**Learning Haskell.** For beginners there is a self study course at https://github.com/system-f/fp-course. If you want a gentle video class, you could try the class by Andres Löh, Introduction to Haskell If you want an even gentler video class, you could try the class by Tea Leaves, Haskell for dilettantes.

Installing Haskell. On linux or mac, install Haskell with ghoup, from

```
https://www.haskell.org/ghcup/install/
```

Then you can upgrade and check the installation with

```
% ghcup upgrade
% ghcup tui
```

In the tui display, one check means installed, two checks mean set for use. Generally, I set the versions listed as 'recommended' in that display. See https://www.haskell.org/ghcup/steps/ on using external packages in ghci, etc. (On windows-11, I was able to install ghcup on windows subsystem ubuntu, just as in a standard linux, after first installing: build-essential findutils binutils curl gcc g++ libgmp-dev libc-dev libffi-dev make musl-dev neurses-dev perl tar xz-utils.)

Optional: Literate Haskell To process literate Haskell files (\*.lhs), install lhs2TeX and unlit, used to produce this documentation:

```
% stack install unlit
% stack install lhs2tex
```

Then unlit produces Haskell (\*.hs) from literate Haskell (\*.lhs). For the installingHaskellEtc.lhs file I am editing now,

```
% unlit -i installingHaskellEtc.lhs -o installingHaskellEtc.hs
```

For code documentation, line-by-line, lhs2tex produces a latex file for generating pdf, the pdf which you are presumably looking at now. This file, installingHaskellEtc.pdf, is produced and opened with these steps:

```
% lhs2tex -o installingHaskellEtc.tex installingHaskellEtc.lhs
% pdflatex -shell-escape installingHaskellEtc.tex
% open installingHaskellEtc.pdf
```

Here in the pdf format, the Haskell code which is now in installingHaskellEtc.hs looks like this:

```
main :: IO \ ()

main = putStrLn \text{ "Hello, world!"}
```

For code publication, the Haskell code in installingHaskellEtc.hs can be much more colorful and perhaps more beautiful with minted:

```
main :: IO ()
main = putStrLn "Hello, world!"
```

The -shell-escape flag for pdflatex is required to use the minted package.

Optional: emacs with haskell language server. This is the development environment I prefer. After installing a recent version of emacs, inside emacs, I use package-install to install: "haskell-mode" Then I get an easy connection with language servers for syntax highlighting, code completion, etc. by adding the eglot initialization recommended here:

https://haskell-language-server.readthedocs.io/en/latest/configuration.html#emacs

Optional: tmux+neovim with haskell language server Nvim also provides easy connection with language servers for syntax highlighting, code completion, etc. Tmux allows you to split screen to run editor plus session (plus anything else) all at once, with easy switching. The combination is a very flexible and extensible IDE, one that is actively used and developed recently.

**Ubuntu nvim** Intro youtube vids, useful for those not already familiar with nvim and tmux:

- "Dreams of Code" vid on nvim config and basics
- "Dreams of Code" vid on tmux config and basics

On Ubuntu 24.04, I installed a nerdfont, ripgrep, tmux, tmux package manager (tpm), etc

```
% sudo apt install ripgrep
% sudo apt install nodejs npm
% sudo apt install luarocks
% sudo apt install tmux
% git clone https://github.com/tmux-plugins/tpm ~/.tmux/plugins/tpm
% wget -P ~/.local/share/fonts https://github.com/ryanoasis/nerd-fonts/releases/latest/download/Meslo.zip
% cd ~/.local/share/fonts
% unzip Mezlo.zip
% rm Mezlo.zip
% sudo fc-cache -fv
% sudo npm i -g hls
% sudo npm i -g pyright
% ghcup install hls
% sudo luarocks install haskell-tools
% stack install haskell-dap ghci-dap haskell-debug-adapter
```

Then in a terminal window, in text settings, I selected the Meslo mono font. Then following the instructions here:

https://nvchad.com/docs/quickstart/install/

In nvim, when running

```
:MasonInstallAll,
```

you can scroll down to install haskell-language-server and pyright (and whatever else you want). And in nvim, add syntax highlighting for whatever languages you want:

```
:TSInstall haskell
:TSInstall python
:TSInstall texlab

Then add these lines to .config/nvim/init.lua:
require 'lspconfig'.pyright.setup{}
require 'lspconfig'.hls.setup{}

And in that same file, inside require("lazy").setup({ ...}}) add

{
    'mrcjkb/haskell-tools.nvim',
    version = '^3', -- Recommended
    lazy = false, -- This plugin is already lazy
},

Then create dir and file ~/.config/nvim/after/ftplugin/haskell.lua with contents:
```

-- "/.config/nvim/after/ftplugin/haskell.lua
local ht = require('haskell-tools')
local bufnr = vim.api.nvim\_get\_current\_buf()
local opts = { noremap = true, silent = true, buffer = bufnr, }
-- haskell-language-server relies heavily on codeLenses,
-- so auto-refresh (see advanced configuration) is enabled by default
vim.keymap.set('n', '<space>cl', vim.lsp.codelens.run, opts)
-- Hoogle search for the type signature of the definition under the cursor
vim.keymap.set('n', '<space>hs', ht.hoogle.hoogle\_signature, opts)
-- Evaluate all code snippets
vim.keymap.set('n', '<space>ea', ht.lsp.buf\_eval\_all, opts)
-- Toggle a GHCi repl for the current package
vim.keymap.set('n', '<leader>rr', ht.repl.toggle, opts)
-- Toggle a GHCi repl for the current buffer
vim.keymap.set('n', '<leader>rf', function() ht.repl.toggle(vim.api.nvim\_buf\_get\_name(0)) end, opts)
vim.keymap.set('n', '<leader>rq', ht.repl.quit, opts)

