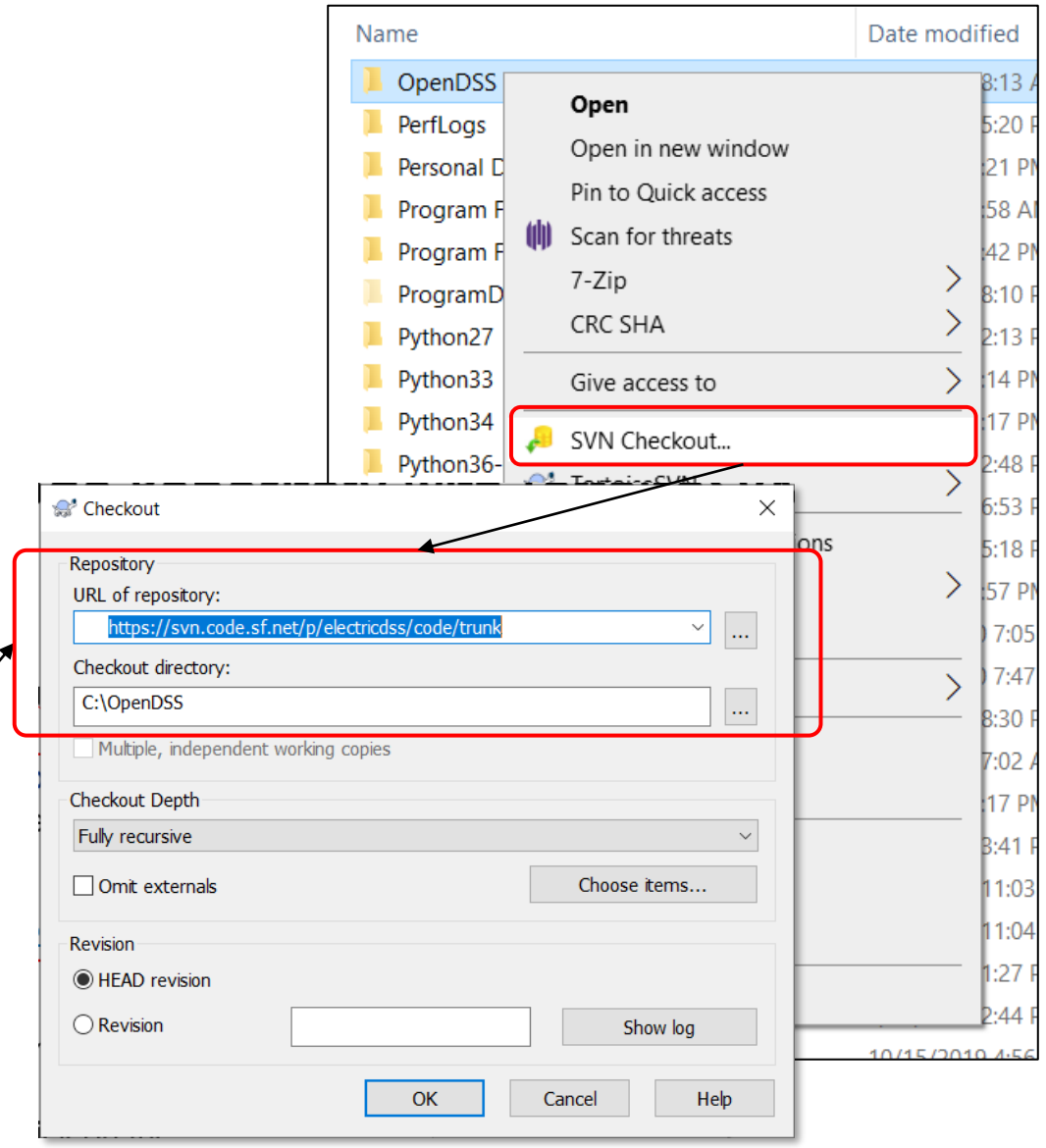

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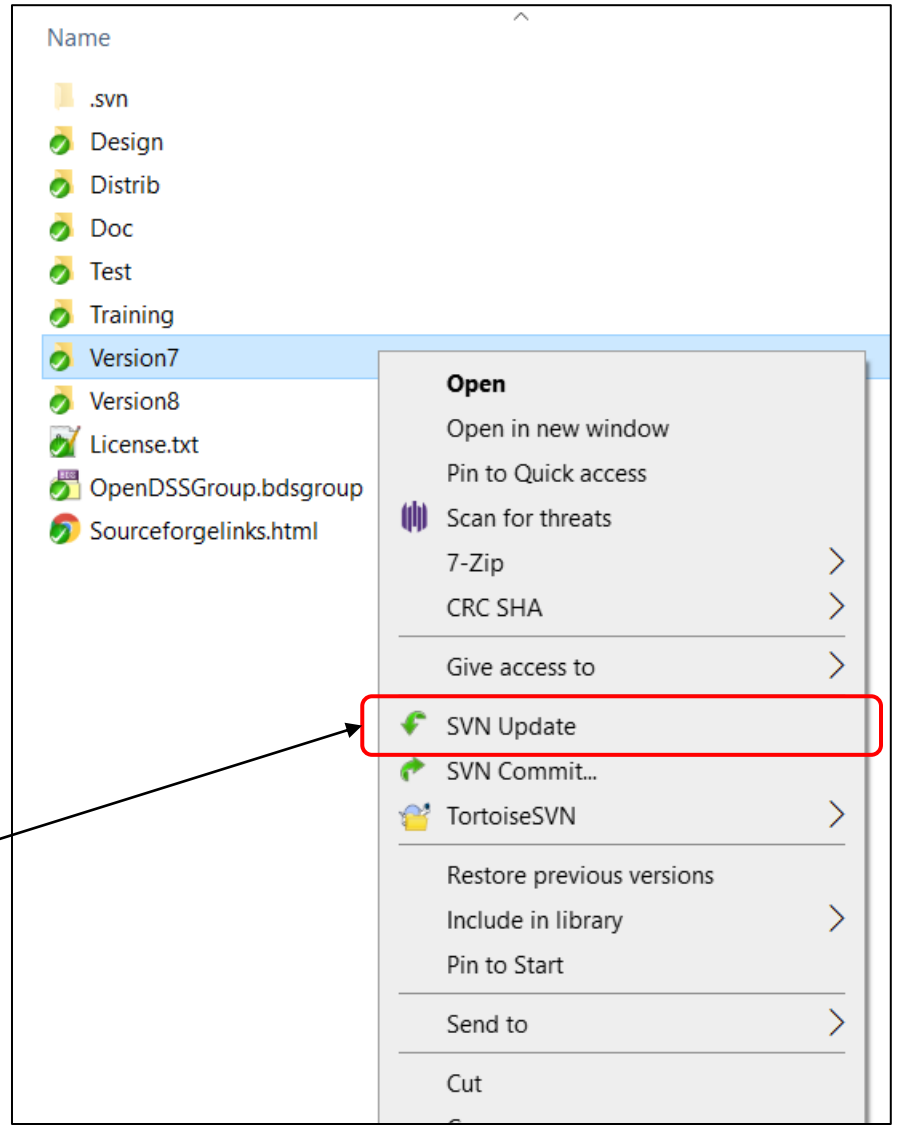
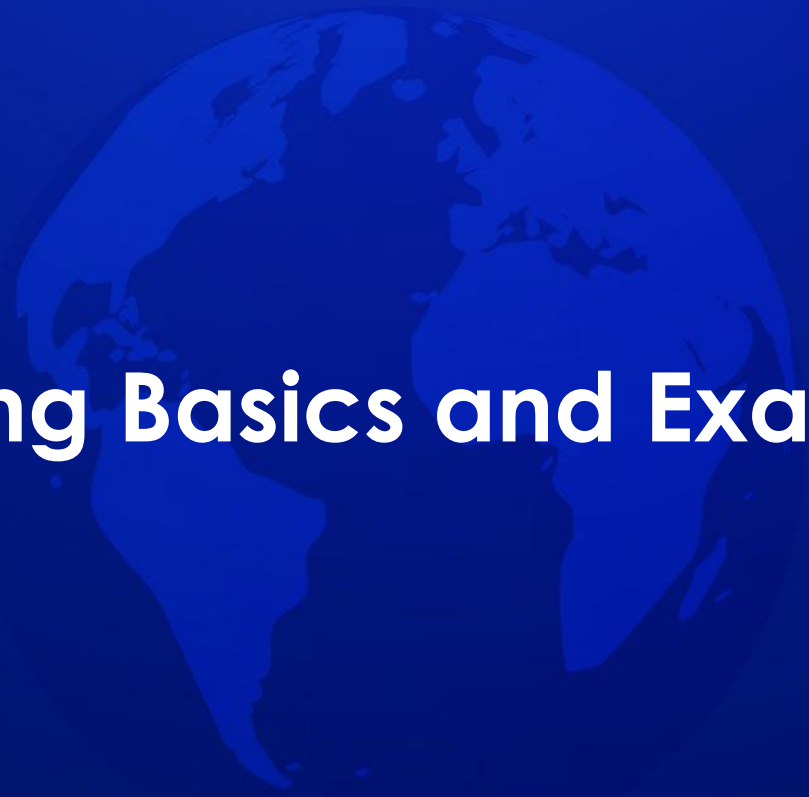
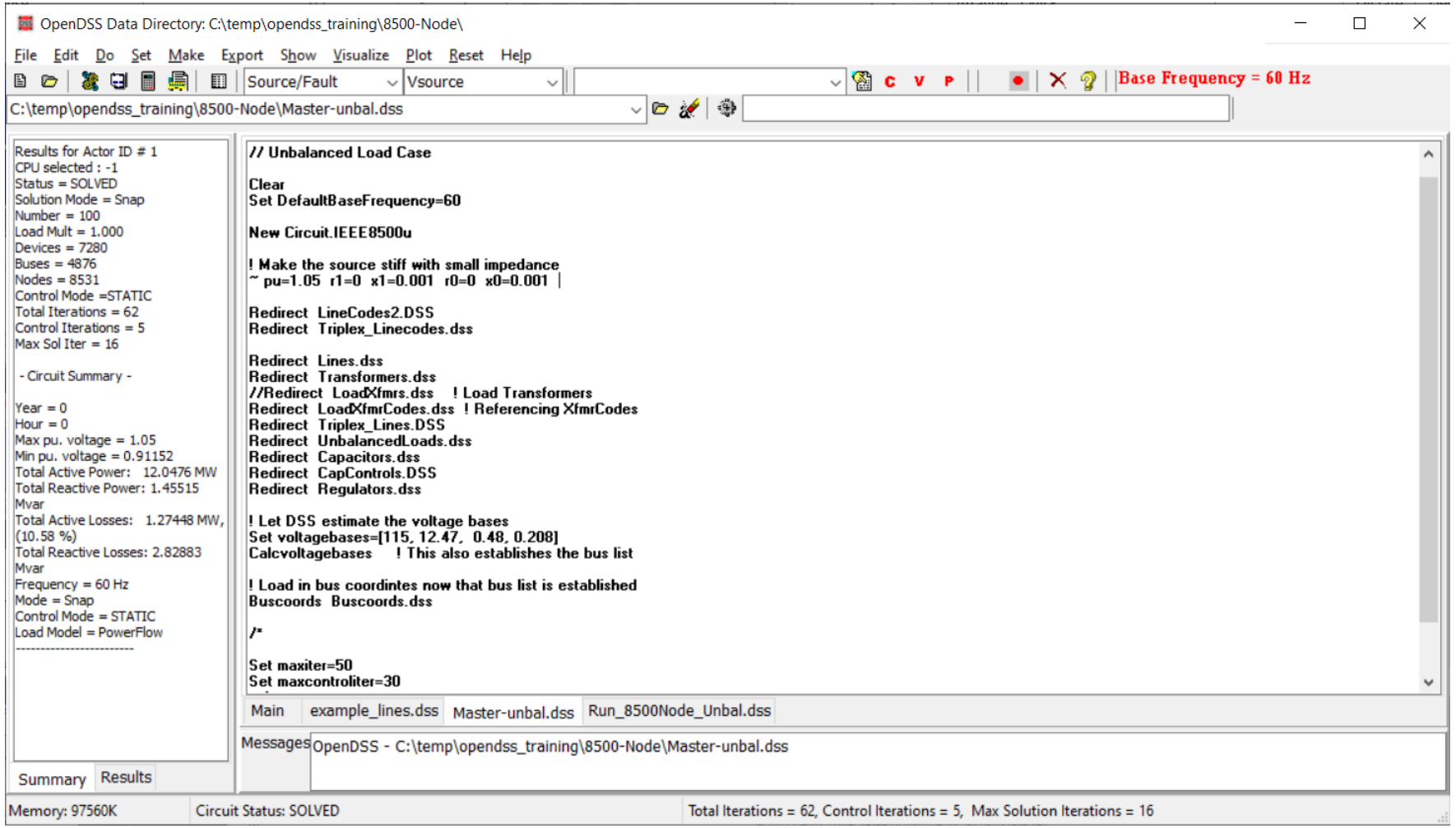


