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Equilibrium constants for hydrolysis and associated equilibria in critical compilations

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## Gold(III)

Equilibrium reactions	lgK at infinite dilution and $T = 298\text{ K}$
	Baes and Mesmer, 1976
$\text{Au(OH)}_3 + 2\text{ H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{AuOH}^{2+} + 2\text{ H}_2\text{O}$	1.51
$\text{Au(OH)}_3 + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Au(OH)}_2^+ + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	< 1.0
$\text{Au(OH)}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Au(OH)}_4^- + \text{H}^+$	−11.77
$\text{Au(OH)}_3 + 2\text{ H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Au(OH)}_5^{2-} + 2\text{ H}^+$	−25.13
$\text{Au(OH)}_5^{2-} + 3\text{ H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Au(OH)}_6^{3-} + 3\text{ H}^+$	< −41.1
$\text{Au(OH)}_3(\text{c}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Au(OH)}_3$	−5.51

C.F. Baes and R.E. Mesmer, The Hydrolysis of Cations. Wiley, New York, 1976, p. 285.

# Distribution diagrams

These diagrams have been computed at two Au(III) concentrations (1 mM =  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup> and 1  $\mu$ M =  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup>) with the 'best' equilibrium constants above. Calculations assume  $T = 298$  K for the limiting case of zero ionic strength (*i.e.*, even neglecting plotted ions).

