

## A Solution to P2P Gaming Online in Godot

### Introduction

To enable two computers behind NAT routers to communicate in a P2P fashion requires an intermediary “handshake” server running on a public IP (i.e. not behind a NAT router). Computers wishing to set up a P2P connection first communicate with the server, either registering their information or joining another computer that has registered their information. For more information about this problem, and the methodology generally employed to overcome it, see <http://www.brynosaurus.com/pub/net/p2pnat>.

The solution described by this documentation is made up of a public python server script and a Godot script. The public server script requires Python 3.5 or higher (might work with lower versions) and the *twisted* python library installed. It is called “godot-server.py” and can be run inside a local network- even on the same computer as one of the peers- but doing so precludes people from outside the network joining a game. Run the script as you would any other python script (the only configuration you might want to do is change the single constant at the top of the file- the `SERVER_PORT`). The Godot script should be made an auto-loaded singleton (presuming you want the connections to remain across scenes).

You can do away with the handshake server if everyone is on the same network. Registering as a server host with the local address and handshake server address equal will result in that player also acting as a handshake server. You may still want to use the python script server- one possible reason is that server hosts become easier to manage as players on the network increase.

### Security

It is important to note that the security offered by this solution extends as far as password authorisation. The password is added to the packet data and that data is hashed, the resulting hash is checked on the other side and if they don’t match the packet is blocked. This way, the passwords never travel over the network. However, the hash does not provide integrity very well because it does not hash all the data, and it does not provide confidentiality because everything is passed in clear text. As a result, at times, the local network address of the player is sometimes passed as clear text into the internet (you can avoid this by passing a dummy local IP like ‘0.0.0.0’ when you know the handshake server is outside the local network).

There are other measures, such as checking the sender address matches an existing peer’s when possible, etc., which restrict communication at the application level quite well, but this is a solution for games, and low-sensitivity game data.

Also note that reliable messages are reliable by delivery, not by order. Each reliable message does have an ascending `message-id` (edge-case: on overflow it cycles back to 0), which could be used to reconstruct ordering, but no such services are inbuilt. Also note that after packets timeout a number of times they do expire- there is a signal for expired reliable messages.

## Constants

The interface to the Godot script consists of a set of functions and a set of signals which you can call / connect to in any scene. There are, however, a few constants you can change in the script:

- `secs_between_peer_checks` There is no standard for the amount of time before a NAT router will forget you sent a packet out to an address and begin rejecting incoming packets *from* that address.
- `secs_reg_valid` This is the amount of time the handshake server will keep your registration details before forgetting you.
- `secs_between_reg_refresh` Heartbeats are sent to the server just as they are sent to other peers- sending a refresh to the handshake server also resets the `secs_reg_valid`.
- `secs_to_await_reply` This is the amount of time to wait for replies to packets sent. Some packet don't require a reply, but some do- such as peer check packets. After this amount of time the attempt to send the packet will be counted as a failure and the packet will be resent (if it is a packet that has that attribute)
- `attempts_before_expiration` This is the amount of times a packet can fail before expiring completely. A packet expiring has different consequences depending on the packet type and depending on whether the player is a client or server.
- `_HS_SERVER_NAME` This is the peer name used by players to store the handshake server's details. No other peer can be named the same.

Generally, you should probably leave this constants as they are.

## Functions

```
/*
 * This can be called on a server or a client.
 * After calling this on, the player will reject
 * any packets from the handshake server
 * (though a server will remain registered until it
 * times out). From that point, the connection is
 * self-sustaining P2P.
 */
drop_connection_with_handshake_server()

/*
 * Only valid when called by a server. Drops a peer from
 * a session.
 *     peer_name: <string> name of the peer recipient
 */
drop_peer(peer_name)

/*
 * Only valid when called by a server. Returns the address
 * of the current handshake server
 * The format is [<string> ip, <int> port]
 * If there is no current session, return Null
 */
get_handshake_server_address()

/*
 * Returns a dictionary of info about a peer. The format is
 * {
 *     name: <string> name of peer
 *     address: [<string> ip, <int> port] address of peer
 * }
 * If there is no current session or no peer found under peer_name,
 * this function returns Null.
 *     peer_name: <string> name of the peer
 */
get_peer_info(peer_name)

/*
 * Returns an array of the names of the peers for this session.
 * If there is no current session, returns an empty array.
 */
get_peers()

/*
 * Returns the address of the peer that is the server for this session.
 * The format is [<string> ip, <int> port]
 * If there is no current session, return Null
 */
get_server_address()
```

```
/*
 * Returns the name of the peer that is the server for this session.
 * If there is no current session, return Null
 */
get_server_name()

/*
 * Returns the user name this player.
 * If there is no current session, return Null
 */
get_user_name()

/*
 * Returns a Boolean: true if this player is the server for
 * the current session
 * If there is no current session, return Null
 */
i_am_server()

/*
 * Initialises this player as a client. Will get details of a
 * registered server from a handshake server.
 *     handshake_address: [<string> ip, <int> port]
 *                       address of the handshake server
 *     local_address:    [<string> ip, <int> port]
 *                       local address of the player. If you know the
 *                       the other peers are outside the local network,
 *                       you can just out 0.0.0.0 for this.
 *     user_name: <string> this is the user name for this player
 *     server_name: <string> this is the name of the server you
 *                  want to join.
 *     password: <string> Set this to join password-protected
 *                  server players.
 *                  You will be rejected if the password is not a match
 */
init_client(handshake_address, local_address, user_name,
server_name, password=null)

/*
 * Initialises this player as a server. Will register with
 * a handshake server and await other players.
 *     handshake_address: [<string> ip, <int> port]
 *                       address of the handshake server
 *     local_address:    [<string> ip, <int> port]
 *                       local address of the player. If you know the
 *                       the other peers are outside the local network,
 *                       you can just out 0.0.0.0 for this.
 *     server_name: <string> this is the user name for this player
 *                  and the server name under which they will be
 *                  registered on the handshake server.
 *     password: <string> Set this if you want to be password-protected.
 *                  Only players that give the same password when they
 *                  join will be accepted.
 */
init_server(handshake_address, local_address, server_name, password=null)
```

```
/*
 * Returns Boolean: true if there is a current session
 * happening.
 */
is_connected()

/*
 * Ends the current session.
 */
quit_connection()

/*
 * Asks a handshake server for a list of registered servers.
 *     handshake_address:  [<string> ip, <int> port]
 *                          address of the handshake server
 */
request_server_list(handshake_address)

/*
 * Sends a message to a connected peer and awaits confirmation- resending
 * if no confirmation arrives. After a certain number of attempts, the
 * message will expire and the appropriate signal will be emitted.
 *     peer_name: <string> name of the peer recipient
 *     message: can be anything that can be a member of a
 *               JSON-serialisable dictionary (including being
 *               a dictionary itself, etc.)
 */
send_reliable_message_to_peer(peer_name, message)

/*
 * Sends a message to a connected peer with a send-and-forget attitude.
 *     peer_name: <string> name of the peer recipient
 *     message: can be anything that can be a member of a
 *               JSON-serialisable dictionary (including being
 *               a dictionary itself, etc.)
 */
send_unreliable_message_to_peer(peer_name, message)
```