# Scripting Basics and Examples



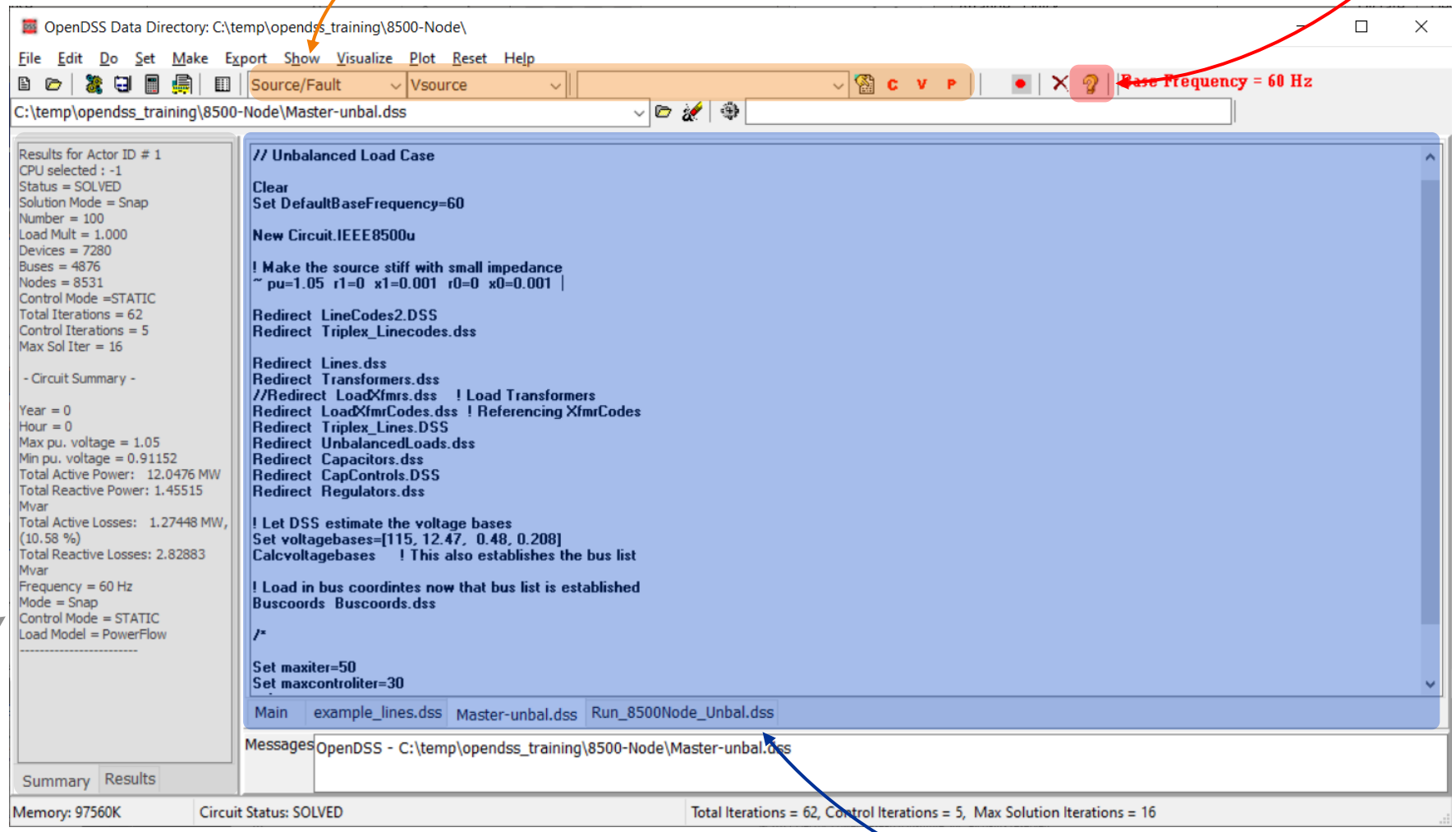
# OpenDSS interface



# OpenDSS interface

DSS Element toolbar

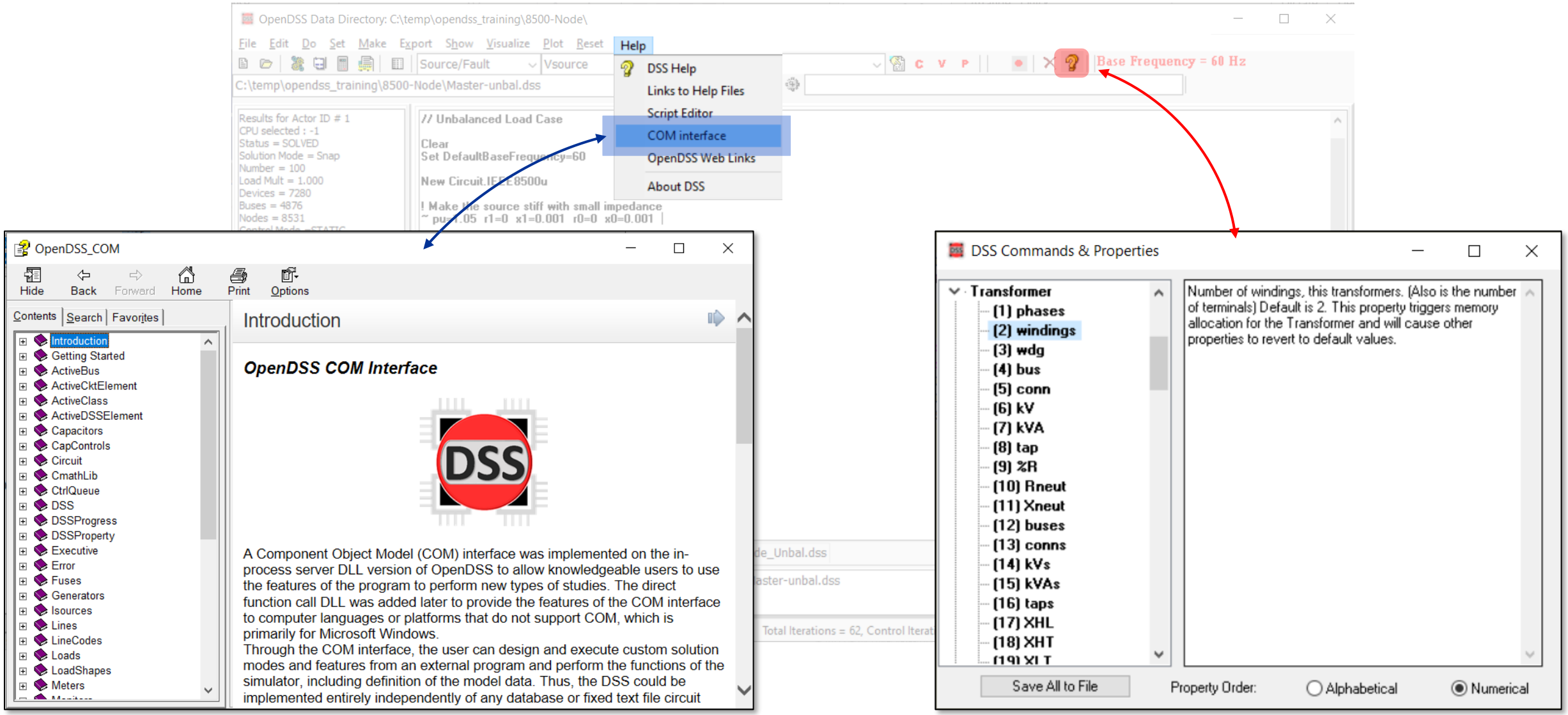
Command and Properties help




Solution / Results summaries

DSS script editor / navigator

# OpenDSS interface



# Summary of Commands and Scripting Characters

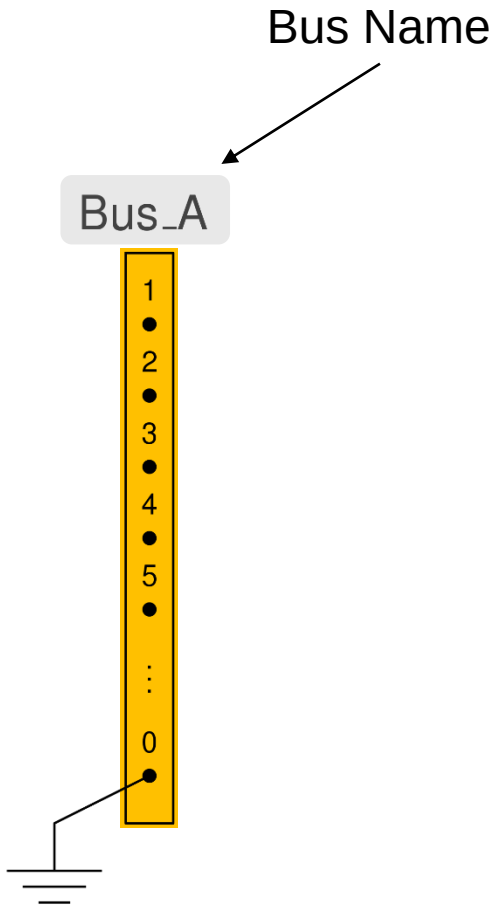
## Scripting

| Character | Description |
|---|---|
| ~ | Line continuation |
| [] () {} “” ‘’ | Arrays, Matrices, Strings, Math Expressions |
| \| | Row delimiter in matrices |
| , space tab | Delimiter command parameters and array/matrix entries |
| . | Delimiter class-object, bus-node |
| = | Delimiter parameter tag and parameter value |
| ! // | In line comments |
| /*…*/ | Block comments |

## Commands (common)

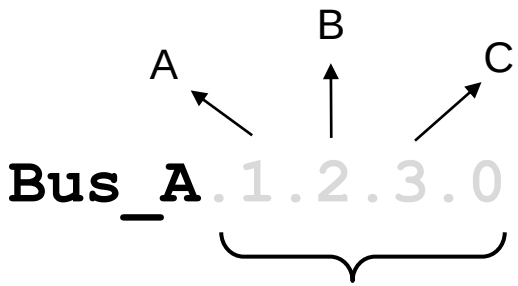
| Command | Description |
|---|---|
| New | Create new DSS elements |
| Edit | Edit existing DSS elements |
| Set | Define solution modes and options |
| Solve | Perform current solution mode |
| Show | Write selected results to text files |
| Export | Export solution variables in CSV or XML format |
| Plot | Plots results with built-in plotting features |

# OpenDSS Buses and Nodes




Buses are a collection of 1 or more nodes

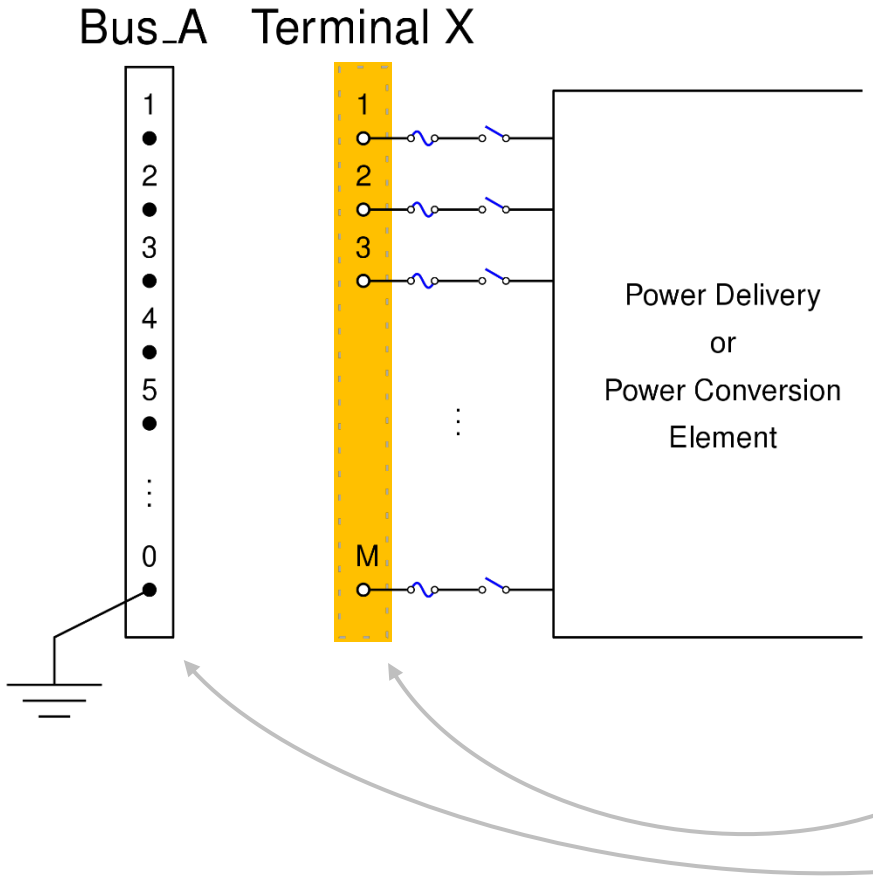
- A bus can host several nodes
- Node 0 of the bus is always grounded (0 V)
- Conventionally nodes 1 2 and 3 are associated to phases A B and C (but it is not mandatory)




Assumed by default for 3-ph elements if not specified

# OpenDSS Terminals

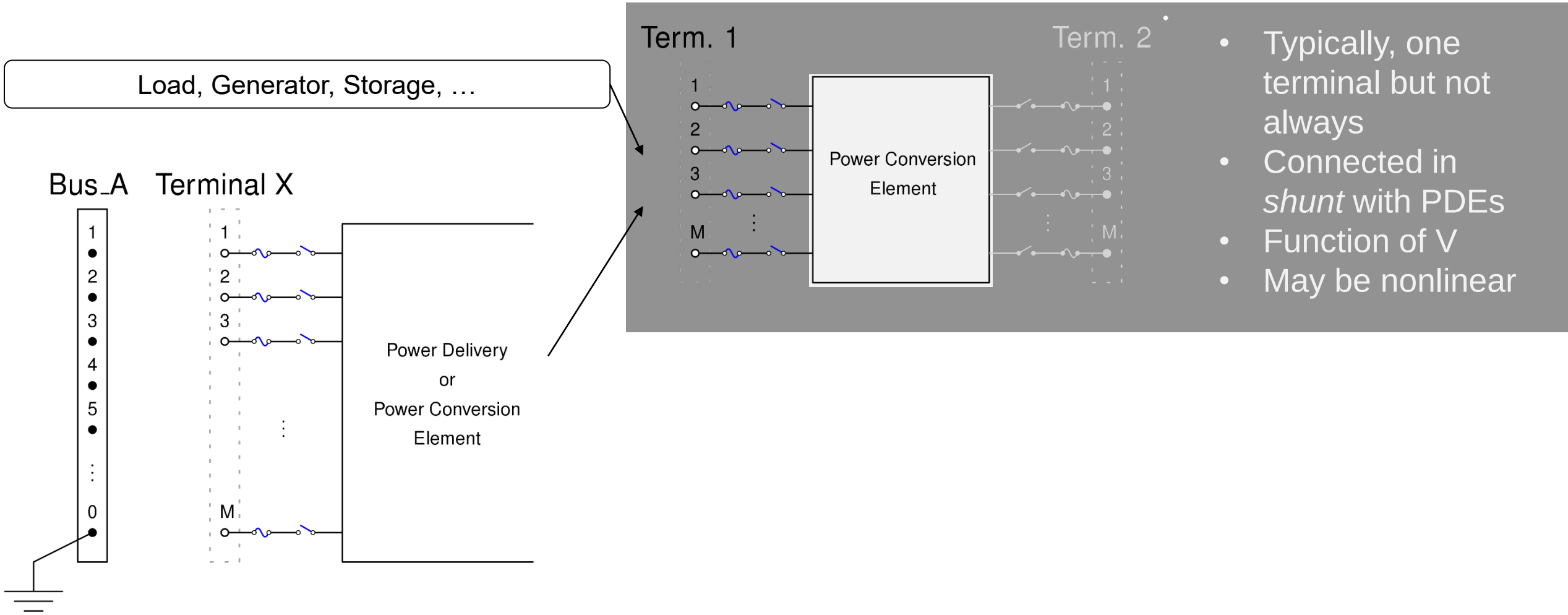
A Terminal can be associated to only one Bus.
A Bus can be associated to multiple terminals