Mac nvim On Mac, first,

• At the time of this writing (May 2024) something is very wrong with the lua screen and color control for my default Mac terminal, so I installed the kitty terminal, tmux, etc:

brew install kitty tmux tpm

• I installed all the homebrew nerd fonts:

```
brew tap homebrew/cask-fonts
brew search '/font-.*-nerd-font/' \ensuremath{\Varid{awk}\;\text{\ttfamily '\char123 ~print^\$1^\char125 '}} xargs -I{} brew install --cask {}
```

• I installed ripgrep, haskell-language-server, debug tools

```
brew install ripgrep ghcup install hls stack install haskell-dap ghci-dap haskell-debug-adapter
```

• Opening a kitty terminal, in settings, I add

```
font_family JetBrainsMono Nerd Font Mono bold_font JetBrainsMono Nerd Font Mono ExtraBold bold_italic_font JetBrainsMono Nerd Font Mono ExtraBold Italic
```

Then, closing and reopening, in a kitty terminal, I set up the NvChad configuration following the suggestions used on the webpage mentioned above, here, and then tell nvim to do syntax highlighting, add lines to init.lua, create haskell.lua as described for Ubuntu, above.

Then start tmux in terminal; split screen into 2 panes; start nvim in one of them; write, edit, save code in nvim; run code in the other pane as it is developed. An alternative that avoids learning how tmux works is just to use nvim (with the NvChad configuration), opening a terminal inside nvim with \_h.

```
tmux
What do you have to say?
What is hunter doing??
I heard you say 'What is hunter doing??' !!
ghci>
       import Data.Set (Set)
       import qualified Data.Set as Set
       import Data.List
import qualified Data.List as List
       test:: IO ()
            putStrLn "What do you have to say?\n"
             putStrLn ("\nI heard you say '" ++ x ++ "' !!\n")
      data Ft = C | D | N | V | A | P | Wh deriving (Show, Eq, Ord)
type Label = ([Ft], [Ft])
type Lex = ([String], Label)
data PhTree = Pl Lex | Ps [PhTree] deriving (Show, Eq, Ord)
data SO = L Lex | S (Set (SO)) | O PhTree deriving (Show, Eq, Ord)
type LSO = (SO, Label)
type WS = Set (LSO)
  24 mrg :: [SO] → SO
25 mrg sos = S (Set.fromList so)
                                                                       т Text
       ck :: [Label] → [Label]
                                             sofar
              (_:nns,nps), ([],_:p soSize simple function~
       -- constituents with no r
t :: [LSO] → [LSO]
t = filter (\lso → snd l
                                             Show
                                                                            Text
 35 -- return number of
36 soSize :: SO → Int

K INSERT > test.hs
                                                                                                                                                                                               es 🗐 38 %
 1 Users/es
                                                                                                                                                                                                🗼 nvim 🔳 0
```







<cntl>-b default <prefix>
<cntl>-\( \) my <prefix>

#### sessions

tmux new -s mysession1 new mysession1
tmux a mysession1 attach mysession1
tmux ls list sessions
<cntl>-\_ \$ rename session
<cntl>-\_ d detach from session

#### windows

# panes

<cntl>-\_ " split horizontal
<cntl>-\_ % split vertical
<cntl>-\_ z toggle zoom

<cntl>-\_ ← ↑↓→ switch pane (or mouse)
<cntl>-\_ h j k l switch pane (or mouse)
<cntl>-\_ ! convert pane to window
<cntl>-\_ x close current pane









# motion

0 zero moves cursor to beginning of line

\$ move cursor to end of line

M move cursor to middle line on screen

gg move to first line

G move to last line

#G goto line #

#H goto #th line in window

## general

:u undo last command:undo undo last command:redo redo last command

. repeat last command (in normal mode)

:only make current window the only one

:new file split and open file

# save, write, quit

:q :q! quit, quit quick
:w file write to file
:wq save and quit
<cntl>-s save

# search

/pattern search forward to pattern
?pattern search backward to pattern

# cut and paste

yy yank 1 lineY yank 1 lineY\$ yank to end of line

#Y yank # of lines
p put before cursor
P put after cursor

#### edit

delete symbol under cursor х Х delete backwards from cursor replace to end of line R. D delete to end of line dd delete current line insert before, after cursor i a I A insert at beginning, end of line escape insert mode esc join next line w no space J gJ join next line w space :s/old/new/ replace next old w new :s/old/new/g replace old w new in line replace old w new in file :%s/old/new/g replace with confirmations :%s/old/new/gc change case of char under cursor vEU/u uppercase/lowercase word vU/u uppercase/lowercase word

#### insert

:r file insert file here



\_ my <prefix>

#### motion

<cntl>-\_move cursor to next word<cntl>-emove screen forward 1 line<cntl>-ymove screen forward 1 line<cntl>-dmove forward  $\frac{1}{2}$  screen<cntl>-umove backward  $\frac{1}{2}$  screen<cntl>-fmove forward  $\frac{1}{2}$  screen<cntl>-bmove backward  $\frac{1}{2}$  screen

#### nvimtree

<cntl>-n toggle nvimtree

<return> in tree, open window on file under cursor
a in tree, add new file in current dir

#### telescope

\_th select themes
\_fh find help
\_fb show buffers

### general

ch toggle cheat sheet
n toggle line numbers
x close current buffer
h split and open terminal

#### haskell

:MasonInstallAll manage lsp's etc :checkhealth lsp check lsp :LspInfo check lsp

rr split and open ghci session
 rq quit ghci session
 ea evaluate code snippets
 hs hoogle search sig under cursor

\_cl code lens refresh