



## Equilibrium constants for hydrolysis and associated equilibria in critical compilations

## Silver

| Equilibrium reactions  | $\lg K$ at infinite dilution and $T = 298 \text{ K}$ |                           |
|--|--|---------------------------|
|  | Baes and<br>Mesmer, 1976                             | Brown and<br>Ekberg, 2016 |
| $Ag^+ + H_2O \rightleftharpoons AgOH + H^+$  | -12.0  | -11.75 ± 0.14             |
| $Ag^+ + 2 H_2O \rightleftharpoons Ag(OH)_2^- + 2 H^+$  | -24.0  | -24.34 ± 0.14             |
| $0.5 \text{ Ag}_2\text{O(am)} + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Ag}^+ + 0.5 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 6.29   | 6.27 ± 0.05               |

C.F. Baes and R.E. Mesmer, The Hydrolysis of Cations. Wiley, New York, 1976, p. 278.

P.L. Brown and C. Ekberg, Hydrolysis of Metal Ions. Wiley, 2016, pp. 725–730.

## Distribution diagrams

These diagrams have been computed at two Ag concentrations (1 mM =  $1x10^{-3}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup> and 1  $\mu$ M =  $1x10^{-6}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup>) with the 'best' equilibrium constants above (in green). Calculations assume T = 298 K for the limiting case of zero ionic strength (*i.e.*, even neglecting plotted ions).