- Circuit Elements can have one or more terminals
- A Terminal is a collection of *M* conductors
- Circuit Elements have fuses in series with switches on each conductor of each of its terminals

```
Bus1=Bus_A.1.2.3.0
```

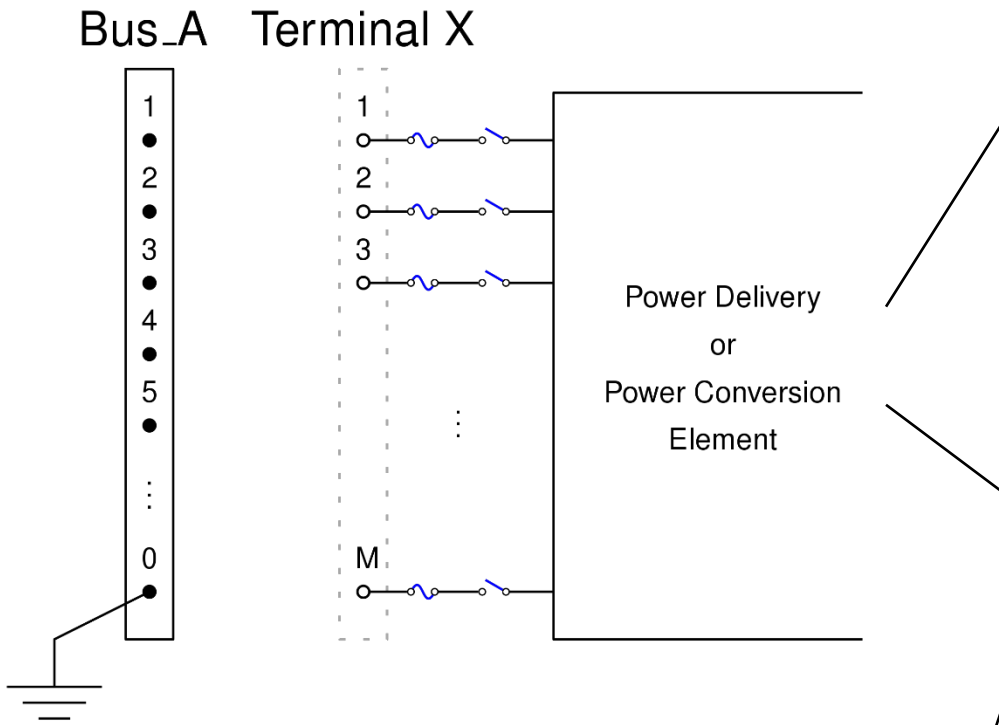
# Power Delivery (PDE) & Power Conversion (PCE) Elements



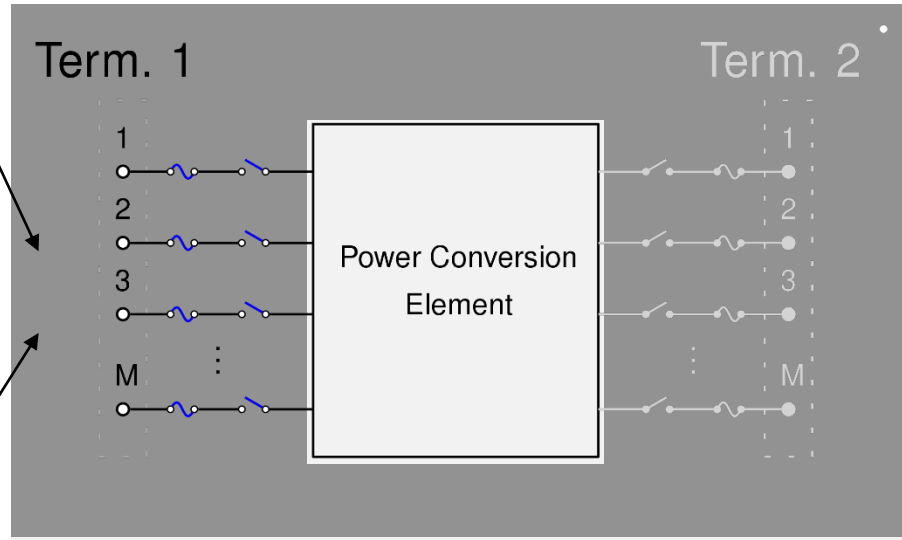

- Typically, one terminal but not always
- Connected in *shunt* with PDEs
- Function of V
- May be nonlinear

# Power Delivery (PDE) & Power Conversion (PCE) Elements

Load, Generator, Storage, …




Transformers, Lines, Capacitors, Reactors,…

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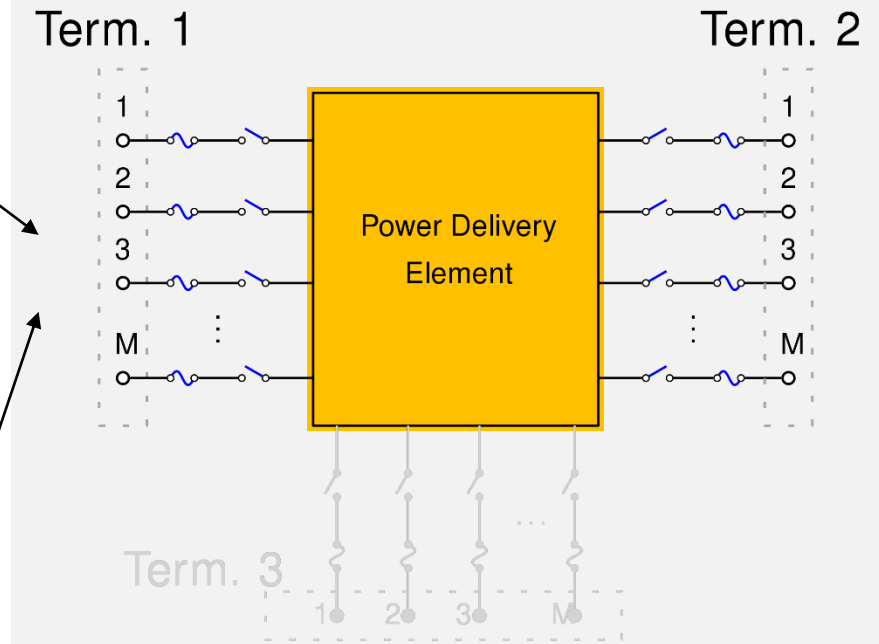
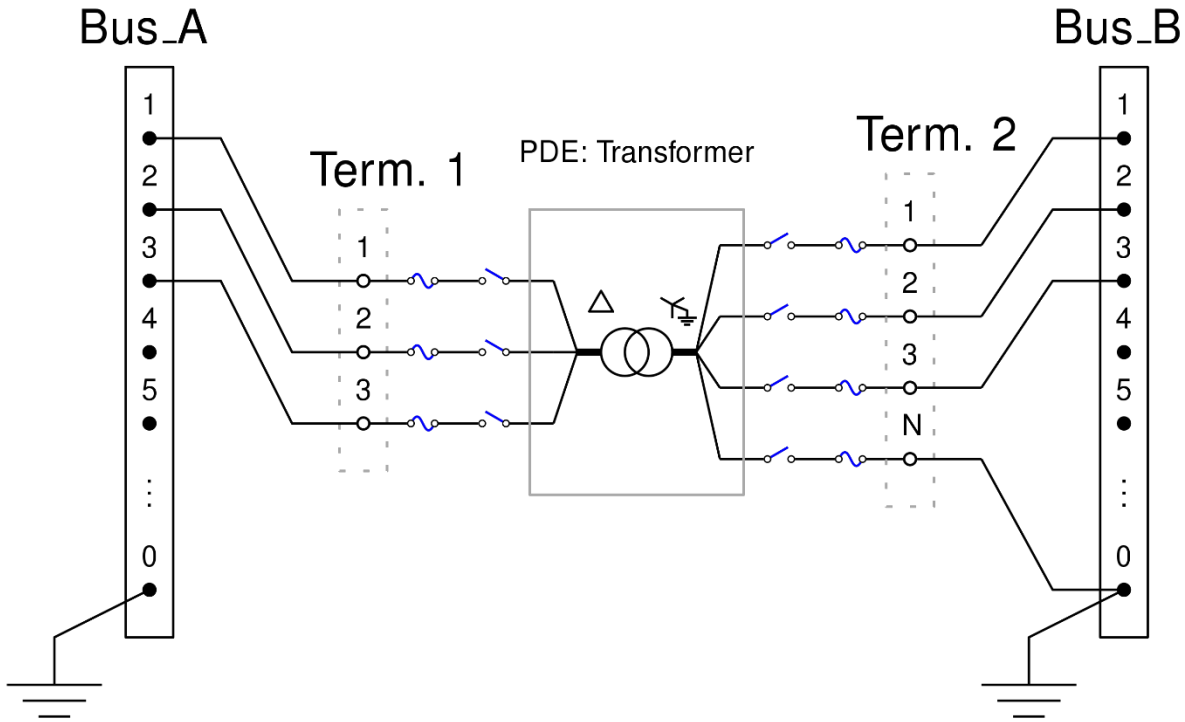
- May be nonlinear




- Typically, two or more terminals
- Described by a *Yprim* matrix

# Example: Solidly Grounded Transformer

Part of the OpenDSS script that defines this transformer

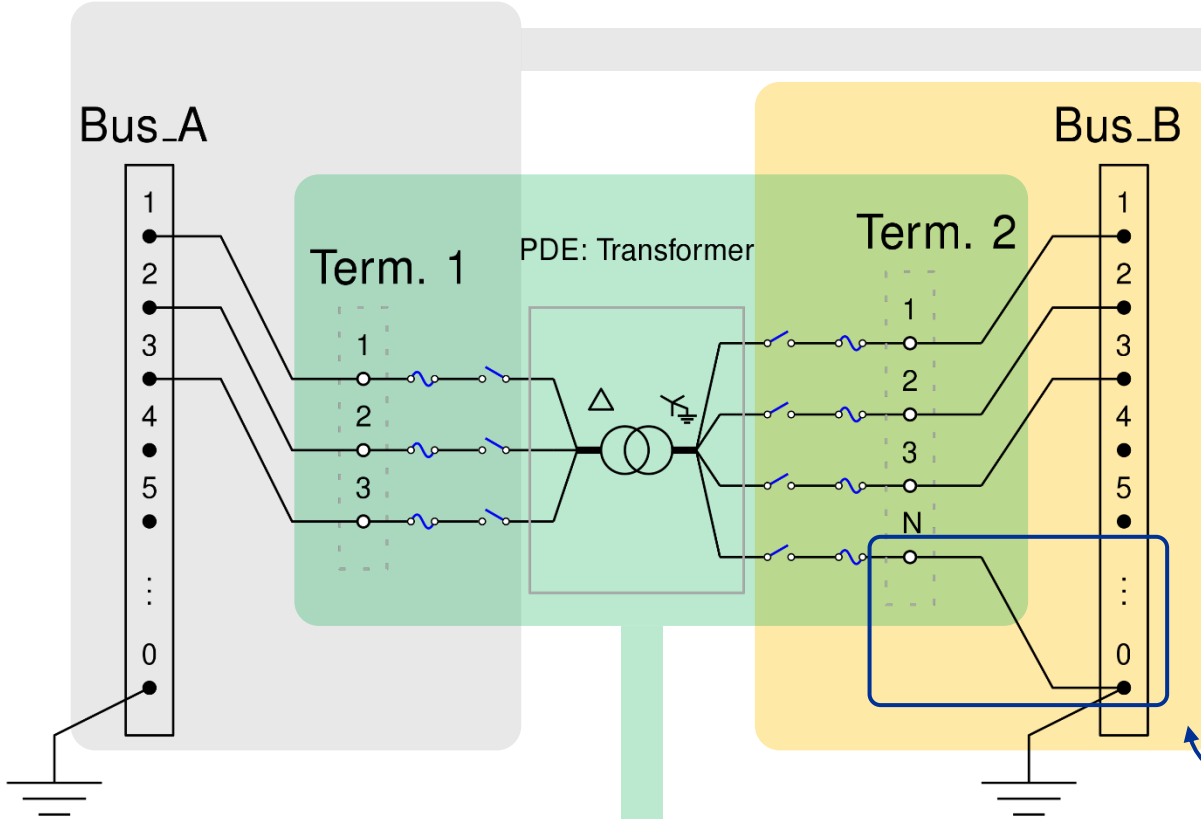



```
/*
My first DSS transformer
*/

! This is a Dy xfmr
New transformer.xfmr_name
~ phases=3 windings=2
~ Bus1=Bus_A.1.2.3
~ Bus2=Bus_B.1.2.3.0
~ conns=[delta, wye]
...
```