## Signals

```
/*
 * Emitted when a player has connected successfully
 * with a server player.
 *     server_address: [<string> ip, <int> port]
 *                     address of the server player
 */
signal confirmed_as_client

/*
 * Emitted when a player has registered successfully
 * with a handshake server.
 *     handshake_address: [<string> ip, <int> port]
 *                       address of the handshake server
 */
signal confirmed_as_server

/*
 * Emitted on all kinds of errors.
 *     message: <string> info on the error
 */
signal error

/*
 * Emitted when a packet has been blocked
 *     sender_address: [<string> ip, <int> port]
 *                    address of the sender
 */
signal packet_blocked

/*
 * Emitted when a packet has expired (ie. A packet that awaits
 * confirmation did not receive that confirmation and has run out
 * of timeouts)
 *     packet_data: <dictionary> Copy of the packet data
 */
signal packet_expired

/*
 * Emitted when a packet has been received
 *     packet_data: <dictionary> Copy of the packet data
 */
signal packet_received

/*
 * Emitted when a packet has been sent
 *     packet_data: <dictionary> Copy of the packet data
 */
signal packet_sent
```

```
/*
 * Emitted when a packet has timed out (ie. A packet that awaits
 * confirmation did not receive that confirmation)
 *     packet_data: <dictionary> Copy of the packet data
 *     will_resend: <Boolean> True if there are retries remaining
 */
signal packet_timeout

/*
 * Emitted upon peer confirmation of having received a reliable message
 *     packet_data: <dictionary> Copy of the packet data
 *               A subset of this data is {
 *               from: <string> name of the sender (you)
 *               to: <string> name of the recipient
 *               message: original message
 */
signal peer_confirmed_reliable_message_received

/*
 * Emitted when a peer is dropped from the P2P network
 *     peer_name: <string> name of the peer
 */
signal peer_dropped

/*
 * Emitted when a new peer is found on the P2P network
 *     peer_name: <string> name of the peer
 */
signal peer_joined

/*
 * Emitted when a reliable message has been received.
 *     packet_data: <dictionary> Copy of the packet data
 *               A subset of this data is {
 *               from: <string> The name of the sender
 *               to: <string> will be the player's name
 *               message: Will be the message- which can
 *                       be anything.
 *               message-id: <int> Unique per sender
 *               }
 */
signal received_reliable_message_from_peer

/*
 * Emitted when a handshake server has responded with
 * a list of registered servers.
 *     server_names: <array> names of registered servers
 */
signal received_server_list
```

```
/*
 * Emitted when an unreliable message has been received.
 *   packet_data: <dictionary> Copy of the packet data
 *               A subset of this data is {
 *                 from: <string> The name of the sender
 *                 to: <string> will be the player's name
 *                 message: Will be the message- which can
 *                        be anything.
 *               }
 */
signal received_unreliable_message_from_peer

/*
 * Emitted when a reliable message has failed to send (or, at
 * least, failed to be confirmed by the receiver)
 *   packet_data: <dictionary> Copy of the packet data
 *               A subset of this data is {
 *                 from: <string> The name of the sender
 *                 to: <string> will be the player's name
 *                 message: Will be the message- which can
 *                        be anything.
 *                 message-id: <int> Unique per sender
 *               }
 */
signal reliable_message_timeout

/*
 * Emitted when a session has been terminated
 */
signal session_terminated
```