

1

Due to rounding, total may not be equivalent to the sum of the age-specific data.

2

The original data were provided in rounded format.

3

The compulsory registration of births began on July 1<sup>st</sup>, 1837. However, according to the ONS, registration of births between 1837 and 1874 was incomplete.

4

Up to 1992 and from 2006 onwards, the Office for National Statistics (ONS) published the number of deaths by registration areas.

5

From 1993 to 2005, the annual death statistics are provided by area of occurrence.

6

Before 1972, deaths were assigned to the area of the usual residence of the deceased if within England and Wales; if not to the area of occurrence (remark by the ONS).

7

From January 1<sup>st</sup>, 1972 onward, the death of a person whose usual residence was outside England and Wales is assigned to the country of residence. These deaths are included in the total figures for England and Wales but excluded from any sub-division of England and Wales (remark by ONS).

8

The ONS suggests 1841 as the first year for which mortality statistics were comprehensive for England and Wales. Data for the previous years can be regarded as of lower quality.

9

The revised mid-year inter-censal population estimates by ONS. They have been updated according to the results of the 2011 census.

10

The mid-year post-censal population estimates by ONS. They have been estimated according to the results of the 2011 census.

12

Population estimates for mid-2001 have not been corrected, but the ONS included these data into the revised series of the mid-year inter-censal population estimates for years 2001-2011.

13

Due to the requirements by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) data are provided in rounded format.

14

The mid-year post-censal population estimates by ONS. They have been estimated according to the results of the 2021 census.