# Example: Solidly Grounded Transformer

Circuit Element instantiation



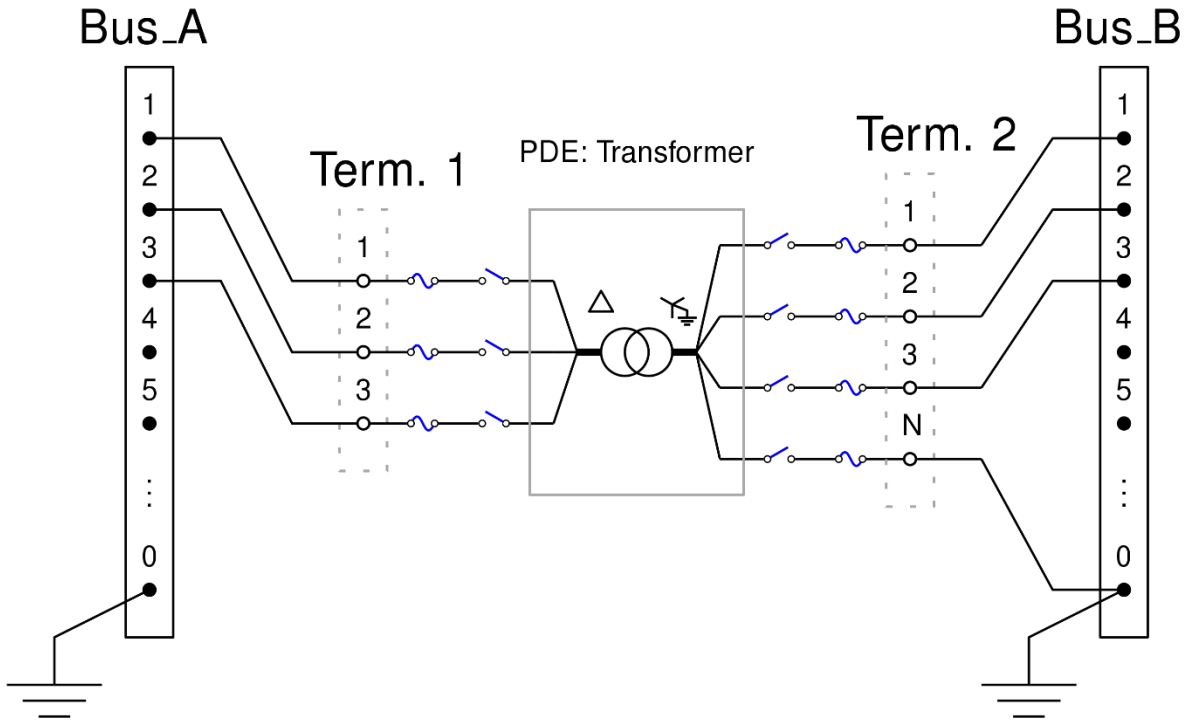

Terminal to bus (conductor to node) assignment

```
/*
My first DSS transformer
*/

! This is a Dy xfmr
New transformer.xfmr_name
~ phases=3 windings=2
~ Bus1=Bus_A.1.2.3
~ Bus2=Bus_B.1.2.3.0
~ conns=[delta, wye]
...
```

# Example: Solidly Grounded Transformer

Use `/*...*/`, `//` or `!` for line or block comments




```
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! This is a Dy xfmr
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~ phases=3 windings=2
~ Bus1=Bus_A.1.2.3
~ Bus2=Bus_B.1.2.3.0
~ conns=[delta, wye]
...
```
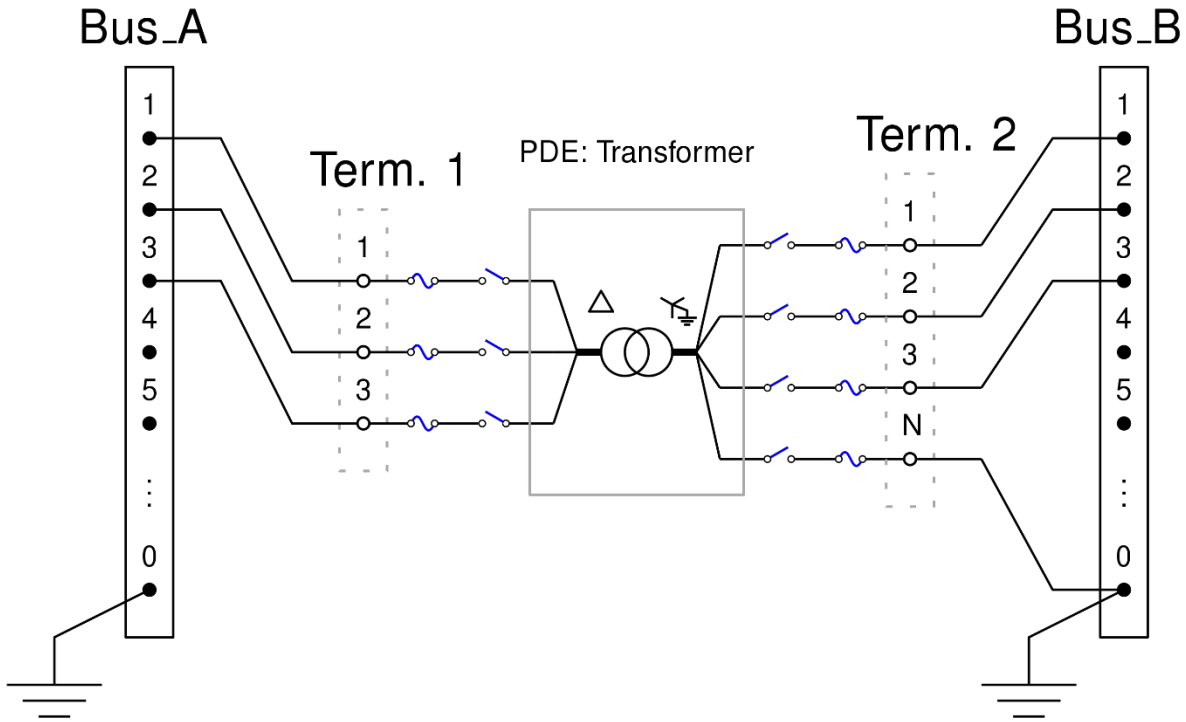

# Example: Solidly Grounded Transformer

Command syntax: `command param_1, param_2 param_3`

*Comma, space or tab* separated




Use = to separate keywords from values

```
/*
My first DSS transformer
*/

! This is a Dy xfmr
New transformer.xfmr_name
~ phases=3 windings=2
~ Bus1=Bus_A.1.2.3
~ Bus2=Bus_B.1.2.3.0
~ conns=[delta, wye]
...
```

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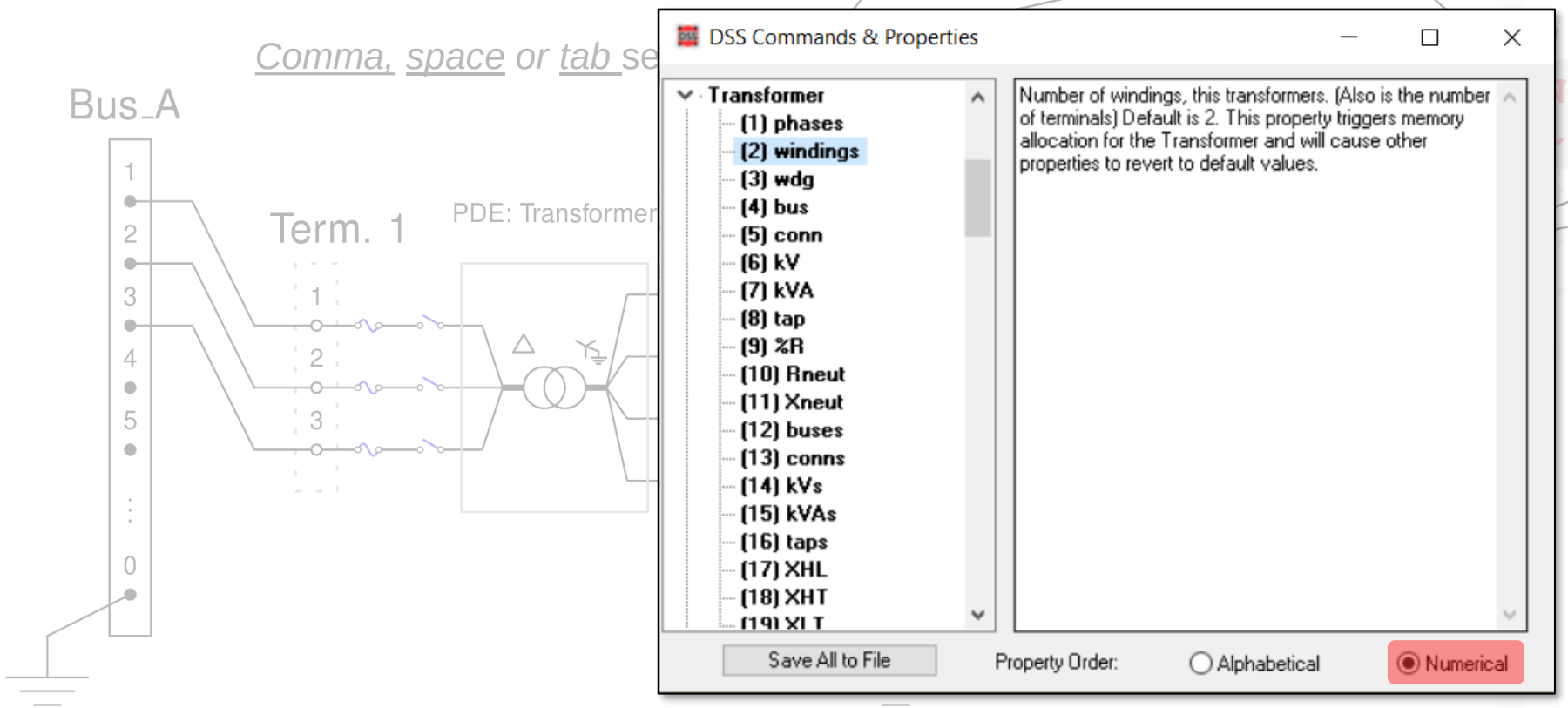
Command syntax: `command param_1, param_2 param_3`







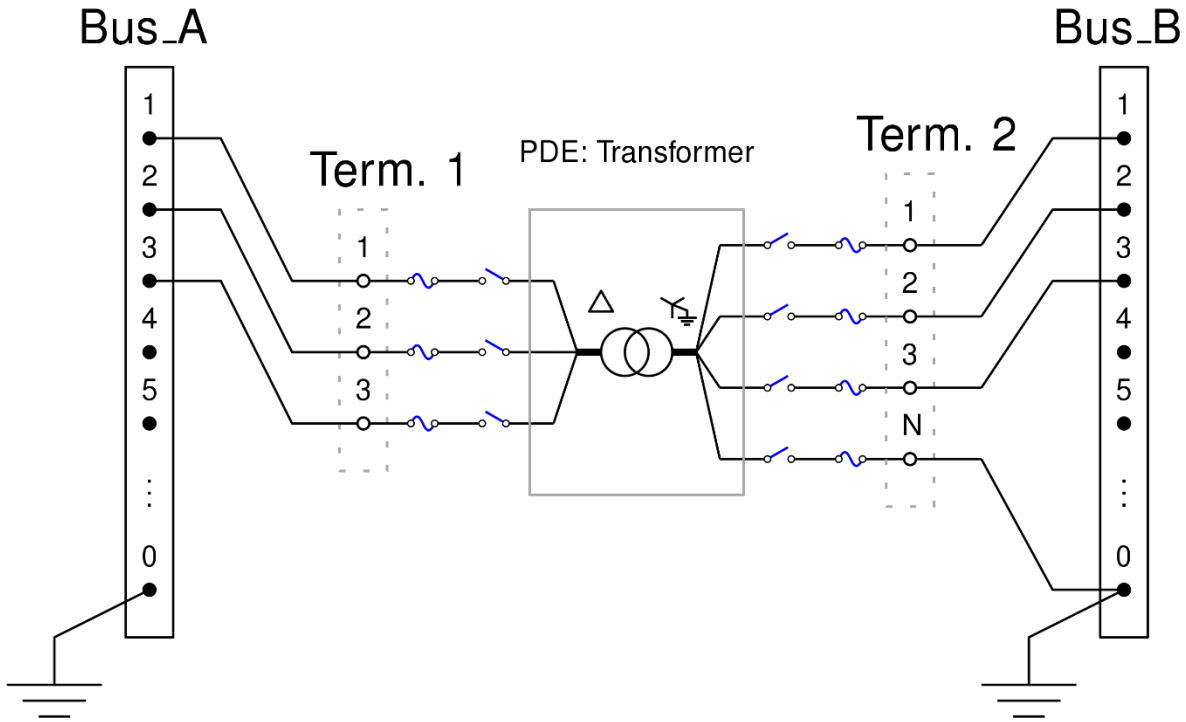
```
/*
My first DSS transformer
*/

This is a Dy xfmr
New transformer.xfmr_name
~ phases=3 windings=2
~ Bus1=Bus_A.1.2.3
~ Bus2=Bus_B.1.2.3.0
~ conns=[delta, wye]
```

The parameter tag and equals sign in `keyword=value` are not needed if values are passed in numerical order. (See numerical order in OpenDSS command help)

# Example: Solidly Grounded Transformer

Command syntax: `command param_1, param_2 param_3`

*Comma, space or tab* separated




Use ~ for line continuation

Use . for delimiting class, object, bus, node

```
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! This is a Dy xfmr
New transformer.xfmr_name
~ phases=3 windings=2
~ Bus1=Bus_A.1.2.3
~ Bus2=Bus_B.1.2.3.0
~ conns=[delta, wye]
...
```

