



SAFETIN **AUDIT**

Equal9 Timelock

August 6th, 2022



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AUDIT SUMMARY

This report was written for [Equal9](#) in order to find flaws and vulnerabilities in the [Equal9](#) project's source code, as well as any contract dependencies that weren't part of an officially recognized library given they were provided.

A comprehensive examination has been performed, utilizing Static Analysis, Manual Review, and [Equal9](#) Deployment techniques. The auditing process pays special attention to the following considerations:

- ❖ Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors
- ❖ Assessing the codebase to ensure compliance with current best practices and industry standards
- ❖ Ensuring contract logic meets the specifications and intentions of the client
- ❖ Cross referencing contract structure and implementation against similar smart contracts produced by industry leaders
- ❖ Through line-by-line manual review of the entire codebase by industry expert

AUDIT OVERVIEW

PROJECT SUMMARY

Project name	Equal9
Description	Utility token for a blockchain incubator company, the first Dapp EqualsSport is already published, a tournament platform for competitive E-sports.
Platform	Polygon
Language	Solidity
Codebase	https://github.com/equal9-com/eq9-token-contracts/blob/master/contracts/timelocks/TokenTimelock.sol Commit: 9e74845f015590e1c0f38ca5694b121b50018406 Resolutions made in commit: b7caf599dcb2f44ce5f00fc3c5d789ab675d9dde

FINDINGS SUMMARY

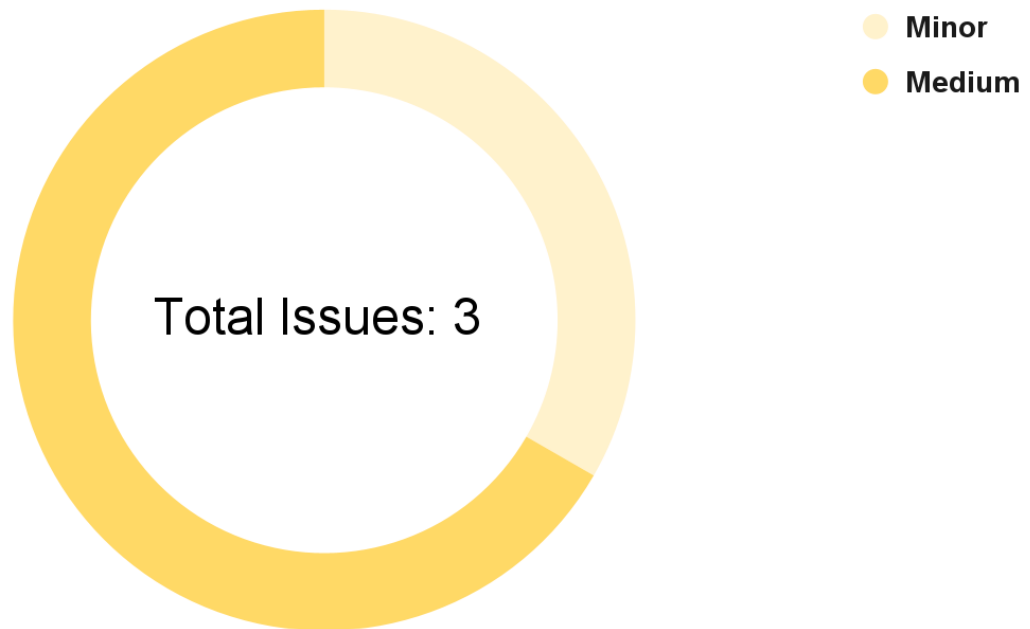
Vulnerability	Total	Resolved
● Critical	0	0
● Major	0	0
● Medium	2	2
● Minor	1	0
● Informational	0	0

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

There have been no critical issues related to the codebase and all findings listed here range from informational to medium. The medium security problem relates to the [check-effect-interaction pattern and Array index validation](#)*.

*Both of these medium issues have been resolved

AUDIT FINDINGS



Code	Title	Severity
RE-1	Check-Effect-Interaction pattern ●	● Medium
THRE-1	Array index validation ●	● Medium
BLOC-1	Use of block.timestamp	● Minor

RE-1 | Check-Effect-Interaction pattern | ● Resolved

Description

Some functions within [Equal9's](#) contracts make external function calls before relevant modifying state variables. This can lead to re-entrancy where the function can be called multiple times before the completion of the first execution. This can be problematic as such multiple invocation of said functions can succeed even though they should have failed. Functions identified with this issue have been listed below.

❖ [release](#) -> Line: 71

Recommendation

We recommend amending this function to have the modification of the [currentIndex](#) (line 82) state variable take place before calling the [safeTransfer](#) function (line 80). As the operations within the release function are index sensitive, it may be necessary to assign a local variable equated to [currentIndex](#) before changing [currentIndex](#).

THRE-1 | Array index validation | ● Resolved

Description

Within the `constructor` (line 46) there is no validation in place to ensure that the `_releaseTimes` and `_releaseAmounts` arrays are equal to each other in length. This can break the functionality of the `release` (line 71) function as for example if `currentIndex` is 2, `_releaseTimes[2]` may exist but `_releaseAmounts[2]` may not.

Recommendation

We recommend amending this `constructor` by adding validation to ensure that both `_releaseTimes` and `_releaseAmounts` arrays are equal to each other in length. This can be achieved by comparing `_releaseTimes.length` is equal to `_releaseAmounts.length` in a `require` statement within the `constructor`.

BLOC-1 | Use of block.timestamp

Description

The use of `block.timestamp` can be problematic. The timestamp can be partially manipulated by the miner (see <https://cryptomarketpool.com/block-timestamp-manipulation-attack/>).

Recommendation

We fully understand that the use of `block.timestamp` within the Equal9 Protocol is required for certain functionality such as `releasing time locked tokens`. Nevertheless, it is still useful to point out this kind of potential security problem.

Global security warnings

These are safety issues for the whole project. They are not necessarily critical problems but they are inherent in the structure of the project itself. Potential attack vectors for these security problems should be monitored.

Compliance with industry standards

The way the contract is developed and its compliance with industry standards are part of the project. In order to increase the optimization of the latter, we recommend refining the code to best fit industry best practices, in particular the use of error messages and library utilization.

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