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Command syntax: `command param_1, param_2 param_3`

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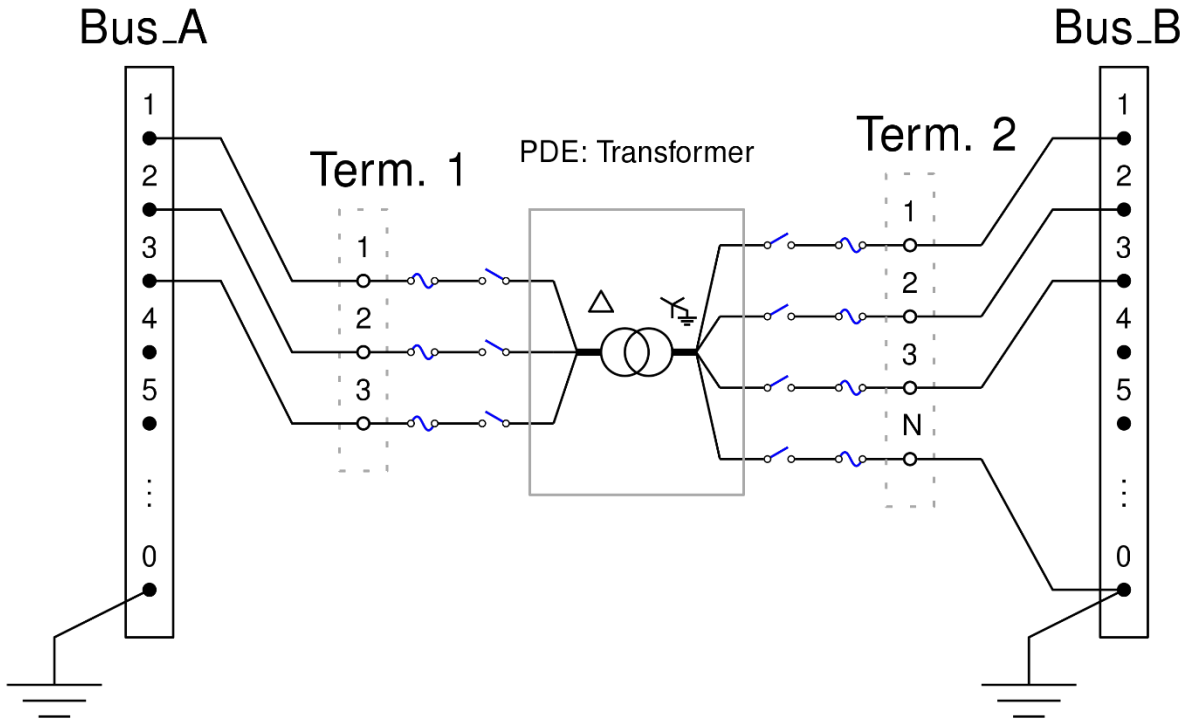


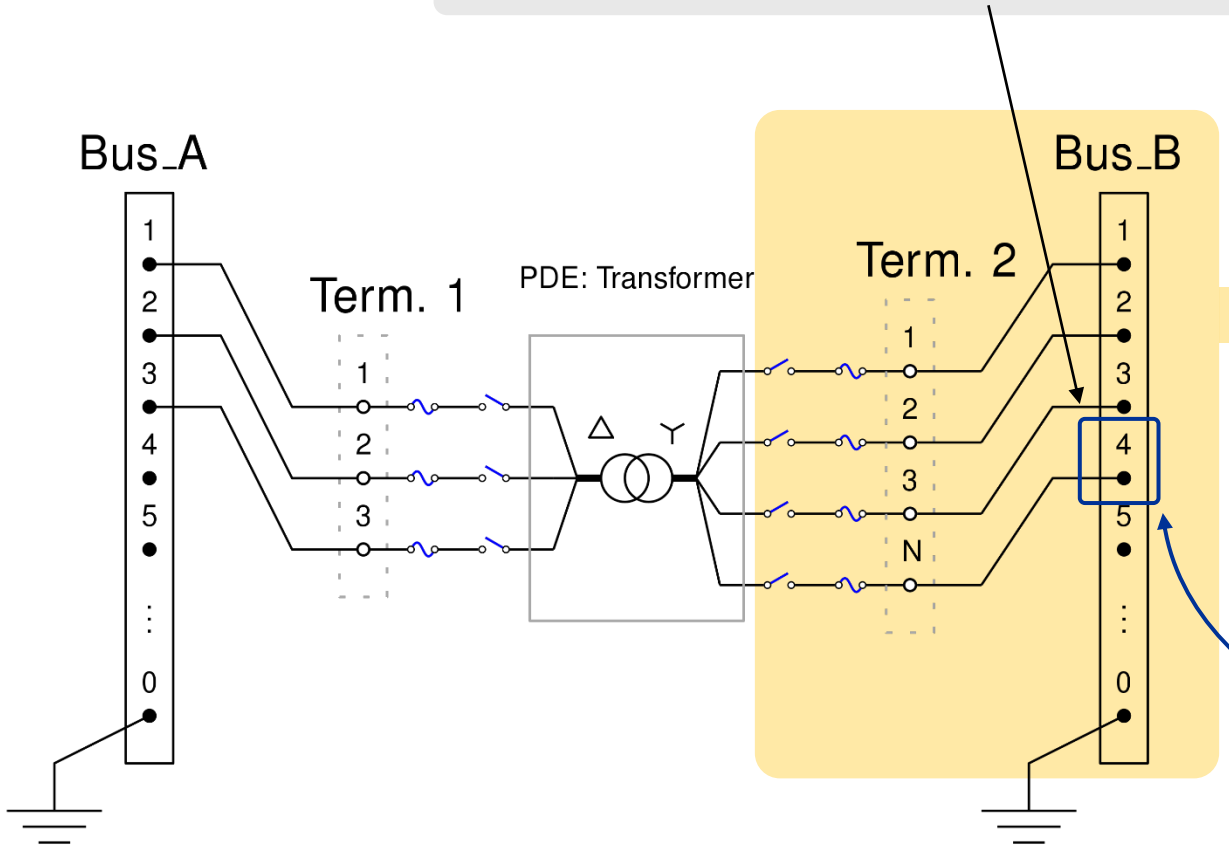

```
/*
My first DSS transformer
*/

! This is a Dy xfmr
New transformer.xfmr_name
~ phases=3 windings=2
~ Bus1=Bus_A.1.2.3
~ Bus2=Bus_B.1.2.3.0
~ conns=[delta, wye]
```

Use `[]` to create arrays. Comma or space to separate elements

# Example: Ungrounded Transformer

Connect neutral conductor to node 4 of the bus.
Neutral is floating now

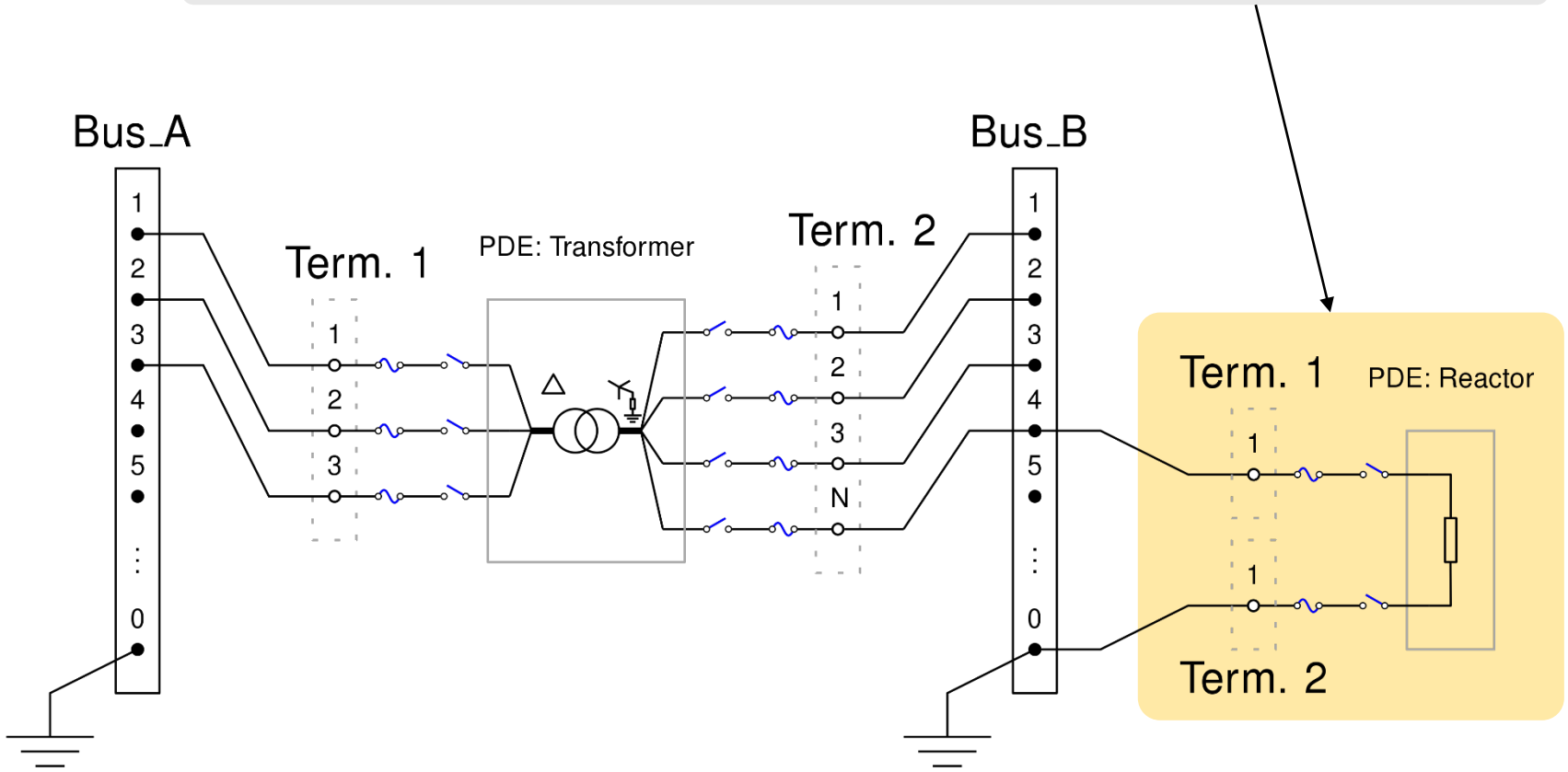



```
/*
My first DSS transformer
*/

! This is a Dy xfmr
New transformer.xfmr_name
~ phases=3 windings=2
~ Bus1=Bus_A.1.2.3
~ Bus2=Bus_B.1.2.3.4
~ conns=[delta, wye]
```

# Example: Grounding Impedance

Connect <u>both terminals of a reactor</u> (another PDE) to *Bus_B None 4* and *Node 0*. The transformer is grounded again.




```
/*
My first DSS transformer
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! This is a Dy xfmr
New transformer.xfmr_name
~ phases=3 windings=2
~ Bus1=Bus_A.1.2.3
~ Bus2=Bus_B.1.2.3.4
~ conns=[delta, wye]
...
```
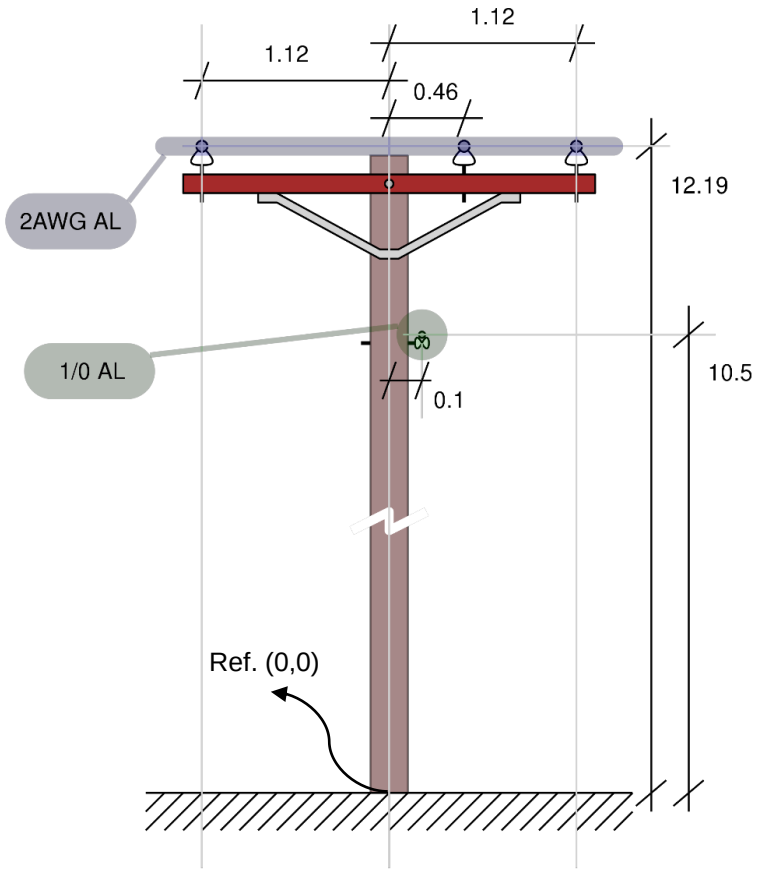

```
New reactor.rg_name
~ phases=1
~ Bus1=Bus_B.4
~ Bus2=Bus_B.0
~ R=0.1 X=700.0
...
```

# Example: Distribution Line Segment

If you know the per-length impedance matrices..




Use `[]` to create matrices.

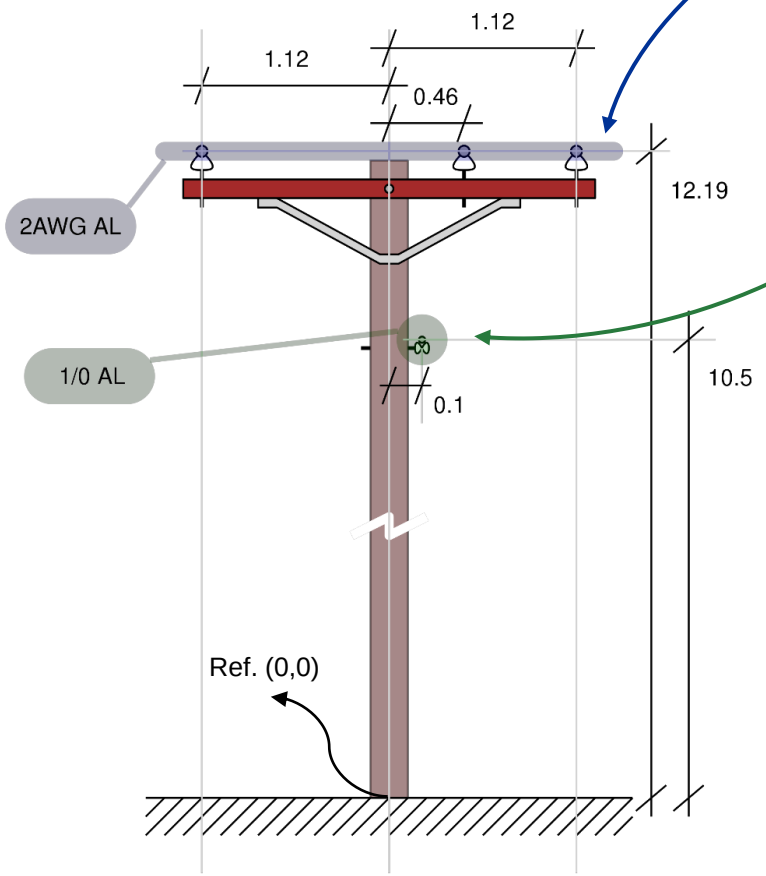
Use `|` to separate rows.

```
! My first DSS line
New line.L1 bus1=A bus2=B phases=3
~ rmatrix=[0.9699 | 0.1200 0.9753 | 0.1181 0.1208 0.9714]
~ xmatrix=[0.7766 | 0.2905 0.7650 | 0.2682 0.3543 0.7733]
~ cmatrix=[7.4518 | -1.493 8.2716 | -1.029 -2.602 8.0307]
~ length=1 units=km
```

You can define all the matrix entries or just those of the lower triangle

# Example: Distribution Line Segment

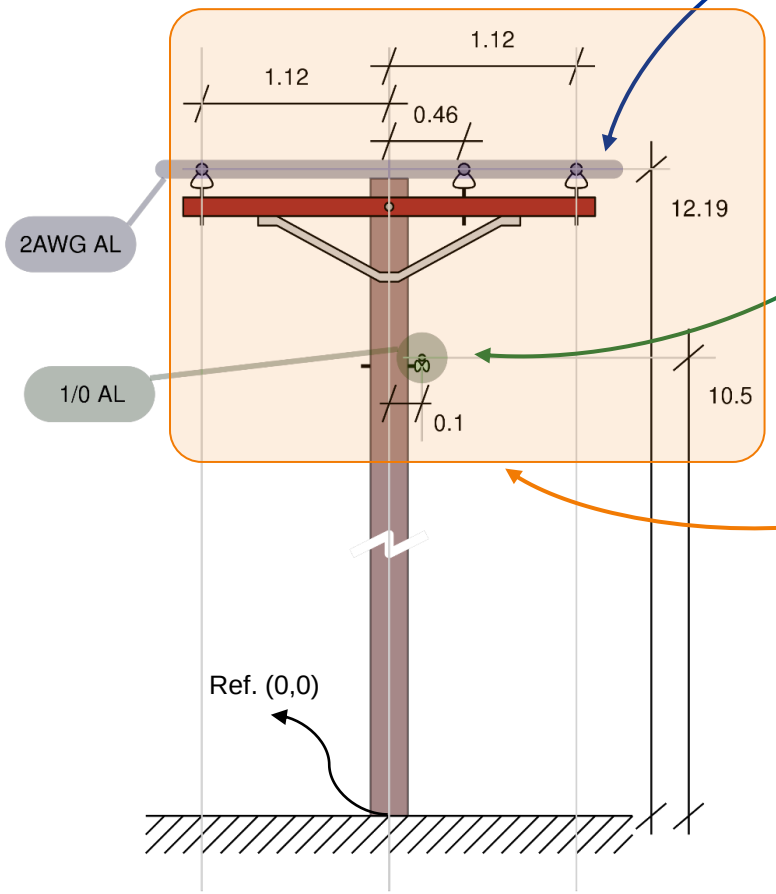
… or if you know the conductor and geometry details...




```
! Phase Conductor
New "wiredata.2AWG AL" Rac=0.86942 Runits=km GMRac=0.26924
~ GMRunits=cm diam=0.74168 radunits=cm

! Neutral Conductor
New wiredata.1/0AL Rac=0.54463 Runits=km GMRac=0.33833
~ GMRunits=cm diam=0.93472 radunits=cm

! Cross arm pole geometry details
New linespacing.4KV_3PH_3CH nphases=3 nconds=4
~ x=[-1.1176 0.4572 1.1176 0.10160]
~ h=[12.1920 12.192 12.192 10.5664] units=m

! My second DSS line
New line.L2 bus1=A bus2=B phases=3 spacing=4KV_3PH_3CH
~ wires=["2AWG AL" "2AWG AL" "2AWG AL" 1/0AL] length=1
~ units=km
```

# Example: Distribution Line Segment

… or if you know the conductor and geometry details...




```
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! Cross arm pole geometry details
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~ x=[-1.1176 0.4572 1.1176 0.10160]
~ h=[12.1920 12.192 12.192 10.5664] units=m

! My second DSS line
New line.L2 bus1=A bus2=B phases=3 spacing=4KV_3PH_3CH
~ wires=["2AWG AL" "2AWG AL" "2AWG AL" 1/0AL] length=1
~ units=km
```
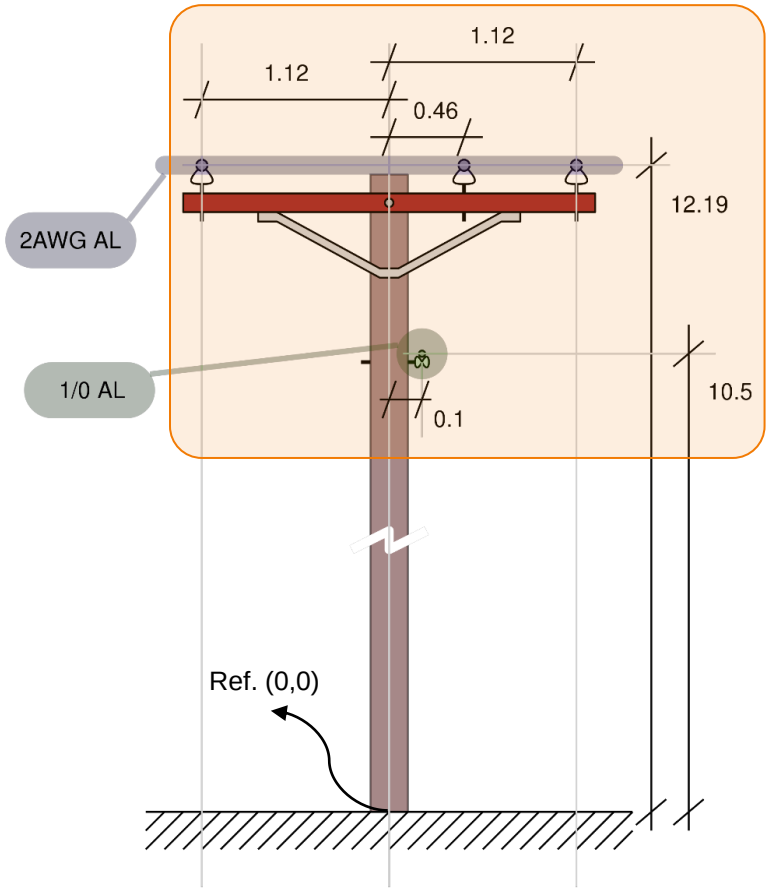

# Example: Distribution Line Segment

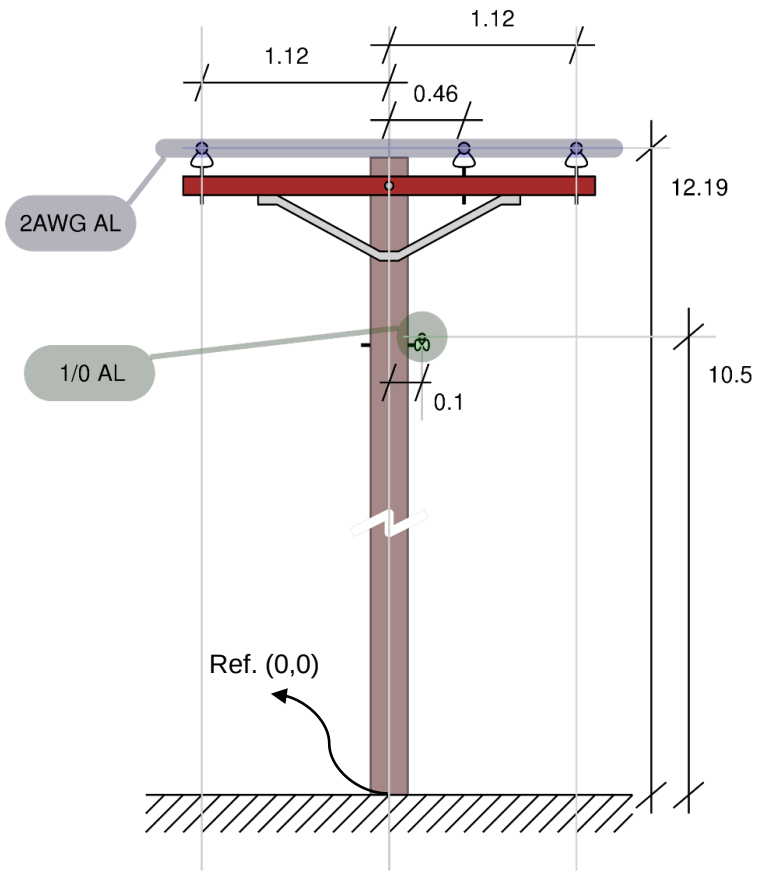
… or if you know the conductor and geometry details...




```
! Phase Conductor
New "wiredata.2AWG AL" Rac=0.86942 Runits=km GMRac=0.26924
~ GMRunits=cm diam=0.74168 radunits=cm

! Neutral Conductor
New wiredata.1/0AL Rac=0.54463 Runits=km GMRac=0.33833
~ GMRunits=cm diam=0.93472 radunits=cm

! Cross arm pole geometry details
New linespacing.4KV_3PH_3CH nphases=3 nconds=4
~ x=[-1.1176 0.4572 1.1176 0.10160]
~ h=[12.1920 12.192 12.192 10.5664] units=m

! My second DSS line
New line.L2 bus1=A bus2=B phases=3 spacing=4KV_3PH_3CH
~ wires=["2AWG AL" "2AWG AL" "2AWG AL" 1/0AL] length=1
~ units=km
```

# Example: Distribution Line Segment

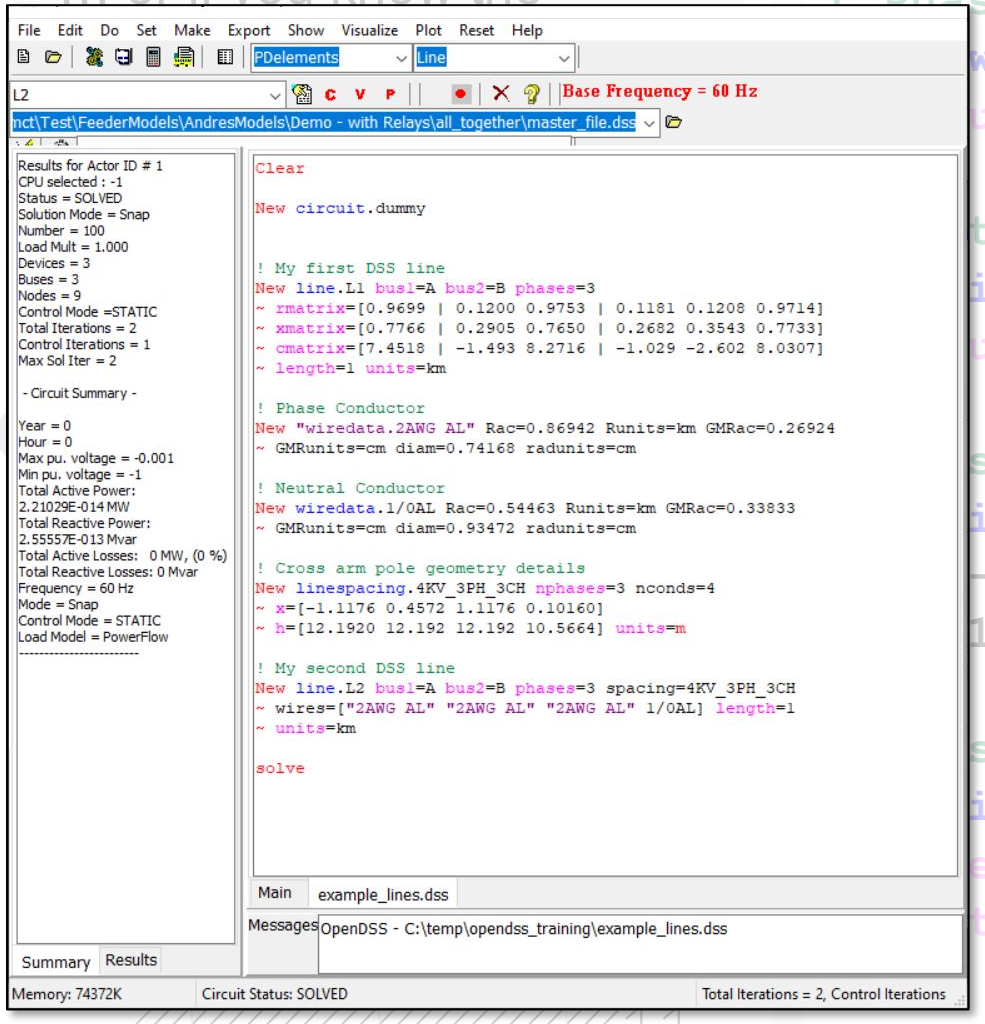
… or if you know the conductor and geometry details...

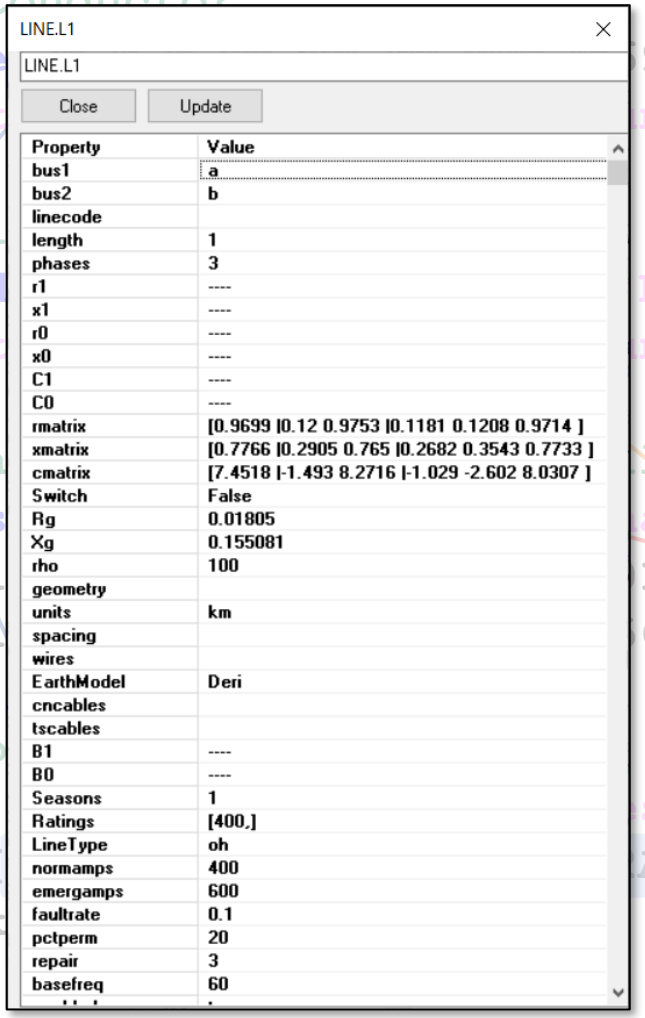


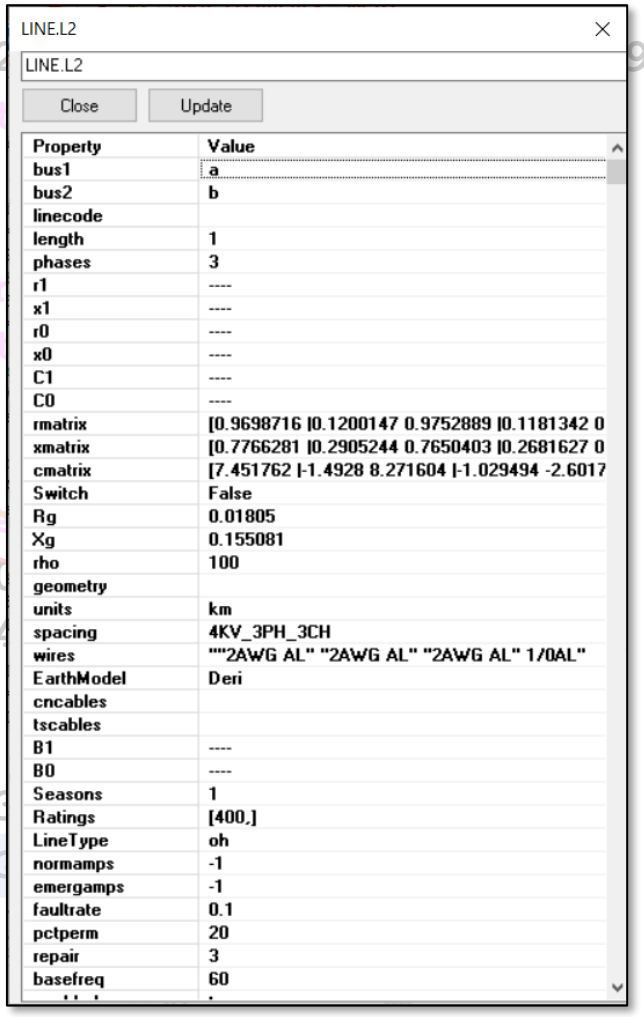

Use "" if you want to have space characters in strings or names of DSS objects

```
! Phase Conductor
New "wiredata.2AWG AL" Rac=0.86942 Runits=km GMRac=0.26924
~ GMRunits=cm diam=0.74168 radunits=cm

! Neutral Conductor
New wiredata.1/0AL Rac=0.54463 Runits=km GMRac=0.33833
~ GMRunits=cm diam=0.93472 radunits=cm

! Cross arm pole geometry details
New linespacing.4KV_3PH_3CH nphases=3 nconds=4
~ x=[-1.1176 0.4572 1.1176 0.10160]
~ h=[12.1920 12.192 12.192 10.5664] units=m

! My second DSS line
New line.L2 bus1=A bus2=B phases=3 spacing=4KV_3PH_3CH
~ wires=["2AWG AL" "2AWG AL" "2AWG AL" 1/0AL] length=1
~ units=km
```

# Example: Distribution Line Segment



# Recap: Commands and Scripting Characters

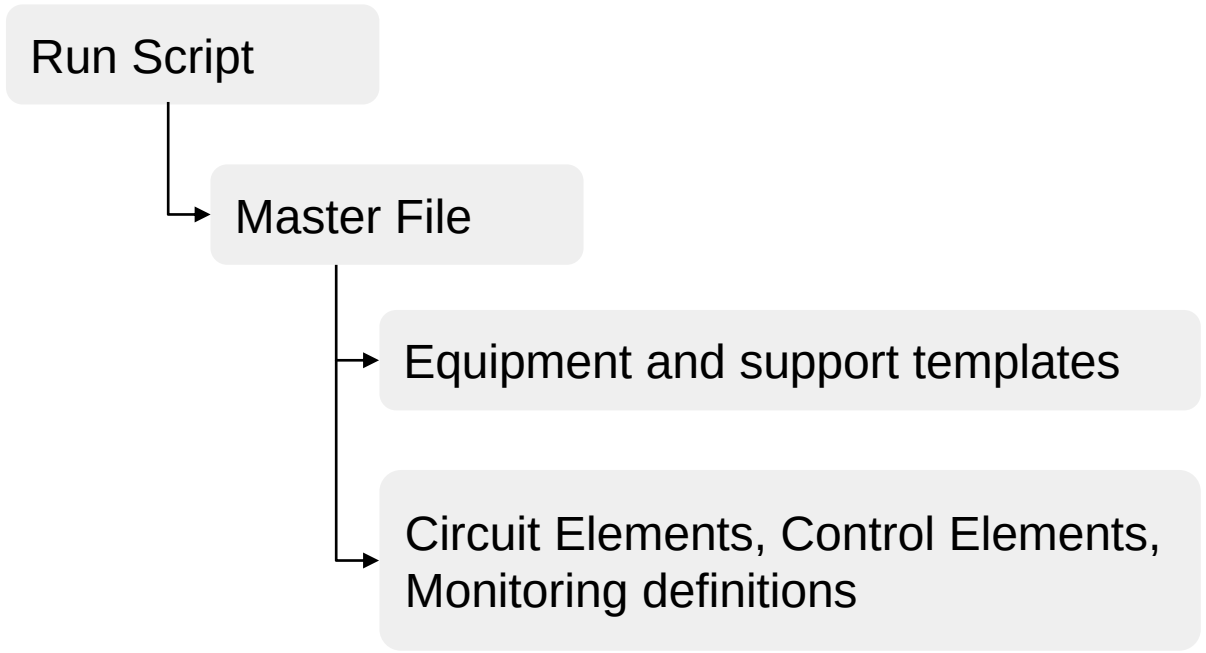
## Scripting

| Character | Description |
|---|---|
| ~ | Line continuation |
| [] () {} “” ‘’ | Arrays, Matrices, Strings, Math Expressions |
| \| | Row delimiter in matrices |
| , space tab | Delimiter command parameters and array/matrix entries |
| . | Delimiter class-object, bus-node |
| = | Delimiter parameter tag and parameter value |
| ! // | In line comments |
| /*…*/ | Block comments |

## Commands (common)

| Command | Description |
|---|---|
| New | Create new DSS elements |
| Edit | Edit existing DSS elements |
| Set | Define solution modes and options |
| Solve | Perform current solution mode |
| Show | Write selected results to text files |
| Export | Export solution variables in CSV or XML format |
| Plot | Plots results with built-in plotting features |

# Large Circuits – Script structure




This structure is not required but it helps to explore and organize your model. A single script can host an entire model.

```
// Master file for 8500-Node IEEE Test Feeder Case
// Unbalanced Load Case

Clear
Set DefaultBaseFrequency=60

! Definition of main source (mandatory!)
New Circuit.IEEE8500
~ pu=1.05  r1=0  x1=0.001  r0=0  x0=0.001

! Templates
Redirect  LineCodes2.dss
Redirect  Triplex_Linecodes.dss
Redirect  LoadXfmrCodes.dss

! Circuit Elements, Controls, Monitors
Redirect  Lines.dss
Redirect  Transformers.dss
Redirect  Triplex_Lines.dss
Redirect  UnbalancedLoads.dss
Redirect  Capacitors.dss
Redirect  CapControls.dss
Redirect  Regulators.dss

! Let DSS estimate the voltage bases
Set voltagebases=[115, 12.47,  0.48, 0.208]
Calcvoltagebases      ! This also establishes the bus list

! Load in bus coordinates now that bus list is established
Buscoords  Buscoords.dss
```

# Large Circuits – Script structure

Run Script

Contains a command **Compile master.dss** and result commands

Contains a **Clear** command!

Master File

Equipment and support templates

Circuit Elements, Control Elements, Monitoring definitions

```
// Master file for 8500-Node IEEE Test Feeder Case
// Unbalanced Load Case

Clear
Set DefaultBaseFrequency=60

! Definition of main source (mandatory!)
New Circuit.IEEE8500
~ pu=1.05  r1=0  x1=0.001  r0=0  x0=0.001

! Templates
Redirect  LineCodes2.dss
Redirect  Triplex_Linecodes.dss
Redirect  LoadXfmrCodes.dss

! Circuit Elements, Controls, Monitors
Redirect  Lines.dss
Redirect  Transformers.dss
Redirect  Triplex_Lines.dss
Redirect  UnbalancedLoads.dss
Redirect  Capacitors.dss
Redirect  CapControls.dss
Redirect  Regulators.dss

! Let DSS estimate the voltage bases
Set voltagebases=[115, 12.47,  0.48, 0.208]
Calcvoltagebases      ! This also establishes the bus list

! Load in bus coordinates now that bus list is established
Buscoords  Buscoords.dss
```

This structure is not required but it helps to explore and organize your model. A single script can host an entire model.

# Large Circuits – Script structure

Main circuit source
`New Circuit.name_circ`

Run Script

Use `Redirect` commands to point to other *.dss files

Master File

Equipment and support templates

Circuit Elements, Control Elements, Monitoring definitions

```
// Master file for 8500-Node IEEE Test Feeder Case
// Unbalanced Load Case

Clear
Set DefaultBaseFrequency=60

! Definition of main source (mandatory!)
New Circuit.IEEE8500
~ pu=1.05  r1=0  x1=0.001  r0=0  x0=0.001

! Templates
Redirect  LineCodes2.dss
Redirect  Triplex_Linecodes.dss
Redirect  LoadXfmrCodes.dss

! Circuit Elements, Controls, Monitors
Redirect  Lines.dss
Redirect  Transformers.dss
Redirect  Triplex_Lines.dss
Redirect  UnbalancedLoads.dss
Redirect  Capacitors.dss
Redirect  CapControls.dss
Redirect  Regulators.dss

! Let DSS estimate the voltage bases
Set voltagebases=[115, 12.47,  0.48, 0.208]
Calcvoltagebases      ! This also establishes the bus list

! Load in bus coordinates now that bus list is established
Buscoords  Buscoords.dss
```

This structure is not required but it helps to explore and organize your model. A single script can host an entire model.

# Large Circuits – Script structure

```
New Linecode.1ph-x4_acsrx4_acsr ...
New Linecode.1ph-xx4_acsr4_acsr ...
New Linecode.1ph-x2_acsrx2_acsr ...
New Linecode.1ph-x4_acsrx4_wpal ...
New Linecode.3ph_h-4_acsr4_acsr4_acsr4_acsr ...
...
```

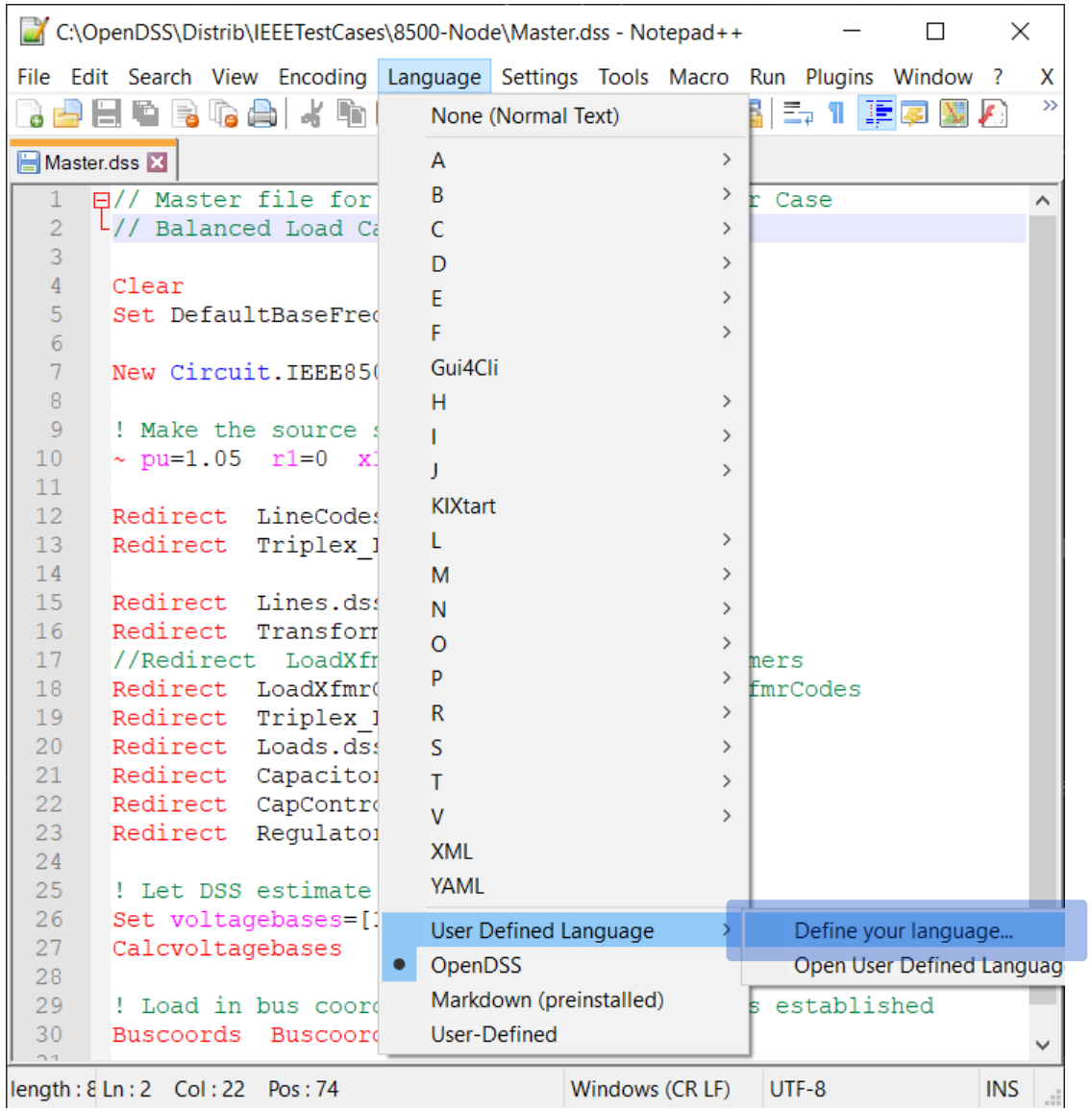
**LineCodes2.dss**

```
New Line.HVMV_Sub_connector ...
New Line.LN5502549-1 ...
New Line.LN6259988-1 ...
New Line.LN6077796-1 ...
New Line.LN5835135-2 ...
New Line.LN5896826-1 ...
New Line.LN5714038-1 ...
...
```

**Lines.dss**

```
// Master file for 8500-Node IEEE Test Feeder Case
// Unbalanced Load Case

Clear
Set DefaultBaseFrequency=60

! Definition of main source (mandatory!)
New Circuit.IEEE8500
~ pu=1.05  r1=0  x1=0.001  r0=0  x0=0.001

! Templates
Redirect  LineCodes2.dss
Redirect  Triplex_Linecodes.dss
Redirect  LoadXfmrCodes.dss

! Circuit Elements, Controls, Monitors
Redirect  Lines.dss
Redirect  Transformers.dss
Redirect  Triplex_Lines.dss
Redirect  UnbalancedLoads.dss
Redirect  Capacitors.dss
Redirect  CapControls.dss
Redirect  Regulators.dss

! Let DSS estimate the voltage bases
Set voltagebases=[115, 12.47,  0.48, 0.208]
Calcvoltagebases     ! This also establishes the bus list

! Load in bus coordinates now that bus list is established
Buscoords  Buscoords.dss
```

# DSS Scripts in Text editor




Use a text editor like **Notepad++** or **EditPlus** to better visualize your OpenDSS scripts

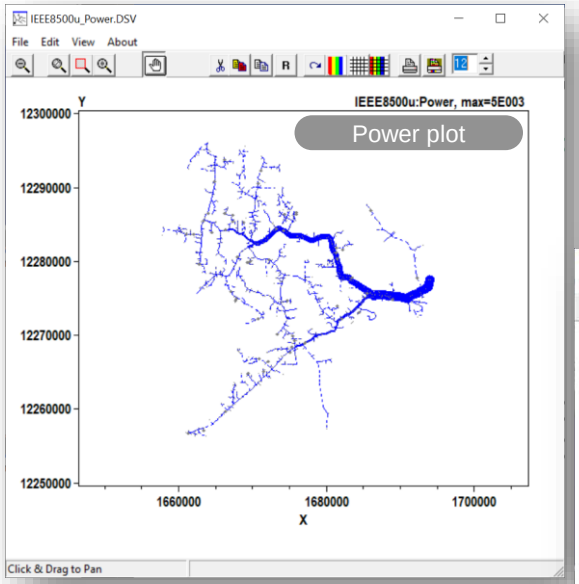
Import the syntax file from this folder OpenDSS/Examples/SyntaxFiles

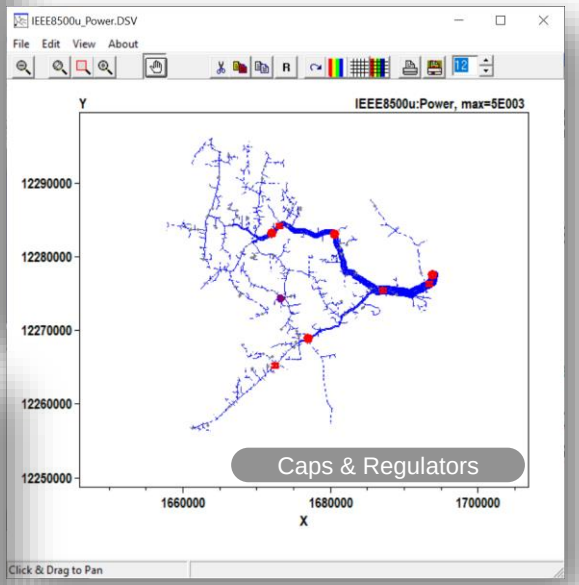
A restart of the text editor might be required

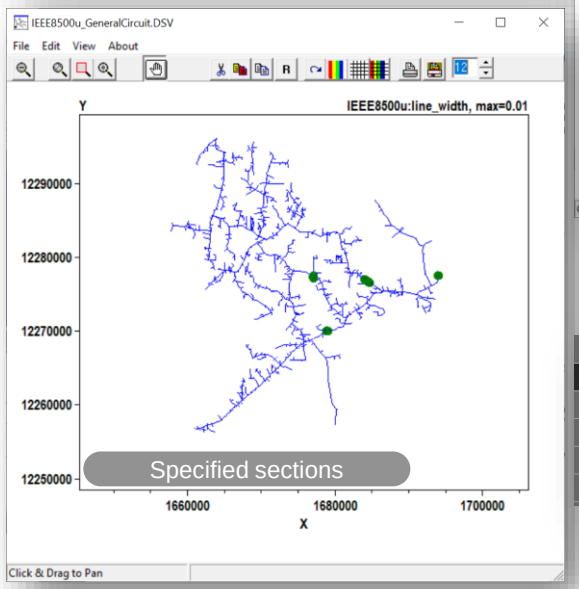
# Demo

# 8500-node case – Some useful plotting commands

```
! Highlight a bus in the circuit plot

AddBusMarker Bus=12973156 code=15 color=Purple
~ size=4


! Highlight circuit elements

Set markCapacitors=yes  CapMarkersize=3
Set markRegulators=yes  RegMarkersize=5

Interpolate


! Plot circuit. Line width based on power

Plot Circuit Power Max=5000 dots=n labels=n
~ C1=Blue  1ph=3 ! $00FF0000


/* Plot circuit. Highlight circuit sections of
interest (quantity refers to the column (0 is
column 1) of the CSV defining the line width) */

Plot Circuit quantity=1 max=0.01
~ object=lines_to_highlight.csv
```



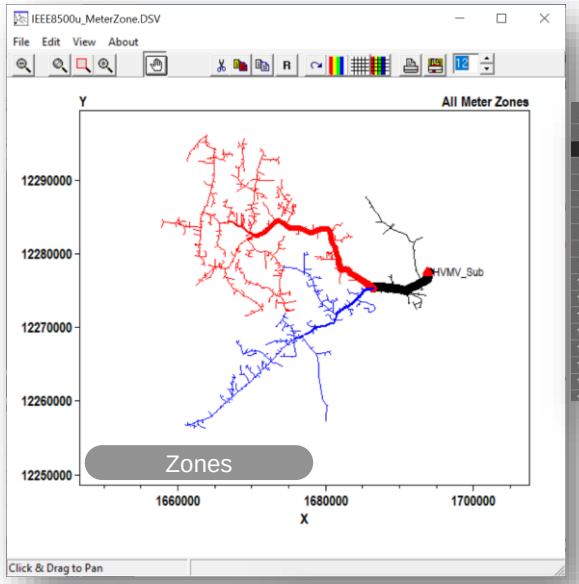



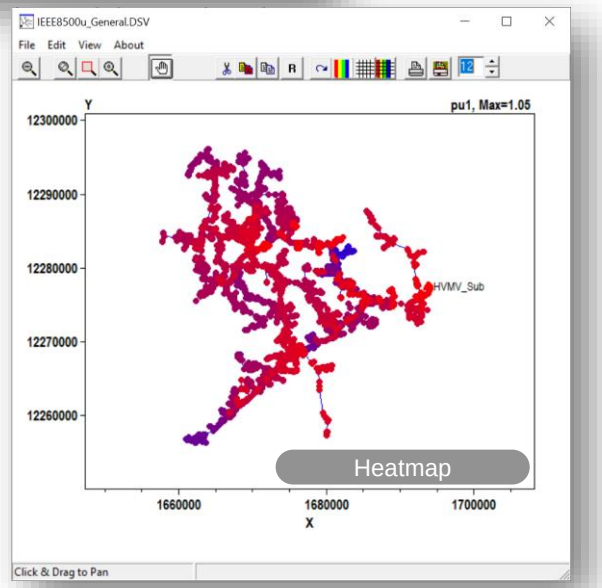

| | A | B |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | element_name | line_width |
| 2 | Line.ln5815900-1 | 0.05 |
| 3 | LINE.LN6318761-1 | 0.05 |
| 4 | LINE.LN6440069-1 | 0.05 |
| 5 | LINE.LN5714045-1 | 0.05 |

# 8500-node case – Some useful plotting commands

```
! Additional energy meters to split the feeders

New Energymeter.m2 element=LINE.LN6381853-1 terminal=1
New Energymeter.m3 element=LINE.LN5799561-1 terminal=1


/* Command to export the PD elements in the zone of
energy meter m3 to a CSV file */
Edit energymeter.m3 action=zonedump
solve

! Plot energy meter zones
plot zones Power max=5000 labels=n subs=y C1=$00FF0000


/* Plot heatmap of voltage p.u. quantities (quantity
refers to the column (0 is column 1) of the CSV
defining the marker size) */

Set markercode=24  nodewidth=0.005

Export voltages

plot General quantity=5  Max=0 dots=y labels=n subs=y
~ object=IEEE8500u_EXP_VOLTAGES.CSV C1=blue
~ C2=$000000FF ! C1=$0080FFFF C2=$000000FF
```




| | A | B | C | D | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Level | Branch | Bus1 | Bus2 | Distance |
| 2 | 0 | Line.ln5799561-1 | m1142843 | l3081380 | 0.1106 |
| 3 | 1 | Transformer.t22570 | l3081380.1 | x3081380a.1 | 0.1106 |
| 4 | 2 | Line.tpx225700953a | x3081380a.1.. | sx3081380a.. | 0.1258 |
| 5 | -1 | Load.225700953a0a | sx3081380a.1 | | |
| 6 | -1 | Load.225700953a0b | sx3081380a.2 | | |
| 7 | 1 | Line.ln5799561-2 | l3081380 | d5799561-2_ | 0.2027 |
| 8 | 2 | Line.a8611_48332_s | d5799561-2_i | e193509 | 0.2037 |
| 9 | 3 | Line.ln5594236-1 | e193509 | m1142839 | 0.2661 |
| 10 | 4 | Line.ln5503575-1 | m1142839 | m1142832 | 0.3391 |
| 11 | 5 | Line.ln6292614-1 | m1142832.3 | p829962.3 | 0.3437 |
| 12 | 6 | Line.ln5807087-1 | p829962.3 | m1142835.3 | 0.3498 |
| 13 | 7 | Line.ln5896824-1 | m1142835.3 | l3104853.3 | 0.3872 |
| 14 | 8 | Transformer.t52605 | l3104853.3 | x3104853c.1. | 0.3872 |
| 15 | 9 | Line.tpx260518c0 | x3104853c.1.. | sx3104853c.. | 0.4024 |
| 16 | -1 | Load.260518c0a | sx3104853c.1 | | |
| 17 | -1 | Load.260518c0b | sx3104853c.2 | | |



# Questions ??